# microunity

# Zeus System Architecture

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# Introduction

MicroUnity's Zeus Architecture describes general-purpose processor, memory, and interface subsystems, organized to operate at the enormously high bandwidth rates required for broadband applications.

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The Zeus processor performs integer, floating point, signal processing and non-linear operations such as Galois field, table lookup and bit switching on data sizes from 1 bit to 128 bits. Group or SIMD (single instruction multiple data) operations sustain external operand bandwidth rates up to 512 bits (i.e., up to four 128-bit operand groups) per instruction even on data items of small size. The processor performs ensemble operations such as convolution that maintain full intermediate precision with aggregate internal operand bandwidth rates up to 20,000 bits per instruction. The processor performs wide operations such as crossbar switch, matrix multiply and table lookup that use caches embedded in the execution units themselves to extend operands to as much as 32768 bits. All instructions produce at most a single 128-bit register result, source at most three 128-bit registers and are free of side effects such as the setting of condition codes and flags. The instruction set design carries the concept of streamlining beyond Reduced Instruction Set Computer (RISC) architectures, to simplify implementations that issue several instructions per machine cycle.

The Zeus memory subsystem provides 64-bit virtual and physical addressing for UNIX, Mach, and other advanced OS environments. Separate address instructions enable the division of the processor into decoupled access and execution units, to reduce the effective latency of memory to the pipeline. The Zeus cache supplies the high data and instruction issue rates of the processor, and supports coherency primitives for scaleable multiprocessors. The memory subsystem includes mechanisms for sustaining high data rates not only in block transfer modes, but also in non-unit stride and scattered access patterns.

The Zeus interface subsystem is designed to match industry-standard "Socket 7" protocols and pin-outs. In this way, Zeus can make use of the immense infrastructure of the PC for building low-cost systems. The interface subsystem is modular, and can be replaced with appropriate protocols and pin-outs for lower-cost and higher-performance systems.

The goal of the Zeus architecture is to integrate these processor, memory, and interface capabilities with optimal simplicity and generality. From the software perspective, the entire machine state consists of a program counter, a single bank of 64 general-purpose 128-bit registers, and a linear byte-addressed shared memory space with mapped interface registers. All interrupts and exceptions are precise, and occur with low overhead.

This document is intended for Zeus software and hardware developers alike, and defines the interface at which their designs must meet. Zeus pursues the most efficient tradeoffs between hardware and software complexity by making all processor, memory, and interface resources directly accessible to high-level language programs.

# **Conformance**

To ensure that Zeus systems may freely interchange data, user-level programs, system-level programs and interface devices, the Zeus system architecture reaches above the processor level architecture.

# Mandatory and Optional Areas

A computer system conforms to the requirements of the Zeus System Architecture if and only if it implements all the specifications described in this document and other specifications included by reference. Conformance to the specification is mandatory in all areas, including the instruction set, memory management system, interface devices and external interfaces, and bootstrap ROM functional requirements, except where explicit options are stated.

#### Optional areas include:

Number of processor threads
Size of first-level cache memories
Existence of a second-level cache
Size of second-level cache memory
Size of system-level memory
Existence of certain optional interface device interfaces

# **Upward-compatible Modifications**

From time to time, MicroUnity may modify the architecture in an upward-compatible manner, such as by the addition of new instructions, definition of reserved bits in system state, or addition of new standard interfaces. Such modifications will be added as options, so that designs that conform to this version of the architecture will conform to future, modified versions.

Additional devices and interfaces, not covered by this standard may be added in specified regions of the physical memory space, provided that system reset places these devices and interfaces in an inactive state that does not interfere with the operation of software that runs in any conformant system. The software interface requirements of any such additional devices and interfaces must be made as widely available as this architecture specification.

# Promotion of Optional Features

It is most strongly recommended that such optional instructions, state or interfaces be implemented in all conforming designs. Such implementations enhance the value of the features in particular and the architecture as a whole by broadening the set of implementations over which software may depend upon the presence of these features.

Implementations that fail to implement these features may encounter unacceptable levels of overhead when attempting to emulate the features by exception handlers or use of virtual

memory. This is a particular concern when involved in code that has real-time performance constraints.

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In order that upward-compatible optional extensions of the original Zeus system architecture may be relied upon by system and application software, MicroUnity may upon occasion promote optional features to mandatory conformance for implementations designed or produced after a suitable delay upon such notification by publication of future version of the specification.

# Unrestricted Physical Implementation

Nothing in this specification should be construed to limit the implementation choices of the conforming system beyond the specific requirements stated herein. In particular, a computer system may conform to the Zeus System Architecture while employing any number of components, dissipate any amount of heat, require any special environmental facilities, or be of any physical size.

# **Draft Version**

This document is a draft version of the architectural specification. In this form, conformance to this document may not be claimed or implied. MicroUnity may change this specification at any time, in any manner, until it has been declared final. When this document has been declared final, the only changes will be to correct bugs, defects or deficiencies, and to add upward-compatible optional extensions.

# Common Elements

# **Notation**

The descriptive notation used in this document is summarized in the table below:

| x + y                                 | two's complement addition of x and y. Result is the same size       |
|---------------------------------------|---|
|                                       | as the operands, and operands must be of equal size.                |
| x - y                                 | two's complement subtraction of y from x. Result is the same        |
|                                       | size as the operands, and operands must be of equal size.           |
| x * y                                 | two's complement multiplication of x and y. Result is the same      |
|                                       | size as the operands, and operands must be of equal size.           |
| x / y                                 | two's complement division of x by y. Result is the same size        |
| "' '                                  | as the operands, and operands must be of equal size.                |
| x & y                                 | bitwise and of x and y. Result is same size as the operands,        |
| 1 ^ 4 9                               | and operands must be of equal size.                                 |
| V 1 1/                                |   |
| хІу                                   | bitwise or of x and y. Result is same size as the operands,         |
|                                       | and operands must be of equal size.                                 |
| x ^ y                                 | bitwise exclusive-of of x and y. Result is same size as the         |
|                                       | operands, and operands must be of equal size.                       |
| ~x                                    | bitwise inversion of x. Result is same size as the operand.         |
| x = y                                 | two's complement equality comparison between x and y.               |
|                                       | Result is a single bit, and operands must be of equal size.         |
| x≠y                                   | two's complement inequality comparison between x and y.             |
| 1                                     | Result is a single bit, and operands must be of equal size.         |
| x < y                                 | two's complement less than comparison between x and y.              |
| 1                                     | Result is a single bit, and operands must be of equal size.         |
| x ≥ y                                 | two's complement greater than or equal comparison between           |
| \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ | x and y. Result is a single bit, and operands must be of equal      |
|                                       | size.   |
| $\sqrt{x}$                            | floating-point square root of x                                     |
| x II y                                |   |
|                                       | concatenation of bit field x to left of bit field y                 |
| χV                                    | binary digit x repeated, concatenated y times. Size of result is y. |
| x <sub>y</sub>                        | extraction of bit y (using little-endian bit numbering) from        |
|                                       | value x. Result is a single bit.                                    |
| xyz                                   | extraction of bit field formed from bits y through z of value       |
| y2                                    | x. Size of result is y-z+1; if z>y, result is an empty string,      |
| x?y:z                                 | value of y, if x is true, otherwise value of z. Value of x is a     |
|                                       | single bit.   |
| x ← y                                 | bitwise assignment of x to value of y                               |
| Sn                                    | signed, two's complement, binary data format of n bytes             |
| Un                                    | unsigned binary data format of n bytes                              |
| Fn                                    | floating-point data format of n bytes                               |
|                                       | 1.1000.19 point data format of 11 bytes                             |

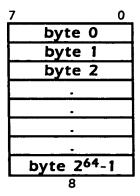
descriptive notation

# Bit ordering

The ordering of bits in this document is always little-endian, regardless of the ordering of bytes within larger data structures. Thus, the least-significant bit of a data structure is always labeled 0 (zero), and the most-significant bit is labeled as the data structure size (in bits) minus one.

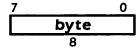
# **Memory**

Zeus memory is an array of 2<sup>64</sup> bytes, without a specified byte ordering, which is physically distributed among various components.



### **Byte**

A byte is a single element of the memory array, consisting of 8 bits:



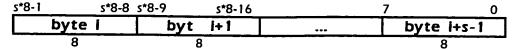
## Byte ordering

Larger data structures are constructed from the concatenation of bytes in either little-endian or big-endian byte ordering. A memory access of a data structure of size s at address i is formed from memory bytes at addresses i through i+s-1. Unless otherwise specified, there is no specific requirement of alignment: it is not generally required that i be a multiple of s. Aligned accesses are preferred whenever possible, however, as they will often require one fewer processor or memory clock cycle than unaligned accesses.

With little-endian byte ordering, the bytes are arranged as:

| s*8-1 | s*8-8   |     | 15   | 8    | 7      | 0 |
|-------|---------|-----|------|------|--------|---|
| byte  | e I+s-1 | ••• | byte | l+ 1 | byte i |   |
|       | 8       |     | 8    |      | 8      |   |

With big-endian byte ordering, the bytes are arranged as:



Zeus memory is byte-addressed, using either little-endian or big-endian byte ordering. For consistency with the bit ordering, and for compatibility with x86 processors, Zeus uses little-endian byte ordering when an ordering must be selected. Zeus load and store instructions are available for both little-endian and big-endian byte ordering. The selection of byte ordering is dynamic, so that little-endian and big-endian processes, and even data structures within a process, can be intermixed on the processor.

### Memory read/load semantics

Zeus memory, including memory-mapped registers, must conform to the following requirements regarding side-effects of read or load operations:

A memory read must have no side-effects on the contents of the addressed memory nor on the contents of any other memory.

### Memory write/store semantics

Zeus memory, including memory-mapped registers, must conform to the following requirements regarding side-effects of read or load operations:

A memory write must affect the contents of the addressed memory so that a memory read of the addressed memory returns the value written, and so that a memory read of a portion of the addressed memory returns the appropriate portion of the value written.

A memory write may affect or cause side-effects on the contents of memory not addressed by the write operation, however, a second memory write of the same value to the same address must have no side-effects on any memory; memory write operations must be idempotent.

Zeus store instructions that are weakly ordered may have side-effects on the contents of memory not addressed by the store itself; subsequent load instructions which are also weakly ordered may or may not return values which reflect the side-effects.

# **Data**

Zeus provides eight-byte (64-bit) virtual and physical address sizes, and eight-byte (64-bit) and sixteen-byte (128-bit) data path sizes, and uses fixed-length four-byte (32-bit) instructions. Arithmetic is performed on two's-complement or unsigned binary and ANSI/IEEE standard 754-1985 conforming binary floating-point number representations.

# Fixed-point Data

### <u>Bit</u>

A bit is a primitive data element:

0 <u>Dit</u>

### <u>Peck</u>

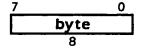
A peck is the catenation of two bits:

### <u>Nibble</u>

A nibble is the catenation of four bits:

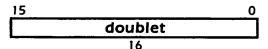
### <u>Byte</u>

A byte is the catenation of eight bits, and is a single element of the memory array:



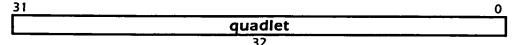
### **Doublet**

A doublet is the catenation of 16 bits, and is the catenation of two bytes:



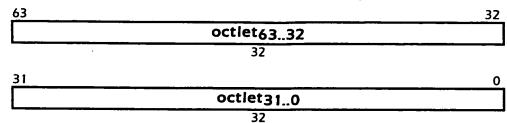
### **Quadlet**

A quadlet is the catenation of 32 bits, and is the catenation of four bytes:



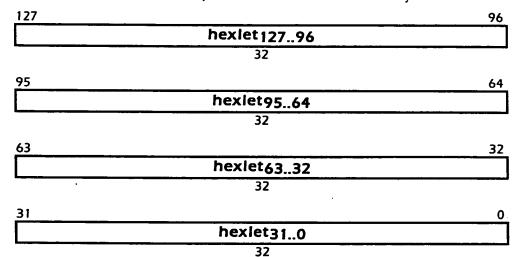
### <u>Octlet</u>

An octlet is the catenation of 64 bits, and is the catenation of eight bytes:



### <u>Hexlet</u>

A hexlet is the catenation of 128 bits, and is the catenation of sixteen bytes:



### **Triclet**

A triclet is the catenation of 256 bits, and is the catenation of thirty-two bytes:

| 255      | •               | 224 |
|----------|-----------------|-----|
| 255      | triciotage and  | 227 |
| <u> </u> | triclet255224   |     |
|          | 32              |     |
| 223      |                 | 192 |
|          | triclet223192   |     |
|          | 32              |     |
| 191      |                 | 160 |
|          | triclet 191 160 |     |
|          | 32              |     |
| 159      |                 | 128 |
|          | triclet 159128  |     |
|          | 32              | -   |
| 127      |                 | 96  |
|          | triclet 12796   |     |
|          | 32              |     |
| 95       |                 | 64  |
|          | triclet9564     |     |
|          | 32              |     |
| 63       |                 | 32  |
|          | triclet6332     |     |
|          | 32              |     |
| 31       |                 | 0   |
|          | triclet310      |     |
|          | 32              |     |

### <u>Address</u>

Zeus addresses, both virtual addresses and physical addresses, are octlet quantities.

### Floating-point Data

Zeus's floating-point formats are designed to satisfy ANSI/IEEE standard 754-1985: Binary Floating-point Arithmetic. Standard 754 leaves certain aspects to the discretion of implementers: additional precision formats, encoding of quiet and signaling NaN values, details of production and propagation of quiet NaN values. These aspects are detailed below.

Zeus adds additional half-precision and quad-precision formats to standard 754's single-precision and double-precision formats. Zeus's double-precision satisfies standard 754's

precision requirements for a single-extended format, and Zeus's quad-precision satisfies standard 754's precision requirements for a double-extended format.

Each precision format employs fields labeled s (sign), e (exponent), and f (fraction) to encode values that are (1) NaN: quiet and signaling, (2) infinities: (-1)^so, (3) normalized numbers: (-1)^s2^e-bias(1.f), (4) denormalized numbers: (-1)^s2^1-bias(0.f), and (5) zero: (-1)^s0.

Quiet NaN values are denoted by any sign bit value, an exponent field of all one bits, and a non-zero fraction with the most significant bit set. Quiet NaN values generated by default exception handling of standard operations have a zero sign bit, an exponent field of all one bits, a fraction field with the most significant bit set, and all other bits cleared.

Signaling NaN values are denoted by any sign bit value, an exponent field of all one bits, and a non-zero fraction with the most significant bit cleared.

Infinite values are denoted by any sign bit value, an exponent field of all one bits, and a zero fraction field.

Normalized number values are denoted by any sign bit value, an exponent field that is not all one bits or all zero bits, and any fraction field value. The numeric value encoded is (-1)^s2^e-bias(1.f). The bias is equal the value resulting from setting all but the most significant bit of the exponent field, half: 15, single: 127, double: 1023, and quad: 16383.

Denormalized number values are denoted by any sign bit value, an exponent field that is all zero bits, and a non-zero fraction field value. The numeric value encoded is (-1)^s2^1-bias(0.f).

Zero values are denoted by any sign bit value, and exponent field that is all zero bits, and a fraction field that is all zero bits. The numeric value encoded is (-1)^s0. The distinction between +0 and -0 is significant in some operations.

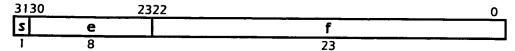
#### Half-precision Floating-point

Zeus half precision uses a format similar to standard 754's requirements, reduced to a 16-bit overall format. The format contains sufficient precision and exponent range to hold a 12-bit signed integer.

| 1514 | 1 | 09 0 |
|------|---|------|
| S    | е | f    |
| 1    | 5 | 10   |

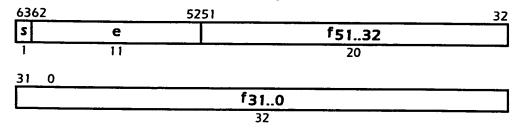
### Single-precision Floating-point

Zeus single precision satisfies standard 754's requirements for "single."



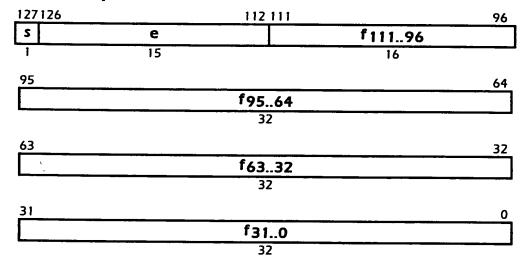
### Double-precision Floating-point

Zeus double precision satisfies standard 754's requirements for "double."



### Quad-precision Floating-point

Zeus quad precision satisfies standard 754's requirements for "double extended," but has additional fraction precision to use 128 bits.



# Zeus Processor

MicroUnity's Zeus processor provides the general-purpose, high-bandwidth computation capability of the Zeus system. Zeus includes high-bandwidth data paths, register files, and a memory hierarchy. Zeus's memory hierarchy includes on-chip instruction and data memories, instruction and data caches, a virtual memory facility, and interfaces to external devices. Zeus's interfaces in the initial implementation are solely the "Super Socket 7" bus, but other implementations may have different or additional interfaces.

# **Architectural Framework**

The Zeus architecture defines a compatible framework for a family of implementations with a range of capabilities. The following implementation-defined parameters are used in the rest of the document in boldface. The value indicated is for MicroUnity's first Zeus implementation.

| Parame<br>ter | Interpretation   | Value | Range of legal values |
|---------------|--|-------|-----------------------|
| T             | number of execution threads                            | 4     | 1 ≤ <b>T</b> ≤ 31     |
| CE            | log <sub>2</sub> cache blocks in first-level cache     | 9     | 0 ≤ <b>CE</b> ≤ 31    |
| CS            | log <sub>2</sub> cache blocks in first-level cache set | 2     | 0 ≤ <b>CS</b> ≤ 4     |
| СТ            | existence of dedicated tags in first-level cache       | 1     | 0 ≤ <b>CT</b> ≤ 1     |
| LE            | log <sub>2</sub> entries in local TB                   | 0     | 0 ≤ LE ≤ 3            |
| LB            | Local TB based on base register                        | 1     | 0 ≤ LB ≤ 1            |
| GE            | log <sub>2</sub> entries in global TB                  | 7     | 0 ≤ <b>GE</b> ≤ 15    |
| GT            | log <sub>2</sub> threads which share a global TB       | 1     | 0 ≤ <b>GT</b> ≤ 3     |

# Interfaces and Block Diagram

The first implementation of Zeus uses "socket 7" protocols and pinouts.

# <u>Instruction</u>

## Assembler Syntax

Instructions are specified to Zeus assemblers and other code tools (assemblers) in the syntax of an instruction mnemonic (operation code), then optionally white space (blanks or tabs) followed by a list of operands.

The instruction mnemonics listed in this specification are in upper case (capital) letters, assemblers accept either upper case or lower case letters in the instruction mnemonics. In

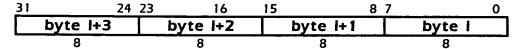
this specification, instruction mnemonics contain periods (".") to separate elements to make them easier to understand; assemblers ignore periods within instruction mnemonics. The instruction mnemonics are designed to be parsed uniquely without the separating periods.

If the instruction produces a register result, this operand is listed first. Following this operand, if there are one or more source operands, is a separator which may be a comma (","), equal ("="), or at-sign ("@"). The equal separates the result operand from the source operands, and may optionally be expressed as a comma in assembler code. The at-sign indicates that the result operand is also a source operand, and may optionally be expressed as a comma in assembler code. If the instruction specification has an equal-sign, an at-sign in assembler code indicates that the result operand should be repeated as the first source operand (for example, "A.ADD.I r4@5" is equivalent to "A.ADD.I r4=r4,5"). Commas always separate the remaining source operands.

The result and source operands are case-sensitive; upper case and lower case letters are distinct. Register operands are specified by the names r0 (or r00) through r63 (a lower case "r" immediately followed by a one or two digit number from 0 to 63), or by the special designations of "lp" for "r0," "dp" for "r1," "fp" for "r62," and "sp" for "r63." Integer-valued operands are specified by an optional sign (-) or (+) followed by a number, and assemblers generally accept a variety of integer-valued expressions.

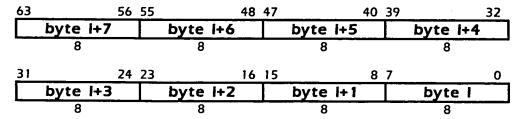
### Instruction Structure

A Zeus instruction is specifically defined as a four-byte structure with the little-endian ordering shown below. It is different from the quadlet defined above because the placement of instructions into memory must be independent of the byte ordering used for data structures. Instructions must be aligned on four-byte boundaries; in the diagram below, i must be a multiple of 4.

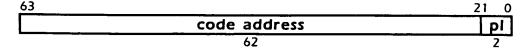


### <u>Gateway</u>

A Zeus gateway is specifically defined as an 8-byte structure with the little-endian ordering shown below. A gateway contains a code address used to securely invoke a system call or procedure at a higher privilege level. Gateways are marked by protection information specified in the TB. Gateways must be aligned on 8-byte boundaries; in the diagram below, i must be a multiple of 8.



The gateway contains two data items within its structure, a code address and a new privilege level:



The virtual memory system can be used to designate a region of memory as containing gateways. Other data may be placed within the gateway region, provided that if an attempt is made to use the additional data as a gateway, that security cannot be violated. For example, 64-bit data or stack pointers which are aligned to at least 4 bytes and are in little-endian byte order have pl=0, so that the privilege level cannot be raised by attempting to use the additional data as a gateway.

# **User State**

The user state consists of hardware data structures that are accessible to all conventional compiled code. The Zeus user state is designed to be as regular as possible, and consists only of the general registers, the program counter, and virtual memory. There are no specialized registers for condition codes, operating modes, rounding modes, integer multiply/divide, or floating-point values.

### **General Registers**

Zeus user state includes 64 general registers. All are identical; there is no dedicated zero-valued register, and there are no dedicated floating-point registers.

| 127 |         | 0 |
|-----|---------|---|
|     | REG[0]  |   |
|     | REG[1]  |   |
|     | REG[2]  |   |
|     | •       |   |
|     | •       |   |
|     | •       |   |
|     | REG[62] |   |
|     | REG[63] |   |
|     | 128     |   |

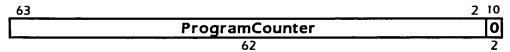
Some Zeus instructions have 64-bit register operands. These operands are sign-extended to 128 bits when written to the register file, and the low-order 64 bits are chosen when read from the register file.

#### **Definition**

```
def val ← RegRead(rn, size)
case size of
64:
val ← REG[rn]63..0
128:
```

### **Program Counter**

The program counter contains the address of the currently executing instruction. This register is implicitly manipulated by branch instructions, and read by branch instructions that save a return address in a general register.

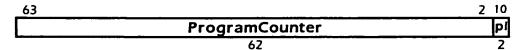


### Privilege Level

The privilege level register contains the privilege level of the currently executing instruction. This register is implicitly manipulated by branch gateway and branch down instructions, and read by branch gateway instructions that save a return address in a general register.

## Program Counter and Privilege Level

The program counter and privilege level may be packed into a single octlet. This combined data structure is saved by the Branch Gateway instruction and restored by the Branch Down instruction.



## System state

The system state consists of the facilities not normally used by conventional compiled code. These facilities provide mechanisms to execute such code in a fully virtual environment. All system state is memory mapped, so that it can be manipulated by compiled code.

# Fixed-point

Zeus provides load and store instructions to move data between memory and the registers, branch instructions to compare the contents of registers and to transfer control from one code address to another, and arithmetic operations to perform computation on the contents of registers, returning the result to registers.

### Load and Store

The load and store instructions move data between memory and the registers. When loading data from memory into a register, values are zero-extended or sign-extended to fill the register. When storing data from a register into memory, values are truncated on the left to fit the specified memory region.

Load and store instructions that specify a memory region of more than one byte may use either little-endian or big-endian byte ordering: the size and ordering are explicitly specified in the instruction. Regions larger than one byte may be either aligned to addresses that are an even multiple of the size of the region or of unspecified alignment: alignment checking is also explicitly specified in the instruction.

Load and store instructions specify memory addresses as the sum of a base general register and the product of the size of the memory region and either an immediate value or another general register. Scaling maximizes the memory space which can be reached by immediate offsets from a single base general register, and assists in generating memory addresses within iterative loops. Alignment of the address can be reduced to checking the alignment of the first general register.

The load and store instructions are used for fixed-point data as well as floating-point and digital signal processing data; Zeus has a single bank of registers for all data types.

Swap instructions provide multithread and multiprocessor synchronization, using indivisible operations: add-swap, compare-swap, multiplex-swap, and double-compare-swap. A store-multiplex operation provides the ability to indivisibly write to a portion of an octlet. These instructions always operate on aligned octlet data, using either little-endian or big-endian byte ordering.

### **Branch**

The fixed-point compare-and-branch instructions provide all arithmetic tests for equality and inequality of signed and unsigned fixed-point values. Tests are performed either between two operands contained in general registers, or on the bitwise and of two operands. Depending on the result of the compare, either a branch is taken, or not taken. A taken branch causes an immediate transfer of the program counter to the target of the branch, specified by a 12-bit signed offset from the location of the branch instruction. A non-taken branch causes no transfer; execution continues with the following instruction.

Other branch instructions provide for unconditional transfer of control to addresses too distant to be reached by a 12-bit offset, and to transfer to a target while placing the location

following the branch into a register. The branch through gateway instruction provides a secure means to access code at a higher privilege level, in a form similar to a normal procedure call.

### Addressing Operations

A subset of general fixed-point arithmetic operations is available as addressing operations. These include add, subtract, Boolean, and simple shift operations. These addressing operations may be performed at a point in the Zeus processor pipeline so that they may be completed prior to or in conjunction with the execution of load and store operations in a "superspring" pipeline in which other arithmetic operations are deferred until the completion of load and store operations.

### **Execution Operations**

Many of the operations used for Digital Signal Processing (DSP), which are described in greater detail below, are also used for performing simple scalar operations. These operations perform arithmetic operations on values of 8-, 16-, 32-, 64-, or 128- bit sizes, which are right-aligned in registers. These execution operations include the add, subtract, boolean and simple shift operations which are also available as addressing operations, but further extend the available set to include three-operand add/subtract, three-operand boolean, dynamic shifts, and bit-field operations.

# Floating-point

Zeus provides all the facilities mandated and recommended by ANSI/IEEE standard 754-1985: Binary Floating-point Arithmetic, with the use of supporting software.

# **Branch Conditionally**

The floating-point compare-and-branch instructions provide all the comparison types required and suggested by the IEEE floating-point standard. These floating-point comparisons augment the usual types of numeric value comparisons with special handling for NaN (not-a-number) values. A NaN value compares as "unordered" with respect to any other value, even that of an identical NaN value.

Zeus floating-point compare-branch instructions do not generate an exception on comparisons involving quiet or signaling NaN values. If such exceptions are desired, they can be obtained by combining the use of a floating-point compare-set instruction, with either a floating-point compare-branch instruction on the floating-point operands or a fixed-point compare-branch on the set result.

Because the less and greater relations are anti-commutative, one of each relation that differs from another only by the replacement of an L with a G in the code can be removed by reversing the order of the operands and using the other code. Thus, an L relation can be used in place of a G relation by swapping the operands to the compare-branch or compareset instruction.

No instructions are provided that branch when the values are unordered. To accomplish such an operation, use the reverse condition to branch over an immediately following unconditional branch, or in the case of an if-then-else clause, reverse the clauses and use the reverse condition.

The E relation can be used to determine the unordered condition of a single operand by comparing the operand with itself.

The following floating-point compare-branch relations are provided as instructions:

| Mnemonic |        | Branch taken if values compare as: |         |      | Excep | tion if        |         |
|----------|--------|------------------------------------|---------|------|-------|----------------|---------|
| code     | C-like | Unord-<br>ered                     | Greater | Less | Equal | unord-<br>ered | invalid |
| E        | ==     | F                                  | F       | F    | T     | no             | no      |
| LG       | <>     | F                                  | T       | T    | F     | no             | no      |
| Ĺ        | <      | F                                  | F       | T    | F     | no             | no      |
| GE       | >=     | F                                  | Ţ       | F    | T     | no             | no      |

compare-branch relations

### Compare-set

The compare-set floating-point instructions provide all the comparison types supported as branch instructions. Zeus compare-set floating-point instructions may optionally generate an exception on comparisons involving quiet or signaling NaNs.

The following floating-point compare-set relations are provided as instructions:

| Mnemonic |                 | Result if values compare as: |         |      |       | Exception if |         |
|----------|-----------------|------------------------------|---------|------|-------|--------------|---------|
| code     | C-like          | Unord-                       | Greater | Less | Equal | unord-       | invalid |
|          |                 | ered                         |         |      |       | ered         |         |
| E        | ==              | F                            | F       | F    | T     | no           | no      |
| LG       | <b>&lt;&gt;</b> | F                            | T       | Τ    | F     | no           | no      |
| L        | <               | F                            | F       | T    | F     | no           | no      |
| GE       | >=              | F                            | T       | F    | T     | no           | no      |
| E.X      | ==              | F                            | F       | F    | T     | no           | yes     |
| _LG.X    | <b>&lt;&gt;</b> | F                            | T       | T    | F     | no           | yes     |
| L.X      | <               | F                            | F       | Ţ    | F     | yes          | yes     |
| GE.X     | <=              | F                            | T       | F    | T     | yes          | yes     |

compare-set relations

### **Arithmetic Operations**

The basic operations supported in hardware are floating-point add, subtract, multiply, divide, square root and conversions among floating-point formats and between floating-point and binary integer formats.

Software libraries provide other operations required by the ANSI/IEEE floating-point standard.

The operations explicitly specify the precision of the operation, and round the result (or check that the result is exact) to the specified precision at the conclusion of each operation. Each of the basic operations splits operand registers into symbols of the specified precision and performs the same operation on corresponding symbols.

In addition to the basic operations, Zeus performs a variety of operations in which one or more products are summed to each other and/or to an additional operand. The instructions include a fused multiply-add (E.MUL.ADD.F), convolve (E.CON.F), matrix multiply (E.MUL.MAT.F), and scale-add (E.SCAL.ADD.F).

The results of these operations are computed as if the multiplies are performed to infinite precision, added as if in infinite precision, then rounded only once. Consequently, these operations perform these operations with no rounding of intermediate results that would have limited the accuracy of the result.

### Rounding and exceptions

Rounding is specified within the instructions explicitly, to avoid explicit state registers for a rounding mode. Similarly, the instructions explicitly specify how standard exceptions (invalid operation, division by zero, overflow, underflow and inexact) are to be handled. <sup>1</sup>

When no rounding is explicitly named by the instruction (default), round to nearest rounding is performed, and all floating-point exception signals cause the standard-specified default result, rather than a trap. When rounding is explicitly named by the instruction (N: nearest, Z: zero, F: floor, C: ceiling), the specified rounding is performed, and floating-point exception signals other than inexact cause a floating-point exception trap. When X (exact, or exception) is specified, all floating-point exception signals cause a floating-point exception trap, including inexact.

This technique assists the Zeus processor in executing floating-point operations with greater parallelism. When default rounding and exception handling control is specified in floating-point instructions, Zeus may safely retire instructions following them, as they are guaranteed not to cause data-dependent exceptions. Similarly, floating-point instructions with N, Z, F, or C control can be guaranteed not to cause data-dependent exceptions once the operands have been examined to rule out invalid operations, division by zero, overflow or underflow exceptions. Only floating-point instructions with X control, or when exceptions cannot be ruled out with N, Z, F, or C control need to avoid retiring following instructions until the final result is generated.

ANSI/IEEE standard 754-1985 specifies information to be given to trap handlers for the five floating-point exceptions. The Zeus architecture produces a precise exception, (The program counter points to the instruction that caused the exception and all register state is present) from which all the required information can be produced in software, as all source operand values and the specified operation are available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>U.S. Patent 5,812,439 describes this "Technique of incorporating floating point information into processor instructions."

ANSI/IEEE standard 754-1985 specifies a set of five "sticky-exception" bits, for recording the occurrence of exceptions that are handled by default. The Zeus architecture produces a precise exception for instructions with N, Z, F, or C control for invalid operation, division by zero, overflow or underflow exceptions and with X control for all floating-point exceptions, from which corresponding sticky-exception bits can be set. Execution of the same instruction with default control will compute the default result with round-to-nearest rounding. Most compound operations not specified by the standard are not available with rounding and exception controls.

### NaN handling

ANSI/IEEE standard 754-1985 specifies that operations involving a signaling NaN or invalid operation shall, if no trap occurs and if a floating-point result is to be delivered, deliver a quiet NaN as its result. However, it fails to specify what quiet NaN value to deliver.

Zeus operations that produce a floating-point result and do not trap on invalid operations propagate signaling NaN values from operands to results, changing the signaling NaN values to quiet NaN values by setting the most significant fraction bit and leaving the remaining bits unchanged. Other causes of invalid operations produce the default quiet NaN value, where the sign bit is zero, the exponent field is all one bits, the most significant fraction bit is set and the remaing fraction bits are zero bits. For Zeus operations that produce multiple results catenated together, signaling NaN propagation or quiet NaN production is handled separately and independently for each result symbol.

ANSI/IEEE standard 754-1985 specifies that quiet NaN values should be propagated from operand to result by the basic operations. However, it fails to specify which of several quiet NaN values to propagate when more than one operand is a quiet NaN. In addition, the standard does not clearly specify how quiet NaN should be propagated for the multiple-operation instructions provided in Zeus. The standard does not specify the quiet NaN produced as a result of an operand being a signaling NaN when invalid operation exceptions are handled by default. The standard leaves unspecified how quiet and signaling NaN values are propagated though format conversions and the absolute-value, negate and copy operations. This section specifies these aspects left unspecified by the standard.

First of all, for Zeus operations that produce multiple results catenated together, quiet and signaling NaN propagation is handled separately and independently for each result symbol. A quiet or signaling NaN value in a single symbol of an operand causes only those result symbols that are dependent on that operand symbol's value to be propagated as that quiet NaN. Multiple quiet or signaling NaN values in symbols of an operand which influence separate symbols of the result are propagated independently of each other. Any signaling NaN that is propagated has the high-order fraction bit set to convert it to a quiet NaN.

For Zeus operations in which multiple symbols among operands upon which a result symbol is dependent are quiet or signaling NaNs, a priority rule will determine which NaN is propagated. Priority shall be given to the operand that is specified by a register definition at a lower-numbered (little-endian) bit position within the instruction (rb has priority over rc, which has priority over rd). In the case of operands which are catenated from two registers, priority shall be assigned based on the register which has highest priority (lower-numbered

bit position within the instruction). In the case of tie (as when the E.SCAL.ADD scaling operand has two corresponding NaN values, or when a E.MUL.CF operand has NaN values for both real and imaginary components of a value), the value which is located at a lower-numbered (little-endian) bit position within the operand is to receive priority. The identification of a NaN as quiet or signaling shall not confer any priority for selection — only the operand position, though a signaling NaN will cause an invalid operand exception.

The sign bit of NaN values propagated shall be complemented if the instruction subtracts or negates the corresponding operand or (but not and) multiplies it by or divides it by or divides it into an operand which has the sign bit set, even if that operand is another NaN. If a NaN is both subtracted and multiplied by a negative value, the sign bit shall be propagated unchanged.

For Zeus operations that convert between two floating-point formats (INFLATE and DEFLATE), NaN values are propagated by preserving the sign and the most-significant fraction bits, except that the most-significant bit of a signalling NaN is set and (for DEFLATE) the least-significant fraction bit preserved is combined, via a logical-or of all fraction bits not preserved. All additional fraction bits (for INFLATE) are set to zero.

For Zeus operations that convert from a floating-point format to a fixed-point format (SINK), NaN values produce zero values (maximum-likelihood estimate). Infinity values produce the largest representable positive or negative fixed-point value that fits in the destination field. When exception traps are enabled, NaN or Infinity values produce a floating-point exception. Underflows do not occur in the SINK operation, they produce -1, 0 or +1, depending on rounding controls.

For absolute-value, negate, or copy operations, NaN values are propagated with the sign bit cleared, complemented, or copied, respectively. Signalling NaN values cause the Invalid operation exception, propagating a quieted NaN in corresponding symbol locations (default) or an exception, as specified by the instruction.

## Floating-point functions

The following functions are defined for use within the detailed instruction definitions in the following section. In these functions an internal format represents infinite-precision floating-point values as a four-element structure consisting of (1) s (sign bit): 0 for positive, 1 for negative, (2) t (type): NORM, ZERO, SNAN, QNAN, INFINITY, (3) e (exponent), and (4) f: (fraction). The mathematical interpretation of a normal value places the binary point at the units of the fraction, adjusted by the exponent: (-1)^s\*(2^e)\*f. The function F converts a packed IEEE floating-point value into internal format. The function PackF converts an internal format back into IEEE floating-point format, with rounding and exception control.

#### **Definition**

```
def eb ← ebits(prec) as
case pref of
16:
eb ← 5
32:
```

```
eb ← 8
           64:
                  eb ← 11
            128:
                 eb ← 15
     endcase
enddef
def eb ← ebias(prec) as
     eb ← 0 | | 1 ebits(prec)-1
enddef
def fb \leftarrow fbits(prec) as
     fb \leftarrow prec - 1 - eb
enddef
def a \leftarrow F(prec, ai) as
      a.s ← aiprec-1
     ae ← aiprec-2..fbits(prec)
      af \leftarrow aifbits(prec)-1..0
      if ae = 1 ebits(prec) then
           if af = 0 then
                  a.t ← INFINITY
            elseif affbits(prec)-1 then
                  a.t \leftarrow SNaN
                  a.e ← -fbits(prec)
                  a.f \leftarrow 1 | 1 | affbits(prec)-2..0
            else
                  a.t ← QNaN
                  a.e ← -fbits(prec)
                  a.f \leftarrow af
            endif
      elseif ae = 0 then
            if af = 0 then
                  a.t ← ZERO
            else
                  a.t \leftarrow NORM
                  a.e ← 1-ebias(prec)-fbits(prec)
                  a.f \leftarrow 0 \mid 1 \mid af
            endif
      else
            a.t \leftarrow NORM
            a.e ← ae-ebias(prec)-fbits(prec)
            a.f ← 1 | | af
      endif
enddef
def a \leftarrow DEFAULTONAN as
      a.s ← 0
      a.t \leftarrow QNAN
      a.e ← -1
      a.f ← 1
enddef
```

```
def a ← DEFAULTSNAN as
     a.s \leftarrow 0
      a.t \leftarrow SNAN
      a.e ← -1
      a.f ← 1
enddef
def fadd(a,b) as faddr(a,b,N) enddef
def c \leftarrow faddr(a,b,round) as
      if a.t=NORM and b.t=NORM then
            // d,e are a,b with exponent aligned and fraction adjusted
            if a.e > b.e then
                  d \leftarrow a
                  e.t ← b.t
                  e.s \leftarrow b.s
                  e.e ← a.e
                  e.f ← b.f | | 0a.e-b.e
            else if a.e < b.e then
                  d.t \leftarrow a.t
                  d.s \leftarrow a.s
                  d.e ← b.e
                  d.f ← a.f || 0<sup>b.e-a.e</sup>
                  e \leftarrow b
            endif
            c.t \leftarrow d.t
            c.e \leftarrow d.e
            if d.s = e.s then
                  c.s \leftarrow d.s
                  c.f \leftarrow d.f + e.f
            elseif d.f > e.f then
                  c.s \leftarrow d.s
                  c.f \leftarrow d.f - e.f
            elseif d.f < e.f then
                  c.s \leftarrow e.s
                  c.f \leftarrow e.f - d.f
            else
                  c.s \leftarrow r=F
                  c.t ← ZERO
      // priority is given to b operand for NaN propagation
      elseif (b.t=SNAN) or (b.t=QNAN) then
            c \leftarrow b
      elseif (a.t=SNAN) or (a.t=QNAN) then
            c \leftarrow a
      elseif a.t=ZERO and b.t=ZERO then
            c.s \leftarrow (a.s and b.s) or (round=F and (a.s or b.s))
      // NULL values are like zero, but do not combine with ZERO to alter sign
      elseif a.t=ZERO or a.t=NULL then
            c \leftarrow b
      elseif b.t=ZERO or b.t=NULL then
      elseif a.t=INFINITY and b.t=INFINITY then
```

```
if a.s \neq b.s then
                c ← DEFAULTSNAN // Invalid
           eise
                c ← a
           endif
     elseif a.t=INFINITY then
           c ← a
     elseif b.t=INFINITY then
          c \leftarrow b
     else
           assert FALSE // should have covered at the cases above
     endif
enddef
def b \leftarrow fneg(a) as
     b.s ← -a.s
     b.t \leftarrow a.t
     b.e ← a.e
     b.f ← a.f
enddef
def fsub(a,b) as fsubr(a,b,N) enddef
def fsubr(a,b,round) as faddr(a,fneq(b),round) enddef
def frsub(a,b) as frsubr(a,b,N) enddef
def frsubr(a,b,round) as faddr(fneg(a),b,round) enddef
def c \leftarrow fcom(a,b) as
     if (a.t=SNAN) or (a.t=QNAN) or (b.t=SNAN) or (b.t=QNAN) then
           c ← U
     elseif a.t=INFINITY and b.t=INFINITY then
           if a.s ≠ b.s then
                c ← (a.s=0) ? G: L
           else
                c ← E
           endif
     elseif a.t=INFINITY then
           c ← (a.s=0) ? G: L
     elseif b.t=INFINITY then
           c ← (b.s=0) ? G: L
     elseif a.t=NORM and b.t=NORM then
           if a.s ≠ b.s then
                c \leftarrow (a.s=0) ? G: L
           else
                if a.e > b.e then
                     af \leftarrow a.f
                     bf ← b.f || Oa.e-b.e
                else
                      af ← a.f || Ob.e-a.e
                      bf ← b.f
                endif
                if af = bf then
                      c \leftarrow E
```

```
c \leftarrow ((a.s=0) ^ (af > bf)) ? G : L
                endif
           endif
     elseif a.t=NORM then
           c ← (a.s=0) ? G: L
     elseif b.t=NORM then
           c ← (b.s=0) ? G: L
     elseif a.t=ZERO and b.t=ZERO then
           c ← E
           assert FALSE // should have covered at the cases above
     endif
enddef
def c \leftarrow fmul(a,b) as
     if a.t=NORM and b.t=NORM then
           c.s \leftarrow a.s \land b.s
           c.t ← NORM
           c.e ← a.e + b.e
           c.f \leftarrow a.f * b.f
     // priority is given to b operand for NaN propagation
     elseif (b.t=SNAN) or (b.t=QNAN) then
           c.s \leftarrow a.s \land b.s
           c.t ← b.t
           c.e ← b.e
           c.f \leftarrow b.f
      elseif (a.t=SNAN) or (a.t=QNAN) then
           c.s \leftarrow a.s \land b.s
           c.t \leftarrow a.t
           c.e ← a.e
           c.f \leftarrow a.f
      elseif a.t=ZERO and b.t=INFINITY then
           c ← DEFAULTSNAN // Invalid
      elseif a.t=INFINITY and b.t=ZERO then
           c ← DEFAULTSNAN // Invalid
      elseif a.t=ZERO or b.t=ZERO then
           c.s \leftarrow a.s ^ b.s
           c.t ← ZERO
      else
           assert FALSE // should have covered at the cases above
      endif
enddef
def c \leftarrow fdivr(a,b) as
      if a.t=NORM and b.t=NORM then
           c.s \leftarrow a.s ^ b.s
           c.t ← NORM
           c.e ← a.e - b.e + 256
           c.f \leftarrow (a.f | | 0<sup>256</sup>) / b.f
     // priority is given to b operand for NaN propagation
      elseif (b.t=SNAN) or (b.t=QNAN) then
           c.s \leftarrow a.s ^ b.s
           c.t \leftarrow b.t
           c.e ← b.e
```

```
c.f \leftarrow b.f
      elseif (a.t=SNAN) or (a.t=QNAN) then
            c.s \leftarrow a.s ^ b.s
            c.t \leftarrow a.t
            c.e ← a.e
            c.f \leftarrow a.f
      elseif a.t=ZERO and b.t=ZERO then
            c ← DEFAULTSNAN // Invalid
      elseif a.t=INFINITY and b.t=INFINITY then
            c ← DEFAULTSNAN // Invalid
      elseif a.t=ZERO then
           c.s \leftarrow a.s ^ b.s
            c.t ← ZERO
      elseif a.t=INFINITY then
            c.s \leftarrow a.s ^ b.s
            c.t ← INFINITY
      else
            assert FALSE // should have covered at the cases above
      endif
enddef
def msb \leftarrow findmsb(a) as
      MAXF \leftarrow 2<sup>18</sup> // Largest possible f value after matrix multiply
      for j \leftarrow 0 to MAXF
            if a_{MAXF-1...j} = (0^{MAXF-1-j} | 1 | 1) then
                  msb \leftarrow j
            endif
      endfor
enddef
def ai ← PackF(prec,a,round) as
      case a.t of
            NORM:
                  msb \leftarrow findmsb(a.f)
                  rn ← msb-1-fbits(prec) // lsb for normal
                  rdn ← -ebias(prec)-a.e-1-fbits(prec) // lsb if a denormal
                  rb \leftarrow (rn > rdn) ? rn : rdn
                   if rb \le 0 then
                         aifr \leftarrow a.f<sub>msb-1.0</sub> | 1 0-rb
                         eadi ← 0
                  else
                         case round of
                                C:
                                      s \leftarrow 0^{msb-rb} | | (-a.s)^{rb}
                                F:
                                      s \leftarrow O^{msb-rb} | | (a.s)^{rb}
                                N, NONE:
                                      s \leftarrow 0^{\text{msb-rb}} \mid | -a.f_{\text{rb}} \mid | a.f_{\text{rb}}^{\text{pb-1}}
                               X:
                                      if a.f_{rb-1..0} \neq 0 then
                                            raise FloatingPointArithmetic // Inexact
                                      endif
                                      s \leftarrow 0
                                Z:
```

```
s \leftarrow 0
                       endcase
                       v \leftarrow (011a.f_{msb..0}) + (011s)
                       if v_{msb} = 1 then
                             \text{aifr} \leftarrow v_{\text{msb-1..rb}}
                             eadj \leftarrow 0
                       else
                             aifr ← Ofbits(prec)
                             eadj \leftarrow 1
                       endif
                 endif
                 aien \leftarrow a.e + msb - 1 + eadj + ebias(prec)
                 if aien ≤ 0 then
                       if round = NONE then
                             ai ← a.s || 0ebits(prec) || aifr
                             raise FloatingPointArithmetic //Underflow
                       endif
                 elseif aien ≥ 1 ebits(prec) then
                       if round = NONE then
                             //default: round-to-nearest overflow handling
                             ai ← a.s 11 1 ebits(prec) 11 0fbits(prec)
                        eise
                              raise FloatingPointArithmetic //Underflow
                        endif
                 else
                        ai \leftarrow a.s \mid l \mid aien_{ebits(prec)-1..0} \mid l \mid aifr
                 endif
           SNAN:
                 if round ≠ NONE then
                        raise FloatingPointArithmetic //Invalid
                  if -a.e < fbits(prec) then
                        ai \leftarrow a.s | | 1ebits(prec) | | a.f-a.e-1..0 | | 0fbits(prec)+a.e
                  else
                        Isb \leftarrow a.f.a.e-1-fbits(prec)+1..0 \neq 0
                        endif
            QNAN:
                  if -a.e < fbits(prec) then
                        ai \leftarrow a.s | | 1 ebits(prec) | | a.f.a.e-1..0 | | 0 fbits(prec)+a.e
                  else
                        Isb \leftarrow a.f-a.e-1-fbits(prec)+1..0 \neq 0
                        ai \leftarrow a.s \mid 1 \mid 1^{ebits(prec)} \mid 1 \mid a.f_{-a.e-1..-a.e-1-fbits(prec)+2} \mid 1 \mid lsb
                  endif
            ZERO:
                  ai - a.s | | Oebits(prec) | | Ofbits(prec)
            INFINITY:
                  ai ← a.s | | 1 ebits(prec) | | Ofbits(prec)
      endcase
defdef
```

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```
def ai ← fsinkr(prec, a, round) as
      case a.t of
             NORM:
                   msb \leftarrow findmsb(a.f)
                   rb ← -a.e
                   if rb \leq 0 then
                           aifr \leftarrow a.f<sub>msb..0</sub> 11 0<sup>-rb</sup>
                           aims ← msb - rb
                    else
                           case round of
                                 C, C.D:
                                        s \leftarrow 0^{msb-rb} \mid 1 \mid (-ai.s)^{rb}
                                 F. F.D:
                                        s \leftarrow 0^{msb-rb} \mid 1 \mid (ai.s)^{rb}
                                 N, NONE:
                                        s \leftarrow 0^{\text{msb-rb}} \mid 1 - \text{ai.f}_{rb} \mid 1 \mid \text{ai.f}_{rb}^{\text{-1}}
                                 X:
                                        if ai.f_{rb-1..0} \neq 0 then
                                               raise FloatingPointArithmetic // Inexact
                                        endif
                                        s \leftarrow 0
                                  Z, Z.D:
                                        s \leftarrow 0
                           endcase
                           v \leftarrow (011a.f_{msb..0}) + (011s)
                           if v_{msb} = 1 then
                                  aims \leftarrow msb + 1 - rb
                                  aims \leftarrow msb - rb
                         endif
                           \text{aifr} \leftarrow v_{aims..rb}
                    endif
                    if aims > prec then
                           case round of
                                  C.D, F.D, NONE, Z.D:
                                        ai ← a.s 11 (-as)prec-1
                                  C, F, N, X, Z:
                                        raise FloatingPointArithmetic // Overflow
                           endcase
                    elseif a.s = 0 then
                           ai ← aifr
                    else
                           ai ← -aifr
                    endif
             ZERO:
                    ai \leftarrow \mathsf{OPrec}
             SNAN, QNAN:
                    case round of
                           C.D, F.D, NONE, Z.D:
                                  ai ← O<sup>prec</sup>
                           C, F, N, X, Z:
                                  raise FloatingPointArithmetic // Invalid
                    endcase
             INFINITY:
```

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```
case round of
                       C.D, F.D, NONE, Z.D:
                              ai ← a.s II (-as)prec-1
                       C, F, N, X, Z:
                              raise FloatingPointArithmetic // Invalid
                 endcase
      endcase
enddef
def c \leftarrow frecrest(a) as
      b.s \leftarrow 0
      b.t ← NORM
      b.e ← 0
      b.f ← 1
      c \leftarrow fest(fdiv(b,a))
enddef
def c \leftarrow frsqrest(a) as
      b.s ← 0
      b.t ← NORM
      b.e ← 0
      b.f ← 1
      c \leftarrow fest(fsqr(fdiv(b,a)))
enddef
def c \leftarrow fest(a) as
      if (a.t=NORM) then
           msb ← findmsb(a.f)
            a.e ← a.e + msb - 13
            a.f \leftarrow a.f_{msb..msb-12} \mid 1 \mid 1
      eise
            c \leftarrow a
      endif
enddef
def c \leftarrow fsqr(a) as
      if (a.t=NORM) and (a.s=0) then
            c.s \leftarrow 0
            c.t ← NORM
            if \{a.e_0 = 1\} then
                  c.e ← (a.e-127) / 2
                  c.f \leftarrow sqr(a.f | | 0<sup>127</sup>)
            else
                  c.e \leftarrow (a.e-128) / 2
                  c.f \leftarrow sqr(a.f | | 0<sup>128</sup>)
            endif
      elseif (a.t=SNAN) or (a.t=QNAN) or a.t=ZERO or ((a.t=INFINITY) and (a.s=0)) then
      elseif ((a.t=NORM) or (a.t=INFINITY)) and (a.s=1) then
            c ← DEFAULTSNAN // Invalid
            assert FALSE // should have covered al the cases above
      endif
enddef
```

# Digital Signal Processing

The Zeus processor provides a set of operations that maintain the fullest possible use of 128-bit data paths when operating on lower-precision fixed-point or floating-point vector values. These operations are useful for several application areas, including digital signal processing, image processing and synthetic graphics. The basic goal of these operations is to accelerate the performance of algorithms that exhibit the following characteristics:

### Low-precision arithmetic

The operands and intermediate results are fixed-point values represented in no greater than 64 bit precision. For floating-point arithmetic, operands and intermediate results are of 16, 32, or 64 bit precision.

The fixed-point arithmetic operations include add, subtract, multiply, divide, shifts, and set on compare.

The use of fixed-point arithmetic permits various forms of operation reordering that are not permitted in floating-point arithmetic. Specifically, commutativity and associativity, and distribution identities can be used to reorder operations. Compilers can evaluate operations to determine what intermediate precision is required to get the specified arithmetic result.

Zeus supports several levels of precision, as well as operations to convert between these different levels. These precision levels are always powers of two, and are explicitly specified in the operation code.

When specified, add, subtract, and shift operations may cause a fixed-point arithmetic exception to occur on resulting conditions such as signed or unsigned overflow. The fixed-point arithmetic exception may also be invoked upon a signed or unsigned comparison.

#### Sequential access to data

The algorithms are or can be expressed as operations on sequentially ordered items in memory. Scatter-gather memory access or sparse-matrix techniques are not required.

Where an index variable is used with a multiplier, such multipliers must be powers of two. When the index is of the form: nx+k, the value of n must be a power of two, and the values referenced should have k include the majority of values in the range 0..n-1. A negative multiplier may also be used.

#### Vectorizable operations

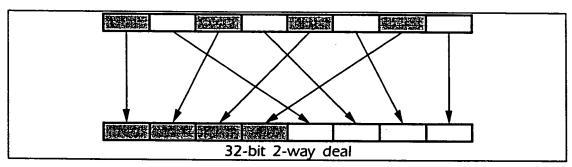
The operations performed on these sequentially ordered items are identical and independent. Conditional operations are either rewritten to use Boolean variables or masking, or the compiler is permitted to convert the code into such a form.

### **Data-handling Operations**

The characteristics of these algorithms include sequential access to data, which permit the use of the normal load and store operations to reference the data. Octlet and hexlet loads and stores reference several sequential items of data, the number depending on the operand precision.

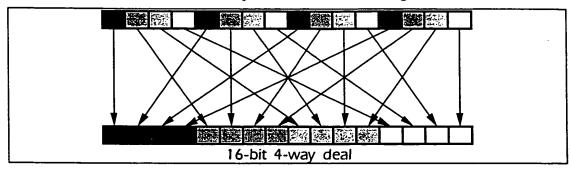
The discussion of these operations is independent of byte ordering, though the ordering of bit fields within octlets and hexlets must be consistent with the ordering used for bytes. Specifically, if big-endian byte ordering is used for the loads and stores, the figures below should assume that index values increase from left to right, and for little-endian byte ordering, the index values increase from right to left. For this reason, the figures indicate different index values with different shades, rather than numbering.

When an index of the nx+k form is used in array operands, where n is a power of 2, data memory sequentially loaded contains elements useful for separate operands. The "shuffle" instruction divides a triclet of data up into two hexlets, with alternate bit fields of the source triclet grouped together into the two results. An immediate field, h, in the instruction specifies which of the two regrouped hexlets to select for the result. For example, two X.SHUFFLE.256 rd=rc,rb,32,128,h operations rearrange the source triclet (c,b) into two hexlets as follows:

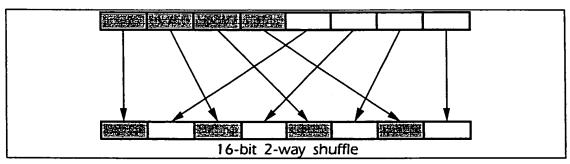


In the shuffle operation, two hexlet registers specify the source triclet, and one of the two result hexlets are specified as hexlet register.

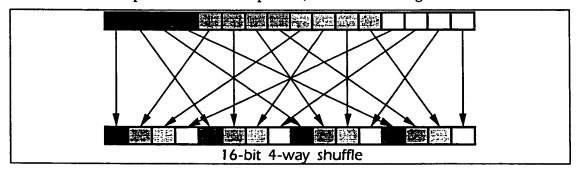
The example above directly applies to the case where n is 2. When n is larger, shuffle operations can be used to further subdivide the sequential stream. For example, when n is 4, we need to deal out 4 sets of doublet operands, as shown in the figure below:<sup>2</sup>



When an array result of computation is accessed with an index of the form nx+k, for n a power of 2, the reverse of the "deal" operation needs to be performed on vectors of results to interleave them for storage in sequential order. The "shuffle" operation interleaves the bit fields of two octlets of results into a single hexlet. For example a X.SHUFFLE.16 operation combines two octlets of doublet fields into a hexlet as follows:



For larger values of n, a series of shuffle operations can be used to combine additional sets of fields, similarly to the mechanism used for the deal operations. For example, when n is 4, we need to shuffle up 4 sets of doublet operands, as shown in the figure below:<sup>3</sup>

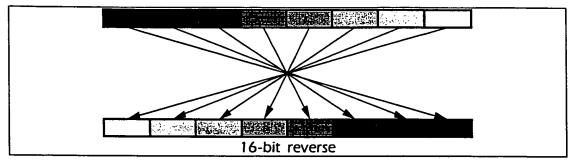


When the index of a source array operand or a destination array result is negated, or in other words, if of the form nx+k where n is negative, the elements of the array must be arranged

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>An example of the use of a four-way deal can be found in the appendix: Digital Signal Processing Applications: Conversion of Color to Monochrome

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>An example of the use of a four-way shuffle can be found in the appendix: Digital Signal Processing Applications: Conversion of Monochrome to Color

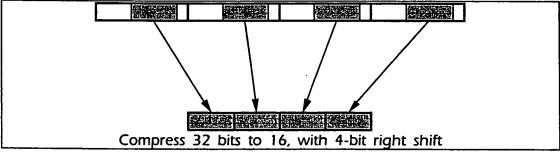
in reverse order. The "swizzle" operation can reverse the order of the bit fields in a hexlet. For example, a X.SWIZZLE rd=rc,127,112 operation reverses the doublets within a hexlet:



In some cases, it is desirable to use a group instruction in which one or more operands is a single value, not an array. The "swizzle" operation can also copy operands to multiple locations within a hexlet. For example, a X.SWIZZLE 15,0 operation copies the low-order 16 bits to each double within a hexlet.

Variations of the deal and shuffle operations are also useful for converting from one precision to another. This may be required if one operand is represented in a different precision than another operand or the result, or if computation must be performed with intermediate precision greater than that of the operands, such as when using an integer multiply.

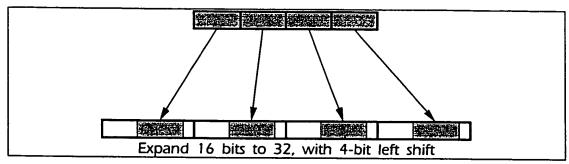
When converting from a higher precision to a lower precision, specifically when halving the precision of a hexlet of bit fields, half of the data must be discarded, and the bit fields packed together. The "compress" operation is a variant of the "deal" operation, in which the operand is a hexlet, and the result is an octlet. An arbitrary half-sized sub-field of each bit field can be selected to appear in the result. For example, a selection of bits 19..4 of each quadlet in a hexlet is performed by the X.COMPRESS rd=rc,16,4 operation:



When converting from lower-precision to higher-precision, specifically when doubling the precision of an octlet of bit fields, one of several techniques can be used, either multiply, expand, or shuffle. Each has certain useful properties. In the discussion below, m is the precision of the source operand.

The multiply operation, described in detail below, automatically doubles the precision of the result, so multiplication by a constant vector will simultaneously double the precision of the operand and multiply by a constant that can be represented in m bits.

An operand can be doubled in precision and shifted left with the "expand" operation, which is essentially the reverse of the "compress" operation. For example the X.EXPAND rd=rc,16,4 expands from 16 bits to 32, and shifts 4 bits left:



The "shuffle" operation can double the precision of an operand and multiply it by 1 (unsigned only),  $2^m$  or  $2^m+1$ , by specifying the sources of the shuffle operation to be a zeroed register and the source operand, the source operand and zero, or both to be the source operand. When multiplying by 2m, a constant can be freely added to the source operand by specifying the constant as the right operand to the shuffle.

### **Arithmetic Operations**

The characteristics of the algorithms that affect the arithmetic operations most directly are low-precision arithmetic, and vectorizable operations. The fixed-point arithmetic operations provided are most of the functions provided in the standard integer unit, except for those that check conditions. These functions include add, subtract, bitwise Boolean operations, shift, set on condition, and multiply, in forms that take packed sets of bit fields of a specified size as operands. The floating-point arithmetic operations provided are as complete as the scalar floating-point arithmetic set. The result is generally a packed set of bit fields of the same size as the operands, except that the fixed-point multiply function intrinsically doubles the precision of the bit field.

Conditional operations are provided only in the sense that the set on condition operations can be used to construct bit masks that can select between alternate vector expressions, using the bitwise Boolean operations. All instructions operate over the entire octlet or hexlet operands, and produce a hexlet result. The sizes of the bit fields supported are always powers of two.

## Galois Field Operations

Zeus provides a general software solution to the most common operations required for Galois Field arithmetic. The instructions provided include a polynomial multiply, with the polynomial specified as one register operand. This instruction can be used to perform CRC generation and checking, Reed-Solomon code generation and checking, and spread-spectrum encoding and decoding.

# Software Conventions

The following section describes software conventions that are to be employed at software module boundaries, in order to permit the combination of separately compiled code and to provide standard interfaces between application, library and system software. Register usage and procedure call conventions may be modified, simplified or optimized when a single compilation encloses procedures within a compilation unit so that the procedures have no external interfaces. For example, internal procedures may permit a greater number of register-passed parameters, or have registers allocated to avoid the need to save registers at procedure boundaries, or may use a single stack or data pointer allocation to suffice for more than one level of procedure call.

### Register Usage

All Zeus registers are identical and general-purpose; there is no dedicated zero-valued register, and no dedicated floating-point registers. However, some procedure-call-oriented instructions imply usage of registers zero (0) and one (1) in a manner consistent with the conventions described below. By software convention, the non-specific general registers are used in more specific ways.

| register<br>number | assembler<br>names | usage         | how saved |
|--------------------|--------------------|---------------|-----------|
| 0                  | lp, r0             | link pointer  | caller    |
| 1                  | dp, r1             | data pointer  | caller    |
| 2-9                | r2-r9              | parameters    | caller    |
| 10-31              | r10-r31            | temporary     | caller    |
| 32-61              | r32-r61            | saved         | callee    |
| 62                 | fp, r62            | frame pointer | callee    |
| 63                 | sp, r63            | stack pointer | callee    |

register usage

At a procedure call boundary, registers are saved either by the caller or callee procedure, which provides a mechanism for leaf procedures to avoid needing to save registers. Compilers may choose to allocate variables into caller or callee saved registers depending on how their lifetimes overlap with procedure calls.

## Procedure Calling Conventions

Procedure parameters are normally allocated in registers, starting from register 2 up to register 9. These registers hold up to 8 parameters, which may each be of any size from one byte to sixteen bytes (hexlet), including floating-point and small structure parameters. Additional parameters are passed in memory, allocated on the stack. For C procedures which use varargs h or stdarg h and pass parameters to further procedures, the compilers must leave room in the stack memory allocation to save registers 2 through 9 into memory contiguously with the additional stack memory parameters, so that procedures such as \_doprnt can refer to the parameters as an array.

Procedure return values are also allocated in registers, starting from register 2 up to register 9. Larger values are passed in memory, allocated on the stack.

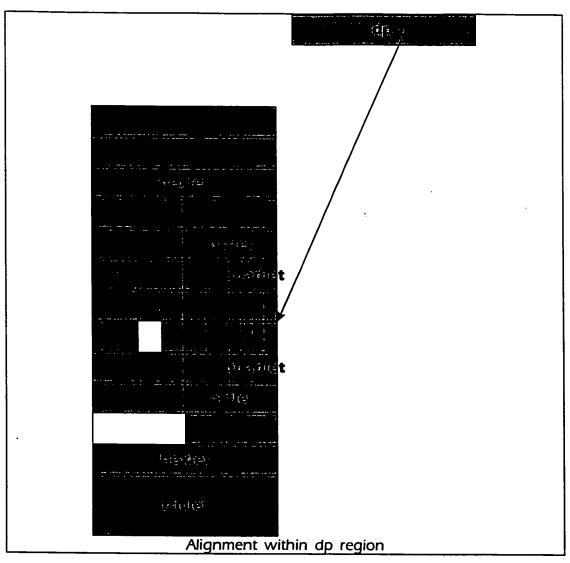
There are several pointers maintained in registers for the procedure calling conventions: lp, sp, dp, fp.

The lp register contains the address to which the callee should return to at the conclusion of the procedure. If the procedure is also a caller, the lp register will need to be saved on the stack, once, before any procedure call, and restored, once, after all procedure calls. The procedure returns with a branch instruction, specifying the lp register.

The sp register is used to form addresses to save parameter and other registers, maintain local variables, i.e., data that is allocated as a LIFO stack. For procedures that require a stack, normally a single allocation is performed, which allocates space for input parameters, local variables, saved registers, and output parameters all at once. The sp register is always hexlet aligned.

The dp register is used to address pointers, literals and static variables for the procedure. The dp register points to a small (approximately 4096-entry) array of pointers, literals, and statically-allocated variables, which is used locally to the procedure. The uses of the dp register are similar to the use of the gp register on a Mips R-series processor, except that each procedure may have a different value, which expands the space addressable by small offsets from this pointer. This is an important distinction, as the offset field of Zeus load and store instructions are only 12 bits. The compiler may use additional registers and/or indirect pointers to address larger regions for a single procedure. The compiler may also share a single dp register value between procedures which are compiled as a single unit (including procedures which are externally callable), eliminating the need to save, modify and restore the dp register for calls between procedures which share the same dp register value.

Load- and store- immediate-aligned instructions, specifying the dp register as the base register, are generally used to obtain values from the dp region. These instructions shift the immediate value by the logarithm of the size of the operand, so loads and stores of large operands may reach farther from the dp register than of small operands. The size of the addressable region is maximized if the elements to be placed in the dp region are sorted according to size, with the smallest elements placed closest to the dp base. At points where the size changes, appropriate padding is added to keep elements aligned to memory boundaries matching the size of the elements. Using this technique, the maximum size of the dp region is always at least 4096 items, and may be larger when the dp area is composed of a mixture of data sizes.



The dp register mechanism also permits code to be shared, with each static instance of the dp region assigned to a different address in memory. In conjunction with position-independent or pc-relative branches, this allows library code to be dynamically relocated and shared between processes.

To implement an inter-module (separately compiled) procedure call, the lp register is loaded with the entry point of the procedure, and the dp register is loaded with the value of the dp register required for the procedure. These two values are located adjacent to each other as a pair of octlet quantities in the dp region for the calling procedure. For a statically-linked inter-module procedure call, the linker fills in the values at link time. However, this mechanism also provides for dynamic linking, by initially filling in the lp and dp fields in the data structure to invoke the dynamic linker. The dynamic linker can use the contents of the lp and/or dp registers to determine the identity of the caller and callee, to find the location to fill in the pointers and resume execution. Specifically, the lp value is initially set to point to an entry point in the dynamic linker, and the dp value is set to point to itself: the location of the lp and dp values in the dp region of the calling procedure. The identity of the procedure

can be discovered from a string following the dp pointer, or a separate table, indexed by the dp pointer.

The fp register is used to address the stack frame when the stack size varies during execution of a procedure, such as when using the GNU C alloca function. When the stack size can be determined at compile time, the sp register is used to address the stack frame and the fp register may be used for any other general purpose as a callee-saved register.

#### Typical static-linked, intra-module calling sequence:

```
caller (non-leaf):
caller:
          AADDI
                                 sp@-size
                                                 // allocate caller stack frame
           S.I.64.A
                                 ip,sp,off
                                                 // save original lp register
           ... (callee using same dp as caller)
           B.LINK.I
                                 callee
           ... (callee using same dp as caller)
           B.LINK.I
                                 callee
           L.I.64.A
                                 lp=sp,off
                                                 // restore original lp register
           AADDI
                                 sp@size
                                                 // deallocate caller stack frame
                                                 // return
callee (leaf):
callee:
           ... (code using dp)
                                                 // return
                                 lp
```

Procedures that are compiled together may share a common data region, in which case there is no need to save, load, and restore the dp region in the callee, assuming that the callee does not modify the dp register. The pc-relative addressing of the B.LINK.I instruction permits the code region to be position-independent.

#### Minimum static-linked, Intra-module calling sequence:

```
caller (non-leaf):
caller:
                                 r31=lp
                                                  // save original lp register
           ... (callee using same dp as caller)
           B.LINK.I
                                 callee
           ... (callee using same dp as caller)
           B.LINK.I
                                 callee
           В
                                 r31
                                                  // return
callee (leaf):
callee:
           ... (code using dp, r31 unused)
                                                  // return
```

When all the callee procedures are intra-module, the stack frame may also be eliminated from the caller procedure by using "temporary" caller save registers not utilized by the callee leaf procedures. In addition to the lp value indicated above, this usage may include other values and variables that live in the caller procedure across callee procedure calls.

#### Typical dynamic-linked, inter-m dule calling sequence:

```
caller (non-leaf):
caller:
          AADDI
                                sp@-size
                                                // allocate caller stack frame
          S.I.64.A
                                lp,sp,off
                                                // save original lp register
          S.I.64.A
                                dp,sp,off
                                                // save original dp register
          ... (code using dp)
          L.I.64.A
                                lp=dp.off
                                                // load lp
          L.I.64.A
                                dp=dp,off
                                                // load dp
          B.LINK
                                ip=ip
                                                // invoke callee procedure
          L.I.64.A
                                dp=sp,off
                                                // restore dp register from stack
          ... (code using dp)
          L.1.64.A
                                lp=sp,off
                                                // restore original lp register
          AADDI
                                                 // deallocate caller stack frame
                                sp=size
                                ai
                                                 // return
callee (leaf):
callee:
           ... (code using dp)
                                                 // return
```

The load instruction is required in the caller following the procedure call to restore the dp register. A second load instruction also restores the lp register, which may be located at any point between the last procedure call and the branch instruction which returns from the procedure.

### System and Privileged Library Calls

It is an objective to make calls to system facilities and privileged libraries as similar as possible to normal procedure calls as described above. Rather than invoke system calls as an exception, which involves significant latency and complication, we prefer to use a modified procedure call in which the process privilege level is quietly raised to the required level. To provide this mechanism safely, interaction with the virtual memory system is required.

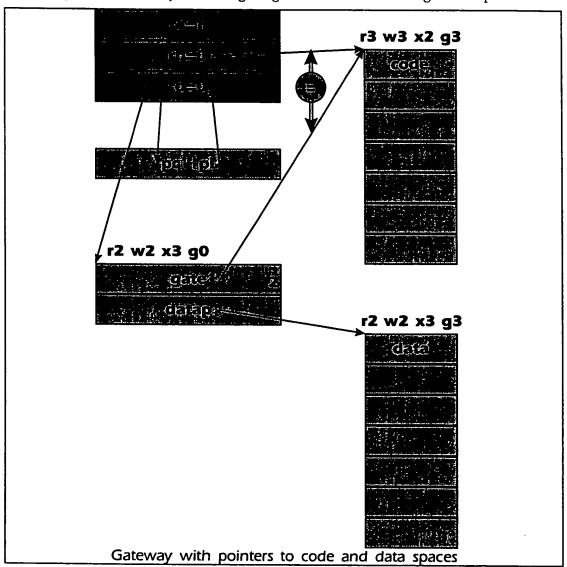
Such a procedure must not be entered from anywhere other than its legitimate entry point, to prohibit entering a procedure after the point at which security checks are performed or with invalid register contents, otherwise the access to a higher privilege level can lead to a security violation. In addition, the procedure generally must have access to memory data, for which addresses must be produced by the privileged code. To facilitate generating these addresses, the branch-gateway instruction allows the privileged code procedure to rely the fact that a single register has been verified to contain a pointer to a valid memory region.

The branch-gateway instruction ensures both that the procedure is invoked at a proper entry point, and that other registers such as the data pointer and stack pointer can be properly set. To ensure this, the branch-gateway instruction retrieves a "gateway" directly from the protected virtual memory space. The gateway contains the virtual address of the entry point of the procedure and the target privilege level. A gateway can only exist in regions of the virtual address space designated to contain them, and can only be used to access privilege levels at or below the privilege level at which the memory region can be written to ensure that a gateway cannot be forged.

The branch-gateway instruction ensures that register 1 (dp) contains a valid pointer to the gateway for this target code address by comparing the contents of register 0 (lp) against the

gateway retrieved from memory and causing an exception trap if they do not match. By ensuring that register 1 points to the gateway, auxiliary information, such as the data pointer and stack pointer can be set by loading values located by the contents of register 1. For example, the eight bytes following the gateway may be used as a pointer to a data region for the procedure.

Before executing the branch-gateway, instruction, register 1 must be set to point at the gateway, and register 0 must be set to the address of the target code address plus the desired privilege level. A "L.I.64.L.A r0=r1,0" instruction is one way to set register 0, if register 1 has already been set, but any means of getting the correct value into register 0 is permissible.



Similarly, a return from a system or privileged routine involves a reduction of privilege. This need not be carefully controlled by architectural facilities, so a procedure may freely branch to a less-privileged code address. Normally, such a procedure restores the stack frame, then uses the branch-down instruction to return.

Zeus Processor

#### Typical dynamic-linked, inter-gateway calling sequence:

```
caller:
caller:
          AADDI
                                sp@-size
                                                 // allocate caller stack frame
          S.I.64.A
                                lp,sp,off
          S.I.64.A
                                dp,sp,off
           L.I.64.A
                                lp=dp.off
                                                 // load lp
          L.I.64.A
                                dp=dp,off
                                                 // load dp
          B.GATE
          L.1.64.A
                                 dp,sp,off
           ... (code using dp)
          L.I.64.A
                                 lp=sp,off
                                                 // restore original lp register
          AADDI
                                                 // deallocate caller stack frame
                                 sp=size
                                lp
                                                 // return
callee (non-leaf):
calee:
           L.I.64.A
                                 dp=dp,off
                                                 // load dp with data pointer
           S.I.64.A
                                 sp,dp,off
           L.1.64.A
                                 sp=dp,off
                                                 // new stack pointer
           S.I.64.A
                                 lp,sp,off
           S.I.64.A
                                 dp,sp,off
           ... (using dp)
           L.I.64.A
                                 dp,sp,off
           ... (code using dp)
           L.I.64.A
                                 lp=sp,off
                                                 // restore original lp register
           L.I.64.A
                                 sp=sp,off
                                                 // restore original sp register
           B.DOWN
                                 lp
callee (leaf, no stack):
callee:
           ... (using dp)
           B.DOWN
                                 lp
```

It can be observed that the calling sequence is identical to that of the inter-module calling sequence shown above, except for the use of the B.GATE instruction instead of a B.LINK instruction. Indeed, if a B.GATE instruction is used when the privilege level in the lp register is not higher than the current privilege level, the B.GATE instruction performs an identical function to a B.LINK.

The callee, if it uses a stack for local variable allocation, cannot necessarily trust the value of the sp passed to it, as it can be forged. Similarly, any pointers which the callee provides should not be used directly unless it they are verified to point to regions which the callee should be permitted to address. This can be avoided by defining application programming interfaces (APIs) in which all values are passed and returned in registers, or by using a trusted, intermediate privilege wrapper routine to pass and return parameters. The method described below can also be used.

It can be useful to have highly privileged code call less-privileged routines. For example, a user may request that errors in a privileged routine be reported by invoking a user-supplied error-logging routine. To invoke the procedure, the privilege can be reduced via the branch-down instruction. The return from the procedure actually requires an increase in privilege, which must be carefully controlled. This is dealt with by placing the procedure call within a lower-privilege procedure wrapper, which uses the branch-gateway instruction to return to

the higher privilege region after the call through a secure re-entry point. Special care must be taken to ensure that the less-privileged routine is not permitted to gain unauthorized access by corruption of the stack or saved registers, such as by saving all registers and setting up a new stack frame (or restoring the original lower-privilege stack) that may be manipulated by the less-privileged routine. Finally, such a technique is vulnerable to an unprivileged routine attempting to use the re-entry point directly, so it may be appropriate to keep a privileged state variable which controls permission to enter at the re-entry point.

# Instruction Scheduling

The next section describes detailed pipeline organization for Zeus, which has a significant influence on instruction scheduling. Here we will elaborate some general rules for effective scheduling by a compiler. Specific information on numbers of functional units, functional unit parallelism and latency is quite implementation-dependent, values indicated here are valid for Zeus's first implementation.

### Separate Addressing from Execution

Zeus has separate function units to perform addressing operations (A, L, S, B instructions) from execution operations (G, X, E, W instructions). When possible, Zeus will execute all the addressing operations of an instruction stream, deferring execution of the execution operations until dependent load instructions are completed. Thus, the latency of the memory system is hidden, so long as addressing operations themselves do not need to wait for memory.

### Software Pipeline

Instructions should generally be scheduled so that previous operations can be completed at the time of issue. When this is not possible, the processor inserts sufficient empty cycles to perform the instructions precisely - explicit no-operation instructions are not required.

# Multiple Issue

Zeus can issue up to two addressing operations and up to two execution operations per cycle per thread. Considering functional unit parallelism, described below, as many of four instruction issues per cycle are possible per thread.

### Functional Unit parallelism

Zeus has separate function units for several classes of execution operations. An A unit performs scalar add, subtract, boolean, and shift-add operations for addressing and branch calculations. The remaining functional units are execution resources, which perform operations subsequent to memory loads and which operate on values in a parallel, partitioned form. A G unit performs add, subtract, boolean, and shift-add operations. An X unit performs general shift operations. An E unit performs multiply and floating-point operations. A T unit performs table-look-up operations.

Each instruction uses one or more of these units, according to the table below.

| Instruction | Α | G | Х | E | T |
|-------------|---|---|---|---|---|
| A.          | Х |   |   |   |   |
| В           | Х |   |   |   |   |
| L           | Х |   |   |   |   |
| S           | Х |   |   |   |   |
| G           |   | х |   |   |   |
| X           |   |   | х |   |   |
| E           |   |   | х | х |   |
| W.TRANSLATE | х |   |   |   | х |
| W.MULMAT    | Х |   | Х | Х |   |
| W.SWITCH    | Х |   | х |   |   |

#### Latency

The latency of each functional unit depends on what operation is performed in the unit, and where the result is used. The aggressive nature of the pipeline makes it difficult to characterize the latency of each operation with a single number. Because the addressing unit is decoupled from the execution unit, the latency of load operations is generally hidden, unles the result of a load instruction must be returned to the addressing unit. Store instructions must be able to compute the address to which the data is to be stored in the addressing unit, but the data will not be irrevocably stored until the data is available and it is valid to retire the store instruction. However, under certain conditions, data may be forwarded from a store instruction to subsequent load instructions, once the data is available.

The latency of each of these units, for the initial Zeus implementation is indicated below:

| Unit | instruction | Latency rules   |
|------|-------------|---|
| A.   | Α           | 1 cycle   |
|      | L           | Address operands must be ready to issue,                        |
|      |             | 4 cycles to A unit, 0 to G, X, E, T units                       |
|      | S           | Address operands must be ready to issue,                        |
|      |             | Store occurs when data is ready and instruction may be retired. |
|      | В           | Conditional branch operands may be provided                     |
|      |             | from the A unit (64-bit values), or the G unit (128-            |
|      |             | bit values). 4 cycles for mispredicted branch                   |
|      | W           | Address operand must be ready to issue,                         |
| G    | G           | 1 cycle   |
| Х    | X, W.SWITCH | 1 cycle for data operands, 2 cycles for shift                   |
|      |             | amount or control operand                                       |
| E    | E, W.MULMAT | 4 cycles  |
| T    | W.TRANSLATE | 1 cycles  |

# Pipeline Organization

Zeus performs all instructions as if executed one-by-one, in-order, with precise exceptions always available. Consequently, code that ignores the subsequent discussion of Zeus pipeline implementations will still perform correctly. However, the highest performance of the Zeus processor is achieved only by matching the ordering of instructions to the characteristics of the pipeline. In the following discussion, the general characteristics of all Zeus implementations precede discussion of specific choices for specific implementations.

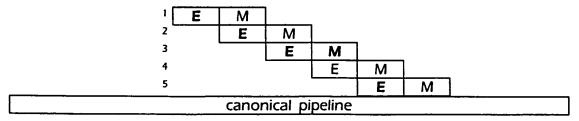
### Classical Pipeline Structures

Pipelining in general refers to hardware structures that overlap various stages of execution of a series of instructions so that the time required to perform the series of instructions is less than the sum of the times required to perform each of the instructions separately. Additionally, pipelines carry to connotation of a collection of hardware structures which have a simple ordering and where each structure performs a specialized function.

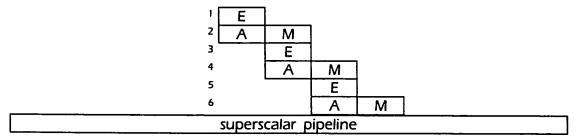
The diagram below shows the timing of what has become a canonical pipeline structure for a simple RISC processor, with time on the horizontal axis increasing to the right, and successive instructions on the vertical axis going downward. The stages I, R, E, M, and W refer to units which perform instruction fetch, register file fetch, execution, data memory fetch, and register file write. The stages are aligned so that the result of the execution of an instruction may be used as the source of the execution of an immediately following instruction, as seen by the fact that the end of an E stage (bold in line 1) lines up with the beginning of the E stage (bold in line 2) immediately below. Also, it can be seen that the result of a load operation executing in stages E and M (bold in line 3) is not available in the immediately following instruction (line 4), but may be used two cycles later (line 5); this is the cause of the load delay slot seen on some RISC processors.

| 1   | 1 | R   | E | М | W | ] |   |   |   |
|-----|---|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2 - |   | - 1 | R | E | М | W | ] |   |   |
| 3   |   |     | 1 | R | Ε | М | W | ] |   |
| 4   |   |     |   | 1 | R | Ε | М | W |   |
| 5   |   |     |   |   | 1 | R | E | М | W |

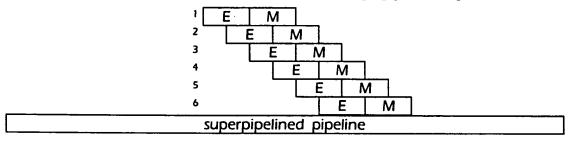
In the diagrams below, we simplify the diagrams somewhat by eliminating the pipe stages for instruction fetch, register file fetch, and register file write, which can be understood to precede and follow the portions of the pipelines diagrammed. The diagram above is shown again in this new format, showing that the canonical pipeline has very little overlap of the actual execution of instructions.



A superscalar pipeline is one capable of simultaneously issuing two or more instructions which are independent, in that they can be executed in either order and separately, producing the same result as if they were executed serially. The diagram below shows a two-way superscalar processor, where one instruction may be a register-to-register operation (using stage E) and the other may be a register-to-register operation (using stage A) or a memory load or store (using stages A and M).



A superpipelined pipeline is one capable is issuing simple instructions frequently enough that the result of a simple instruction must be independent of the immediately following one or more instructions. The diagram below shows a two-cycle superpipelined implementation:



In the diagrams below, pipeline stages are labelled with the type of instruction that may be performed by that stage. The position of the stage further identifies the function of that stage, as for example a load operation may require several L stages to complete the instruction.

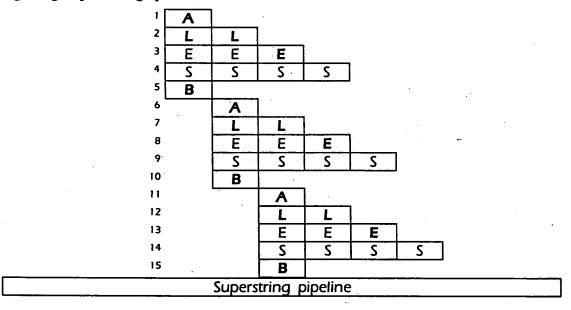
## Superstring Pipeline

Zeus architecture provides for implementations designed to fetch and execute several instructions in each clock cycle. For a particular ordering of instruction types, one instruction of each type may be issued in a single clock cycle. The ordering required is A, L, E, S, B; in other words, a register-to-register address calculation, a memory load, a register-to-register data calculation, a memory store, and a branch. Because of the organization of the pipeline, each of these instructions may be serially dependent. Instructions of type E include the fixed-point execute-phase instructions as well as floating-point and digital signal processing instructions. We call this form of pipeline organization "superstring," because of the ability to issue a string of dependent instructions in a single clock cycle, as distinguished

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Readers with a background in theoretical physics may have seen this term in an other, unrelated, context.

from superscalar or superpipelined organizations, which can only issue sets of independent instructions.

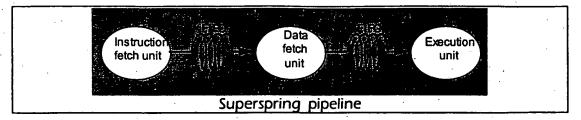
These instructions take from one to four cycles of latency to execute, and a branch prediction mechanism is used to keep the pipeline filled. The diagram below shows a box for the interval between issue of each instruction and the completion. Bold letters mark the critical latency paths of the instructions, that is, the periods between the required availability of the source registers and the earliest availability of the result registers. The A-L critical latency path is a special case, in which the result of the A instruction may be used as the base register of the L instruction without penalty. E instructions may require additional cycles of latency for certain operations, such as fixed-point multiply and divide, floating-point and digital signal processing operations.



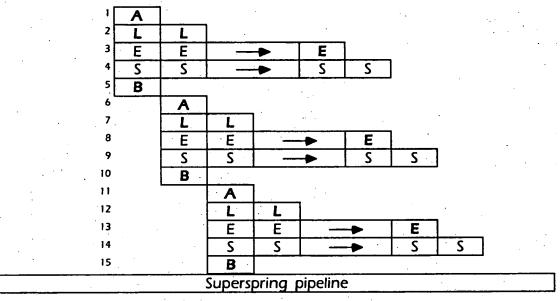
# Superspring Pipeline

Zeus architecture provides an additional refinement to the organization defined above, in which the time permitted by the pipeline to service load operations may be flexibly extended. Thus, the front of the pipeline, in which A, L and B type instructions are handled, is decoupled from the back of the pipeline, in which E, and S type instructions are handled. This decoupling occurs at the point at which the data cache and its backing memory is referenced; similarly, a FIFO that is filled by the instruction fetch unit decouples instruction cache references from the front of the pipeline shown above. The depth of the FIFO structures is implementation-dependent, i.e. not fixed by the architecture.

The diagram below indicates why we call this pipeline organization feature "superspring," an extension of our superstring organization.



With the super-spring organization, the latency of load instructions can be hidden, as execute instructions are deferred until the results of the load are available. Nevertheless, the execution unit still processes instructions in normal order, and provides precise exceptions.



## Superthread Pipeline

This technique is not employed in the initial Zeus implementation, though it was present in an earlier prototype implementation.

A difficulty of superpipelining is that dependent operations must be separated by the latency of the pipeline, and for highly pipelined machines, the latency of simple operations can be quite significant. The Zeus "superthread" pipeline provides for very highly pipelined implementations by alternating execution of two or more independent threads. In this context, a thread is the state required to maintain an independent execution; the architectural state required is that of the register file contents, program counter, privilege level, local TB, and when required, exception status. Ensuring that only one thread may handle an exception at one time may minimize the latter state, exception status. In order to ensure that all threads make reasonable forward progress, several of the machine resources must be scheduled fairly.

An example of a resource that is critical that it be fairly shared is the data memory/cache subsystem. In a prototype implementation, Zeus is able to perform a load operation only on every second cycle, and a store operation only on every fourth cycle. Zeus schedules these fixed timing resources fairly by using a round-robin schedule for a number of threads that is relatively prime to the resource reuse rates. For this implementation, five simultaneous threads of execution ensure that resources which may be used every two or four cycles are fairly shared by allowing the instructions which use those resources to be issued only on every second or fourth issue slot for that thread.

In the diagram below, the thread number which issues an instruction is indicated on each clock cycle, and below it, a list of which functional units may be used by that instruction. The diagram repeats every 20 cycles, so cycle 20 is similar to cycle 0, cycle 21 is similar to cycle 1, etc. This schedule ensures that no resource conflict occur between threads for these resources. Thread 0 may issue an E, L, S or B on cycle 0, but on its next opportunity, cycle 5, may only issue E or B, and on cycle 10 may issue E, L or B, and on cycle 15, may issue E or B.

| cycle  | 0 | T | 2.                   | 3 | 4 | - 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 |  |
|--------|---|---|----------------------|---|---|-----|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|--|
| thread | 0 | 1 | .2                   | 3 | 4 | 0   | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 0  | 1  | 2  | 3  | 4  | 0  | 1  | .2 | 3  | 4  |  |
|        | Ε | Ε | E                    | Ε | Ε | Ε   | Ε | Ε | Ε | Ε | Ε  | Ε  | Ε  | Ε  | Ε  | Ε  | Ε  | Ε  | Ε  | Ε  |  |
|        | L |   | L                    |   | L |     | L |   | L |   | L  |    | L  |    | L  |    | L  |    | L  |    |  |
| •      | S |   |                      |   | S |     | • |   | S | , | •  |    | S  |    |    |    | S  | ,  |    |    |  |
|        | В | В | В                    | В | В | В   | В | В | В | В | В  | В  | В  | В  | В  | В  | В  | В  | В  | В  |  |
| 1.     |   |   | Superthread pipeline |   |   |     |   |   |   |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |  |

When seen from the perspective of an individual thread, the resource use diagram looks similar to that of the collection. Thus an individual thread may use the load unit every two instructions, and the store unit every four instructions.

| cycle  | 0 | 5  | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35    | 40 | 45 | 50 | 55 | 60 | 65 | 70 | 75 | 80 | 85 | 90 | 95 |
|--------|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|-------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| thread | 0 | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0     | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
| 7      | Ε | Ε  | Ε  | Ε  | Е  | Ε  | Ε  | Ε     | Ε  | Ε  | Ε  | Ε  | Ε  | Ε  | Ε  | Ε  | Ε  | Ε  | Ε  | Ε  |
|        | L |    | L  |    | L  |    | L  |       | L  |    | L  |    | L  |    | L  |    | L  |    | L  |    |
|        | S |    |    |    | S  |    |    |       | S  |    |    |    | S  |    |    |    | S  | ,  |    |    |
|        | В | В  | В  | В  | В  | В  | В  | В     | В  | В  | В  | В  | В  | В  | В  | В  | В  | В  | В  | В  |
|        | - | ٠. |    |    |    |    |    | A 1 . |    | •  |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |

Superthread pipeline

A Zeus Superthread pipeline, with 5 simultaneous threads of execution, permits simple operations, such as register-to-register add (G.ADD), to take 5 cycles to complete, allowing for an extremely deeply pipelined implementation.

# Simultaneous Multithreading

The intial Zeus implementation performs simultaneous multithreading among 4 threads. Each of the 4 threads share a common memory system, a common T unit. Pairs of threads share two G units, one X unit, and one E unit. Each thread individually has two A units. A fair allocation scheme balances access to the shared resources by the four threads.

### Branch/fetch Prediction

Zeus does not have delayed branch instructions, and so relies upon branch or fetch prediction to keep the pipeline full around unconditional and conditional branch instructions. In the simplest form of branch prediction, as in Zeus's first implementation, a taken conditional backward (toward a lower address) branch predicts that a future execution of the same branch will be taken. More elaborate prediction may cache the source and target addresses of multiple branches, both conditional and unconditional, and both forward and reverse.

The hardware prediction mechanism is tuned for optimizing conditional branches that close loops or express frequent alternatives, and will generally require substantially more cycles when executing conditional branches whose outcome is not predominately taken or not-taken. For such cases of unpredictable conditional results, the use of code that avoids conditional branches in favor of the use of compare-set and multiplex instructions may result in greater performance.

Under some conditions, the above technique may not be applicable, for example if the conditional branch "guards" code which cannot be performed when the branch is taken. This may occur, for example, when a conditional branch tests for a valid (non-zero) pointer and the conditional code performs a load or store using the pointer. In these cases, the conditional branch has a small positive offset, but is unpredictable. A Zeus pipeline may handle this case as if the branch is always predicted to be not taken, with the recovery of a misprediction causing cancellation of the instructions which have already been issued but not completed which would be skipped over by the taken conditional branch. This "conditional-skip" optimization is performed by the initial Zeus implementation and requires no specific architectural feature to access or implement.

A Zeus pipeline may also perform "branch-return" optimization, in which a branch-link instruction saves a branch target address that is used to predict the target of the next returning branch instruction. This optimization may be implemented with a depth of one (only one return address kept), or as a stack of finite depth, where a branch and link pushes onto the stack, and a branch-register pops from the stack. This optimization can eliminate the misprediction cost of simple procedure calls, as the calling branch is susceptible to hardware prediction, and the returning branch is predictable by the branch-return optimization. Like the conditional-skip optimization described above, this feature is performed by the initial Zeus implementation and requires no specific architectural feature to access or implement.

Zeus implements two related instructions that can eliminate or reduce branch delays for conditional loops, conditional branches, and computed branches. The "branch-hint" instruction has no effect on architectural state, but informs the instruction fetch unit of a potential future branch instruction, giving the addresses of both the branch instruction and of the branch target. The two forms of the instruction specify the branch instruction address relative to the current address as an immediate field, and one form (branch-hint-immediate) specifies the branch target address relative to the current address as an immediate field, and the other (branch-hint) specifies the branch target address from a general register. The branch-hint-immediate instruction is generally used to give advance notice to the instruction

fetch unit of a branch-conditional instruction, so that instructions at the target of the branch can be fetched in advance of the branch-conditional instruction reaching the execution pipeline. Placing the branch hint as early as possible, and at a point where the extra instruction will not reduce the execution rate optimizes performance. In other words, an optimizing compiler should insert the branch-hint instruction as early as possible in the basic block where the parcel will contain at most one other "front-end" instruction.

#### Additional Load and Execute Resources

Studies of the dynamic distribution of Zeus instructions on various benchmark suites indicate that the most frequently-issued instruction classes are load instructions and execute instructions. In a high-performance Zeus implementation, it is advantageous to consider execution pipelines in which the ability to target the machine resources toward issuing load and execute instructions is increased.

One of the means to increase the ability to issue execute-class instructions is to provide the means to issue two execute instructions in a single-issue string. The execution unit actually requires several distinct resources, so by partitioning these resources, the issue capability can be increased without increasing the number of functional units, other than the increased register file read and write ports. The partitioning favored for the initial implementation places all instructions that involve shifting and shuffling in one execution unit, and all instructions that involve multiplication, including fixed-point and floating-point multiply and add in another unit. Resources used for implementing add, subtract, and bitwise logical operations may be duplicated, being modest in size compared to the shift and multiply units, or shared between the two units, as the operations have low-enough latency that two operations might be pipelined within a single issue cycle. These instructions must generally be independent, except perhaps that two simple add, subtract, or bitwise logical instructions may be performed dependently, if the resources for executing simple instructions are shared between the execution units.

One of the means to increase the ability to issue load-class instructions is to provide the means to issue two load instructions in a single-issue string. This would generally increase the resources required of the data fetch unit and the data cache, but a compensating solution is to steal the resources for the store instruction to execute the second load instruction. Thus, a single-issue string can then contain either two load instructions, or one load instruction and one store instruction, which uses the same register read ports and address computation resources as the basic 5-instruction string. This capability also may be employed to provide support for unaligned load and store instructions, where a single-issue string may contain as an alternative a single unaligned load or store instruction which uses the resources of the two load-class units in concert to accomplish the unaligned memory operation.

# Result Forwarding

When temporally adjacent instructions are executed by separate resources, the results of the first instruction must generally be forwarded directly to the resource used to execute the second instruction, where the result replaces a value which may have been fetched from a register file. Such forwarding paths use significant resources. A Zeus implementation must

generally provide forwarding resources so that dependencies from earlier instructions within a string are immediately forwarded to later instructions, except between a first and second execution instruction as described above. In addition, when forwarding results from the execution units back to the data fetch unit, additional delay may be incurred.

# Instruction Set

This section describes the instruction set in complete architectural detail. Operation codes are numerically defined by their position in the following operation code tables, and are referred to symbolically in the detailed instruction definitions. Entries that span more than one location in the table define the operation code identifier as the smallest value of all the locations spanned. The value of the symbol can be calculated from the sum of the legend values to the left and above the identifier.

Instructions that have great similarity and identical formats are grouped together. Starting on a new page, each category of instructions is named and introduced.

The Operation codes section lists each instruction by mnemonic that is defined on that page. A textual interpretation of each instruction is shown beside each mnemonic.

The Equivalences section lists additional instructions known to assemblers that are equivalent or special cases of base instructions, again with a textual interpretation of each instruction beside each mnemonic. Below the list, each equivalent instruction is defined, either in terms of a base instruction or another equivalent instruction. The symbol between the instruction and the definition has a particular meaning. If it is an arrow ( $\leftarrow$  or  $\rightarrow$ ), it connects two mathematically equivalent operations, and the arrow direction indicates which form is preferred and produced in a reverse assembly. If the symbol is a ( $\Leftarrow$ ), the form on the left is assembled into the form on the right solely for encoding purposes, and the form on the right is otherwise illegal in the assembler. The parameters in these definitions are formal; the names are solely for pattern-matching purposes, even though they may be suggestive of a particular meaning.

The Redundancies section lists instructions and operand values that may also be performed by other instructions in the instruction set. The symbol connecting the two forms is a ( $\Leftrightarrow$ ), which indicates that the two forms are mathematically equivalent, both are legal, but the assembler does not transform one into the other.

The Selection section lists instructions and equivalences together in a tabular form that highlights the structure of the instruction mnemonics.

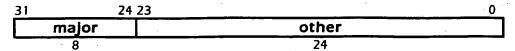
The Format section lists (1) the assembler format, (2) the C intrinsics format, (3) the bit-level instruction format, and (4) a definition of bit-level instruction format fields that are not a one-for-one match with named fields in the assembler format.

The Definition section gives a precise definition of each basic instruction.

The Exceptions section lists exceptions that may be caused by the execution of the instructions in this category.

# Major Operation Codes

All instructions are 32 bits in size, and use the high order 8 bits to specify a major operation code.



The major field is filled with a value specified by the following table:5

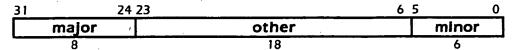
| MAJOR | 0          | 32      | 64      | 96        | 128        | 160        | 192               | 224         |
|-------|------------|---------|---------|-----------|------------|------------|-------------------|-------------|
| 0     | ARES       | BEF16   | LI16L   | SI16L     |            | XDEPOSIT   | EMULXI            | WMULMATXIL  |
| 1     | AADDI      | BEF32   | LI16B   | 2116B     | GADDI      |            | EMULXIU           | WMULMATXIB  |
| 2     | AADDI.O    | BEF64   | LI16AL  | SII6AL    | GADDI.O    |            |                   | WMULMATXIUL |
| 3     | AADDIU.O   | BEF128  | LI16AB  | SI16AB    | GADDIU.O   |            |                   | WMULMATXIUB |
| 4     |            | BLGF16  | LI32L   | SI32L     |            | XDEPOSITU  |                   | WMULMATXIML |
| 5     | ASUBI      | BLGF32  | LI32B   | SI32B     | GSUBI      |            | EMULADDXIU        |             |
| 6     | ASUBI.O    | BLGF64  | LI3ZAL  | SI32AL    | GSUBI.O    | · .        | <b>EMULADDXIM</b> |             |
| 7     | ASUBIU.O   | BLGF128 | LI32AB  | SI32AB    | GSUBIU.O   |            | EMULADDXIC        | WMULMATXICB |
| 8     | ASETEI     | BLF16   | LI64L   | SI64L     | GSETEI     | XWITHDRAW  | ECONXIL           |             |
| 9     | ASETNEI    | BLF32   | LI64B   | S164B     | GSETNEI    |            | ECONXIB           |             |
| 10    | ASETANDEI  | BLF64   | LI64AL  | SI64AL    | GSETANDEI  |            | ECONXIUL          |             |
| 11    | ASETANDNEI | BLF128  | LI64AB  | SI64AB    | GSETANDNEI | •          | ECONXIUB          |             |
| 12    | ASETLI     | BGEF16  | LI128L  | SI128L    | GSETU      | XWITHDRAWU | ECONXIML          |             |
| 13    | ASETGEI    | BGEF32  | LI128B  | SI128B    | GSETGEI    |            | ECONXIMB          |             |
| 14    | ASETLIU    | BGEF64  | LI128AL | SI128AL   | GSETLIU    |            | ECONXICL          |             |
| 15    | ASETGEIU   | BGEF128 | LI128AB | \$1128AB  | GSETGEIU   |            | ECONXICB          |             |
| 16    | AANDI      | BE      | LIU16L  | SASI64AL  | GANDI      | XDEPOSITM  | ESCALADDF16       | WMULMATXL   |
| 17    | ANANDI     | BNE     | LIU16B  | SASI64AB  | GNANDI     |            | ESCALADDF32       |             |
| 18    | AORI       | BANDE   | LIU16AL | SCSI64AL  | GORI       | ] .        | ESCALADDF64       | WMULMATGL   |
| 19    | ANORI      | BANDNE  | LIU16AB | SCSI64AB  | GNORI      | ·          | ESCALADDX         | WMULMATGB   |
| 20    | AXORI      | BL      | LIU32L  | SMS164AL  | GXORI      | XSWIZZLE   | EMULG8            |             |
| 21    | AMUX       | BGE     | LIU32B  | SMSI64AB  | GMUX       | 1          | EMULG64           |             |
| 22    |            | BLU     | LIU32AL | SMUXI64AL | GBOOLEAN   |            | EMULX             |             |
| 23    |            | BGEU    | LIU32AB | SMUXI64AB |            |            | EEXTRACT          | •           |
| 24    | ACOPYI     | BVF32   | LIU64L  |           | GCOPYI     | XEXTRACT   | EEXTRACTI         |             |
| 25    |            | BNVF32  | LIU64B  |           | 1          | XSELECT8   | EEXTRACTIU        |             |
| 26    |            | BIF32   | LIU64AL |           |            |            |                   | WTABLEL     |
| 27    |            | BNIF32  | LIU64AB | - 1       | G8         |            | E.8               | WTABLEB     |
| 28    |            | Bi      | LI8     | 812       | G16        | XSHUFFLE   | E.16              | WSWITCHL    |
| . 29  |            | BLINKI  | LIU8    |           | G32        | XSHIFTI    | E.32              | WSWITCHB    |
| 30    |            | BHINTI  |         |           | G64        | XSHIFT     | E.64              | WMINORL     |
| .31   | AMINOR     | BMINOR  | LMINOR  | SMINOR    | G128       | 1.5        | E.128             | WMINORB     |

major operation code field values

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Blank table entries cause the Reserved Instruction exception to occur.

# Minor Operation Codes

For the major operation field values A.MINOR, B.MINOR, L.MINOR, S.MINOR, G.8, G.16, G.32, G.64, G.128, XSHIFTI, XSHIFT, E.8, E.16, E.32, E.64, E.128, W.MINOR.L and W.MINOR.B, the lowest-order six bits in the instruction specify a minor operation code:



The minor field is filled with a value from one of the following tables:

| A.MINOR | 0      | 8     | 16          | 24        | 32 | 40      | 48       | 56   |
|---------|--------|-------|-------------|-----------|----|---------|----------|------|
| 0       | , ,    | AAND  | ASETE       | ASETEF    |    | ASHLI   | ASHLIADD |      |
| 1       | AADD   | AXOR  | ASETNE      | ASETLGF   |    |         | 1        |      |
| 2       | AADDO  | AOR   | ASETANDE    | ASETUF    |    | ASHLIO  | 1        | ,    |
| 3       | AADDUO | AANDN | ASETANDNE   | ASETGEF   |    | ASHLIUO | ľ        |      |
| 4       |        | AORN  | ASETL/LZ    | ASETEF.X  |    |         | ASHLISUB |      |
| 5       | ASUB   | AXNOR | ASETGE/GEZ  | ASETLGF.X |    |         | 1        |      |
| 6       | ASUBO  | ANOR  | ASETLU/GZ   | ASETLFX   |    | ASHRI   | ]        |      |
| 7       | ASUBUO | ANAND | ASETGEU/LEZ | ASETGEFX  |    | ASHRIU  | 1        | ACOM |

minor operation code field values for AMINOR

| B.MINOR | 0        | 8 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 |
|---------|----------|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 0       | В        |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 1       | BLINK    |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 2       | BHINT    |   |    | ,  |    |    |    |    |
| 3       | BDOWN -  |   |    | -  |    |    |    |    |
| 4       | BGATE    |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 5       | BBACK    |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 6       | BHALT    |   |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7       | BBARRIER |   |    |    | •  |    |    |    |

minor operation code field values for B.MINOR

| L.MINOR | 0     | 8      | 16     | 24       | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 |
|---------|-------|--------|--------|----------|----|----|----|----|
| 0       | L16L  | L64L   | LU16L  | LU64L    |    |    |    |    |
| - i     | L16B  | L64B   | LU16B  | LU64B    |    |    |    |    |
| 2       | L16AL | L64AL  | LU16AL | LU64AL   |    |    |    |    |
| 3       | L16AB | L64AB  | LU16AB | - LU64AB |    |    |    |    |
| 4       | L32L  | L128L  | LU32L  | L8       |    |    |    |    |
| 5       | L328  | L128B  | LU32B  | LU8      |    |    | 7  |    |
| 6       | L32AL | L128AL | LU32AL |          |    |    |    |    |
| 7       | L32AB | L128AB | LU32AB |          |    |    |    |    |
|         |       |        |        |          |    |    |    |    |

minor operation code field values for L.MINOR

| S.MINOR | 0      | 8       | 16       | 24       | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 |
|---------|--------|---------|----------|----------|----|----|----|----|
| 0       | S16L   | S64L    | SAS64AL  |          |    |    |    |    |
| 1       | S16B   | 564B    | SAS64AB  |          |    |    |    |    |
| 2       | S16AL  | S64AL   | SCS64AL  | SDCS64AL |    |    |    |    |
| 3       | \$16AB | S64AB   | SCS64AB  | SDCS64AB |    |    |    |    |
| 4       | S32L   | S128L   | SMS64AL  | 82       |    |    |    |    |
| 5       | \$328  | S128B   | SMS64AB  |          |    |    |    |    |
| 6       | S32AL  | S128AL  | SMUX64AL |          |    |    |    |    |
| 7       | S32AB  | \$128AB | SMUX64AB |          |    |    |    |    |

### minor operation code field values for S.MINOR

| G.size | 0      | 8 | 16          | 24              | 32      | 40      | 48       | 56     |
|--------|--------|---|-------------|-----------------|---------|---------|----------|--------|
| 0      |        |   | GSETE       | GSETEF          | GADDHN  | GSUBHN  | GSHLIADD | GADDL  |
| 1      | GADD   |   | GSETNE      | GSETLGF         | GADOHZ  | GSUBHZ  | 1        | GADDLU |
| 2      | GADDO  |   | GSETANDE    | GSETLF          | GADDHF  | GSUBHF  | 1        | GAAA   |
| 3      | GADDUO |   | GSETANDNE   | GSETGEF         | GADDHC  | GSUBHC  | 1        |        |
| 4      |        |   | GSETL/LZ    | GSETEFX         | GADDHUN | GSUBHUN | GSHLISUB | GSUBL  |
| 5      | GSU8   |   | GSETGE/GEZ  | GSETLGFX        | GADDHUZ | GSUBHUZ | 1.       | GSUBLU |
| 6      | GSUBO  |   | GSETLU/GZ   | <b>GSETLF.X</b> | GADDHUF | GSUBHUF | 1        | GASA   |
| 7      | GSUBUO |   | GSETGEU/LEZ | GSETGEF.X       | GADDHUC | GSUBHUC | 1        | GCOM   |

# minor operation code field values for G.size

| XSHIFTI | 0      | 8       | 16     | 24     | 32    | 40        | 48       | 56          |
|---------|--------|---------|--------|--------|-------|-----------|----------|-------------|
| 0       | XSHLI  | XSHLIO  |        | XSHRI  |       | XEXPANDI  |          | XCOMPRESSI  |
| 1       | 1      |         |        | 1 . *  |       |           |          | l           |
| 2       |        |         | l      | 1      |       | '         |          |             |
| 3       |        |         | L      | 1      |       |           | •        |             |
| 4       | XSHLMI | XSHLIOU | XSHRMI | XSHRIU | XROTU | XEXPANDIU | XROTRI . | XCOMPRESSIU |
| 5       | ,      |         | 1      |        | l     |           |          |             |
| 6       |        |         | 1      |        |       |           |          | 1           |
| . 7     |        |         | 1      |        | 1     | ,         | * +      | 1           |

### minor operation code field values for XSHIFTI

| XSHIFT | 0     | 8      | 16    | 24    | 32    | 40       | 48    | 56        |
|--------|-------|--------|-------|-------|-------|----------|-------|-----------|
| 0      | XSHL  | XSHLO  |       | XSHR  |       | XEXPAND  |       | XCOMPRESS |
| 1      |       |        |       |       |       | 1.       |       | 1         |
| 2      |       | 200    |       |       |       |          |       |           |
| 3      |       | L      | · ·   |       |       |          | *     |           |
| 4      | XZHLM | XSHLOU | XSHRM | XSHRU | XROTL | XEXPANDU | XROTR | XCOMPRESS |
| 5      |       |        | 1     |       |       | 1        |       | ı         |
| 6      |       |        | 1     |       |       | 1        |       | 1.        |
| 7      | *     |        | l .   |       | ,     | i        |       |           |

### minor operation code field values for XSHIFT

| E.size | 0         | 8         | 16     | 24      | 32       | .40      | 48       | 56     |
|--------|-----------|-----------|--------|---------|----------|----------|----------|--------|
| 0 .    | EMULFN    | EMULADDFN | EADDFN | ESUBFN  | EMUL     | EMULADD  | EDNFN    | · ECON |
| - 1    | EMULFZ    | EMULADDFZ | EADDFZ | ESUBFZ  | EMULU    | EMULADDU | EDIVFZ   | ECONU  |
| 2      | EMULFF    | EMULADDFF | EADDFF | ESUBFF  | EMULM    | EMULADDM | EDIVFF   | ECONM  |
| . 3    | EMULFC    | EMULADDFC | EADDFC | ESUBFC  | EMULC    | EMULADDC | . EDIVFC | ECONC  |
| 4      | EMULFX    | EMULADDFX | EADDFX | ESUBFX  | EMULSUM  | EMULSUB  | EDIVFX   | EDIV   |
| 5      | EMULF     | EMULADDF  | EADDF  | ESUBF   | EMULSUMU | EMULSUBU | EDIVF    | EDIVU  |
| 6      | EMULCF    | EMULADDCF | ECONFL | ECONCFL | EMULSUMM | EMULSUBM | EMULSUMF | EMULP  |
| 7      | EMULSUMCE | EMULSUBCF | ECONFB | ECONCFB | EMULSUMC | EMULSUBC | EMULSUBF | EUNARY |

minor operation code field values for E.size

| W.MINOR.order | 0          | 8          | 16           | 24         | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 |
|---------------|------------|------------|--------------|------------|----|----|----|----|
| 0             | WMULMAT8   | WMULMATM8  |              |            |    |    |    |    |
| 1             | WMULMAT16  | WMULMATM16 | WMULMATF16   |            |    |    |    |    |
| 2             | WMULMAT32  | WMULMATM32 | WMULMATF32   |            |    |    |    |    |
| 3             | WMULMAT64  | WMULMATM64 | WMULMATF64   |            |    |    |    |    |
| 4             | WMULMATU8  | WMULMATCB  |              | WMULMATP8  |    |    |    |    |
| 5             | WMULMATU16 | WMULMATC16 | WMULMATCF 16 | WMULMATP16 |    |    |    |    |
| 6             | WMULMATU32 | WMULMATC32 | WMULMATCF32  | WMULMATP32 |    |    |    |    |
| 7             | WMULMATU64 | WMULMATC64 | WMULMATCF64  | WMULMATP64 |    |    |    |    |

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minor operation code field values for W.MINOR.L or W.MINOR.B

For the major operation field values E.MUL.X.I, E.MUL.X.I.U, E.MUL.X.I.M, E.MUL.X.I.C, E.MUL.ADD.X.I., E.MUL.ADD.X.I.U, E.MUL.ADD.X.I.M, E.MUL.ADD.X.I.C, E.CON.X.I.L, E.CON.X.I.B, E.CON.X.I.U.L, E.CON.X.I.U.B, E.CON.X.I.U.L, E.CON.X.I.U.B, E.CON.X.I.C.B, E.EXTRACT.I, E.EXTRACT.I.U, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.L, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.B, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.L, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.B, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.L, and W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.B, another six bits in the instruction specify a minor operation code, which indicates operand size, rounding, and shift amount:

| 31 | 2 2 E | 24 23 | 6     | 5 0   |
|----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
|    | major |       | other | minor |
|    | 8     |       | 18    | 6     |

The minor field is filled with a value from the following table: Note that the shift amount field value shown below is the "sh" value, which is encoded in an instruction-dependent manner from the immediate field in the assembler format.

| ΧI            | 0      | - 8     | 16     | 24     | 32     | 40     | 48       | 56      |
|---------------|--------|---------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|---------|
| 0             | 8.F,0  | . 8.N,O | 16.F,0 | 16.N,O | 32.F,0 | 32.N,0 | . 64.F,0 | 64.N,0  |
| <del>-i</del> | 8.F, 1 | 8.N,1   | 16.F,1 | 16.N,1 | 32.F,1 | 32.N,1 | 64.F,1   | 64.N, I |
| 2             | 8.F,2  | 8.N,2   | 16.F.2 | 16.N,2 | 32.F,2 | 32.N,2 | 64.F,2   | 64.N,2  |
| 3             | 8.F,3  | 8.N.3   | 16.F,3 | 16.N,3 | 32.F,3 | 32.N,3 | 64.F,3   | 64.N,3  |
| 4             | 8.Z,O  | 8.C,0   | 16.Z,O | 16.C,0 | 32.Z,0 | 32.C.0 | 64.Z,0   | 64.C,0  |
| 5             | 8.Z, I | 8.C,1   | 16.Z,1 | 16.C,1 | 32.Z,1 | 32.C,1 | 64.Z,1   | 64.C, 1 |
| 6             | 8.Z,2  | 8.C,2   | 16.Z,2 | 16.C,2 | 32.Z,2 | 32.C,2 | 64.Z,2   | 64.C,2  |
| 7             | 8.Z,3  | 8.C,3   | 16.Z,3 | 16.C,3 | 32.Z,3 | 32.C,3 | 64.Z,3   | 64.C,3  |

minor operation code field values for EMULXI, EMULXIU, EMULXIM, EMULXIC, EMULADDXI, EMULADDXIU, EMULADDXIM, EMULADDXIC, ECONXIL, ECONXIB, ECONXIUL, ECONXIUB, ECONXIML, ECONXIMB, ECONXICL, ECONXICB, EEXTRACTI, EEXTRACTIU, WMULMATXIUL, WMULMATXIUB, WMULMATXIML, WMULMATXIMB, WMULMATXICL, and WMULMATXICB,

For the major operation field values GCOPYI, two bits in the instruction specify an operand size:

| 31  | 24 23 | 18 | 17161 | 15 |      |  |
|-----|-------|----|-------|----|------|--|
| ор  |       | rd | SZ    |    | lmm  |  |
| - 8 |       | 6  | 7     |    | . 16 |  |

For the major operation field values G.AND.I, G.NAND.I, G.NOR.I, G.OR.I, G.XOR.I, G.ADD.I, G.ADD.I.O, G.ADD.I.UO, G.SET.AND.E.I, G.SET.AND.NE.I, G.SET.E.I, G.SET.GE.I, G.SET.L.I.I, G.SET.NE.I, G.SET.GE.I.U, G.SET.L.I.U, G.SUB.I.O, G.SUB.I.UO, two bits in the instruction specify an operand size:

| 31 | 24 | 23 18 | 17 12 | 11109 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |          |
|----|----|-------|-------|-------|---------------------------------------|----------|
|    | ор | rd    | rc.   | SZ    | imm                                   |          |
|    | 8  | 6     | 6     | 2     | 10                                    | <b>.</b> |

The sz field is filled with a value from the following table:

| SZ  | size |
|-----|------|
| Ö · | 16   |
| 1   | 32   |
| 2   | 64   |
| 3   | 128  |

operand size field values for G.COPY.I, GAND.I, G.NAND.I, G.NOR.I, G.OR.I, G.XOR.I, G.ADD.I.O, G.ADD.I.UO, G.SET.AND.E.I, G.SET.AND.NE.I, G.SET.E.I, G.SET.GE.I, G.SET.L.I., G.SET.NE.I, G.SET.GE.I.U, G.SET.L.I.U, G.SUB.I.O, G.SUB.I.UO

For the major operation field values E.8, E.16, E.32, E.64, E.128, with minor operation field value E.UNARY, another six bits in the instruction specify a unary operation code:

| <u>31</u> | 24 23 | 18 | 3 17 | 12 11 | 6.5   | 0      |
|-----------|-------|----|------|-------|-------|--------|
| Г         | najor | rd | rc   | unary | minor | $\Box$ |
|           | 8     | 6  | 6    | 6     | 6     |        |

The unary field is filled with a value from the following table:

| E.UNARY | 0 .        | 8         | 16      | 24       | 32         | 40        | 48       | - 56 |
|---------|------------|-----------|---------|----------|------------|-----------|----------|------|
| 0       | ESQRFN     | ESUMFN    | ESINKFN | EFLOATEN | EDEFLATEFN | . ESUM    |          |      |
| 1       | ESQRFZ     | ESUMFZ    | ESINKFZ | EFLOATFZ | EDEFLATEFZ | ESUMU     | ESINKFZD |      |
| 2       | ESORFF     | ESUMFF    | ESINKFF | EFLOATFF | EDEFLATEFF | ELOGMOST  | ESINKFFD |      |
| 3       | ESORFC     | ESUMFC    | ESINKFC | EFLOATFC | EDEFLATEFC | ELOGMOSTU | ESINKFCD |      |
| 4       | ESQRFX     | ESUMFX    | ESINKFX | EFLOATFX | EDEFLATEFX |           |          |      |
| 5       | ESORF      | ESUMF     | ESINKF  | EFLOATF  | EDEFLATEF  |           |          |      |
| 6       | ERSORESTFX | ERECESTFX | EABSFX  | ENEGFX   | EINFLATEFX |           | ECOPYFX  |      |
| 7       | ERSORESTF  | ERECESTF  | EABSF   | ENEGF    | EINFLATEF  |           | ECOPYF   |      |

unary operation code field values for E.UNARY.size

For the major operation field values A.MINOR and G.MINOR, with minor operation field values A.COM and G.COM, another six bits in the instruction specify a comparison operation code:

| 31. | 24 | 23 | 18 17                                  |    | 12 11        | 6 5   |       | Ò |
|-----|----|----|--|----|--------------|-------|-------|---|
| maj | or | rd |  | rc | СО           | mpare | minor | ٦ |
| 8   |    | 6  | ······································ | 6  | <del> </del> | 6     |       |   |

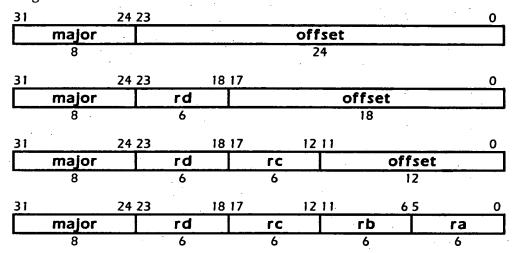
The compare field is filled with a value from the following table:

| x.COM | 0         | 8         | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 |
|-------|-----------|-----------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 0     | XCOME     | xCOMEF    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 1     | xCOMNE    | xCOMLGF   |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 2     | XCOMANDE  | xCOMLF    |    |    | _  |    |    |    |
| 3     | XCOMANDNE | xCOMGEF   |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 4     | xCOML     | xCOMEF.X  |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 5     | xCOMGE    | xCOMLGF.X |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 6     | xCOMLU    | xCOMLFX   |    |    |    |    |    |    |
| 7     | xCOMGEU   | xCOMGEF.X |    |    |    |    |    |    |

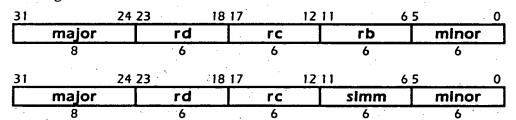
compare operation code field values for A.COM.op and G.COM.op.size

# **General Forms**

The general forms of the instructions coded by a major operation code are one of the following:



The general forms of the instructions coded by major and minor operation codes are one of the following:



The general form of the instructions coded by major, minor, and unary operation codes is the following:

| 31 | 24 23 | _1: | 8 17 | 12 | 11    | 65 · | 0     |
|----|-------|-----|------|----|-------|------|-------|
| m  | ajor  | rd  |      | rc | unary | п    | ninor |
| •  | 8     | 6   |      | 6  | 6     |      | 6     |

Register rd is either a source register or destination register, or both. Registers rc and rb are always source registers. Register ra is always a destination register.

## Instruction Fetch

#### **Definition**

```
def Thread(th) as
     forever do
          catch exception
               if (EventRegister & EventMask[th]) \neq 0 then
                    if ExceptionState=0 then
                          raise EventInterrupt
                    endif
               inst ← LoadMemoryX(ProgramCounter, ProgramCounter, 32, L)
               Instruction(inst)
          endcatch
          case exception of
               EventInterrupt,
               ReservedInstruction,
               AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress,
               AccessDisallowedByTag,
               AccessDisallowedByGlobalTB,
               AccessDisallowedByLocalTB,
               AccessDetailRequiredByTag,
               AccessDetailRequiredByGlobaITB,
               AccessDetailRequiredByLocalTB,
               MissInGlobaITB,
                MissInLocalTB,
                FixedPointArithmetic,
                FloatingPointArithmetic,
                GatewayDisallowed:
                     case ExceptionState of
                          0:
                               PerformException(exception)
                               PerformException(SecondException)
                          2:
                               PerformMachineCheck(ThirdException)
                     endcase
                TakenBranch:
                     ContinuationState \leftarrow (ExceptionState=0) 7 0 : ContinuationState
                TakenBranchContinue:
                     /* nothing */
                none, others:
                     ProgramCounter ← ProgramCounter + 4
                     ContinuationState ← (ExceptionState=0) 7 0 : ContinuationState
           endcase
     endforever
enddef
```

# Perform Exception

#### **Definition**

```
def PerformException(exception) as
     v \leftarrow (exception > 7) ? 7 : exception
     t ← LoadMemory(ExceptionBase,ExceptionBase+Thread*128+64+8*v,64,L)
     if ExceptionState = 0 then
           u \leftarrow \text{RegRead}(3,128) \mid I \mid \text{RegRead}(2,128) \mid I \mid \text{RegRead}(1,128) \mid I \mid \text{RegRead}(0,128)
           StoreMemory(ExceptionBase,ExceptionBase+Thread*128,512,L,u)
           RegWrite(0,64,ProgramCounter<sub>63...2</sub> 11 PrivilegeLevel
           RegWrite(1,64,ExceptionBase+Thread*128)
           RegWrite(2,64,exception)
           RegWrite(3,64,FailingAddress)
     endif
     PrivilegeLevel \leftarrow t<sub>1..0</sub>
     ProgramCounter \leftarrow t<sub>63,2</sub> 11 0<sup>2</sup>
     case exception of
           AccessDetailRequiredByTaq,
           AccessDetailRequiredByGlobalTB,
           AccessDetailRequiredByLocalTB:
                 ContinuationState ← ContinuationState + 1
           others:
                 /* nothing */
     endcase
     ExceptionState ← ExceptionState + 1
enddef
```

# Instruction Decode

```
def Instruction(inst) as
     major ← inst31..24
     rd ← inst23..18
     rc \leftarrow inst_{17..12}
     simm \leftarrow rb \leftarrow inst_{11..6}
     minor \leftarrow ra \leftarrow inst<sub>5..0</sub>
     case major of
           A.RES:
                 AlwaysReserved
           A.MINOR:
                 minor ← inst<sub>5..0</sub>
                 case minor of
                       AADD, AADD.O, AADD.OU, AAND, AANDN, A.NAND, A.NOR,
                       A.OR, A.ORN, AXNOR, AXOR:
                             Address(minor,rd,rc,rb)
                       A.COM:
                             compare \leftarrow inst<sub>11.6</sub>
                             case compare of
                                  A.COM.E, A.COM.NE, A.COM.AND.E, A.COM.AND.NE,
                                  A.COM.L, A.COM.GE, A.COM.L.U, A.COM.GE.U:
                                        AddressCompare(compare,rd,rc)
                                   others:
                                        raise ReservedInstruction
```

```
endcase
           ASUB, ASUB.O, ASUB.U.O,
           ASETAND.E, ASETAND.NE, ASET.E, ASET.NE,
           ASET.L. ASET.GE, ASET.L.U, ASET.GE.U,
                AddressReversed(minor,rd,rc,rb)
           ASHLIADD.A.SHLIADD+3:
                AddressShiftLeftImmediateAdd(inst<sub>1..0</sub>,rd,rc,rb)
           ASHLI.SUB. A.SHLI.SUB+3:
                AddressShiftLeftImmediateSubtract(inst<sub>1..0</sub>,rd,rc,rb)
           ASHLI, ASHLI.O, ASHLI.U.O, ASHRI, ASHRI.U, AROTRI:
                AddressShiftImmediate(minor,rd,rc,simm)
           others:
                raise ReservedInstruction
     endcase
A.COPY.I
     AddressCopyImmediate(major,rd,inst<sub>17.0</sub>)
AADD.I, AADD.I.O, AADD.I.U.O, AAND.I, A.OR.I, A.NAND.I, A.NOR.I, A.XOR.I:
     AddressImmediate(major,rd,rc,inst<sub>1..0</sub>)
ASETAND.E.I, ASETAND.NE.I, ASET.E.I, ASET.NE.I,
ASET.L.I, E.SET.GE.I, ASET.LU.I, ASET.GE.U.I,
A.SUB.I, A.SUB.I.O, A.SUB.I.U.O:
     AddressImmediateReversed(major,rd,rc,inst<sub>11.0</sub>)
AMUX:
     AddressTernary(major,rd,rc,rb,ra)
B.MINOR:
     case minor of
           B:
                Branch(rd,rc,rb)
           B.BACK:
                BranchBack(rd,rc,rb)
           B.BARRIER:
                BranchBarrier(rd,rc,rb)
           B.DOWN:
                BranchDown(rd,rc,rb)
           B.GATE:
                BranchGateway(rd,rc,rb)
           B.HALT:
                BranchHalt(rd,rc,rb)
           B.HINT:
                BranchHint(rd,inst<sub>17..12</sub>,simm)
           B.LINK:
                BranchLink(rd,rc,rb)
           others:
                raise ReservedInstruction
BE, BNE, BL, BGE, BLU, BGE.U, BAND.E, BAND.NE:
     BranchConditional(major,rd,rc,inst<sub>11.0</sub>)
     BranchHintImmediate(inst23...18,inst17...12,inst11...0)
BI:
     Branchimmediate(inst23..0)
     BranchimmediateLink(inst23..0)
BEF16, BLGF16, BLF16, BGEF16,
BEF32, BLGF32, BLF32, BGEF32,
BEF64, BLGF64, BLF64, BGEF64,
```

BEF128, BLGF128, BLF128, BGEF128:

```
BranchConditionalFloatingPoint(major,rd,rc,inst<sub>11.0</sub>)
BIF32, BNIF32, BNVF32, BVF32;
     BranchConditionalVisibilityFloatingPoint(major,rd,rc,inst 11.0)
L.MINOR
     case minor of
          L16L, LU16L, L32L, LU32L, L64L, LU64L, L128L, L8, LU8,
          L16AL, LU16AL, L32AL, LU32AL, L64AL, LU64AL, L128AL,
          L16B, LU16B, L32B, LU32B, L64B, LU64B, L128B,
          L16AB, LU16AB, L32AB, LU32AB, L64AB, LU64AB, L128AB:
               Load(minor,rd,rc,rb)
          others:
               raise ReservedInstruction
     endcase
LI16L LIU16L, LI32L, LIU32L, LI64L, LIU64L, LI128L, LI8, LIU8,
LI16AL, LIU16AL, LI32AL, LIU32AL, LI64AL, LIU64AL, LI128AL,
LI16B, LIU16B, LI32B, LIU32B, LI64B, LIU64B, LI128B,
LI16AB, LIU16AB, LI32AB, LIU32AB, LI64AB, LIU64AB, LI128AB:
     LoadImmediate(major,rd,rc,inst<sub>11.0</sub>)
S.MINOR
     case minor of
          S16L, S32L, S64L, S128L, S8,
          S16AL, S32AL, S64AL, S128AL,
          SAS64AL, SCS64AL, SMS64AL, SM64AL,
          S16B, S32B, S64B, S128B,
          S16AB, S32AB, S64AB, S128AB,
          SAS64AB, SCS64AB, SMS64AB, SM64AB:
               Store(minor,rd,rc,rb)
          SDCS64AB, SDCS64AL:
               StoreDoubleCompareSwap(minor,rd,rc,rb)
               raise ReservedInstruction
     endcase
SI16L, SI32L, SI64L, SI128L, SI8,
SITEAL, SI32AL, SI64AL, SIT28AL,
SASI64AL, SCSI64AL, SMSI64AL, SMUXI64AL,
SI16B, SI32B, SI64B, SI128B,
SI16AB, SI32AB, SI64AB, SI128AB
SASI64AB, SCSI64AB, SMSI64AB, SMUXI64AB:
     StoreImmediate(major,rd,rc,inst<sub>11.0</sub>)
G.8, G.16, G.32, G.64, G.128:
     minor ← inst<sub>5..0</sub>
     size \leftarrow 0 | | 1 | | 0<sup>3+major-G.8</sup>
     case minor of
          GADD, GADD.L. GADD.LU, GADD.O, GADD.OU:
               Group(minor, size, rd, rc, rb)
          GADDHC, GADDHF, GADDHN, GADDHZ,
          GADDHUC, GADDHUF, GADDHUN, GADDHUZ:
               GroupAddHalve(minor,inst<sub>1.0</sub>,size,rd,rc,rb)
          GAAA, GASA:
               GroupInplace(minor, size, rd, rc, rb)
          G.SET.AND.E, G.SET.AND.NE, G.SET.E, G.SET.NE,
          G.SET.L, G.SET.GE, G.SET.L.U, G.SET.GE.U:
          G.SUB, G.SUB.L, G.SUB.LU, G.SUB.O, G.SUB.U.O:
               GroupReversed(minor, size, ra, rb, rc)
          G.SET.E.F, G.SET.LG.F, G.SET.GE.F, G.SET.L.F,
          G.SET.E.F.X., G.SET.LG.F.X., G.SET.GE.F.X., G.SET.L.F.X:
               GroupReversedFloatingPoint(minor.op,.size,
```

```
minor.round, rd, rc, rb)
           G.SHL.I.ADD..G.SHL.I.ADD+3,
                 GroupShiftLeftImmediateAdd(inst<sub>1..0</sub>,size,rd,rc,rb)
           G.SHL.I.SUB..G.SHL.I.SUB+3,
                 GroupShiftLeftImmediateSubtract(inst<sub>1..0</sub>,size,rd,rc,rb)
           G.SUBHC, G.SUBHF, G.SUBHN, G.SUBHZ,
           G.SUBHUC, G.SUBHUF, G.SUBHUN, G.SUBHUZ:
                 GroupSubtractHalve(minor,inst<sub>1..0</sub>,size,rd,rc,rb)
           G.COM,
                 compare \leftarrow inst<sub>11.6</sub>
                 case compare of
                       G.COM.E, G.COM.NE, G.COM.AND.E, G.COM.AND.NE,
                       G.COM.L, G.COM.GE, G.COM.LU, G.COM.GE.U:
                              GroupCompare(compare, size, ra, rb)
                              raise ReservedInstruction
                 endcase
           others:
                 raise ReservedInstruction
     endcase
G.BOOLEAN..G.BOOLEAN+1:
     GroupBoolean(major,rd,rc,rb,minor)
G.COPY.I...G.COPY.I+1:
     size \leftarrow 0 \ 11 \ 1 \ 11 \ 0^{4+inst_{17..16}}
     GroupCopyImmediate(major,size,rd,inst<sub>15..0</sub>)
GAND.I, G.NAND.I, G.NOR.I, G.OR.I, G.XOR.I,
GADD.I, GADD.I.O, GADD.I.U.O:
     size \leftarrow 0 11 1 11 0^{4+inst}11..10
     GroupImmediate(major,size,rd,rc,instg_0)
G.SET.AND.E.I, G.SET.AND.NE.I, G.SET.E.I, G.SET.GE.I, G.SET.L.I,
G.SET.NE.I, G.SET.GE.I.U, G.SET.L.I.U, G.SUB.I, G.SUB.I.O, G.SUB.I.U.O:
     size \leftarrow 0 11 1 11 0^{4+inst}11..10
     GroupImmediateReversed(major,size,rd,rc,inst9_0)
G.MUX:
     GroupTernary(major,rd,rc,rb,ra)
X.SHIFT:
     minor \leftarrow inst<sub>5.2</sub> 11.0<sup>2</sup>
     size \leftarrow 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0(inst<sub>24</sub> | 1 | inst<sub>1..0</sub>)
     case minor of
           X.EXPAND, X.UEXPAND, X.SHL, X.SHL.O, X.SHL.U.O,
           X.ROTR, X.SHR, X.SHR.U,
                  Crossbar(minor,size,rd,rc,rb)
            X.SHL.M, X.SHR.M:
                  CrossbarInplace(minor, size, rd, rc, rb)
                  raise ReservedInstruction
      endcase
X.EXTRACT:
      CrossbarExtract(major,rd,rc,rb,ra)
X.DEPOSIT, X.DEPOSIT.U X.WITHDRAW X.WITHDRAW.U
      CrossbarField(major,rd,rc,inst<sub>11.6</sub>,inst<sub>5.0</sub>)
X.DEPOSIT.M:
      CrossbarFieldInplace(major,rd,rc,inst<sub>1.16</sub>,inst<sub>5.0</sub>)
X.SHIFT.I:
      minor \leftarrow inst<sub>5..0</sub>
```

```
case minor<sub>5...2</sub> 11 0<sup>2</sup> of
          X.COMPRESS.I, X.EXPAND.I, X.ROTR.I, X.SHL.I, X.SHL.I.O, X.SHL.I.U.O,
          X.SHR.I, X.COMPRESS.I.U, X.EXPAND.I.U, X.SHR.UI:
                CrossbarShortImmediate(minor,rd,rc,simm)
          X.SHL.M.I, X.SHR.M.I;
                CrossbarShortImmediateInplace(minor,rd,rc,simm)
          others:
                raise ReservedInstruction
     endcase
X.SHUFFLE..X.SHUFFLE+1:
     CrossbarShuffle(major,rd,rc,rb,simm)
X.SWIZZLE.X.SWIZZLE+3:
     CrossbarSwizzle(major,rd,rc, inst<sub>11.6</sub>,inst<sub>5.0</sub>)
X.SELECT.8:
     CrossbarTernary(major,rd,rc,rb,ra)
E.8, E.16, E.32, E.64, E.128:
     minor ← inst<sub>5.0</sub>
     size \leftarrow 0 | | 1 | | 03+major-E.8
     case minor of
          E.CON., E.CON.U, E.CON.M, E.CON.C,
          E.MUL., E.MUL.U, E.MUL.M, E.MUL.C,
          E.MUL.SUM, E.MUL.SUM.U, E.MUL.SUM.M, E.MUL.SUM.C,
          E.DIV, E.DIV.U, E.MUL.P:
                Ensemble(minor,size,ra,rb,rc)
          E.CON.F.L, E.CON.F.B, E.CON.C.F.L, E.CON.C.F.B:
                EnsembleConvolveFloatingPoint(minor.size,rd,rc,rb)
          EADD.F.N, E.MUL.C.F.N, E.MUL.F.N, E.DIV.F.N,
          EADD.F.Z, E.MUL.C.F.Z, E.MUL.F.Z, E.DIV.F.Z,
          EADD.F.F, E.MUL.C.F.F, E.MUL.F.F, E.DIV.F.F,
          EADD.F.C, E.MUL.C.F.C, E.MUL.F.C, E.DIV.F.C,
          EADD.F, E.MUL.C.F, E.MUL.F, E.DIV.F,
          EADD.F.X, E.MUL.C.F.X, E.MUL.F.X, E.DIV.F.X,
                EnsembleFloatingPoint(minor.op, major.size, minor.round, rd, rc, rb)
          E.MULADD, E.MULADD.U, E.MULADD.M, E.MULADD.C:
                EnsembleInplace(minor,size,rd,rc,rb)
          E.MUL.SUB, E.MUL.SUB.U, E.MUL.SUB.M, E.MUL.SUB.C:
                EnsembleInplaceReversed(minor, size, rd, rc, rb)
          E.MUL.SUB.F, E.MUL.SUB.C.F:
                EnsembleInplaceReversedFloatingPoint(minor,size,rd,rc,rb)
          E.SUB.F.N, E.SUB.F.Z, E.SUB.F.F, E.SUB.F.C, E.SUB.F, E.SUB.F.X:
                EnsembleReversedFloatingPoint(minor.op, major.size,
                     minor.round, rd, rc, rb)
          E.UNARY:
                case unary of
                     E.SUM, E.SUMU, E.LOG.MOST, E. LOG.MOST.U:
                           EnsembleUnary(unary,rd,rc)
                     E.ABS.F, E.ABS.F.X, E.COPY.F, E.COPY.F.X,
                     E.DEFLATE.F, E.DEFLATE.F.N, E.DEFLATE.F.Z,
                     E.DEFLATE.F.F, E.DEFLATE.F.C, E.DEFLATE.F.X:
                     E.FLOAT.F., E.FLOAT.F.N, E.FLOAT.F.Z,
                     E.FLOAT.F.F, E.FLOAT.F.C, E.FLOAT.F.X:
                     E.INFLATE.F, E.INFLATE.FX, E.NEG.F, E.NEG.F.X,
                     E.RECEST.F., E.RECEST.F.X, E.RSQREST.F, E.RSQREST.F.X,
                     E.SQR.F., E.SQR.F.N, E.SQR.F.Z, E.SQR.F.F, E.SQR.F.C, E.SQR.F.X:
                     E.SUM.F, E.SUM.F.N, E.SUM.F.Z,
                     E.SUM.F.F, E.SUM.F.C, E.SUM.F.X:
```

E.SINK.F, E.SINK.F.Z.D, E.SINK.F.F.D, E.SINK.F.C.D, E.SINK.F.X.D, E.SINK.F.N, E.SINK.F.Z, E.SINK.F.F, E.SINK.F.C, E.SINK.F.X:

```
EnsembleUnaryFloatingPoint(unary.op, major.size, unary.round, rd, rc)
```

others:

raise ReservedInstruction

endcase

others:

raise ReservedInstruction

endcase

E.CON.X.IL, E.CON.X.IB, E.CON.X.IUL, E.CON.X.IUB, E.CON.X.IML, E.CON.X.ICB:

size ← 1 ! | 03+inst<sub>5..4</sub>

EnsembleConvolveExtractImmediate(major,inst3\_2,size\_rd,rc,rb,inst1\_0)

E.MULX, E.EXTRACT, E.SCALADDX:

EnsembleExtract(major,rd,rc,rb,ra)

E.EXTRACTI, E.EXTRACTIU E.MULXI, E.MULXIU, E.MULXIM, E.MULXIC:

size  $\leftarrow 1 \mid 1 \mid 0^{3+inst_5..4}$ 

EnsembleExtractImmediate(major,inst3, 2, size rd, rc, rb, inst1, 0)

E.MULADD.X.I, E.MULADD.X.I.U, E.MULADD.X.I.M, E.MULADD.X.I.C:

size ← 1 11 03+inst5..4

EnsembleExtractImmediateInplace(major,inst3...2,size\_rd,rc,rb,inst1...0)

E.MUL.GAL.8, E.MUL.GAL.64:

size ← 1 11 0 3+inst<sub>26..24</sub>

EnsembleTernary(major,size,rd,rc,rb,ra)

E.MULADD.F16, E.MULADD.F32, E.MULADD.F64, E.MULADD.F128

E.MULSUB.F16, E.MULSUB.F32, E.MULSUB.F64, E.MULSUB.F128,

E.SCAL.ADD.F16, E.SCAL.ADD.F32, E.SCAL.ADD.F64:

EnsembleTernaryFloatingPoint(major,rd,rc,rb,ra)

W.MINOR.B, W.MINOR.L:

case minor of

W.TRANSLATE.8, W.TRANSLATE.16, W.TRANSLATE.32, W.TRANSLATE.64:

size ← 1 11 03+insts..4

WideTranslate(major,size,rd,rc,rb)

W.MUL.MAT.8, W.MUL.MAT.16, W.MUL.MAT.32, W.MUL.MAT.64,

W.MUL.MAT.U.8, W.MUL.MAT.U.16, W.MUL.MAT.U.32, W.MUL.MAT.U.64,

W.MUL.MAT.M.8, W.MUL.MAT.M.16, W.MUL.MAT.M.32, W.MUL.MAT.M.64,

W.MUL.MAT.C.8, W.MUL.MAT.C.16, W.MUL.MAT.C.32, W.MUL.MAT.C.64,

W.MUL.MAT.P.8, W.MUL.MAT.P.16, W.MUL.MAT.P.32, W.MUL.MAT.P.64:

size  $\leftarrow 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 0^{3+inst_5...4}$ 

WideMultiply(major,minor,size,rd,rc,rb)

W.MUL.MAT.F16, W.MUL.MAT.F.32, W.MUL.MAT.F64,

W.MUL.MAT.C.F16, W.MUL.MAT.C.F32, W.MUL.MAT.C.F64:

size ← 1 | 1 0<sup>3+inst</sup>5..4

WideFloatingPointMultiply(major,minor,size,rd,rc,rb)

others:

endcase

W.MUL.MAT.X.B, W.MUL.MAT.X.L:

WideExtract(major,ra,rb,rc,rd)

W.MUL.MAT.X.I.B, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.L, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.B, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.L,

W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.B, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.L, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.B, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.L:

size ← 1 11 0<sup>3+inst</sup>5..4

WideExtractImmediate(major,inst<sub>3...2</sub>,size\_ra,rb,rc,inst<sub>1...0</sub>)

W.MUL.MAT.G.B, W.MUL.MAT.G.L:

WideMultiplyGalois(major,rd,rc,rb,ra)

W.SWITCH.B, W.SWITCH.L:

WideSwitch(major,rd,rc,rb,ra)

others:

raise ReservedInstruction

endcase enddef

# **Always Reserved**

This operation generates a reserved instruction exception.

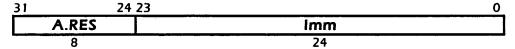
#### Operation code

| A.RES | Always reserved |  |
|-------|-----------------|--|

#### **Format**

A.RES imm

ares(imm)



#### **Description**

The reserved instruction exception is raised. Software may depend upon this major operation code raising the reserved instruction exception in all implementations. The choice of operation code intentionally ensures that a branch to a zeroed memory area will raise an exception.

#### **Definition**

def AlwaysReserved as raise ReservedInstruction enddef

#### **Exceptions**

Reserved Instruction

# <u>Address</u>

These operations perform calculations with two general register values, placing the result in a general register.

## Operation codes

| AADD     | Address add                         |
|----------|-------------------------------------|
| AADD.O   | Address add signed check overflow   |
| AADD.U.O | Address add unsigned check overflow |
| AAND     | Address and                         |
| AANDN    | Address and not                     |
| ANAND    | Address not and                     |
| ANOR     | Address not or                      |
| A.OR     | Address or                          |
| A.ORN    | Address or not                      |
| AXNOR    | Address exclusive nor               |
| AXOR     | Address xor                         |

## **Redundancies**

| AOR rd=rc,rc      | ⇔ A.COPY rd=rc      |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| AAND rd=rc,rc     | ⇔ A.COPY rd=rc      |
| ANAND rd=rc,rc    | ⇔ A.NOT rd=rc       |
| ANOR rd=rc,rc     | ⇔ A.NOT rd=rc       |
| AXNOR rd=rc,rc    | ⇔ ASET rd           |
| AXOR rd=rc,rc     | ⇔ AZERO rd          |
| AADD rd=rc,rc     | ⇔ A.SHL.I rd=rc,1   |
| AADD.O rd=rc,rc   | ⇔ A.SHL.I.O rd=rc,1 |
| AADD.U.O rd=rc,rc | ⇔ ASHLI.U.O rd=rc,1 |

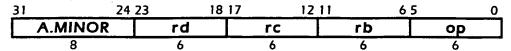
## <u>Selection</u>

| class      | operat | ion  |      |      | check |   |     |
|------------|--------|------|------|------|-------|---|-----|
| arithmetic | ADD    |      |      |      | NONE  | 0 | U.O |
| bitwise    | OR     | AND  | XOR  | ANDN |       | : |     |
|            | NOR    | NAND | XNOR | ORN  | ·     |   |     |

#### **Format**

op rd=rc,rb

rd=op(rc,rb)



#### **Description**

The contents of registers rc and rb are fetched and the specified operation is performed on these operands. The result is placed into register rd.

#### **Definition**

```
def Address(op,rd,rc,rb) as
      c ← RegRead(rc, 64)
      b ← RegRead(rb, 64)
      case op of
             AADD:
                    a \leftarrow c + b
             AADD.O:
                    t \leftarrow (c_{63} \mid l \mid c) + (b_{63} \mid l \mid b)
                    if t_{64} \neq t_{63} then
                           raise FixedPointArithmetic
                    endif
                    a ← t<sub>63..0</sub>
             AADD.UO:
                    t \leftarrow (0^1 \mid 1 \mid c) + (0^1 \mid 1 \mid b)
                    if t_{64} \neq 0 then
                           raise FixedPointArithmetic
                    endif
                    a ← t<sub>63..0</sub>
             AAND:
                    a \leftarrow c and b
             AOR:
                    a \leftarrow c \text{ or } b
             AXOR:
                    a \leftarrow c xor b:
             AANDN:
                    a \leftarrow c and not b
             A.NAND:
                    a \leftarrow not (c and b)
             ANOR:
                    a \leftarrow not (c or b)
             A.XNOR:
                    a \leftarrow not (c xor b)
             AORN:
                    a \leftarrow c or not b
       endcase
```

RegWrite(rd, 64, a) enddef

**Exceptions** 

Fixed-point arithmetic

# Address Compare

These operations perform calculations with two general register values and generate a fixed-point arithmetic exception if the condition specified is met.

### Operation codes

| A.COMAND.E   | Address compare and equal zero         |
|--------------|--|
| A.COM.AND.NE | Address compare and not equal zero     |
| A.COM.E      | Address compare equal                  |
| A.COM.GE     | Address compare greater equal signed   |
| A.COM.GE.U   | Address compare greater equal unsigned |
| A.COM.L      | Address compare less signed            |
| A.COM.L.U    | Address compare less unsigned          |
| A.COM.NE     | Address compare not equal              |

## Equivalencies

| A.COM.E.Z  | Address compare equal zero                |
|------------|---|
| A.COM.G.Z  | Address compare greater zero signed       |
| A.COM.GE.Z | Address compare greater equal zero signed |
| A.COM.L.Z  | Address compare less zero signed          |
| A.COM.LE.Z | Address compare less equal zero signed    |
| A.COM.NE.Z | Address compare not equal zero            |
| A.COM.G    | Address compare greater signed            |
| A.COM.G.U  | Address compare greater unsigned          |
| A.COM.LE   | Address compare less equal signed         |
| A.COM.LE.U | Address compare less equal unsigned       |
| A.FIX      | Address fixed point arithmetic exception  |
| ANOP       | Address no operation                      |

| A.COM.E.Z rc     | ← A.COM.AND.E rc,rc  |
|------------------|----------------------|
| A.COM.G.Z rc     | ← A.COM.L.U rc,rc    |
| A.COM.GE.Z rc    | ← A.COM.GE rc,rc     |
| A.COM.L.Z rc     | ← A.COM.L rc,rc      |
| A.COM.LE.Z rc    | ← A.COM.GE.U rc,rc   |
| A.COM.NE.Z rc    | ← A.COM.AND.NE rc,rc |
| A.COM.G rc,rd    | → ACOM.L rd,rc       |
| A.COM.G.U rc,rd  | → A.COM.L.U rd,rc    |
| A.COM.LE rc,rd   | → A.COM.GE rd,rc     |
| A.COM.LE.U rc,rd | → A.COM.GE.U rd,rc   |
| AFIX             | ← A.COM.E 0,0        |
| ANOP             | ← A.COM.NE 0,0       |

#### **Redundancies**

| A.COM.E rd,rd  | ⇔ | AFIX |
|----------------|---|------|
| A.COM.NE rd,rd | ⇔ | ANOP |

#### <u>Selection</u>

| class      | operation  | cond           | operand |
|------------|------------|----------------|---------|
| boolean    | COMAND COM | E NE           | •       |
| arithmetic | СОМ        | L GE G LE      | NONEU   |
|            | СОМ        | L GE G LE E NE | Z       |

#### **Format**

A.COM.op rd,rc

acomop(rd,rc)
acomopz(rcd)

| 31 | 24      |    | 8 17 | 12 | 11 6 | 5 | 0    |
|----|---------|----|------|----|------|---|------|
| Г  | A.MINOR | rd |      | rc | ор   |   | ACOM |
|    | 8 .     | 6  |      | 6  | 6    |   | 6    |

#### Description

The contents of registers rd and rc are fetched and the specified condition is calculated on these operands. If the specified condition is true, a fixed-point arithmetic exception is generated. This instruction generates no general register results.

#### **Definition**

```
def AddressCompare(op,rd,rc) as
      d \leftarrow RegRead(rd, 128)
      c \leftarrow RegRead(rc, 128)
      case op of
             A.COM.E:
                   a \leftarrow d = c
             A.COM.NE:
                   a \leftarrow d \neq c
            A.COM.AND.E:
                   a \leftarrow (d \text{ and } c) = 0
             A.COM.AND.NE:
                   a \leftarrow (d \text{ and } c) \neq 0
             A.COM.L:
                   a \leftarrow (rd = rc) ? (c < 0) : (d < c)
            A.COM.GE:
                   a \leftarrow (rd = rc) ? (c \ge 0) : (d \ge c)
             A.COM.L.U:
                   a \leftarrow (rd = rc) ? (c > 0) : ((0 | 1 | d) < (0 | 1 | c))
             A.COM.GE.U:
                   a \leftarrow (rd = rc) ? (c \le 0) : ((0 | 1 | d) \ge (0 | 1 | c))
       endcase
```

if a then
raise FixedPointArithmetic
endif
enddef

## **Exceptions**

Fixed-point arithmetic

## Address Copy Immediate

This operation produces one immediate value, placing the result in a general register.

### Operation codes

| 4 6 6 5 7 7 1 | lass s                  |
|---------------|-------------------------|
| I.A.COPY.I    | Address copy immediate  |
| I A C OF L.   | VOOLETT FOON HILLIEGING |
|               | , and coo copycanate    |
|               |                         |

#### **Equivalencies**

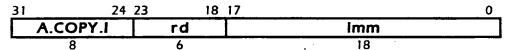
| ASET   | Address set  |
|--------|--------------|
| A.ZERO | Address zero |

| ASET rd   | ← ACOPY.I rd=-1 |  |
|-----------|-----------------|--|
| A.ZERO rd | ← A.COPY.I rd=0 |  |

#### **Format**

#### A.COPY.I rd=imm

#### rd=acopyi(imm)



#### **Description**

An immediate value is sign-extended from the 18-bit imm field. The result is placed into register rd.

#### **Definition**

def AddressCopylmmediate(op,rd,imm) as  $a \leftarrow (imm)^{\frac{1}{2}0}$  | | | imm| RegWrite(rd, 128, a) enddef

#### **Exceptions**

none

# Address Immediate

These operations perform calculations with one general register value and one immediate value, placing the result in a general register.

## Operation codes

| AADD.I     | Address add immediate                         |
|------------|---|
| AADD.I.O   | Address add immediate signed check overflow   |
| AADD.I.U.O | Address add immediate unsigned check overflow |
| AAND.I     | Address and immediate                         |
| A.NAND.I   | Address not and immediate                     |
| A.NOR.I    | Address not or immediate                      |
| A.OR.I     | Address or immediate                          |
| A.XOR.I    | Address xor immediate                         |

## **Equivalencies**

| AANDN.I  | Address and not immediate |
|----------|---------------------------|
| A.COPY   | Address copy              |
| ANOT     | Address not               |
| A.ORN.I  | Address or not immediate  |
| A.XNOR.I | Address xnor immediate    |

| A.ANDN.I rd=rc.imm | $\rightarrow$ | AAND.I rd=rc,~imm  |  |
|--------------------|---------------|--------------------|--|
| A.COPY rd=rc       | <b>←</b>      | A.OR.I rd=rc,0     |  |
| ANOT rd=rc         | <b>←</b>      | A.NOR.I rd=rc,0    |  |
| A.ORN.I rd=rc.imm  | $\rightarrow$ | A.OR.I rd=rc,~imm  |  |
| AXNOR.I rd=rc.imm  | · →           | A.XOR.I rd=rc,~imm |  |

## **Redundancies**

| AADD.I rd=rc,0     | ⇔ A.COPY rd=rc |
|--------------------|----------------|
| AADD.I.O rd=rc,0   | ⇔ A.COPY rd=rc |
| AADD.I.U.O rd=rc,0 | ⇔ ACOPY rd=rc  |
| AAND.I rd=rc,0     | ⇔ A.ZERO rd    |
| AAND.I rd=rc,-1    | ⇔ A.COPY rd=rc |
| A.NAND.I rd=rc,0   | ⇔ A.SET rd     |
| A.NAND.I rd=rc,-1  | ⇔ ANOT rd=rc   |
| A.OR.I rd=rc,-1    | ⇔ ASET rd      |
| ANORI rd=rc,-1     | ⇔ A.ZERO rd    |
| A.XOR.I rd=rc,0    | ⇔ A.COPY rd=rc |
| AXOR.I rd=rc,-1    | ⇔ ANOT rd=rc   |

#### **Selection**

| class      | operation              | check     |
|------------|------------------------|-----------|
| arithmetic | ADD                    | NONE O UO |
| bitwise    | AND OR NAND NOR<br>XOR | :         |

#### **Format**

op rd=rc,imm

rd=op(rc,imm)

| 31 | 24 | 23 | 18 17 | 12:11 |     | 0 |
|----|----|----|-------|-------|-----|---|
| 0  | p  | rd | re    | C     | lmm |   |
|    |    | 6  | 6     |       | 12  |   |

#### **Description**

The contents of register rc is fetched, and a 64-bit immediate value is sign-extended from the 12-bit imm field. The specified operation is performed on these operands. The result is placed into register rd.

#### **Definition**

```
def AddressImmediate(op,rd,rc,imm) as
      i ← imm { } 11 imm
      c ← RegRead(rc, 64)
      case op of
            AAND.I:
                   a \leftarrow c \text{ and } i
            A.OR.I:
                   a ← c or i
            A.NAND.I:
                   a ← c nand i
            A.NOR.I:
                   a \leftarrow c \text{ nor } i
            AXOR.I:
                   a ← c xor i:
            AADD.I:
                   a ← c + i
            AADD.I.O:
                   t ← (c<sub>63</sub> | | c) + (i<sub>63</sub> | | i)
                   if t_{64} \neq t_{63} then
                         raise FixedPointArithmetic
                   endif
                   a ← t<sub>63..0</sub>
            AADD.I.U.O:
                   t \leftarrow (c_{63} \mid l \mid c) + (i_{63} \mid l \mid i)
                   if t_{64} \neq 0 then
                          raise FixedPointArithmetic
                   endif
                   a ← t63..0
```

Instruction Set Address Immediate

endcase RegWrite(rd, 64, a) enddef

## **Exceptions**

Fixed-point arithmetic

# Address Immediate Reversed

These operations perform calculations with one general register value and one immediate value, placing the result in a general register.

## Operation codes

| A.SET.AND.E.I  | Address set and equal immediate                    |
|----------------|--|
| A.SET.AND.NE.I | Address set and not equal immediate                |
| A.SET.E.I      | Address set equal immediate                        |
| A.SET.GE.I     | Address set greater equal immediate signed         |
| A.SET.L.I      | Address set less immediate signed                  |
| A.SET.NE.I     | Address set not equal immediate                    |
| A.SET.GE.I.U   | Address set greater equal immediate unsigned       |
| A.SET.L.I.U    | Address set less immediate unsigned                |
| A.SUB.I        | Address subtract immediate                         |
| A.SUB.I.O      | Address subtract immediate signed check overflow   |
| A.SUB.I.U.O    | Address subtract immediate unsigned check overflow |

## **Equivalencies**

| ANEG         | Address negate                            |
|--------------|---|
| A.NEG.O      | Address negate signed check overflow      |
| A.SET.G.I.U  | Address set greater immediate unsigned    |
| A.SET.LE.I   | Address set less equal immediate signed   |
| A.SET.LE.I.U | Address set less equal immediate unsigned |

| ANEG rd=rc             |               | A.SUB.I rd=0,rc         |  |
|------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|--|
| A.NEG.O rd=rc          | <del>.→</del> | A.SUB.I.O rd=0,rc       |  |
| A.SET.G.I rd=imm,rc    | $\rightarrow$ | A.SET.GE.I rd=imm+1,rc  |  |
| A.SET.G.I.U rd=imm,rc  | $\rightarrow$ | ASET.GE.I.U rd=imm+1,rc |  |
| A.SET.LE.I rd=imm,rc   | $\rightarrow$ | A.SET.L.I rd=imm-1,rc   |  |
| A.SET.LE.I.U rd=imm,rc | $\rightarrow$ | A.SET.L.I.U rd=imm-1,rc |  |

#### **Redundancies**

| A.SET.AND.E.I rd=rc,0   | ⇔   | A.SET rd           |  |
|-------------------------|-----|--------------------|--|
| A.SET.AND.NE.I rd=rc,0  |     | A.ZERO rd          |  |
| A.SET.AND.E.I rd=rc,-1  | ⇔   | A.SET.E.Z rd=rc    |  |
| A.SET.AND.NE.I rd=rc,-1 | ⇔   | A.SET.NE.Z rd=rc   |  |
| A.SET.E.I rd=rc,0       | ⇔   | A.SET.E.Z rd=rc    |  |
| A.SET.GE.I rd=rc,0      | ⇔   | ASET.GE.Z rd=rc    |  |
| A.SET.L.I rd=rc,0       | ⇔ . | A.SET.L.Z rd=rc    |  |
| A.SET.NE.I rd=rc,0      | ⇔   | A.SET.NE.Z rd=rc   |  |
| A.SET.GE.I.U rd=rc,0    | ⇔   | A.SET.GE.U.Z rd=rc |  |
| A.SET.L.I.U rd=rc,0     | ⇔   | A.SET.L.U.Z rd=rc  |  |

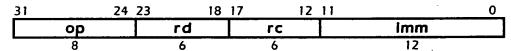
#### Selection

| class      | operation   | cond      | form | type   | check |
|------------|-------------|-----------|------|--------|-------|
| arithmetic | SUB         |           | 1    |        |       |
|            |             | 1         |      | NONE U | 0     |
| boolean    | SET AND SET | E NE      | 1    |        |       |
|            | SET         | L GE G LE | 1    | NONE U |       |

#### **Format**

op rd=imm,rc

#### rd=op(imm,rc)



#### **Description**

The contents of register rc is fetched, and a 64-bit immediate value is sign-extended from the 12-bit imm field. The specified operation is performed on these operands. The result is placed into register rd.

### **Definition**

```
a ← t<sub>63..0</sub>
               A.SUB.I.U.O:
                      t \leftarrow (i_{63} | 1 | i) - (c_{63} | 1 | c)
                       if t_{64} \neq 0 then
                              raise FixedPointArithmetic
                       endif
                       a ← t<sub>63..0</sub>
               A.SET.AND.E.I:
                       a \leftarrow ((i \text{ and } c) = 0)^{64}
               A.SET.AND.NE.I:
                       a \leftarrow ((i \text{ and } c) \neq 0)^{64}
               A.SET.E.I:
                       a \leftarrow (i = c)^{64}
               A.SET.NE.I:
                      a \leftarrow (i \neq c)^{64}
               A.SET.L.I:
                       a \leftarrow (i < c)^{64}
               A.SET.GE.I:
                       a \leftarrow (i \ge c)^{64}
               A.SET.L.I.U:
                       a \leftarrow ((0 \ 11 \ i) < (0 \ 11 \ c))^{64}
               A.SET.GE.I.U:
                       a \leftarrow ((0 \ | \ | \ |) \ge (0 \ | \ | \ c))^{64}
       endcase
       RegWrite(rd, 64, a)
enddef
```

#### **Exceptions**

Fixed-point arithmetic

# Address Reversed

These operations perform calculations with two general register values, placing the result in a general register.

## Operation codes

| A.SET.AND.E  | Address set and equal zero               |
|--------------|--|
| A.SET.AND.NE | Address set and not equal zero           |
| A.SET.E      | Address set equal                        |
| A.SET.GE     | Address set greater equal signed         |
| A.SET.GE.U   | Address set greater equal unsigned       |
| A.SET.L      | Address set less signed                  |
| A.SET.L.U    | Address set less unsigned                |
| A.SET.NE     | Address set not equal                    |
| A.SUB        | Address subtract                         |
| A.SUB.O      | Address subtract signed check overflow   |
| A.SUB.U.O    | Address subtract unsigned check overflow |

## **Equivalencies**

| A.SET.E.Z  | Address set equal zero                |
|------------|---------------------------------------|
| A.SET.G.Z  | Address set greater zero signed       |
| A.SET.GE.Z | Address set greater equal zero signed |
| A.SET.L.Z  | Address set less zero signed          |
| A.SET.LE.Z | Address set less equal zero signed    |
| A.SET.NE.Z | Address set not equal zero            |
| A.SET.G    | Address set greater signed            |
| A.SET.G.U  | Address set greater unsigned          |
| A.SET.LE   | Address set less equal signed         |
| A.SET.LE.U | Address set less equal unsigned       |

| A.SET.E.Z rd=rc     | ← A.SET.AND.E rd=rc,rc  |
|---------------------|-------------------------|
| A.SET.G.Z rd=rc     | ← A.SET.L.U rd=rc,rc    |
| A.SET.GE.Z rd=rc    | ← A.SET.GE rd=rc,rc     |
| A.SET.L.Z rd=rc     | ← A.SET.L rd=rc,rc      |
| A.SET.LE.Z rd=rc    | ← A.SET.GE.U rd=rc,rc   |
| A.SET.NE.Z rd=rc    | ← A.SET.AND.NE rd=rc,rc |
| A.SET.G rd=rb,rc    | → A.SET.L rd=rc,rb      |
| A.SET.G.U rd=rb,rc  | → A.SET.L.U rd=rc,rb    |
| A.SET.LE rd=rb,rc   | → A.SET.GE rd=rc,rb     |
| A.SET.LE.U rd=rb,rc | → A.SET.GE.U rd=rc,rb   |

#### **Redundancies**

| A.SET.E rd=rc,rc  | ⇔ | A.SET rd  |
|-------------------|---|-----------|
| A.SET.NE rd=rc,rc | ⇔ | A.ZERO rd |

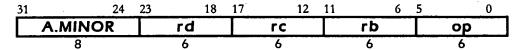
#### Selection

| class      | operation   | cond           | operand | check |
|------------|-------------|----------------|---------|-------|
| arithmetic | SUB         |                | ·       |       |
|            |             |                | NONEU   | 0     |
| boolean    | SET.AND SET | E NE           |         |       |
|            | SET         | L GE G LE      | NONEU   |       |
|            | SET         | L GE G LE E NE | Z       |       |

#### **Format**

op rd=rb,rc

rd=op(rb,rc) rd=opz(rcb)



 $rc \leftarrow rb \leftarrow rcb$ 

### Description

The contents of registers rc and rb are fetched and the specified operation is performed on these operands. The result is placed into register rd.

#### **Definition**

def AddressReversed(op,rd,rc,rb) as  $c \leftarrow RegRead(rc, 128)$  $b \leftarrow RegRead(rb, 128)$ case op of A.SET.E:  $a \leftarrow (b = c)^{64}$ A.SET.NE:  $a \leftarrow (b \neq c)^{64}$ A.SET.AND.E:  $a \leftarrow ((b \text{ and } c) = 0)^{64}$ A.SET.AND.NE:  $a \leftarrow ((b \text{ and } c) \neq 0)^{64}$ A.SET.L:  $a \leftarrow ((rc = rb) \ 7 \ (b < 0) : (b < c))^{64}$ A.SET.GE:  $a \leftarrow ((rc = rb) \ ? \ (b \ge 0) : (b \ge c))^{64}$ A.SET.L.U:

```
a \leftarrow ((rc = rb) ? (b > 0) : ((0 | 1 | b) < (0 | 1 | c))^{64}
                     a \leftarrow ((rc = rb) \ 7 \ (b \le 0) : ((0 \ 11 \ b) \ge (0 \ 11 \ c))^{64}
              A.SUB:
                     a \leftarrow b \cdot c
              A.SUB.O:
                     t \leftarrow (b_{63} \ l \ l \ b) \ - (c_{63} \ l \ l \ c)
                      if t_{64} \neq t_{63} then
                             raise FixedPointArithmetic
                      endif
                      a ← t<sub>63..0</sub>
              A.SUB.U.O:
                      t \leftarrow (0^1 \mid 1 \mid b) - (0^1 \mid 1 \mid c)
                      if t_{64} \neq 0 then
                            raise FixedPointArithmetic
                      endif
                      a ← t<sub>63..0</sub>
       endcase
       RegWrite(rd, 64, a)
enddef
```

#### **Exceptions**

Fixed-point arithmetic

## Address Shift Left Immediate Add

These operations perform calculations with two general register values, placing the result in a general register.

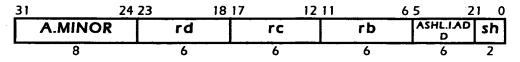
### Operation codes

| A.SHL.I.ADD | Address shift left immedia | te add |
|-------------|----------------------------|--------|

#### **Format**

A.SHL.I.ADD rd=rc,rb,i

rc=op(ra,rb,i)



assert 1≤i≤4 sh  $\leftarrow$  i-1

#### <u>Description</u>

The contents of register rb are shifted left by the immediate amount and added to the contents of register rc. The result is placed into register rd.

#### **Definition**

def AddressShiftLeftImmediateAdd(sh,rd,rc,rb) as

c ← RegRead(rc, 64)

b ← RegRead(rb, 64)

 $a \leftarrow c + (b_{62-sh..0} \mid 1 \mid 0^{1+sh})$ 

RegWrite(rd, 64, a)

enddef

#### **Exceptions**

none

## Address Shift Left Immediate Subtract

These operations perform calculations with two general register values, placing the result in a general register.

#### Operation codes

| A CLUL LCLUD    | Address shift left impropriets - the          |
|-----------------|---|
| A.SHL.I.SUB     | Address shift left immediate subtract         |
| 1, 40, 12,11300 | 17 tadi Coo orinic icic irrinicaldic babliace |
|                 |   |

#### **Format**

ASHL.I.SUB rd=rb,i,rc

rd=op(rb,i,rc)

| 31 | 24      | 23 18 | 17 12 | 11 6 | 5 2        | 1 0 |
|----|---------|-------|-------|------|------------|-----|
|    | A.MINOR | rd    | rc    | rb   | ASHL.I.SUB | sh  |
|    | 8       | 6     | 6     | 6    | 6          | 2   |

assert 1≤i≤4 sh ← i-1

#### **Description**

The contents of register rc is subtracted from the contents of register rb shifted left by the immediate amount. The result is placed into register rd.

#### **Definition**

def AddressShiftLeftImmediateSubtract(op,rd,rc,rb) as

 $c \leftarrow RegRead(rc, 128)$ 

b ← RegRead(rb, 128)

 $a \leftarrow (b_{62-sh..0} \ 11 \ 0^{1+sh}) - c$ 

RegWrite(rd, 64, a)

enddef

#### **Exceptions**

none

## Address Shift Immediate

These operations perform calculations with one general register value and one immediate value, placing the result in a general register.

#### Operation codes

| A.SHL.I     | Address shift left immediate                         |
|-------------|--|
| A.SHL.I.O   | Address shift left immediate signed check overflow   |
| A.SHL.I.U.O | Address shift left immediate unsigned check overflow |
| A.SHR.I     | Address signed shift right immediate                 |
| A.SHR.I.U   | Address shift right immediate unsigned               |

#### **Redundancies**

| A.SHL.I rd=rc,1     | ⇔ AADD rd=rc,rc     |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| A.SHL.I.O rd=rc,1   | ⇔ AADD.O rd=rc,rc   |
| A.SHL.I.U.O rd=rc,1 | ⇔ AADD.U.O rd=rc,rc |
| A.SHL.I rd=rc,0     | ⇔ ACOPY rd=rc       |
| A.SHL.I.O rd=rc,0   | ⇔ A.COPY rd=rc      |
| A.SHL.I.U.O rd=rc,0 | ⇔ A.COPY rd=rc      |
| ASHR.I rd=rc,0      | ⇔ A.COPY rd=rc      |
| A.SHR.I.U rd=rc,0   | ⇔ A.COPY rd=rc      |
|                     |                     |

#### Selection

| class | operation | form | operand       | check |
|-------|-----------|------|---------------|-------|
| shift | SHL       | I    |               |       |
|       |           |      | NONEU         | 0     |
|       | SHR       | T I  | NONE <b>U</b> |       |

#### **Format**

op rd=rc,simm

#### rd=op(rc,simm)

| 31 | 24      | 23 18 | 17 12 | 11 6 | 5 0 |
|----|---------|-------|-------|------|-----|
|    | A.MINOR | rd    | rc    | simm | ор  |
|    | 8       | 6     | 6     | 6    | 6   |

#### Description

The contents of register rc is fetched, and a 6-bit immediate value is taken from the 6-bit simm field. The specified operation is performed on these operands. The result is placed into register rd.

#### **Definition**

```
def AddressShiftImmediate(op,rd,rc,simm) as
      c ← RegRead(rc, 64)
      case op of
             ASHLI:
                    a ← c<sub>63-simm..</sub>0 || 0simm
             A.SHL.I.O:
                    if C_{63...63-simm} \neq c_{63}^{simm+1} then
                           raise FixedPointArithmetic
                    endif
                    a ← c<sub>63-simm</sub>...0 11 0<sup>simm</sup>
             A.SHL.I.U.O:
                    if C_{63..64-simm} \neq 0 then
                           raise FixedPointArithmetic
                    a ← c<sub>63-simm..0</sub> | | 0<sup>simm</sup>
             A.SHR.I:
                    a \leftarrow a_8^{\text{signm}} \parallel 1 \mid c_{63..\text{simm}}
             A.SHR.I.U:
                    a ← 0<sup>simm</sup> | 1 c<sub>63..simm</sub>
       endcase
       RegWrite(rd, 64, a)
enddef
```

#### **Exceptions**

Fixed-point arithmetic

# Address Ternary

These operations perform calculations with three general register values, placing the result in a fourth general register.

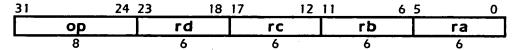
#### Operation codes

| AMUX | Address multiplex |  |
|------|-------------------|--|

#### **Format**

op ra=rd,rc,rb

ra=amux(rd,rc,rb)



#### **Description**

The contents of registers rd, rc, and rb are fetched. The specified operation is performed on these operands. The result is placed into register ra.

#### **Definition**

```
def AddressTernary(op,rd,rc,rb,ra) as

d ← RegRead(rd, 64)

c ← RegRead(rc, 64)

b ← RegRead(rb, 64)

endcase

case op of

AMUX:

a ← (c and d) or (b and not d)

endcase

RegWrite(ra, 64, a)

enddef
```

### **Exceptions**

none

## **Branch**

This operation branches to a location specified by a register.

## Operation codes

|    | Duna na ala | 4 |
|----|-------------|---|
| IN | Rranch      |   |
| 10 | Branch      |   |
|    |             |   |

#### **Format**

B rd

| 31   | 24 23 | 18 1 | 7 | 12 11 | 6 5 | 0 |
|------|-------|------|---|-------|-----|---|
| B.MI | NOR   | rd   | 0 | . 0   | E   | 3 |
| 8    | 3     | 6    | 6 | 6     |     | 3 |

#### **Description**

Execution branches to the address specified by the contents of register rd.

Access disallowed exception occurs if the contents of register rd is not aligned on a quadlet boundary.

#### **Definition**

```
def Branch(rd,rc,rb) as

if (rc ≠ 0) or (rb ≠ 0) then
    raise ReservedInstruction
endif

d ← RegRead(rd, 64)
if (d<sub>1..0</sub>) ≠ 0 then
    raise AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress
endif

ProgramCounter ← d<sub>63..2</sub> | 1 0<sup>2</sup>
raise TakenBranch
enddef
```

#### **Exceptions**

Reserved Instruction Access disallowed by virtual address

## Branch Back

This operation branches to a location specified by the previous contents of register 0, reduces the current privilege level, loads a value from memory, and restores register 0 to the value saved on a previous exception.

#### Operation codes

| B.BACK        |         | Branch | back  |       |   |        |          |
|---------------|---------|--------|-------|-------|---|--------|----------|
| <u> </u>      |         |        |       |       |   |        |          |
| <u>Format</u> |         |        |       |       |   |        |          |
| B.BACK        |         |        |       |       |   |        |          |
| bback()       |         |        |       |       |   |        |          |
| 31            | 2       | 4 23   | 18 17 | 12 11 |   | 6.5    | <u>o</u> |
|               | B.MINOR | 0      |       | 0     | 0 | B.BACK |          |
|               | 8       | 6      |       | 6     | 6 | 6      | _        |

#### **Description**

Processor context, including program counter and privilege level is restored from register 0, where it was saved at the last exception. Exception state, if set, is cleared, re-enabling normal exception handling. The contents of register 0 saved at the last exception is restored from memory. The privilege level is only lowered, so that this instruction need not be privileged.

If the previous exception was an AccessDetail exception, Continuation State set at the time of the exception affects the operation of the next instruction after this Branch Back, causing the previous AccessDetail exception to be inhibited. If software is performing this instruction to abort a sequence ending in an AccessDetail exception, it should abort by branching to an instruction that is not affected by Continuation State.

#### **Definition**

```
def BranchBack(rd,rc,rb) as

c ← RegRead(rc, 128)

if (rd ≠ 0) or(rc ≠ 0) or (rb ≠ 0) then

raise ReservedInstruction

endif

a ← LoadMemory(ExceptionBase,ExceptionBase+Thread*128,128,L)

if PrivilegeLevel > c<sub>1..0</sub> then

PrivilegeLevel ← c<sub>1..0</sub>

endif

ProgramCounter ← c<sub>63..2</sub> | | 0<sup>2</sup>

ExceptionState ← 0

RegWrite(rd,128,a)

raise TakenBranchContinue

enddef
```

## **Exceptions**

Reserved Instruction
Access disallowed by virtual address
Access disallowed by tag
Access disallowed by global TB
Access disallowed by local TB
Access detail required by tag
Access detail required by local TB
Access detail required by global TB
Local TB miss
Global TB miss

## **Branch Barrier**

This operation stops the current thread until all pending stores are completed, then branches to a location specified by a register.

#### Operation codes

| B.BARRIER | Branch barrier |
|-----------|----------------|
|           |                |

#### <u>Format</u>

**B.BARRIER** 

rd

#### bbarrier(rd)

| 31 | 24      | 23 1 | 8 17 | 12 11 |   | 6 5      | 0 |
|----|---------|------|------|-------|---|----------|---|
|    | B.MINOR | rd   | 0    |       | 0 | B.BARRIE | R |
|    | 8       | 6    | 6    |       | 6 | 6        | _ |

#### **Description**

The instruction fetch unit is directed to cease execution until all pending stores are completed. Following the barrier, any previously pre-fetched instructions are discarded and execution branches to the address specified by the contents of register rd.

Access disallowed exception occurs if the contents of register rd is not aligned on a quadlet boundary.

Self-modifying, dynamically-generated, or loaded code may require use of this instruction between storing the code into memory and executing the code.

#### **Definition**

```
def BranchBarrier(rd,rc,rb) as

if (rc ≠ 0) or (rb ≠ 0) then
raise ReservedInstruction
endif

d ← RegRead(rd, 64)
if (d<sub>1..0</sub>) ≠ 0 then
raise AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress
endif

ProgramCounter ← d<sub>63..2</sub> 11 0<sup>2</sup>
FetchBarrier()
raise TakenBranch
enddef
```

#### **Exceptions**

Reserved Instruction

## **Branch Conditional**

These operations compare two operands, and depending on the result of that comparison, conditionally branches to a nearby code location.

#### Operation codes

| B.AND.E  | Branch and equal zero         |  |
|----------|-------------------------------|--|
| B.AND.NE | Branch and not equal zero     |  |
| B.E      | Branch equal                  |  |
| B.GE     | Branch greater equal signed   |  |
| B.L      | Branch signed less            |  |
| B.NE     | Branch not equal              |  |
| B.GE.U   | Branch greater equal unsigned |  |
| B.L.U    | Branch less unsigned          |  |

## **Equivalencies**

| B.E.Z               | Branch equal zero                |  |
|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| B.G.Z <sup>6</sup>  | Branch greater zero signed       |  |
| B.GE.Z <sup>7</sup> | Branch greater equal zero signed |  |
| B.L.Z <sup>8</sup>  | Branch less zero signed          |  |
| B.LE.Z9             | Branch less equal zero signed    |  |
| B.NE.Z              | Branch not equal zero            |  |
| B.LE                | Branch less equal signed         |  |
| B.G                 | Branch greater signed            |  |
| B.LE.U              | Branch less equal unsigned       |  |
| B.G.U               | Branch greater unsigned          |  |
| B.NOP               | Branch no operation              |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>B.G.Z is encoded as B.L.U with both instruction fields rd and rc equal.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup>B.GE.Z is encoded as B.GE with both instruction fields rd and rc equal.

 $<sup>^8\</sup>mathrm{B.L.Z}$  is encoded as B.L with both instruction fields rd and rc equal.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>B.LE.Z is encoded as B.GE.U with both instruction fields rd and rc equal.

|                     |               | •                    |   |
|---------------------|---------------|----------------------|---|
| B.E.Z rc,target     | <b>←</b>      | BAND.E rc,rc,target  |   |
| B.G.Z rc,target     | <b>=</b>      | B.L.U rc,rc,target   |   |
| B.GE.Z rc,target    | <b>=</b>      | B.GE rc,rc,target    |   |
| B.L.Z rc,target     |               | B.L rc,rc,target     |   |
| B.LE.Z rc,target    | ⇐             | B.GE.U rc,rc,target  | ·                                       |
| B.NE.Z rc,target    | <b>←</b>      | BAND.NE rc,rc,target |   |
| B.LE rc,rd,target   | $\rightarrow$ | B.GE rd,rc,target    |   |
| B.G rc,rd,target    | $\rightarrow$ | B.L rd,rc,target     |   |
| B.LE.U rc,rd,target | $\rightarrow$ | B.GE.U rd,rc,target  | *************************************** |
| B.G.U rc,rd,target  | $\rightarrow$ | B.L.U rd,rc,target   |   |
| B.NOP               | <b>←</b>      | B.NE r0,r0,\$        |   |
|                     |               |                      |   |

#### **Redundancies**

| B.E rc,rc,target  | ⇔ | B.I target |
|-------------------|---|------------|
| B.NE rc,rc,target | ⇔ | B.NOP      |

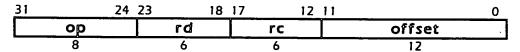
#### Selection

| class      | ор   |     | col | mpare      |    |   | type  |
|------------|------|-----|-----|------------|----|---|-------|
| arithmetic |      |     | L   | GE G       | LE |   | NONEU |
| vs. zero   |      |     | L   | GE G<br>NE | LE | Ε | Z     |
| bitwise    | none | AND | E   | NE         |    |   |       |

#### **Format**

#### op rd,rc,target

if (op(rd,rc)) goto target;



#### **Description**

The contents of registers rd and rc are compared, as specified by the op field. If the result of the comparison is true, execution branches to the address specified by the offset field. Otherwise, execution continues at the next sequential instruction.

#### **Definition**

def BranchConditionally(op,rd,rc,offset) as

 $d \leftarrow RegRead(rd, 128)$ 

 $c \leftarrow RegRead(rc, 128)$ 

case op of

B.E:

```
a \leftarrow d = c
             B.NE:
                    a \leftarrow d \neq c
             BAND.E:
                    a \leftarrow (d \text{ and } c) = 0
             BAND.NE:
                    a \leftarrow (d \text{ and } c) \neq 0
             a \leftarrow (rd = rc) ? (c < 0): (d < c) B.GE:
                    a \leftarrow (rd = rc) ? (c \ge 0): (d \ge c)
                    a \leftarrow (rd = rc) ? (c > 0): ((0 | 1 | d) < (0 | 1 | c))
             B.GE.U:
                    a \leftarrow (rd = rc) ? (c \le 0): ((0 11 d) \ge (0 11 c))
      endcase
      if a then
             ProgramCounter \leftarrow ProgramCounter + (offset \frac{70}{11} offset | | 0<sup>2</sup>)
             raise TakenBranch
      endif
enddef
```

#### **Exceptions**

none

## **Branch Conditional Floating-Point**

These operations compare two floating-point operands, and depending on the result of that comparison, conditionally branches to a nearby code location.

## Operation codes

| B.E.F.16   | Branch equal floating-point half           |
|------------|--|
| B.E.F.32   | Branch equal floating-point single         |
| B.E.F.64   | Branch equal floating-point double         |
| B.E.F.128  | Branch equal floating-point quad           |
| B.GE.F.16  | Branch greater equal floating-point half   |
| B.GE.F.32  | Branch greater equal floating-point single |
| B.GE.F.64  | Branch greater equal floating-point double |
| B.GE.F.128 | Branch greater equal floating-point quad   |
| B.L.F.16   | Branch less floating-point half            |
| B.L.F.32   | Branch less floating-point single          |
| B.L.F.64   | Branch less floating-point double          |
| B.L.F.128  | Branch less floating-point quad            |
| B.LG.F.16  | Branch less greater floating-point half    |
| B.LG.F.32  | Branch less greater floating-point single  |
| B.LG.F.64  | Branch less greater floating-point double  |
| B.LG.F.128 | Branch less greater floating-point quad    |

#### **Equivalencies**

| B.LE.F.16  | Branch less equal floating-point half   | · |
|------------|---|---|
| B.LE.F.32  | Branch less equal floating-point single |   |
| B.LE.F.64  | Branch less equal floating-point double |   |
| B.LE.F.128 | Branch less equal floating-point quad   |   |
| B.G.F.16   | Branch greater floating-point half      |   |
| B.G.F.32   | Branch greater floating-point single    |   |
| B.G.F.64   | Branch greater floating-point double    |   |
| B.G.F.128  | Branch greater floating-point quad      |   |
|            |   |   |

| B.LE.F.size rc,rd,target | → B.GE.F.size rd,rc,target |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| B.G.F.size rc,rd,target  | → B.L.F.size rd,rc,target  |

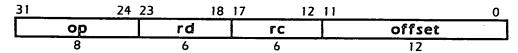
#### Selection

| number format  | type | con | pare |   |    |   |    | size |           |    |
|----------------|------|-----|------|---|----|---|----|------|-----------|----|
| floating-point | F    | E   | LG   | L | GE | G | LE | 16   | 32<br>128 | 64 |

#### <u>Format</u>

#### op rd,rc,target

if (op(rd,rc)) goto target;



#### Description

The contents of registers rc and rd are compared, as specified by the op field. If the result of the comparison is true, execution branches to the address specified by the offset field. Otherwise, execution continues at the next sequential instruction.

#### <u>Definition</u>

```
def BranchConditional(FloatingPointop,rd,rc,offset) as
     case op of
           B.E.F.16, B.LG.F.16, B.L.F.16, B.GE.F.16:
                 size \leftarrow 16
           B.E.F.32, B.LG.F.32, B.L.F.32, B.GE.F.32:
                size \leftarrow 32
           B.E.F.64, B.LG.F.64, B.L.F.64, B.GE.F.64:
                size ← 64
           B.E.F.128, B.LG.F.128, B.L.F.128, B.GE.F.128:
                 size ← 128
     endcase
     d ← F(size,RegRead(rd, 128))
     c \leftarrow F(size,RegRead(rc, 128))
     v \leftarrow fcom(d, c)
     case op of
           BEF16, BEF32, BEF64, BEF128:
                 a \leftarrow (v = E)
           BLGF16, BLGF32, BLGF64, BLGF128:
                 a \leftarrow (v = L) \text{ or } (v = G)
           BLF16, BLF32, BLF64, BLF128:
                 a \leftarrow (v = L)
           BGEF16, BGEF32, BGEF64, BGEF128:
                 a \leftarrow (v = G) \text{ or } (v = E)
     endcase
     if a then
           ProgramCounter ← ProgramCounter + (offset | 1 | 0²)
           raise TakenBranch
     endif
enddef
```

#### Exceptions

none

## Branch Conditional Visibility Floating-Point

These operations compare two group-floating-point operands, and depending on the result of that comparison, conditionally branches to a nearby code location.

#### Operation codes

| B.I.F.32  | Branch invisible floating-point single     |  |
|-----------|--|--|
| B.NI.F.32 | Branch not invisible floating-point single |  |
| B.NV.F.32 | Branch not visible floating-point single   |  |
| B.V.F.32  | Branch visible floating-point single       |  |

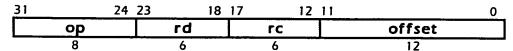
#### Selection

| number format  | type | compare   | size |
|----------------|------|-----------|------|
| floating-point | F    | I NI NV V | 32   |

#### **Format**

op rc,rd,target

if (op(rc,rd)) goto target;



#### **Description**

The contents of registers rc and rd are compared, as specified by the op field. If the result of the comparison is true, execution branches to the address specified by the offset field. Otherwise, execution continues at the next sequential instruction.

Each operand is assumed to represent a vertex of the form:  $[w \ z \ y \ x]$  packed into a single register. The comparisons check for visibility of a line connecting the vertices against a standard viewing volume, defined by the planes: x=w,x=-w,y=w,y=-w,z=0,z=1. A line is visible (V) if the vertices are both within the volume. A line is not visible (NV) is either vertex is outside the volume - in such a case, the line may be partially visible. A line is invisible (I) if the vertices are both outside any face of the volume. A line is not invisible (NI) if the vertices are not both outside any face of the volume.

#### **Definition**

def n(a) as (a.t=QNAN) or (a.t=SNAN) enddef

def less(a,b) as fcom(a,b)=L enddef

def trxya,b,c,d) as (fcom(fabs(a),b)=G) and (fcom(fabs(c),d)=G) and (a.s=c.s) enddef

```
def BranchConditionalVisibilityFloatingPoint(op,rd,rc,offset) as
      d ← RegRead(rd, 128)
     c ← RegRead(rc, 128)
      dx \leftarrow F(32,d_{31..0})
      cx \leftarrow F(32,c_{31..0})
      dy \leftarrow F(32,d_{63..32})
      cy \leftarrow F(32,c_{63..32})
      dz \leftarrow F(32,d_{95..64})
      cz ← F(32,c95..64)
      dw \leftarrow F(32,d_{127..96})
      cw \leftarrow F(32,c_{127...96})
      f1 \leftarrow F(32,0x7f000000) // floating-point 1.0
      if (n(dx) or n(dy) or n(dz) or n(dw) or n(cx) or n(cy) or n(cz) or n(cw)) then
      else
            dv \leftarrow less(fabs(dx),dz) and less(fabs(dy),dz) and less(dz,f1) and (dz.s=0)
            cv \leftarrow less(fabs(cx),cz) and less(fabs(cy),cz) and less(cz,f1) and (cz.s=0)
            trz \leftarrow (less(f1,dz) \text{ and } less(f1,cz)) \text{ or } ((dz.s=1 \text{ and } cz.s=1))
            tr \leftarrow trxy(dx,dz,cx,cz) or trxy(dy,dz,cy,cz) or trz
            case op of
                  B.I.F.32:
                       a ← tr
                  B.NI.F.32:
                       a ← not tr
                  B.NV.F.32:
                        a ← not (dv and cv)
                  B.V.F.32:
                        a ← dv and cv
            endcase
      endif
      if a then
            raise TakenBranch
      endif
enddef
Exceptions
none
```

## Branch Down

This operation branches to a location specified by a register, reducing the current privilege level.

#### Operation codes

| B.DOWN |               |
|--------|---------------|
| IBUUWN | Branch down   |
| 0.00   | Didition down |
|        |               |

#### **Format**

B.DOWN

rd

#### bdown(rd)

| <u>31</u> | 24      | 23 18 | 17 12 | 11 ( | 65 0   |
|-----------|---------|-------|-------|------|--------|
|           | B.MINOR | rd    | 0     | 0    | B.DOWN |
|           | 8       | 6     | 6     | 6    | 6      |

#### **Description**

Execution branches to the address specified by the contents of register rd. The current privilege level is reduced to the level specified by the low order two bits of the contents of register rd.

#### **Definition**

```
def BranchDown(rd,rc,rb) as

if (rc ≠ 0) or (rb ≠ 0) then

raise ReservedInstruction
endif

d ← RegRead(rd, 64)
if PrivilegeLevel > d1..0 then

PrivilegeLevel ← d1..0
endif

ProgramCounter ← d63..2 11 0<sup>2</sup>
raise TakenBranch
```

#### **Exceptions**

Reserved Instruction

## **Branch Gateway**

This operation provides a secure means to call a procedure, including those at a higher privilege level.

#### Operation codes

| ID CATE  | lm ( )         |
|----------|----------------|
| IRCALL   | Pranch datoway |
| I D.GATE | Branch gateway |
|          |                |
|          |                |

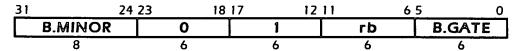
#### **Equivalencies**

| B.GATE          | D CATE O   |
|-----------------|------------|
| ו ס.ערוב        | ← B.GAIE 0 |
| I - · - · · · - | \=- = -:   |

#### **Format**

B.GATE rb

#### bgate(rb)



#### **Description**

The contents of register rb is a branch address in the high-order 62 bits and a new privilege level in the low-order 2 bits. A branch and link occurs to the branch address, and the privilege level is raised to the new privilege level. The high-order 62 bits of the successor to the current program counter is catenated with the 2-bit current execution privilege and placed in register 0.

If the new privilege level is greater than the current privilege level, an octlet of memory data is fetched from the address specified by register 1, using the little-endian byte order and a gateway access type. A GatewayDisallowed exception occurs if the original contents of register 0 do not equal the memory data.

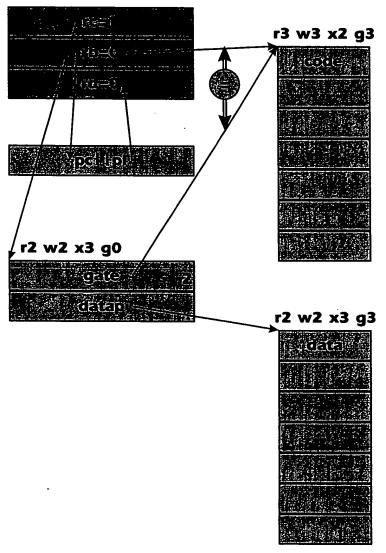
If the new privilege level is the same as the current privilege level, no checking of register 1 is performed.

An AccessDisallowed exception occurs if the new privilege level is greater than the privilege level required to write the memory data, or if the old privilege level is lower than the privilege required to access the memory data as a gateway, or if the access is not aligned on an 8-byte boundary.

A ReservedInstruction exception occurs if the rc field is not one or the rd field is not zero.

In the example below, a gateway from level 0 to level 2 is illustrated. The gateway pointer, located by the contents of register rc (1), is fetched from memory and compared against the

contents of register rb (0). The instruction may only complete if these values are equal. Concurrently, the contents of register rb (0) is placed in the program counter and privilege level, and the address of the next sequential address and privilege level is placed into register rd (0). Code at the target of the gateway locates the data pointer at an offset from the gateway pointer (register 1), and fetches it into register 1, making a data region available. A stack pointer may be saved and fetched using the data region, another region located from the data region, or a data region located as an offset from the original gateway pointer.



Branch gateway

For additional information on the branch-gateway instruction, see the <u>System and Privileged Library Calls</u> section on page 44.

This instruction gives the target procedure the assurances that register 0 contains a valid return address and privilege level, that register 1 points to the gateway location, and that the gateway location is octlet aligned. Register 1 can then be used to

securely reach values in memory. If no sharing of literal pools is desired, register 1 may be used as a literal pool pointer directly. If sharing of literal pools is desired, register 1 may be used with an appropriate offset to load a new literal pool pointer; for example, with a one cache line offset from the register 1. Note that because the virtual memory system operates with cache line granularity, that several gateway locations must be created together.

Software must ensure that an attempt to use any octlet within the region designated by virtual memory as gateway either functions properly or causes a legitimate exception. For example, if the adjacent octlets contain pointers to literal pool locations, software should ensure that these literal pools are not executable, or that by virtue of being aligned addresses, cannot raise the execution privilege level. If register 1 is used directly as a literal pool location, software must ensure that the literal pool locations that are accessible as a gateway do not lead to a security violation.

Register 0 contains a valid return address and privilege level, the value is suitable for use directly in the Branch-down (B.DOWN) instruction to return to the gateway callee.

#### Definition

```
def BranchGateway(rd,rc,rb) as
     c ← RegRead(rc, 64)
      b \leftarrow RegRead(rb, 64)
      if (rd \neq 0) or (rc \neq 1) then
            raise ReservedInstruction
      endif
      if c_{2..0} \neq 0 then
           raise AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress
      endif
      d ← ProgramCounter<sub>63..2</sub>+1 | I | PrivilegeLevel
     if PrivilegeLevel < b_{1..0} then
            m \leftarrow LoadMemoryG(c,c,64,L)
            if b \neq m then
                  raise GatewayDisallowed
            endif
            PrivilegeLevel ← b<sub>1..0</sub>
      ProgramCounter \leftarrow b<sub>63...2</sub> | 1 0<sup>2</sup>
      RegWrite(rd, 64, d)
      raise TakenBranch
enddef
```

#### Exceptions

Reserved Instruction
Gateway disallowed
Access disallowed by virtual address
Access disallowed by tag
Access disallowed by global TB
Access disallowed by local TB
Access detail required by tag

Access detail required by local TB Access detail required by global TB Local TB miss Global TB miss

# Branch Halt

This operation stops the current thread until an exception occurs.

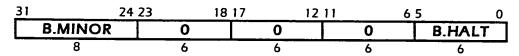
# Operation codes

| B.HALT | Branch halt |  |
|--------|-------------|--|
|        |             |  |

# **Format**

# **B.HALT**

# bhalt()



# **Description**

This instruction directs the instruction fetch unit to cease execution until an exception occurs.

# **Definition**

```
def BranchHalt(rd,rc,rb) as

if (rd ≠ 0) or (rc ≠ 0) or (rb ≠ 0) then

raise ReservedInstruction

endif

FetchHalt()

enddef
```

# **Exceptions**

Reserved Instruction

# **Branch Hint**

This operation indicates a future branch location specified by a register.

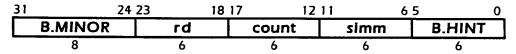
# Operation codes

| B.HINT   | Disease de 145 et |
|----------|-------------------|
| I B.MINI | Branch Hint       |
|          | Branch Time       |

#### **Format**

B.HINT badd,count,rd

bhint(badd,count,rd)



simm ← badd-pc-4

## Description

This instruction directs the instruction fetch unit of the processor that a branch is likely to occur count times at **simm** instructions following the current successor instruction to the address specified by the contents of register rd.

After branching count times, the instruction fetch unit should presume that the branch at simm instructions following the current successor instruction is not likely to occur. If count is zero, this hint directs the instruction fetch unit that the branch is likely to occur more than 63 times.

Access disallowed exception occurs if the contents of register rd is not aligned on a quadlet boundary.

#### <u>Definition</u>

```
def BranchHint(rd,count,simm) as d \leftarrow \text{RegRead}(\text{rd}, 64) if (d_{1..0}) \neq 0 then raise AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress endif FetchHint(ProgramCounter +4 + (0 | 1 | simm | 1 | 0^2), d_{63..2} | 1 | 0^2, count) enddef
```

## **Exceptions**

Access disallowed by virtual address

# Branch Hint Immediate

This operation indicates a future branch location specified as an offset from the program counter.

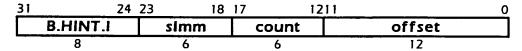
## Operation codes

| B.HINT.I | Branch Hint Immediate |  |
|----------|-----------------------|--|

# **Format**

B.HINT.I badd,count,target

bhinti(badd,count,target)



simm ← badd-pc-4

# Description

This instruction directs the instruction fetch unit of the processor that a branch is likely to occur count times at simm instructions following the current successor instruction to the address specified by the offset field.

After branching count times, the instruction fetch unit should presume that the branch at simm instructions following the current successor instruction is not likely to occur. If count is zero, this hint directs the instruction fetch unit that the branch is likely to occur more than 63 times.

#### **Definition**

```
def BranchHintlmmediate(simm,count,offset) as 
BranchHint(ProgramCounter + 4 + (0 | 1 | simm | 1 | 0^2), count, 
ProgramCounter + (offset^{4}) | 1 offset | 1 | 0^2))
```

enddef

#### **Exceptions**

none

# **Branch Immediate**

This operation branches to a location that is specified as an offset from the program counter.

# Operation codes

| -    |   |                   |   |
|------|---|-------------------|---|
| 10   | • |                   | _ |
| 18   |   | Branch immediate  |   |
| , D. | • | Dianch inineviale |   |
|      |   |                   |   |

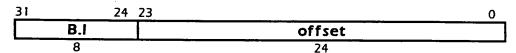
# **Redundancies**

| IRI target | D.C                       |  |
|------------|---------------------------|--|
| B.I target | ⇔ B.E rc,rc,target        |  |
| 3          | ₩ 2.2 · c, c, c, c, g c c |  |

# **Format**

B.I target

# bi(target)



# **Description**

Execution branches to the address specified by the offset field.

# **Definition**

```
def BranchImmediate(offset) as

ProgramCounter ← ProgramCounter + (offset 38 | 11 offset 11 02)

raise TakenBranch
enddef
```

# **Exceptions**

none

# Branch Immediate Link

This operation branches to a location that is specified as an offset from the program counter, saving the value of the program counter into register 0.

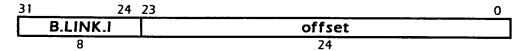
# Operation codes

| B.LINK.I     | Description of the state of the |
|--------------|--|
| I D.I IIVK I | Branch immediate link  |
|              | Drainer minicalate min   |
|              |  |

#### <u>Format</u>

B.LINK.I target

# blinki(target)



# **Description**

The address of the instruction following this one is placed into register 0. Execution branches to the address specified by the offset field.

# **Definition**

```
def BranchImmediateLink(offset) as
RegWrite(0, 64, ProgramCounter + .4)
ProgramCounter ← ProgramCounter + (offset 38 11 offset 11 0²)
raise TakenBranch
enddef
```

#### **Exceptions**

none

# **Branch Link**

This operation branches to a location specified by a register, saving the value of the program counter into a register.

## Operation codes

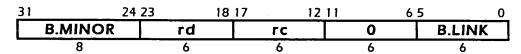
| B.LINK     |              |
|------------|--------------|
| I B I IIVK | Branch link  |
|            | Didirici min |
|            |              |

## **Equivalencies**

| B.LINK    | <b>←</b> | B.LINK 0=0  |
|-----------|----------|-------------|
| B.LINK rc | <b>←</b> | B.LINK 0=rc |

## **Format**

### B.LINK rd=rc



rb ← 0

## **Description**

The address of the instruction following this one is placed into register rd. Execution branches to the address specified by the contents of register rc.

Access disallowed exception occurs if the contents of register rc is not aligned on a quadlet boundary.

Reserved instruction exception occurs if rb is not zero.

```
def BranchLink(rd,rc,rb) as
if rb ≠ 0 then
raise ReservedInstruction
endif
c ← RegRead(rc, 64)
if (c and 3) ≠ 0 then
raise AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress
endif
RegWrite(rd, 64, ProgramCounter + 4)
ProgramCounter ← c<sub>63...2</sub> 11 0<sup>2</sup>
raise TakenBranch
enddef
```

# **Exceptions**

Reserved Instruction Access disallowed by virtual address

# Load

These operations compute a virtual address from the contents of two registers, load data from memory, sign- or zero-extending the data to fill the destination register.

# Operation codes

| L.8 <sup>10</sup>       | Load signed byte                            |
|-------------------------|---|
| L.16.B                  | Load signed doublet big-endian              |
| L.16.A.B                | Load signed doublet aligned big-endian      |
| L.16.L                  | Load signed doublet little-endian           |
| L.16AL                  | Load signed doublet aligned little-endian   |
| L.32.B                  | Load signed quadlet big-endian              |
| L.32.AB                 | Load signed quadlet aligned big-endian      |
| L.32.L                  | Load signed quadlet little-endian           |
| L.32AL                  | Load signed quadlet aligned little-endian   |
| L.64.B                  | Load signed octlet big-endian               |
| L.64AB                  | Load signed octlet aligned big-endian       |
| L.64.L                  | Load signed octlet little-endian            |
| L.64.AL                 | Load signed octlet aligned little-endian    |
| L.128.B <sup>11</sup>   | Load hexlet big-endian                      |
| L.128.A.B <sup>12</sup> | Load hexlet aligned big-endian              |
| L.128.L <sup>13</sup>   | Load hexlet little-endian                   |
| L.128.A.L <sup>14</sup> | Load hexlet aligned little-endian           |
| L.U.8 <sup>15</sup>     | Load unsigned byte                          |
| L.U.16.B                | Load unsigned doublet big-endian            |
| L.U.16.A.B              | Load unsigned doublet aligned big-endian    |
| L.U.16.L                | Load unsigned doublet little-endian         |
| L.U.16AL                | Load unsigned doublet aligned little-endian |
| L.U.32.B                | Load unsigned quadlet big-endian            |
| L.U.32.A.B              | Load unsigned quadlet aligned big-endian    |
| L.U.32.L                | Load unsigned quadlet little-endian         |
| L.U.32.A.L              | Load unsigned quadlet aligned little-endian |
| L.U.64.B                | Load unsigned octlet big-endian             |
| L.U.64 A.B              | Load unsigned octlet aligned big-endian     |
| L.U.64.L                | Load unsigned octlet little-endian          |
| L.U.64.A.L              | Load unsigned octlet aligned little-endian  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup>L.8 need not distinguish between little-endian and big-endian ordering, nor between aligned and unaligned, as only a single byte is loaded.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup>L.128.B need not distinguish between signed and unsigned, as the hexlet fills the destination register.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup>L.128.AB need not distinguish between signed and unsigned, as the hexlet fills the destination register.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup>L.128.L need not distinguish between signed and unsigned, as the hexlet fills the destination register.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup>L.128.AL need not distinguish between signed and unsigned, as the hexlet fills the destination register.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup>L.U8 need not distinguish between little-endian and big-endian ordering, nor between aligned and unaligned, as only a single byte is loaded.

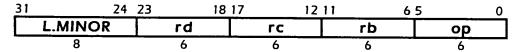
#### Selection

| number format            | type | size     | alignment | ordering |
|--------------------------|------|----------|-----------|----------|
| signed byte              |      | 8        |           |          |
| unsigned byte            | U    | 8        |           |          |
| signed integer           |      | 16 32 64 |           | L B      |
| signed integer aligned   |      | 16 32 64 | Α         | L B      |
| unsigned integer         | U    | 16 32 64 |           | L B      |
| unsigned integer aligned | U    | 16 32 64 | Α         | L B      |
| register                 |      | 128      |           | L B      |
| register aligned         |      | 128      | Α         | L B      |

#### **Format**

op rd=rc,rb

rd=op(rc,rb)



# Description

An operand size, expressed in bytes, is specified by the instruction. A virtual address is computed from the sum of the contents of register rc and the contents of register rb multiplied by operand size. The contents of memory using the specified byte order are read, treated as the size specified, zero-extended or sign-extended as specified, and placed into register rd.

If alignment is specified, the computed virtual address must be aligned, that is, it must be an exact multiple of the size expressed in bytes. If the address is not aligned an "access disallowed by virtual address" exception occurs.

```
size \leftarrow 16
         L32L, LU32L, L32AL, LU32AL, L32B, LU32B, L32AB, LU32AB:
               size \leftarrow 32
         L64L, LU64L, L64AL, LU64AL, L64B, LU64B, L64AB, LU64AB:
               size ← 64
         L128L, L128AL, L128B, L128AB:
               size ← 128
    endcase
    lsize \leftarrow log(size)
    case op of
         L16L, LU16L, L32L, LU32L, L64L, LU64L, L128L,
         L16AL, LU16AL, L32AL, LU32AL, L64AL, LU64AL, L128AL:
               order \leftarrow L
         L16B, LU16B, L32B, LU32B, L64B, LU64B, L128B,
          L16AB, LU16AB, L32AB, LU32AB, L64AB, LU64AB, L128AB:
               order ← B
         L8, LU8:
               order ← undefined
    endcase
    c ← RegRead(rc, 64)
    b ← RegRead(rb, 64)
    case op of
          L16AL, LU16AL, L32AL, LU32AL, L64AL, LU64AL, L128AL,
          L16AB, LU16AB, L32AB, LU32AB, L64AB, LU64AB, L128AB:
               if \{c_{1size-4...0} \neq 0 \text{ then }
                    raise AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress
               endif
          L16L, LU16L, L32L, LU32L, L64L, LU64L, L128L,
          L16B, LU16B, L32B, LU32B, L64B, LU64B, L128B:
          L8, LU8:
     endcase
     m ← LoadMemory(c,VirtAddr,size,order)
     a \leftarrow (m_{size-1} \text{ and signed})^{128-size} \mid \mid m
     RegWrite(rd, 128, a)
enddef
Access disallowed by virtual address
```

#### Exceptions

Access disallowed by tag Access disallowed by global TB Access disallowed by local TB Access detail required by tag Access detail required by local TB Access detail required by global TB Local TB miss Global TB miss

# **Load Immediate**

These operations compute a virtual address from the contents of a register and a sign-extended immediate value, load data from memory, sign- or zero-extending the data to fill the destination register.

# Operation codes

| L.I.816                   | Load immediate signed byte                            |
|---------------------------|---|
| L.I.16.A.B                | Load immediate signed doublet aligned big-endian      |
| L.I.16.B                  | Load immediate signed doublet big-endian              |
| L.I.16AL                  | Load immediate signed doublet aligned little-endian   |
| L.I.16.L                  | Load immediate signed doublet little-endian           |
| L.I.32.A.B                | Load immediate signed quadlet aligned big-endian      |
| L.I.32.B                  | Load immediate signed quadlet big-endian              |
| L.I.32.A.L                | Load immediate signed quadlet aligned little-endian   |
| L.I.32.L                  | Load immediate signed quadlet little-endian           |
| L.I.64.A.B                | Load immediate signed octlet aligned big-endian       |
| L.I.64.B                  | Load immediate signed octlet big-endian               |
| L.I.64.A.L                | Load immediate signed octlet aligned little-endian    |
| L.I.64.L                  | Load immediate signed octlet little-endian            |
| L.I.128.A.B <sup>17</sup> | Load immediate hexlet aligned big-endian              |
| L.I.128.B <sup>18</sup>   | Load immediate hexlet big-endian                      |
| L.I.128.AL19              | Load immediate hexlet aligned little-endian           |
| L.I.128.L <sup>20</sup>   | Load immediate hexlet little-endian                   |
| L.I.U.8 <sup>21</sup>     | Load immediate unsigned byte                          |
| L.I.U.16.A.B              | Load immediate unsigned doublet aligned big-endian    |
| L.I.U. 16.B               | Load immediate unsigned doublet big-endian            |
| L.I.U.16.A.L              | Load immediate unsigned doublet aligned little-endian |
| L.I.U.16.L                | Load immediate unsigned doublet little-endian         |
| L.I.U.32AB                | Load immediate unsigned quadlet aligned big-endian    |
| L.I.U.32.B                | Load immediate unsigned quadlet big-endian            |
| L.I.U.32AL                | Load immediate unsigned quadlet aligned little-endian |
| L.I.U.32.L                | Load immediate unsigned quadlet little-endian         |
| L.I.U.64A.B               | Load immediate unsigned octlet aligned big-endian     |
| L.I.U.64.B                | Load immediate unsigned octlet big-endian             |
| L.I.U.64.A.L              | Load immediate unsigned octlet aligned little-endian  |
| L.I.U.64.L                | Load immediate unsigned octlet little-endian          |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup>LI.8 need not distinguish between little-endian and big-endian ordering, nor between aligned and unaligned, as only a single byte is loaded.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup>LI.128AB need not distinguish between signed and unsigned, as the hexlet fills the destination register.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup>LI.128.B need not distinguish between signed and unsigned, as the hexlet fills the destination register.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup>LI.128.AL need not distinguish between signed and unsigned, as the hexlet fills the destination register.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup>LI.128.L need not distinguish between signed and unsigned, as the hexlet fills the destination register.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup>LI.U8 need not distinguish between little-endian and big-endian ordering, nor between aligned and unaligned, as only a single byte is loaded.

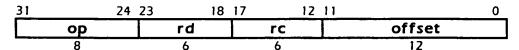
#### Selection

| number format            | type | size     | alignment | ordering | $\Box$ |
|--------------------------|------|----------|-----------|----------|--------|
| signed byte              |      | 8        |           |          | $\neg$ |
| unsigned byte            | U    | 8        |           |          |        |
| signed integer           |      | 16 32 64 |           | L B      |        |
| signed integer aligned   |      | 16 32 64 | Α         | L B      |        |
| unsigned integer         | U    | 16 32 64 |           | L B      |        |
| unsigned integer aligned | U    | 16 32 64 | A         | L B      |        |
| register                 |      | 128      |           | L B      |        |
| register aligned         |      | 128      | Α         | L B      |        |

### <u>Format</u>

op rd=rc,offset

rd=op(rc,offset)



#### Description

An operand size, expressed in bytes, is specified by the instruction. A virtual address is computed from the sum of the contents of register rc and the sign-extended value of the offset field, multiplied by the operand size. The contents of memory using the specified byte order are read, treated as the size specified, zero-extended or sign-extended as specified, and placed into register rd.

If alignment is specified, the computed virtual address must be aligned, that is, it must be an exact multiple of the size expressed in bytes. If the address is not aligned an "access disallowed by virtual address" exception occurs.

```
def LoadImmediate(op,rd,rc,offset) as
     case op of
          LI16L, LI32L, LI8, LI16AL, LI32AL, LI16B, LI32B, LI16AB, LI32AB:
          LI64L, LI64AL, LI64B, LI64AB:
               signed \leftarrow true
          LIU16L, LIU32L, LIU8, LIU16AL, LIU32AL,
          LIU16B, LIU32B, LIU16AB, LIU32AB:
          LIU64L, LIU64AL, LIU64B, LIU64AB:
               signed \leftarrow false
          L1128L, L1128AL, L1128B, L1128AB:
               signed ← undefined
     endcase
     case op of
          LI8, LIU8:
                size \leftarrow 8
          LI16L, LIU16L, LI16AL, LIU16AL, LI16B, LIU16B, LI16AB, LIU16AB:
                size ← 16
```

```
LI32L, LIU32L, LI32AL, LIU32AL, LI32B, LIU32B, LI32AB, LIU32AB:
               size \leftarrow 32
          LI64L, LIU64L, LI64AL, LIU64AL, LI64B, LIU64B, LI64AB, LIU64AB:
               size ← 64
          L1128L, L1128AL, L1128B, L1128AB:
               size ← 128
    endcase
    Isize ← log(size)
     case op of
          LI16L, LIU16L, LI32L, LIU32L, LI64L, LIU64L, LI128L,
          LI16AL, LIU16AL, LI32AL, LIU32AL, LI64AL, LIU64AL, LI128AL:
                order ← LI
          LI16B, LIU16B, LI32B, LIU32B, LI64B, LIU64B, LI128B,
          L116AB, L1U16AB, L132AB, L1U32AB, L164AB, L1U64AB, L1128AB:
                order ← B
          LI8, LIU8:
                order ← undefined
     endcase
     c ← RegRead(rc, 64)
     VirtAddr \leftarrow c + (offset^{5}-Isize | | offset | | 0|size-3)
          LI16AL, LIU16AL, LI32AL, LIU32AL, LI64AL, LIU64AL, LI128AL,
          L116AB, L1U16AB, L132AB, L1U32AB, L164AB, L1U64AB, L1128AB:
                if \{c_{1size-4...0} \neq 0 \text{ then }
                     raise AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress
                endif
          L116L, L1U16L, L132L, L1U32L, L164L, L1U64L, L1128L,
          LI16B, LIU16B, LI32B, LIU32B, LI64B, LIU64B, LI128B:
          LI8, LIU8:
     endcase
     m ← LoadMemory(c,VirtAddr,size,order)
     a \leftarrow (m_{size-1} \text{ and signed})^{128-size} \mid \mid m
     RegWrite(rd, 128, a)
enddef
Access disallowed by virtual address
```

#### Exceptions

Access disallowed by tag Access disallowed by global TB Access disallowed by local TB Access detail required by tag Access detail required by local TB Access detail required by global TB Local TB miss Global TB miss

# **Store**

These operations add the contents of two registers to produce a virtual address, and store the contents of a register into memory.

# Operation codes

| S.8 <sup>22</sup> | Store byte                                   |
|-------------------|--|
| S.16.B            | Store double big-endian                      |
| S.16.A.B          | Store double aligned big-endian              |
| S.16.L            | Store double little-endian                   |
| S.16AL            | Store double aligned little-endian           |
| S.32.B            | Store quadlet big-endian                     |
| S.32AB            | Store quadlet aligned big-endian             |
| S.32.L            | Store quadlet little-endian                  |
| S.32AL            | Store quadlet aligned little-endian          |
| S.64.B            | Store octlet big-endian                      |
| S.64AB            | Store octlet aligned big-endian              |
| S.64.L            | Store octlet little-endian                   |
| S.64AL            | Store octlet aligned little-endian           |
| S.128.B           | Store hexlet big-endian                      |
| S.128.A.B         | Store hexlet aligned big-endian              |
| S.128.L           | Store hexlet little-endian                   |
| S.128.A.L         | Store hexlet aligned little-endian           |
| S.MUX.64.A.B      | Store multiplex octlet aligned big-endian    |
| S.MUX.64.A.L      | Store multiplex octlet aligned little-endian |

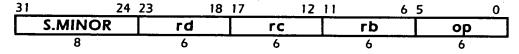
# Selection

| number format   | ор  | size         | alignment | ordering |
|-----------------|-----|--------------|-----------|----------|
| byte            |     | 8            |           |          |
| integer         |     | 16 32 64 128 |           | L B      |
| integer aligned |     | 16 32 64 128 | Α         | L B      |
| multiplex       | MUX | 64           | Α         | L B      |

# **Format**

op rd,rc,rb

# op(rd,rc,rb)



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup>S.8 need not specify byte ordering, nor need it specify alignment checking, as it stores a single byte.

# Description

An operand size, expressed in bytes, is specified by the instruction. A virtual address is computed from the sum of the contents of register rc and the contents of register rb multiplied by operand size. The contents of register rd, treated as the size specified, is stored in memory using the specified byte order.

If alignment is specified, the computed virtual address must be aligned, that is, it must be an exact multiple of the size expressed in bytes. If the address is not aligned an "access disallowed by virtual address" exception occurs.

```
def Store(op,rd,rc,rb) as
     case op of
          S8:
                size \leftarrow 8
          S16L, S16AL, S16B, S16AB:
                size \leftarrow 16
          S32L, S32AL, S32B, S32AB:
                size ← 32
          S64L, S64AL, S64B, S64AB,
          SMUX64AB, SMUX64AL:
                size ← 64
          $128L, $128AL, $128B, $128AB:
                size ← 128
     endcase
     lsize \leftarrow log(size)
     case op of
          S8:
                order ← undefined
          S16L, S32L, S64L, S128L,
          S16AL, S32AL, S64AL, S128AL, SMUX64ALI:
                order \leftarrow L
          S16B, S32B, S64B, S128B,
          $16AB, $32AB, $64AB, $128AB, $MUX64ABI:
                order \leftarrow B
     endcase
     c ← RegRead(rc, 64)
     b ← RegRead(rb, 64)
     VirtAddr \leftarrow c + (b<sub>66-lsize..0</sub> | 1 0 lsize-3)
     case op of
          S16AL, S32AL, S64AL, S128AL,
          S16AB, S32AB, S64AB, S128AB,
          SMUX64AB, SMUX64AL:
                if (c_{lsize-4...0} \neq 0 \text{ then }
                     raise AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress
                endif
           S16L, S32L, S64L, S128L,
           $16B, $32B, $64B, $128B:
           S8:
     endcase
     d ← RegRead(rd, 128)
     case op of
```

endcase enddef

# **Exceptions**

Access disallowed by virtual address Access disallowed by tag Access disallowed by global TB Access disallowed by local TB Access detail required by tag Access detail required by local TB Access detail required by global TB Local TB miss Global TB miss

# Store Double Compare Swap

These operations compare two 64-bit values in a register against two 64-bit values read from two 64-bit memory locations, as specified by two 64-bit addresses in a register, and if equal, store two new 64-bit values from a register into the memory locations. The values read from memory are catenated and placed in a register.

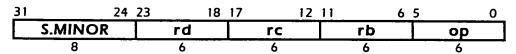
## Operation codes

| S.D.C.S.64.A.B | Store double compare swap octlet aligned big-<br>endian    |
|----------------|--|
| S.D.C.S.64.A.L | Store double compare swap octlet aligned little-<br>endian |

#### **Format**

op rd@rc,rb

rd=op(rd,rc,rb)



#### Description

Two virtual addresses are extracted from the low order bits of the contents of registers re and rb. Two 64-bit comparison values are extracted from the high order bits of the contents of registers re and rb. Two 64-bit replacement values are extracted from the contents of register rd. The contents of memory using the specified byte order are read from the specified addresses, treated as 64-bit values, compared against the specified comparison values, and if both read values are equal to the comparison values, the two replacement values are written to memory using the specified byte order. If either are unequal, no values are written to memory. The loaded values are catenated and placed in the register specified by rd.

The virtual addresses must be aligned, that is, it must be an exact multiple of the size expressed in bytes. If the address is not aligned an "access disallowed by virtual address" exception occurs.

```
def StoreDoubleCompareSwap(op,rd,rc,rb) as size ← 64

Isize ← log(size) case op of SDCS64AL:

order ← L

SDCS64AB:
```

```
order \leftarrow B
      endcase
      c ← RegRead(rc, 128)
      b ← RegRead(rb, 128)
      d ← RegRead(rd, 128)
      if (c_{2..0} \neq 0) or (b_{2..0} \neq 0) then
             raise AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress
      endif
      lock
             a \leftarrow LoadMemoryW(c_{63..0,c_{63..0},64,order)} \ \ \text{II} \ \ LoadMemoryW(b_{63..0,b_{63..0},64,order)}
             if ((c_{127..64} | 1 | b_{127..64.}) = a) then
                    StoreMemory((c<sub>63..0</sub>,c<sub>63..0</sub>,64,order,d<sub>127..64</sub>)
                    StoreMemory(b<sub>63..0</sub>,b<sub>63..0</sub>,64,order,d<sub>63..0</sub>)
             endif
      endiock
      RegWrite(rd, 128, a)
enddef
```

# **Exceptions**

Access disallowed by virtual address Access disallowed by tag Access disallowed by global TB Access disallowed by local TB Access detail required by tag Access detail required by local TB Access detail required by global TB Local TB miss Global TB miss

# Store Immediate

These operations add the contents of a register to a sign-extended immediate value to produce a virtual address, and store the contents of a register into memory.

# Operation codes

| S.I.8 <sup>23</sup> | Store immediate byte                                   |
|---------------------|--|
| S.I.16.A.B          | Store immediate double aligned big-endian              |
| S.I.16.B            | Store immediate double big-endian                      |
| S.I.16.A.L          | Store immediate double aligned little-endian           |
| S.I.16.L            | Store immediate double little-endian                   |
| S.I.32.A.B          | Store immediate quadlet aligned big-endian             |
| S.I.32.B            | Store immediate quadlet big-endian                     |
| S.I.32.A.L          | Store immediate quadlet aligned little-endian          |
| S.I.32.L            | Store immediate quadlet little-endian                  |
| S.I.64.A.B          | Store immediate octlet aligned big-endian              |
| S.I.64.B            | Store immediate octlet big-endian                      |
| S.I.64.A.L          | Store immediate octlet aligned little-endian           |
| S.I.64.L            | Store immediate octlet little-endian                   |
| S.I.128.A.B         | Store immediate hexlet aligned big-endian              |
| S.I.128.B           | Store immediate hexlet big-endian                      |
| S.I.128.A.L         | Store immediate hexlet aligned little-endian           |
| S.I.128.L           | Store immediate hexlet little-endian                   |
| S.MUXI.64.A.B       | Store multiplex immediate octlet aligned big-endian    |
| S.MUXI.64.A.L       | Store multiplex immediate octlet aligned little-endian |

# <u>Selection</u>

| number format   | ор  | size         | alignment | ordering |
|-----------------|-----|--------------|-----------|----------|
| byte            |     | 8            |           |          |
| integer         |     | 16 32 64 128 |           | L B      |
| integer aligned |     | 16 32 64 128 | Α         | L B      |
| multiplex       | MUX | 64           | Α         | L B      |

# **Format**

S.op.l.size.align.order rd,rc,offset

sopisizealignorder(rd,rc,offset)

| 31                                    | 24 | 23 | 18 17 | 12 | 11 | 0      | • |
|---------------------------------------|----|----|-------|----|----|--------|---|
| L                                     | ор | r  | d     | rc |    | offset |   |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 8  |    | 6     | 6  |    | 12     |   |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup>SI.8 need not specify byte ordering, nor need it specify alignment checking, as it stores a single byte.

# **Description**

An operand size, expressed in bytes, is specified by the instruction. A virtual address is computed from the sum of the contents of register rc and the sign-extended value of the offset field, multiplied by the operand size. The contents of register rd, treated as the size specified, are written to memory using the specified byte order.

The computed virtual address must be aligned, that is, it must be an exact multiple of the size expressed in bytes. If the address is not aligned an "access disallowed by virtual address" exception occurs.

## <u>Definition</u>

```
def StoreImmediate(op,rd,rc,offset) as
     case op of
           SI8:
                size \leftarrow 8
           S116L, S116AL, S116B, S116AB:
                size ← 16
           SI32L, SI32AL, SI32B, SI32AB:
                size \leftarrow 32
           S164L, S164AL, S164B, S164AB, SMUX164AB, SMUX164AL:
                 size \leftarrow 64
           SI128L, SI128AL, SI128B, SI128AB:
                 size ← 128
     endcase
     Isize ← log(size)
     case op of
           SI8:
                 order \leftarrow undefined
           SI16L, SI32L, SI64L, SI128L,
           SI16AL, SI32AL, SI64AL, SI128AL, SMUXI64AL:
                 order \leftarrow L
           SI16B, SI32B, SI64B, SI128B,
           SI16AB, SI32AB, SI64AB, SI128AB, SMUXI64AB:
                 order ← B
     endcase
     c \leftarrow RegRead(rc, 64)
     VirtAddr \leftarrow c + (offset^{5}-lsize | | offset | | 0lsize-3)
      case op of
           Sİ16AL, SI32AL, SI64AL, SI128AL,
           SI16AB, SI32AB, SI64AB, SI128AB,
           SMUXI64AB, SMUXI64AL:
                 if (c_{1size-4..0} \neq 0 \text{ then})
                      raise AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress
                 endif
           S116L, S132L, S164L, S1128L,
           SI16B, SI32B, SI64B, SI128B:
           SI8:
      endcase
      d ← RegRead(rd, 128)
      case op of
           S18,
           S116L, S116AL, S116B, S116AB,
           S132L, S132AL, S132B, S132AB,
```

endcase

enddef

# **Exceptions**

Access disallowed by virtual address Access disallowed by tag Access disallowed by global TB Access disallowed by local TB Access detail required by tag Access detail required by local TB Access detail required by global TB Local TB miss Global TB miss

# Store Immediate Inplace

These operations add the contents of a register to a sign-extended immediate value to produce a virtual address, and store the contents of a register into memory.

# Operation codes

| S.A.S.I.64.A.B | Store add swap immediate octlet aligned big-endian          |
|----------------|---|
| S.A.S.I.64.A.L | Store add swap immediate octlet aligned little-endian       |
| S.C.S.I.64.A.B | Store compare swap immediate octlet aligned big-endian      |
| S.C.S.I.64.A.L | Store compare swap immediate octlet aligned little-endian   |
| S.M.S.I.64.A.B | Store multiplex swap immediate octlet aligned big-endian    |
| S.M.S.I.64.A.L | Store multiplex swap immediate octlet aligned little-endian |

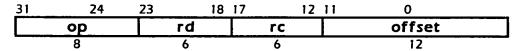
### Selection

| number format  | ор | size | alignment | ord | ering |
|----------------|----|------|-----------|-----|-------|
| add-swap       | AS | 64   | Α         | L   | В     |
| compare-swap   | CS | 64   | Α         | L   | В     |
| multiplex-swap | MS | 64   | Α         | L   | В     |

## **Format**

S.op.I.64.align.order rd@rc,offset

rd=sopi64alignorder(rd,rc,offset)



#### **Description**

A virtual address is computed from the sum of the contents of register rc and the signextended value of the offset field. The contents of memory using the specified byte order are read and treated as a 64-bit value. A specified operation is performed between the memory contents and the original contents of register rd, and the result is written to memory using the specified byte order. The original memory contents are placed into register rd.

The computed virtual address must be aligned, that is, it must be an exact multiple of the size expressed in bytes. If the address is not aligned an "access disallowed by virtual address" exception occurs.

#### <u>Definition</u>

def StoreImmediateInplace(op,rd,rc,offset) as size ← 64
Isize ← log(size) case op of

```
SASI64AL, SCSI64AL, SMSI64AL:
                 order \leftarrow L
           SASI64AB, SCSI64AB, SMSI64AB:
                 order \leftarrow B
     endcase
     c ← RegRead(rc, 64)
     VirtAddr \leftarrow c + (offset ^{5}-lsize | | offset | | 0lsize-3)
     if (c_{1size-4..0} \neq 0 \text{ then})
           raise AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress
     d ← RegRead(rd, 128)
     case op of
           SASI64AB, SASI64AL:
                 lock
                      a ← LoadMemoryW(c,VirtAddr,size,order)
                      StoreMemory(c,VirtAddr,size,order,d<sub>63.0</sub>+a)
           SCSI64AB, SCSI64AL:
                 lock
                       a ← LoadMemoryW(c,VirtAddr,size,order)
                       if (a = d_{63..0}) then
                             StoreMemory(c,VirtAddr,size,order,d<sub>127..64</sub>)
                       endif
                 endlock
           SMSI64AB, SMSI64AL:
                 lock
                       a ← LoadMemoryW(c,VirtAddr,size,order)
                       m \leftarrow (d_{127..64} \& d_{63..0}) \mid (a \& -d_{63..0})
                       StoreMemory(c,VirtAddr,size,order,m)
                 endlock
     endcase
     RegWrite(rd, 64, a)
enddef
Exceptions
Access disallowed by virtual address
```

Access disallowed by tag Access disallowed by global TB Access disallowed by local TB Access detail required by tag Access detail required by local TB Access detail required by global TB Local TB miss Global TB miss

# Store Inplace

These operations add the contents of two registers to produce a virtual address, and store the contents of a register into memory.

# Operation codes

| S.A.S.64.A.B | Store add swap octlet aligned big-endian          |
|--------------|---|
| S.A.S.64.A.L | Store add swap octlet aligned little-endian       |
| S.C.S.64.A.B | Store compare swap octlet aligned big-endian      |
| S.C.S.64 A.L | Store compare swap octlet aligned little-endian   |
| S.M.S.64.A.B | Store multiplex swap octlet aligned big-endian    |
| S.M.S.64.A.L | Store multiplex swap octlet aligned little-endian |

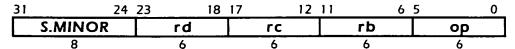
#### Selection

| number format  | ор  | size | alignment | ord | ering |
|----------------|-----|------|-----------|-----|-------|
| add-swap       | AS  | 64   | Α         | L   | В     |
| compare-swap   | C.S | 64   | Α         | L   | В     |
| multiplex-swap | M.S | 64   | Α         | L   | В     |

#### **Format**

op rd@rc,rb

rd=op(rd,rc,rb)



# **Description**

A virtual address is computed from the sum of the contents of register rc and the contents of register rb multiplied by operand size. The contents of memory using the specified byte order are read and treated as 64 bits. A specified operation is performed between the memory contents and the original contents of register rd, and the result is written to memory using the specified byte order. The original memory contents are placed into register rd.

The computed virtual address must be aligned, that is, it must be an exact multiple of the size expressed in bytes. If the address is not aligned an "access disallowed by virtual address" exception occurs.

#### <u>Definition</u>

def StoreInplace(op,rd,rc,rb) as size ← 64 Isize ← log(size) case op of

Access detail required by tag Access detail required by local TB Access detail required by global TB

Local TB miss Global TB miss

```
SAS64AL, SCS64AL, SMS64AL:
                 order \leftarrow L
           SAS64AB, SCS64AB, SMS64AB:
                 order \leftarrow B
     endcase
     c ← RegRead(rc, 64)
     b \leftarrow RegRead(rb, 64)
     VirtAddr \leftarrow c + (b<sub>66-lsize..0</sub> | 1 0 lsize-3)
     if (c_{1size-4...0} \neq 0 \text{ then})
           raise AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress
     endif
      d \leftarrow RegRead(rd, 128)
      case op of
           SAS64AB, SAS64AL:
                 lock
                       a ← LoadMemoryW(c,VirtAddr,size,order)
                       StoreMemory(c,VirtAddr,size,order,d<sub>63..0</sub>+a)
                 endlock
           SCS64AB, SCS64AL:
                 lock
                       a ← LoadMemoryW(c,VirtAddr,size,order)
                       if (a = d_{63..0}) then
                             StoreMemory(c,VirtAddr,size,order,d<sub>127..64</sub>)
                       endif
                 endlock
           SMS64AB, SMS64AL:
                 lock
                       a ← LoadMemoryW(c,VirtAddr,size,order)
                       m \leftarrow (d_{127..64} \& d_{63..0}) \mid (a \& -d_{63..0})
                       StoreMemory(c,VirtAddr,size,order,m)
                 endlock
      endcase
      RegWrite(rd, 64, a)
enddef
Exceptions
Access disallowed by virtual address
Access disallowed by tag
Access disallowed by global TB
Access disallowed by local TB
```

# Group Add

These operations take operands from two registers, perform operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in a third register.

# Operation codes

| Group add bytes                            |
|--|
| Group add doublets                         |
| Group add quadlets                         |
| Group add octlets                          |
| Group add hexlet                           |
| Group add limit signed bytes               |
| Group add limit signed doublets            |
| Group add limit signed quadlets            |
| Group add limit signed octlets             |
| Group add limit signed hexlet              |
| Group add limit unsigned bytes             |
| Group add limit unsigned doublets          |
| Group add limit unsigned quadlets          |
| Group add limit unsigned octlets           |
| Group add limit unsigned hexlet            |
| Group add signed bytes check overflow      |
| Group add signed doublets check overflow   |
| Group add signed quadlets check overflow   |
| Group add signed octlets check overflow    |
| Group add signed hexlet check overflow     |
| Group add unsigned bytes check overflow    |
| Group add unsigned doublets check overflow |
| Group add unsigned quadlets check overflow |
| Group add unsigned octlets check overflow  |
| Group add unsigned hexlet check overflow   |
|  |

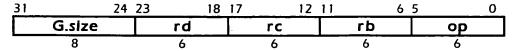
# **Redundancies**

| GADD.size rd=rc,rc     | ⇔        | G.SHL.I.size rd=rc,1     |
|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|
| GADD.size.O rd=rc,rc   | <b>⇔</b> | G.SHL.I.size.O rd=rc,1   |
| GADD.U.size.O rd=rc,rc | ⇔        | G.SHL.I.U.size.O rd=rc,1 |

#### **Format**

G.op.sizerd=rc,rb

rd=gopsize(rc,rb)



# **Description**

The contents of registers rc and rb are partitioned into groups of operands of the size specified and added, and if specified, checked for overflow or limited, yielding a group of results, each of which is the size specified. The group of results is catenated and placed in register rd.

```
def Group(op,size,rd,rc,rb)
       c \leftarrow RegRead(rc, 128)
       b ← RegRead(rb, 128)
        case op of
                GADD:
                       for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                                a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow c_{i+size-1..i} + b_{i+size-1..i}
                       endfor
                GADD.L:
                       for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                                t \leftarrow (C_{i+size-1} \mid I \mid C_{i+size-1..i}) + (b_{i+size-1} \mid I \mid b_{i+size-1..i})
                                a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow (t_{size} \neq t_{size-1}) ? (t_{size} \mid t_{size-1}) : t_{size-1..0}
                        endfor
                GADD.L.U:
                       for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                                t \leftarrow (0^1 \mid 1 \mid c_{i+size-1..i}) + (0^1 \mid 1 \mid b_{i+size-1..i})
                                a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow (t_{size} \neq 0) ? (1^{size}) : t_{size-1..0}
                        endfor
                GADD.O:
                        for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                                t \leftarrow (C_{i+size-1} \mid l \mid C_{i+size-1..i}) + (b_{i+size-1} \mid l \mid b_{i+size-1..i})
                                if t_{size} \neq t_{size-1} then
                                       raise FixedPointArithmetic
                                endif
                                a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow t_{size-1..0}
                        endfor
                GADD.U.O:
                        for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                                t \leftarrow (0^1 \text{ II } c_{\text{i+size-1..i}}) + (0^1 \text{ II } b_{\text{i+size-1..i}})
                                if t_{size} \neq 0 then
                                       raise FixedPointArithmetic
                                endif
                                a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow t_{size-1..0}
```

endfor

endcase RegWrite(rd, 128, a) enddef

# **Exceptions**

Fixed-point arithmetic

# Group Add Halve

These operations take operands from two registers, perform operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in a third register.

# Operation codes

| GADD.H.8.C GADD.H.8.F Group add halve signed bytes floor GADD.H.8.N Group add halve signed bytes floor GADD.H.8.N Group add halve signed bytes nearest GADD.H.8.Z Group add halve signed bytes zero GADD.H.16.C Group add halve signed doublets ceiling GADD.H.16.F Group add halve signed doublets floor GADD.H.16.N Group add halve signed doublets nearest GADD.H.16.Z Group add halve signed doublets rearest GADD.H.16.Z Group add halve signed doublets zero GADD.H.3.Z.C Group add halve signed quadlets ceiling GADD.H.3.Z.C Group add halve signed quadlets ceiling GADD.H.3.Z.N Group add halve signed quadlets nearest GADD.H.3.Z.Z Group add halve signed quadlets rearest GADD.H.3.Z.Z Group add halve signed octlets ceiling GADD.H.64.C Group add halve signed octlets ceiling GADD.H.64.F Group add halve signed octlets floor GADD.H.64.R Group add halve signed octlets rearest GADD.H.64.Z Group add halve signed octlets rearest GADD.H.128.C Group add halve signed hexlet ceiling GADD.H.128.R GADD.H.128.R Group add halve signed hexlet reling GADD.H.128.R GADD.H.128.R Group add halve signed hexlet rearest GADD.H.128.R GROUP add halve signed hexlet rearest GADD.H.128.R Group add halve unsigned bytes ceiling GADD.H.U.8.C Group add halve unsigned bytes floor GADD.H.U.8.N Group add halve unsigned bytes floor GADD.H.U.8.N Group add halve unsigned doublets rearest GADD.H.U.8.N Group add halve unsigned doublets rearest GADD.H.U.16.R Group add halve unsigned doublets rearest GADD.H.U.16.N Group add halve unsigned doublets rearest GADD.H.U.16.N Group add halve unsigned doublets rearest GADD.H.U.3.P Group add halve unsigned octlets floor GADD.H.U.3.P Group add halve unsigned octlets rearest GADD.H.U.3.P Group add halve unsigned octlets rearest GADD.H.U.4.N Group add halve unsigned octlets rearest GADD.H.U.5.P GROUP.H.U.5.P GROUP.H.U.5.P Group add halve unsigned hexlet realing |                 |   |
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| GADD.H.U.32.C Group add halve unsigned quadlets ceiling GADD.H.U.32.F Group add halve unsigned quadlets floor GADD.H.U.32.N Group add halve unsigned quadlets nearest GADD.H.U.64.C Group add halve unsigned octlets ceiling GADD.H.U.64.F Group add halve unsigned octlets floor GADD.H.U.64.N Group add halve unsigned octlets nearest GADD.H.U.128.C Group add halve unsigned hexlet ceiling GADD.H.U.128.F Group add halve unsigned hexlet floor  |                 | Group add halve unsigned doublets nearest |
| GADD.H.U.32.N Group add halve unsigned quadlets nearest GADD.H.U.64.C Group add halve unsigned octlets ceiling GADD.H.U.64.F Group add halve unsigned octlets floor GADD.H.U.64.N Group add halve unsigned octlets nearest GADD.H.U.128.C Group add halve unsigned hexlet ceiling GADD.H.U.128.F Group add halve unsigned hexlet floor  |                 | Group add halve unsigned quadlets ceiling |
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| GADD.H.U.64.F Group add halve unsigned octlets floor GADD.H.U.64.N Group add halve unsigned octlets nearest GADD.H.U.128.C Group add halve unsigned hexlet ceiling GADD.H.U.128.F Group add halve unsigned hexlet floor   |                 |   |
| GADD.H.U.64.N Group add halve unsigned octlets nearest GADD.H.U.128.C Group add halve unsigned hexlet ceiling GADD.H.U.128.F Group add halve unsigned hexlet floor  |                 |   |
| GADD.H.U.128.C Group add halve unsigned hexlet ceiling GADD.H.U.128.F Group add halve unsigned hexlet floor   |                 | Group add halve unsigned octlets nearest  |
| GADD.H.U.128.F Group add halve unsigned hexlet floor  |                 | Group add halve unsigned hexlet ceiling   |
|   |                 | Group add halve unsigned hexlet floor     |
|   | G.ADD.H.U.128.N |   |

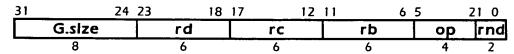
# Redundancies

| GADD.H.size.rnd rd=rc,rc   | ⇔ | G.COPY rd=rc |
|----------------------------|---|--------------|
| GADD.H.U.size.rnd rd=rc,rc | ⇔ | G.COPY rd=rc |

## **Format**

G.op.size.rnd rd=rc,rb

rd=gopsizernd(rc,rb)



#### **Description**

The contents of registers rc and rb are partitioned into groups of operands of the size specified, added, halved, and rounded as specified, yielding a group of results, each of which is the size specified. The results never overflow, so limiting is not required by this operation. The group of results is catenated and placed in register rd.

Z (zero) rounding is not defined for unsigned operations, and a ReservedInstruction exception is raised if attempted. F (floor) rounding will properly round unsigned results downward.

```
def GroupAddHalve(op,rnd,size,rd,rc,rb)
      c ← RegRead(rc, 128)
      b ← RegRead(rb, 128)
      case op of
            GADDHC, GADDHF, GADDHN, GADDHZ:
                   as \leftarrow cs \leftarrow bs \leftarrow 1.
            GADDHUC, GADDHUF, GADDHUN, GADDHUZ
                   as \leftarrow cs \leftarrow bs \leftarrow 0
                  if rnd = Z then
                         raise ReservedInstruction
      endcase
      h \leftarrow size+1
      r \leftarrow 1
      for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
            p \leftarrow ((cs \text{ and } c_{size-1}) \mid | c_{size-1+i..i}) + ((bs \text{ and } b_{size-1}) \mid | b_{size-1+i..i})
            case rnd of
                  none. N:
                         s ← Osize II -p1
                   Z:
                         s ← Osize II psize
                   F:
                         s \leftarrow 0^{size+1}
                   C:
```

 $s \leftarrow 0^{\text{size}} \mid \mid 1^{\text{I}}$  endcase  $v \leftarrow \{(\text{as \& p}_{\text{size}}) \mid |p| + (0 \mid |s|)$   $a_{\text{size-1+i..i}} \leftarrow v_{\text{size..1}}$  endfor RegWrite(rd, 128, a) enddef

# **Exceptions**

ReservedInstruction

# Group Boolean

These operations take operands from three registers, perform boolean operations on corresponding bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in the third register.

# Operation codes

| G.BOOLEAN       | 16   |
|-----------------|--|
| I (3 K()()) FAN | l Group boolean  |
|                 | Group bookers  |
|                 | The state of the s |

# **Equivalencies**

| GAAA           | Group three-way and                      |  |
|----------------|--|--|
| GAAA.1         | Group add add add bits                   |  |
| G.AAS. 1       | Group add add subtract bits              |  |
| GADD.1         | Group add bits                           |  |
| GAND           | Group and                                |  |
| GANDN          | Group and not                            |  |
| G.COPY         | Group copy                               |  |
| G.NAAA         | Group three-way nand                     |  |
| G.NAND         | Group nand                               |  |
| G.NOOO         | Group three-way nor                      |  |
| G.NOR          | Group nor                                |  |
| G.NOT          | Group not                                |  |
| G.NXXX         | Group three-way exclusive-nor            |  |
| G.000          | Group three-way or                       |  |
| G.OR           | Group or                                 |  |
| G.ORN          | Group or not                             |  |
| G.SAA.1        | Group subtract add add bits              |  |
| G.SAS.1        | Group subtract add subtract bits         |  |
| G.SET          | Group set                                |  |
| G.SET.AND.E.1  | Group set and equal zero bits            |  |
| G.SET.AND.NE.1 | Group set and not equal zero bits        |  |
| G.SET.E.1      | Group set equal bits                     |  |
| G.SET.G.1      | Group set greater signed bits            |  |
| G.SET.G.U.1    | Group set greater unsigned bits          |  |
| G.SET.G.Z.1    | Group set greater zero signed bits       |  |
| G.SET.GE.1     | Group set greater equal signed bits      |  |
| G.SET.GE.Z.1   | Group set greater equal zero signed bits |  |
| G.SET.L.1      | Group set less signed bits               |  |
| G.SET.L.Z.1    | Group set less zero signed bits          |  |
| G.SET.LE.1     | Group set less equal signed bits         |  |
| G.SET.LE.U.1   | Group set less equal unsigned bits       |  |
| G.SET.LE.Z.1   | Group set less equal zero signed bits    |  |
| G.SET.NE.1     | Group set not equal bits                 |  |
| G.SET.GE.U.1   | Group set greater equal unsigned bits    |  |
| G.SET.L.U.1    | Group set less unsigned bits             |  |

| G.SSA.1  | Group subtract subtract add bits |                              |  |  |
|----------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| G.SSS. 1 | Group subtract subtract bits     | Group subtract subtract bits |  |  |
| G.SUB. 1 | Group subtract bits              | Group subtract bits          |  |  |
| G.XNOR   | Group exclusive-nor              | Group exclusive-nor          |  |  |
| G.XOR    | Group exclusive-or               | Group exclusive-or           |  |  |
| G.XXX    | Group three-way exclusive-or     |                              |  |  |
| G.ZERO   | Group zero                       | Group zero                   |  |  |

| GAAA rd@rc,rb           | <b>←</b>      | G.BOOLEAN rd@rc,rb,0b10000000       |
|-------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|
| GAAA 1 rd@rc,rb         | $\rightarrow$ | G.XXX rd@rc,rb                      |
| G.AAS.1 rd@rc,rb        | $\rightarrow$ | G.XXX rd@rc,rb                      |
| GADD.1 rd=rc,rb         | $\rightarrow$ | G.XOR rd=rc,rb                      |
| GAND rd=rc,rb           | <b>←</b>      | G.BOOLEAN rd@rc,rb,0b10001000       |
| GANDN rd=rc,rb          | <b>←</b>      | G.BOOLEAN rd@rc,rb,0b01000100       |
| G.BOOLEAN rd@rb,rc,i    | $\rightarrow$ | G.BOOLEAN rd@rc,rb,i7i5i6i4i3i1i2i0 |
| G.COPY rd=rc            | <b>←</b>      | G.BOOLEAN rd@rc,rc,0b10001000       |
| G.NAAA. rd@rc,rb        | <b>←</b>      | G.BOOLEAN rd@rc,rb,0b01111111       |
| G.NAND rd=rc,rb         | <b>←</b>      | G.BOOLEAN rd@rc,rb,0b01110111       |
| G.NOOO rd@rc,rb         | <b>←</b>      | G.BOOLEAN rd@rc,rb,0b00000001       |
| G.NOR rd=rc,rb          | <b>←</b>      | G.BOOLEAN rd@rc,rb,0b00010001       |
| G.NOT rd=rc             | <b>←</b>      | G.BOOLEAN rd@rc,rc,0b00010001       |
| G.NXXX rd@rc,rb         | <b>←</b>      | G.BOOLEAN rd@rc,rb,0b01101001       |
| G.OOO rd@rc,rb          | <b>←</b>      | G.BOOLEAN rd@rc,rb,0b11111110       |
| G.OR rd=rc,rb           | <del></del>   | G.BOOLEAN rd@rc,rb,0b11101110       |
| G.ORN rd=rc,rb          | <b>←</b>      | G.BOOLEAN rd@rc,rb,0b11011101       |
| G.SAA.1 rd@rc,rb        | $\rightarrow$ | G.XXX rd@rc,rb                      |
| G.SAS.1 rd@rc,rb        | $\rightarrow$ | G.XXX rd@rc,rb                      |
| G.SET rd                | ←             | G.BOOLEAN rd@rd,rd,0b10000001       |
| G.SET.AND.E.1 rd=rb,rc  | $\rightarrow$ | G.NAND rd=rc,rb                     |
| G.SET.AND.NE.1 rd=rb,rc | $\rightarrow$ | GAND rd=rc,rb                       |
| G.SET.E.1 rd=rb,rc      | $\rightarrow$ | G.XNOR rd=rc,rb                     |
| G.SET.G.1 rd=rb,rc      | $\rightarrow$ | G.ANDN rd=rc,rb                     |
| G.SET.G.U.1 rd=rb,rc    | $\rightarrow$ | GANDN rd=rb,rc                      |
| G.SET.G.Z.1 rd=rc       | $\rightarrow$ | G.ZERO rd                           |
| G.SET.GE.1 rd=rb,rc     | $\rightarrow$ | G.ORN rd=rc,rb                      |
| G.SET.GE.Z.1 rd=rc      | $\rightarrow$ | G.NOT rd=rc                         |
| G.SET.L.1 rd=rb,rc      | $\rightarrow$ | GANDN rd=rb,rc                      |
| G.SET.L.Z.1 rd=rc       | $\rightarrow$ | G.COPY rd=rc                        |
| G.SET.LE.1 rd=rb,rc     | $\rightarrow$ | G.ORN rd=rb,rc                      |
| G.SET.LE.U.1 rd=rb,rc   | $\rightarrow$ | G.ORN rd=rc,rb                      |
| G.SET.LE.Z.1 rd=rc      | <u></u> →     | G.SET rd                            |
| G.SET.NE.1 rd=rb,rc     | $\rightarrow$ | GXOR rd=rc,rb                       |

| G.SET.GE.U.1 rd=rb,rc | $\rightarrow$ | G.ORN rd=rb,rc                |
|-----------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|
| G.SET.L.U.1 rd=rb,rc  | $\rightarrow$ | GANDN rd=rc,rb                |
| G.SSA.1 rd@rc,rb      | $\rightarrow$ | G.XXX rd@rc,rb                |
| G.SSS.1 rd@rc,rb      | $\rightarrow$ | G.XXX rd@rc,rb                |
| G.SUB.1 rd=rc,rb      | $\rightarrow$ | G.XOR rd=rc,rb                |
| G.XNOR rd=rc,rb       | <b>←</b>      | G.BOOLEAN rd@rc,rb,0b10011001 |
| G.XOR rd=rc,rb        | <del></del>   | G.BOOLEAN rd@rc,rb,0b01100110 |
| G.XXX rd@rc,rb        | <b>←</b>      | G.BOOLEAN rd@rc,rb,0b10010110 |
| G.ZERO rd             | <del></del>   | G.BOOLEAN rd@rd,rd,0b00000000 |

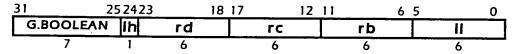
# Selection

| operation | function (binary) | function (decimal) |
|-----------|-------------------|--------------------|
| d         | 11110000          | 240                |
| С         | 11001100          | 204                |
| b         | 10101010          | 176                |
| d&c&b     | 1000000           | 128                |
| (d&c)1b   | 11101010          | 234                |
| dicib     | 11111110          | 254                |
| d?c:b     | 11001010          | 202                |
| d^c^b     | 10010110          | 150                |
| ~d^c^b    | 01101001          | 105                |
| 0         | 0000000           | 0                  |

# **Format**

# G.BOOLEAN rd@trc,trb,f

rd=gbooleani(rd,rc,rb,f)



```
if f6=f5 then
       if f_2=f_1 then
               if f2 then
                       rc \leftarrow max(trc,trb)
                       rb \leftarrow min(trc,trb)
               else
                       rc \leftarrow min(trc,trb)
                       rb \leftarrow max(trc,trb)
               endif
               ih \leftarrow 0
               il \leftarrow 0 \mid 1 \mid f_6 \mid 1 \mid f_7 \mid 1 \mid f_4 \mid 1 \mid f_3 \mid 1 \mid f_0
        else
               if f<sub>2</sub> then
                       rc \leftarrow trb
                       rb \leftarrow trc
               else
                       rc \leftarrow trc
                       rb \leftarrow trb
               endif
               ih \leftarrow 0
               il \leftarrow 1 \mid 1 \mid f_6 \mid 1 \mid f_7 \mid 1 \mid f_4 \mid 1 \mid f_3 \mid 1 \mid f_0
        endif
else
        ih ← 1
        if f<sub>6</sub> then
               rc ← trb
               rb \leftarrow trc
               il \leftarrow f_1 \mid I \mid f_2 \mid I \mid f_7 \mid I \mid f_4 \mid I \mid f_3 \mid I \mid f_0
        else
               rc \leftarrow trc
               rb ← trb
               il \leftarrow f_2 \mid | f_1 \mid | f_7 \mid | f_4 \mid | f_3 \mid | f_0
        endif
endif
```

# Description

Three values are taken from the contents of registers rd, rc and rb. The ih and il fields specify a function of three bits, producing a single bit result. The specified function is evaluated for each bit position, and the results are catenated and placed in register rd.

Register rd is both a source and destination of this instruction.

The function is specified by eight bits, which give the result for each possible value of the three source bits in each bit position:

| d        | 11110000                                   |
|----------|--|
| С        | 11001100                                   |
| b        | 10101010                                   |
| f(d,c,b) | 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0<br>f7 f6 f5 f4 f3 f2 f1 f0 |

A function can be modified by rearranging the bits of the immediate value. The table below shows how rearrangement of immediate value f<sub>7..0</sub> can reorder the operands d,c,b for the same function.

| operation | immediate               |
|-----------|-------------------------|
| f(d,c,b)  | f7 f6 f5 f4 f3 f2 f1 f0 |
| f(c,d,b)  | f7 f6 f3 f2 f5 f4 f1 f0 |
| f(d,b,c)  | f7 f5 f6 f4 f3 f1 f2 f0 |
| f(b,c,d)  | f7 f3f5 f1 f6f2 f4f0    |
| f(c,b,d)  | f7 f5 f3 f1 f6 f4 f2 f0 |
| f(b,d,c)  | f7 f3f6f2f5f1f4f0       |

By using such a rearrangement, an operation of the form: b=f(d,c,b) can be recoded into a legal form: b=f(b,d,c). For example, the function:  $b=f(d,c,b)=d^2c$ : b cannot be coded, but the equivalent function:  $d=c^2b$ :d can be determined by rearranging the code for  $d=f(d,c,b)=d^2c$ :b, which is 11001010, according to the rule for  $f(d,c,b) \Rightarrow f(c,b,d)$ , to the code 11011000.

#### Encoding

Some special characteristics of this rearrangement is the basis of the manner in which the eight function specification bits are compressed to seven immediate bits in this instruction. As seen in the table above, in the general case, a rearrangement of operands from f(d,c,b) to f(d,b,c). (interchanging rc and rb) requires interchanging the values of  $f_0$  and  $f_0$  and the values of  $f_0$  and  $f_0$ .

Among the 256 possible functions which this instruction can perform, one quarter of them (64 functions) are unchanged by this rearrangement. These functions have the property that  $f_6=f_5$  and  $f_2=f_1$ . The values of rc and  $rb^{24}$  can be freely interchanged, and so are sorted into rising or falling order to indicate the value of  $f_2$ . These functions are encoded by the values of  $f_7$ ,  $f_6$ ,  $f_4$ ,  $f_3$ , and  $f_0$  in the immediate field and  $f_2$  by whether rc>rb, thus using 32 immediate values for 64 functions.

Another quarter of the functions have  $f_6=1$  and  $f_5=0$ . These functions are recoded by interchanging rc and rb,  $f_6$  and  $f_5$ ,  $f_2$  and  $f_1$ . They then share the same encoding as the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Note that rc and rb are the register specifiers, not the register contents.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> A special case arises when rc=rb, so the sorting of rc and rb cannot convey information. However, as only the values f7, f4, f3, and f0 can ever result in this case, f6, f5, f2, and f1 need not be coded for this case, so no special handling is required.

quarter of the functions where  $f_6=0$  and  $f_5=1$ , and are encoded by the values of  $f_7$ ,  $f_4$ ,  $f_3$ ,  $f_2$ ,  $f_1$ , and  $f_0$  in the immediate field, thus using 64 immediate values for 128 functions.

The remaining quarter of the functions have  $f_6=f_5$  and  $f_2\neq f_1$ . The half of these in which  $f_2=1$  and  $f_1=0$  are recoded by interchanging rc and rb,  $f_6$  and  $f_5$ ,  $f_2$  and  $f_1$ . They then share the same encoding as the eighth of the functions where  $f_2=0$  and  $f_1=1$ , and are encoded by the values of  $f_7$ ,  $f_6$ ,  $f_4$ ,  $f_3$ , and  $f_0$  in the immediate field, thus using 32 immediate values for 64 functions.

The function encoding is summarized by the table:

| f7 | f <sub>6</sub> | f5 | f4 | f3 | f <sub>2</sub> | fį             | f <sub>0</sub> | trc>trb         | ih | il5            | il4            | il3 | il <sub>2</sub> | ilı            | ilo            | rc  | rb  |
|----|----------------|----|----|----|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|----|----------------|----------------|-----|-----------------|----------------|----------------|-----|-----|
|    |                | f6 |    |    |                | f <sub>2</sub> | -              | f <sub>2</sub>  | 0  | 0              | f6             | f7  | f4              | f <sub>3</sub> | f <sub>0</sub> | trc | trb |
|    |                | f6 |    |    |                | f <sub>2</sub> |                | ~f <sub>2</sub> | 0  | 0              | f6             | f7  | f4              | f3             | f <sub>0</sub> | trb | trc |
|    |                | f6 |    |    | 0              | 1              |                |                 | 0  | 1              | f6             | f7  | f4              | f3             | f <sub>0</sub> | trc | trb |
|    |                | f6 |    |    | 1              | 0              |                |                 | 0  | 1              | f6             | f7  | f4              | f3             | f <sub>0</sub> | trb | trc |
|    | 0              | 1  |    |    |                |                |                |                 | 1  | f <sub>2</sub> | fη             | f7  | f4              | f3             | f <sub>0</sub> | trc | trb |
|    | _1_            | 0  |    |    |                |                |                |                 | 1  | fį             | f <sub>2</sub> | f7  | f4              | f3             | f <sub>0</sub> | trb | trc |

The function decoding is summarized by the table:

| ih | ils | il4 | il <sub>3</sub> | il <sub>2</sub> | $il_1$ | ilo | rc>rb | f <sub>7</sub> | f <sub>6</sub> | f <sub>5</sub> | f4              | f3     | f <sub>2</sub> | fı | fo  |
|----|-----|-----|-----------------|-----------------|--------|-----|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|--------|----------------|----|-----|
| 0  | 0   |     |                 |                 |        |     | 0     | il3            | il4            | il4            | il <sub>2</sub> | $il_1$ | 0              | 0  | ilo |
| 0  | _   |     |                 |                 |        |     | 1     |                |                |                |                 |        |                |    | ilo |
| 0  | 1 · |     |                 |                 |        |     |       |                |                |                |                 |        |                |    | ilo |
| 1  |     | _   |                 |                 |        |     |       |                |                |                |                 |        |                |    | ilo |

#### **Definition**

```
def GroupBoolean (ih,rd,rc,rb,il)
   d ← RegRead(rd, 128)
   c \leftarrow RegRead(rc, 128)
   b ← RegRead(rb, 128)
   if ih=0 then
      if ils=0 then
         else
      endif
   for i \leftarrow 0 to 127 by size
      ai ← f(dillcillbi)
   endfor
   RegWrite(rd, 128, a)
enddef
```

## **Exceptions**

none

# **Group Compare**

These operations perform calculations on partitions of bits in two general register values, and generate a fixed-point arithmetic exception if the condition specified is met.

## Operation codes

| C COM AND 50    |   |
|-----------------|---|
| G.COM.AND.E.8   | Group compare and equal zero bytes            |
| G.COM.AND.E.16  | Group compare and equal zero doublets         |
| G.COM.AND.E.32  | Group compare and equal zero quadlets         |
| G.COM.AND.E.64  | Group compare and equal zero octlets          |
| G.COM.AND.E.128 | Group compare and equal zero hexlet           |
| G.COM.AND.NE.8  | Group compare and not equal zero bytes        |
| G.COM.AND.NE.16 | Group compare and not equal zero doublets     |
| G.COM.AND.NE.32 | Group compare and not equal zero quadlets     |
| G.COM.AND.NE.64 | Group compare and not equal zero octlets      |
| G.COMAND.NE.128 | Group compare and not equal zero hexlet       |
| G.COM.E.8       | Group compare equal bytes                     |
| G.COM.E.16      | Group compare equal doublets                  |
| G.COM.E.32      | Group compare equal quadlets                  |
| G.COM.E.64      | Group compare equal octlets                   |
| G.COM.E.128     | Group compare equal hexlet                    |
| G.COM.GE.8      | Group compare greater equal signed bytes      |
| G.COM.GE.16     | Group compare greater equal signed doublets   |
| G.COM.GE.32     | Group compare greater equal signed quadlets   |
| G.COM.GE.64     | Group compare greater equal signed octlets    |
| G.COM.GE.128    | Group compare greater equal signed hexlet     |
| G.COM.GE.U.8    | Group compare greater equal unsigned bytes    |
| G.COM.GE.U.16   | Group compare greater equal unsigned doublets |
| G.COM.GE.U.32   | Group compare greater equal unsigned quadlets |
| G.COM.GE.U.64   | Group compare greater equal unsigned octlets  |
| G.COM.GE.U.128  | Group compare greater equal unsigned hexlet   |
| G.COM.L.8       | Group compare signed less bytes               |
| G.COM.L.16      | Group compare signed less doublets            |
| G.COM.L.32      | Group compare signed less quadlets            |
| G.COM.L.64      | Group compare signed less octlets             |
| G.COM.L.128     | Group compare signed less hexlet              |
| G.COM.L.U.8     | Group compare less unsigned bytes             |
| G.COM.L.U.16    | Group compare less unsigned doublets          |
| G.COM.L.U.32    | Group compare less unsigned quadlets          |
| G.COM.L.U.64    | Group compare less unsigned octlets           |
| G.COM.L.U.128   | Group compare less unsigned hexlet            |
| G.COM.NE.8      | Group compare not equal bytes                 |
| G.COM.NE.16     | Group compare not equal doublets              |
| G.COM.NE.32     | Group compare not equal quadlets              |
| G.COM.NE.64     | Group compare not equal octlets               |

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| G.COM.NE.128 | Group compare not equal hexlet |
|--------------|--------------------------------|

## **Equivalencies**

| G.COM.E.Z.8    | Group compare equal zero signed butes            |
|----------------|--|
|                | Group compare equal zero signed bytes            |
| G.COM.E.Z.16   | Group compare equal zero signed doublets         |
| G.COM.E.Z.32   | Group compare equal zero signed quadlets         |
| G.COM.E.Z.64   | Group compare equal zero signed octlets          |
| G.COM.E.Z.128  | Group compare equal zero signed hexlet           |
| G.COM.G.8      | Group compare signed greater bytes               |
| G.COM.G.16     | Group compare signed greater doublets            |
| G.COM.G.32     | Group compare signed greater quadlets            |
| G.COM.G.64     | Group compare signed greater octlets             |
| G.COM.G.128    | Group compare signed greater hexlet              |
| G.COM.G.U.8    | Group compare greater unsigned bytes             |
| G.COM.G.U.16   | Group compare greater unsigned doublets          |
| G.COM.G.U.32   | Group compare greater unsigned quadlets          |
| G.COM.G.U.64   | Group compare greater unsigned octlets           |
| G.COM.G.U.128  | Group compare greater unsigned hexlet            |
| G.COM.G.Z.8    | Group compare greater zero signed bytes          |
| G.COM.G.Z.16   | Group compare greater zero signed doublets       |
| G.COM.G.Z.32   | Group compare greater zero signed quadlets       |
| G.COM.G.Z.64   | Group compare greater zero signed octlets        |
| G.COM.G.Z.128  | Group compare greater zero signed hexlet         |
| G.COM.GE.Z.8   | Group compare greater equal zero signed bytes    |
| G.COM.GE.Z.16  | Group compare greater equal zero signed doublets |
| G.COM.GE.Z.32  | Group compare greater equal zero signed quadlets |
| G.COM.GE.Z.64  | Group compare greater equal zero signed octlets  |
| G.COM.GE.Z.128 | Group compare greater equal zero signed hexlet   |
| G.COM.L.Z.8    | Group compare less zero signed bytes             |
| G.COM.L.Z.16   | Group compare less zero signed doublets          |
| G.COM.L.Z.32   | Group compare less zero signed quadlets          |
| G.COM.L.Z.64   | Group compare less zero signed octlets           |
| G.COM.L.Z.128  | Group compare less zero signed hexlet            |
| G.COM.LE.8     | Group compare less equal signed bytes            |
| G.COM.LE.16    | Group compare less equal signed doublets         |
| G.COM.LE.32    | Group compare less equal signed quadlets         |
| G.COM.LE.64    | Group compare less equal signed octlets          |
| G.COM.LE.128   | Group compare less equal signed hexlet           |
| G.COM.LE.U.8   | Group compare less equal unsigned bytes          |
| G.COM.LE.U.16  | Group compare less equal unsigned doublets       |
| G.COM.LE.U.32  | Group compare less equal unsigned quadlets       |
| G.COM.LE.U.64  | Group compare less equal unsigned octlets        |
| G.COM.LE.U.128 | Group compare less equal unsigned hexlet         |
| G.COM.LE.Z.8   | Group compare less equal zero signed bytes       |
| G.COM.LE.Z.16  | Group compare less equal zero signed doublets    |
| G.COM.LE.Z.32  | Group compare less equal zero signed quadlets    |
| G.COM.LE.Z.64  | Group compare less equal zero signed octlets     |
| <del></del>    |  |

| G.COM.LE.Z.128 | Group compare less equal zero signed hexlet  |
|----------------|--|
| G.COM.NE.Z.8   | Group compare not equal zero signed bytes    |
| G.COM.NE.Z.16  | Group compare not equal zero signed doublets |
| G.COM.NE.Z.32  | Group compare not equal zero signed quadlets |
| G.COM.NE.Z.64  | Group compare not equal zero signed octlets  |
| G.COM.NE.Z.128 | Group compare not equal zero signed hexlet   |
| G.FIX          | Group fixed point arithmetic exception       |
| G.NOP          | Group no operation                           |

| G.COM.E.Z.size rc     | <b>←</b>      | G.COM.AND.E.size rc,rc  |
|-----------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| G.COM.G.size rd,rc    | $\rightarrow$ | G.COM.L.size rc;rd      |
| G.COM.G.U.size rd,rc  | $\rightarrow$ | G.COM.L.U.size rc,rd    |
| G.COM.G.Z.size rc     | <b>=</b>      | G.COM.L.U.size rc,rc    |
| G.COM.GE.Z.size rc    | <b>=</b>      | G.COM.GE.size rc,rc     |
| G.COM.L.Z.size rc     | <b>=</b>      | G.COM.L.size rc,rc      |
| G.COM.LE.size rd,rc   | <b>→</b>      | G.COM.GE.size rc,rd     |
| G.COM.LE.U.size rd,rc | $\rightarrow$ | G.COM.GE.U.size rc,rd   |
| G.COM.LE.Z.size rc    | <b>(</b>      | G.COM.GE.U.size rc,rc   |
| G.COM.NE.Z.size rc    | <b>←</b>      | G.COM.AND.NE.size rc,rc |
| G.FIX                 | <del>(</del>  | G.COM.E.128 r0,r0       |
| G.NOP                 | <b>←</b>      | G.COM.NE.128 r0,r0      |

## **Redundancies**

| G.COM.E.size rd,rd  | ⇔ | G.FIX |
|---------------------|---|-------|
| G.COM.NE.size rd,rd | ⇔ | G.NOP |

## Selection

| class      | operation     | cond           | type   | size           |
|------------|---------------|----------------|--------|----------------|
| boolean    | COMAND<br>COM | E NE           |        | 8 16 32 64 128 |
| arithmetic | СОМ           | L GE G LE      | NONE U | 8 16 32 64 128 |
|            | СОМ           | L GE G LE E NE | Z      | 8 16 32 64 128 |

## **Format**

G.COM.op.size rd,rc G.COM.opz.size rcd

## gcomopsize(rd,rc)

| 31   | 24 23 | 18 | 17 1 | 2 11 | 6 5 | 0  |
|------|-------|----|------|------|-----|----|
| G.si | ze    | rd | rc   | ор   | GC  | ОМ |
| 8    |       | 6  | 6    | 6    |     |    |

## Description

Two values are taken from the contents of registers rd and rc. The specified condition is calculated on partitions of the operands. If the specified condition is true for any partition, a fixed-point arithmetic exception is generated. This instruction generates no general purpose register results..

## **Definition**

```
def GroupCompare(op,size,rd,rc)
       d ← RegRead(rd, 128)
       c ← RegRead(rc, 128)
       case op of
              G.COM.E:
                     for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                             a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow (d_{i+size-1..i} = c_{i+size-1..i})^{size}
              G.COM.NE:
                     for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                             ai+size-1...i ← (di+size-1...i ≠ Ci+size-1...i)size
                     endfor
              G.COM.AND.E:
                     for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                             a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow ((c_{i+size-1..i} \text{ and } d_{i+size-1..i}) = 0)^{size}
                     endfor
              G.COM.AND.NE:
                     for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                             a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow ((c_{i+size-1..i} \text{ and } d_{i+size-1..i}) \neq 0)^{size}
                      endfor
              G.COM.L:
                     for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                             a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow ((rd = rc) ? (c_{i+size-1..i} < 0) : (d_{i+size-1..i} < c_{i+size-1..i})^{size}
                      endfor
              G.COM.GE:
                      for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                             a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow ((rd = rc) \ 7 \ (c_{i+size-1..i} \ge 0) : (d_{i+size-1..i} \ge c_{i+size-1..i}))^{size}
                      endfor
              G.COM.L.U:
                      for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                             a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow ((rd = rc) ? (c_{i+size-1..i} > 0) :
                                    ((0 \mid 1 \mid d_{+size-1..i}) < (0 \mid 1 \mid c_{i+size-1..i}))^{size}
                      endfor
              G.COM.GE.U:
                      for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                             a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow ((rd = rc) \ 7 \ (c_{i+size-1..i} \le 0) :
                                    \{(0 \mid 1 \mid d_{i+size-1..i}) \geq (0 \mid 1 \mid c_{i+size-1..i})\}^{size}
                      endfor
       endcase
       if (a \neq 0) then
              raise FixedPointArithmetic
       endif
enddef
```

## **Exceptions**

Fixed-point arithmetic

# **Group Compare Floating-point**

These operations perform calculations on partitions of bits in two general register values, and generate a floating-point arithmetic exception if the condition specified is met.

## Operation codes

| G.COM.E.F.16     | Group compare equal floating-point half                    |
|------------------|--|
| G.COM.E.F.16.X   | Group compare equal floating-point half exact              |
| G.COM.E.F.32     | Group compare equal floating-point single                  |
| G.COM.E.F.32.X   | Group compare equal floating-point single exact            |
| G.COM.E.F.64     | Group compare equal floating-point double                  |
| G.COM.E.F.64.X   | Group compare equal floating-point double exact            |
| G.COM.E.F.128    | Group compare equal floating-point quad                    |
| G.COM.E.F.128.X  | Group compare equal floating-point quad exact              |
| G.COM.GE.F.16    | Group compare greater or equal floating-point half         |
| G.COM.GE.F.16.X  | Group compare greater or equal floating-point half exact   |
| G.COM.GE.F.32    | Group compare greater or equal floating-point single       |
| G.COM.GE.F.32.X  | Group compare greater or equal floating-point single exact |
| G.COM.GE.F.64    | Group compare greater or equal floating-point double       |
| G.COM.GE.F.64.X  | Group compare greater or equal floating-point double exact |
| G.COM.GE.F.128   | Group compare greater or equal floating-point quad         |
| G.COM.GE.F.128.X | Group compare greater or equal floating-point quad exact   |
| G.COM.L.F.16     | Group compare less floating-point half                     |
| G.COM.L.F.16.X   | Group compare less floating-point half exact               |
| G.COM.L.F.32     | Group compare less floating-point single                   |
| G.COM.L.F.32.X   | Group compare less floating-point single exact             |
| G.COM.L.F.64     | Group compare less floating-point double                   |
| G.COM.L.F.64.X   | Group compare less floating-point double exact             |
| G.COM.L.F.128    | Group compare less floating-point quad                     |
| G.COM.L.F.128.X  | Group compare less floating-point quad exact               |
| G.COM.LG.F.16    | Group compare less or greater floating-point half          |
| G.COM.LG.F.16.X  | Group compare less or greater floating-point half exact    |
| G.COM.LG.F.32    | Group compare less or greater floating-point single        |
| G.COM.LG.F.32.X  | Group compare less or greater floating-point single exact  |
| G.COM.LG.F.64    | Group compare less or greater floating-point double        |
| G.COM.LG.F.64.X  | Group compare less or greater floating-point double exact  |
| G.COM.LG.F.128   | Group compare less or greater floating-point quad          |
| G.COM.LG.F.128.X | Group compare less or greater floating-point quad exact    |

## **Equivalencies**

| G.COM.G.F.16     | Group compare greater floating-point half            |
|------------------|--|
| G.COM.G.F.16.X   | Group compare greater floating-point half exact      |
| G.COM.G.F.32     | Group compare greater floating-point single          |
| G.COM.G.F.32.X   | Group compare greater floating-point single exact    |
| G.COM.G.F.64     | Group compare greater floating-point double          |
| G.COM.G.F.64.X   | Group compare greater floating-point double exact    |
| G.COM.G.F.128    | Group compare greater floating-point quad            |
| G.COM.G.F.128.X  | Group compare greater floating-point quad exact      |
| G.COM.LE.F.16    | Group compare less equal floating-point half         |
| G.COM.LE.F.16.X  | Group compare less equal floating-point half exact   |
| G.COM.LE.F.32    | Group compare less equal floating-point single       |
| G.COM.LE.F.32.X  | Group compare less equal floating-point single exact |
| G.COM.LE.F.64    | Group compare less equal floating-point double       |
| G.COM.LE.F.64.X  | Group compare less equal floating-point double exact |
| G.COM.LE.F.128   | Group compare less equal floating-point quad         |
| G.COM.LE.F.128.X | Group compare less equal floating-point quad exact   |

| G.COM.G.F.prec rd,rc    | → G.COM.L.F.prec rc,rd    |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| G.COM.G.F.prec.X rd,rc  | → G.COM.L.F.prec.X rc,rd  |
| G.COM.LE.F.prec rd,rc   | → G.COM.GE.F.prec rc,rd   |
| G.COM.LE.F.prec.X rd,rc | → G.COM.GE.F.prec.X rc,rd |

## <u>Selection</u>

| class | ор  | cond           | type | prec         | round/trap |
|-------|-----|----------------|------|--------------|------------|
| set   | СОМ | E LG L GE G LE | F    | 16 32 64 128 | NONE X     |

#### **Format**

## G.COM.op.prec.round rd,rc

## rc=gcomopprecround(rd,rc)

| 31     | 24 23 | 18 | 17 12 | 11 6 | _5 0 |
|--------|-------|----|-------|------|------|
| G.prec |       | rd | rc    | ор   | GCOM |
| 8      |       | 6  | 6     | 6    | 6    |

#### <u>Description</u>

The contents of registers rd and rc are compared using the specified floating-point condition. If the result of the comparison is true for any corresponding pair of elements, a floating-point exception is raised. If a rounding option is specified, the operation raises a floating-point exception if a floating-point invalid operation occurs. If a rounding option is not specified, floating-point exceptions are not raised, and are handled according to the default rules of IEEE 754.

#### **Definition**

```
def GroupCompareFloatingPoint(op,prec,round,rd,rc) as
     d ← RegRead(rd, 128)
     c ← RegRead(rc, 128)
     for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-prec by prec
           di \leftarrow F(prec, d_{i+prec-1..i})
           ci \leftarrow F(prec, c_{i+prec-1..i})
           if round≠NONE then
                if (di.t = SNAN) or (ci.t = SNAN) then
                      raise FloatingPointArithmetic
                endif
                case op of
                      G.COM.L.F, G.COM.GE.F:
                           if \{di.t = QNAN\} or \{ci.t = QNAN\} then
                                 raise FloatingPointArithmetic
                            endif
                      others: //nothing
                endcase
           endif
           case op of
                G.COM.L.F:
                      ai ← di?≥ci
                G.COM.GE.F:
                      ai ← dil?<ci
                G.COM.E.F:
                      ai ← di=ci
                G.COM.LG.F:
                      ai ← di≠ci
           endcase
           a_{i+prec-1..i} \leftarrow a_i
     endfor
     if (a \neq 0) then
           raise FloatingPointArithmetic
     endif
enddef
```

#### **Exceptions**

Floating-point arithmetic

# **Group Copy Immediate**

This operation copies an immediate value to a general register.

## Operation codes

| G.COPY.I.16  | Group copy immediate doublet        |
|--------------|-------------------------------------|
| G.COPY.I.32  | Group signed copy immediate quadlet |
| G.COPY.I.64  | Group signed copy immediate octlet  |
| G.COPY.I.128 | Group signed copy immediate hexlet  |

## **Equivalencies**

| G.COPY.I.8 | Group copy immediate byte |
|------------|---------------------------|
| G.SET      | Group set                 |
| G.ZERO     | Group zero                |

| G.COPY.I.8 rd=(i3     i70) | <b>←</b> | G.COPY.I.16 rd=(0     i70     i70) |
|----------------------------|----------|------------------------------------|
| G.SET rd                   | <b>←</b> | G.COPY.I.128 rd=-1                 |
| G.ZERO rd                  | <b>←</b> | G.COPY.I.128 rd=0                  |

## **Redundancies**

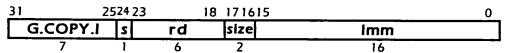
| G.COPY.I.size rd=-1 | ⇔ G.SET rd  | - |
|---------------------|-------------|---|
| G.COPY.I.size rd=0  | ⇔ G.ZERO rd |   |

## <u>Format</u>

G.COPY.I.size

rd=i

rd=gcopyisize(i)



$$s \leftarrow i_{16}$$
  
imm  $\leftarrow i_{15.0}$ 

## **Description**

A 128-bit immediate value is produced from the operation code, the size field and the 16-bit imm field. The result is placed into register ra.

## **Definition**

def GroupCopyImmediate(op,size,rd,imm) as  $s \leftarrow op_0$ 

```
case size of 16:

If s then ReservedInstruction endif

a \leftarrow imm \mid l \mid imm \mid
```

## **Exceptions**

Reserved Instruction

# **Group Immediate**

These operations take operands from a register and an immediate value, perform operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in a second register.

## Operation codes

| GADD.I.16      | Group add immediate doublet                         |
|----------------|---|
| G.ADD.I.16.O   | Group add immediate signed doublet check overflow   |
| GADD.I.32      | Group add immediate quadlet                         |
| GADD.I.32.O    | Group add immediate signed quadlet check overflow   |
| GADD.I.64      | Group add immediate octlet                          |
| G.ADD.1.64.O   | Group add immediate signed octlet check overflow    |
| G.ADD.I.128    | Group add immediate hexlet                          |
| GADD.I.128.O   | Group add immediate signed hexlet check overflow    |
| G.ADD.I.U.16.O | Group add immediate unsigned doublet check overflow |
| GADD.I.U.32.O  | Group add immediate unsigned quadlet check overflow |
| G.ADD.I.U.64.O | Group add immediate unsigned octlet check overflow  |
| GADD.I.U.128.O | Group add immediate unsigned hexlet check overflow  |
| GAND.I.16      | Group and immediate doublet                         |
| GAND.I.32      | Group and immediate quadlet                         |
| GAND.I.64      | Group and immediate octlet                          |
| G.AND.I.128    | Group and immediate hexlet                          |
| G.NAND.I.16    | Group not and immediate doublet                     |
| G.NAND.I.32    | Group not and immediate quadlet                     |
| G.NAND.I.64    | Group not and immediate octlet                      |
| G.NAND.I.128   | Group not and immediate hexlet                      |
| G.NOR.I.16     | Group not or immediate doublet                      |
| G.NOR.I.32     | Group not or immediate quadlet                      |
| G.NOR.I.64     | Group not or immediate octlet                       |
| G.NOR.I.128    | Group not or immediate hexlet                       |
| G.OR.I.16      | Group or immediate doublet                          |
| G.OR.I.32      | Group or immediate quadlet                          |
| G.OR.I.64      | Group or immediate octlet                           |
| G.OR.I.128     | Group or immediate hexlet                           |
| G.XOR.I.16     | Group exclusive-or immediate doublet                |
| G.XOR.I.32     | Group exclusive-or immediate quadlet                |
| G.XOR.I.64     | Group exclusive-or immediate octlet                 |
| G.XOR.I.128    | Group exclusive-or immediate hexlet                 |
|                |   |

## **Equivalencies**

| GANDN.I.16   | Group and not immediate doublet       |
|--------------|---------------------------------------|
| GANDN.I.32   | Group and not immediate quadlet       |
| GANDN.I.64   | Group and not immediate octlet        |
| GANDN.I.128  | Group and not immediate hexlet        |
| G.COPY       | Group copy                            |
| G.NOT        | Group not                             |
| G.ORN.I.16   | Group or not immediate doublet        |
| G.ORN.I.32   | Group or not immediate quadlet        |
| G.ORN.I.64   | Group or not immediate octlet         |
| G.ORN.I.128  | Group or not immediate hexlet         |
| G.XNOR.I.16  | Group exclusive-nor immediate doublet |
| G.XNOR.I.32  | Group exclusive-nor immediate quadlet |
| G.XNOR.I.64  | Group exclusive-nor immediate octlet  |
| G.XNOR.I.128 | Group exclusive-nor immediate hexlet  |

| GANDN.I.size rd=rc.imm  | → GAND.I.size rd=rc,~imm  |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| G.COPY rd=rc            | ← G.OR.I.128 rd=rc,0      |
| G.NOT rd=rc             | ← G.NOR.I.128 rd=rc,0     |
| G.ORN.I.size rd=rc.imm  | → G.OR.I.size rd=rc,~imm  |
| G.XNOR.I.size rd=rc.imm | → G.XOR.I.size rd=rc,~imm |

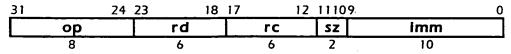
## **Redundancies**

| GADD.I.size rd=rc,0      | ⇔                 | G.COPY rd=rc |
|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| GADD.I.size.O rd=rc,0    | ⇔                 | G.COPY rd=rc |
| G.ADD.I.U.size.O rd=rc,0 | <b>⇔</b>          | G.COPY rd=rc |
| G.AND.I.size rd=rc,0     | ⇔                 | G.ZERO rd    |
| GAND.I.size rd=rc,-1     | <b>⇔</b>          | G.COPY rd=rc |
| G.NAND.I.size rd=rc,0    | ⇔                 | G.SET rd     |
| G.NAND.I.size rd=rc,-1   | ⇔                 | G.NOT rd=rc  |
| G.OR.I.size rd=rc,-1     | $\Leftrightarrow$ | G.SET rd     |
| G.NOR.I.size rd=rc,-1    | ⇔                 | G.ZERO rd    |
| G.XOR.I.size rd=rc,0     | ⇔                 | G.COPY rd=rc |
| G.XOR.I.size rd=rc,-1    | ⇔                 | G.NOT rd=rc  |

## **Format**

op.size rd=rc,imm

rd=opsize(rc,imm)



## $sz \leftarrow log(size)-4$

#### **Description**

The contents of register rc is fetched, and a 128-bit immediate value is produced from the operation code, the size field and the 10-bit imm field. The specified operation is performed on these operands. The result is placed into register ra.

#### **Definition**

```
def GroupImmediate(op,size,rd,rc,imm) as
      c \leftarrow RegRead(rc, 128)
      s \leftarrow imm_9
      case size of
             16:
                    i.16 \leftarrow s^7 11 \text{ imm}
                    b ← i16 | | i16 |
             32:
                    b \leftarrow s^{22} | 1 | imm | 1 | s^{22} | 1 | imm | 1 | s^{22} | 1 | imm | 1 | s^{22} | 1 | imm
             64:
                    128:
                    b \leftarrow s^{118} | I | imm
       endcase
       case op of
             G.AND.I:
                    a \leftarrow c \text{ and } b
             G.OR.I:
                    a \leftarrow c \text{ or } b
              G.NAND.I:
                    a \leftarrow c \text{ nand } b
              G.NOR.I:
                    a \leftarrow c \text{ nor } b
              G.XOR.I:
                    a \leftarrow c xor b
              GADD.I:
                    for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                            ai+size-1..i ← Ci+size-1..i + bi+size-1..i
                     endfor
              GADD.I.O:
                     for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                           t \leftarrow (C_{i+size-1} \mid 1 \mid C_{i+size-1..i}) + (b_{i+size-1} \mid 1 \mid b_{i+size-1..i})
                            if t_{size} \neq t_{size-1} then
                                  raise FixedPointArithmetic
                            a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow t_{size-1..0}
                     endfor
              GADD.I.U.O:
                     for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                            t \leftarrow (0^1 \mid 1 \mid c_{i+size-1..i}) + (0^1 \mid 1 \mid b_{i+size-1..i})
                            if t_{size} \neq 0 then
                                  raise FixedPointArithmetic
                            endif
```

 $a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow t_{size-1..0}$ endfor

endcase

RegWrite(rd, 128, a) enddef

## **Exceptions**

Fixed-point arithmetic

# Group Immediate Reversed

These operations take operands from a register and an immediate value, perform operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in a second register.

## Operation codes

| G.SET.AND.E.I.16 Group set and equal zero immediate doublets G.SETAND.E.I.32 Group set and equal zero immediate quadlets G.SETAND.E.I.128 Group set and equal zero immediate cutlets G.SETAND.E.I.128 Group set and equal zero immediate hexlet G.SET.AND.NE.I.16 Group set and not equal zero immediate doublets G.SET.AND.NE.I.32 Group set and not equal zero immediate duadlets G.SET.AND.NE.I.164 Group set and not equal zero immediate outlets G.SET.AND.NE.I.128 Group set and not equal zero immediate duadlets G.SET.E.I.164 Group set equal immediate duablets G.SET.E.I.164 Group set equal immediate duablets G.SET.E.I.182 Group set equal immediate duablets G.SET.E.I.183 Group set equal immediate duablets G.SET.E.I.184 Group set equal immediate very duablets G.SET.E.I.185 Group set equal immediate signed doublets G.SET.G.I.186 Group set greater equal immediate signed doublets G.SET.G.I.187 G.SET.G.I.188 Group set greater equal immediate signed doublets G.SET.G.I.189 Group set greater equal immediate signed doublets G.SET.G.I.198 Group set greater equal immediate signed doublets G.SET.G.I.198 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned hexlet G.SET.G.I.198 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned doublets G.SET.G.I.198 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned doublets G.SET.G.I.199 G.SET.G.I.199 Group set signed less immediate unsigned hexlet G.SET.G.I.199 G.SET.I.199 Group set signed less immediate unsigned hexlet G.SET.I.199 Group set signed less immediate outlets G.SET.I.199 G.SET.I.199 Group set signed less immediate outlets G.SET.I.199 G.SET.I.199 Group set signed less immediate outlets G.SET.I.199 G.SET.I.199 Group set less immediate signed doublets G.SET.I.199 G.SET.I.199 Group set less immediate signed doublets G.SET.I.199 G.SET.I.199 Group set less immediate signed doublets G.SET.I.199 G.SET.I.199 Group set not equal immediate quadlets G.SET.I.199 G.SET.I.199 Group set not equal immediate outlets G.SET.I.199 G.SET.I.199 Group set not equal immediate outlets G.SET.I.199 G.SUB.199 G.SUB.199 G.SUB.199 G.SUB.199 G.SUB | C C== 43.15 = 4.11 |  |
|--|--------------------|--|
| G.SET.AND.E.1.64 G.SET.AND.E.1.16 G.SET.AND.NE.1.16 G.SET.AND.NE.1.32 Group set and equal zero immediate hexlet G.SET.AND.NE.1.32 Group set and not equal zero immediate doublets G.SET.AND.NE.1.32 Group set and not equal zero immediate octlets G.SET.AND.NE.1.128 Group set and not equal zero immediate octlets G.SET.AND.NE.1.128 Group set and not equal zero immediate hexlet G.SET.E.1.16 Group set equal immediate doublets G.SET.E.1.16 Group set equal immediate dublets G.SET.E.1.16 G.SET.E.1.16 Group set equal immediate octlets G.SET.E.1.128 Group set equal immediate octlets G.SET.G.1.16 G.SET.G.1.132 Group set greater equal immediate signed doublets G.SET.G.1.132 Group set greater equal immediate signed doublets G.SET.G.1.132 Group set greater equal immediate signed octlets G.SET.G.1.132 Group set greater equal immediate signed doublets G.SET.G.1.132 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned doublets G.SET.G.1.132 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned doublets G.SET.G.1.133 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned doublets G.SET.G.1.132 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned doublets G.SET.G.1.133 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned doublets G.SET.G.1.133 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned hexlet G.SET.G.1.133 Group set signed less immediate unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.1.16 Group set signed less immediate doublets G.SET.L.1.16 Group set signed less immediate doublets G.SET.L.1.104 Group set signed less immediate odublets G.SET.L.1.105 G.SET.L.1.106 Group set less immediate signed doublets G.SET.L.1.107 G.SET.L.1.108 Group set less immediate signed doublets G.SET.L.1.108 Group set less immediate signed doublets G.SET.L.1.108 Group set less immediate signed doublets G.SET.L.1.108 Group set not equal immediate doublets G.SET.L.1.109 G.SET.L.1.109 Group set not equal immediate doublets G.SET.NE.1.16 Group set not equal immediate signed hexlet G.SET.NE.1.16 Group set not equal immediate signed hexlet G.SET.NE.1.16 Group set not equal immediate cottets G.SET.NE.1.16 Group subtract immediate signed  |                    |  |
| G.SET.AND.E.I.128 Group set and equal zero immediate hexiet G.SET.AND.NE.I.16 Group set and not equal zero immediate doublets G.SET.AND.NE.I.32 Group set and not equal zero immediate quadlets G.SET.AND.NE.I.64 Group set and not equal zero immediate octlets G.SET.AND.NE.I.128 Group set and not equal zero immediate octlets G.SET.E.I.16 Group set and not equal zero immediate hexiet G.SET.E.I.16 Group set equal immediate doublets G.SET.E.I.16 Group set equal immediate quadlets G.SET.E.I.16 Group set equal immediate octlets G.SET.E.I.18 Group set equal immediate octlets G.SET.E.I.18 Group set equal immediate signed doublets G.SET.GE.I.19 Group set greater equal immediate signed doublets G.SET.GE.I.19 Group set greater equal immediate signed doublets G.SET.GE.I.10 Group set greater equal immediate signed doublets G.SET.GE.I.10 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.I.10 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.I.U.16 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.I.U.16 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned octlets G.SET.GE.I.U.18 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned octlets G.SET.GE.I.U.19 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned hexiet G.SET.GE.I.U.19 Group set signed less immediate doublets G.SET.L.I.16 Group set signed less immediate doublets G.SET.L.I.10 Group set signed less immediate octlets G.SET.L.I.10 Group set signed less immediate octlets G.SET.L.I.10 Group set less immediate signed doublets G.SET.L.I.118 Group set less immediate signed doublets G.SET.L.I.1198 Group set not equal immediate octlets G.SET.NE.I.16 Group set not equal immediate octlets G.SET.NE.I.16 Group subtract immediate signed doublet check overflow G.SUB.I.16 Group subtract immediate signed octlet check overflow G.SUB.I.16 Group subtract immediate signed oct |                    | <u> </u>   |
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| G.SET.AND.NE.I.32 Group set and not equal zero immediate quadlets G.SET.AND.NE.I.64 Group set and not equal zero immediate octlets G.SET.E.I.16 Group set and not equal zero immediate hexlet G.SET.E.I.32 Group set equal immediate doublets G.SET.E.I.32 Group set equal immediate quadlets G.SET.E.I.32 Group set equal immediate octlets G.SET.E.I.128 Group set equal immediate octlets G.SET.GE.I.16 Group set equal immediate signed doublets G.SET.GE.I.16 Group set greater equal immediate signed doublets G.SET.GE.I.182 Group set greater equal immediate signed octlets G.SET.GE.I.193 Group set greater equal immediate signed octlets G.SET.GE.I.104 Group set greater equal immediate signed hexlet G.SET.GE.I.105 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.I.U.16 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.I.U.16 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned quadlets G.SET.GE.I.U.18 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned octlets G.SET.GE.I.U.19 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned octlets G.SET.GE.I.U.19 Group set signed less immediate doublets G.SET.L.I.16 Group set signed less immediate doublets G.SET.L.I.19 Group set signed less immediate doublets G.SET.L.I.19 Group set signed less immediate octlets G.SET.L.I.104 Group set less immediate signed doublets G.SET.L.I.108 Group set less immediate signed doublets G.SET.L.I.109 Group set less immediate signed doublets G.SET.L.I.U.16 Group set less immediate signed doublets G.SET.L.I.U.16 Group set less immediate signed hexlet G.SET.L.I.U.18 Group set not equal immediate octlets G.SET.L.I.U.19 Group set not equal immediate octlets G.SET.NE.I.16 Group set not equal immediate signed doublets G.SET.NE.I.16 Group subtract immediate signed doublet check overflow G.SUB.I.32 Group subtract immediate signed doublet check overflow G.SUB.I.30 Group subtract immediate signed octlet check overflow G.SUB.I.31 Group subtract immediate signed octlet check overflow G.SUB.I.32 Group subtract immediate signed octlet check overflow                              |                    | Group set and equal zero immediate hexlet              |
| G.SET.AND.NE.I.128 Group set and not equal zero immediate octlets G.SET.E.I.16 Group set equal immediate doublets G.SET.E.I.32 Group set equal immediate quadlets G.SET.E.I.44 Group set equal immediate octlets G.SET.E.I.128 Group set equal immediate octlets G.SET.GE.I.16 Group set equal immediate hexlet G.SET.GE.I.16 Group set equal immediate signed doublets G.SET.GE.I.16 Group set greater equal immediate signed doublets G.SET.GE.I.32 Group set greater equal immediate signed doublets G.SET.GE.I.32 Group set greater equal immediate signed octlets G.SET.GE.I.18 Group set greater equal immediate signed doublets G.SET.GE.I.198 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.I.U.16 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.I.U.16 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned octlets G.SET.GE.I.U.32 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned octlets G.SET.GE.I.U.128 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned octlets G.SET.GE.I.U.128 Group set signed less immediate doublets G.SET.GE.I.U.128 Group set signed less immediate doublets G.SET.L.I.16 Group set signed less immediate doublets G.SET.L.I.19 Group set signed less immediate octlets G.SET.L.I.10 Group set less immediate signed doublets G.SET.L.I.U.16 Group set less immediate signed doublets G.SET.L.I.U.17 Group set less immediate signed doublets G.SET.L.I.U.18 Group set less immediate signed doublets G.SET.L.I.U.19 Group set less immediate signed octlets G.SET.L.I.U.19 Group set less immediate signed octlets G.SET.L.I.U.19 Group set less immediate signed doublets G.SET.L.I.U.19 Group set less immediate signed doublets G.SET.L.I.U.19 Group set less immediate signed doublets G.SET.NE.I.19 Group set not equal immediate doublets G.SET.NE.I.19 Group subtract immediate signed doublet check overflow G.SUB.I.30 Group subtract immediate signed doublet check overflow G.SUB.I.30 Group subtrac |                    |  |
| G.SET.AND.NE.I.128 Group set and not equal zero immediate hexlet G.SET.E.I.16 Group set equal immediate doublets G.SET.E.I.32 Group set equal immediate quadlets G.SET.E.I.164 Group set equal immediate octlets G.SET.E.I.128 Group set equal immediate hexlet G.SET.GE.I.16 Group set greater equal immediate signed doublets G.SET.GE.I.32 Group set greater equal immediate signed doublets G.SET.GE.I.34 Group set greater equal immediate signed octlets G.SET.GE.I.164 Group set greater equal immediate signed hexlet G.SET.GE.I.178 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.I.178 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.I.1.16 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned quadlets G.SET.GE.I.1.179 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned octlets G.SET.GE.I.1.180 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned octlets G.SET.GE.I.1.181 Group set signed less immediate unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.I.182 Group set signed less immediate doublets G.SET.L.I.183 Group set signed less immediate octlets G.SET.L.I.194 Group set signed less immediate octlets G.SET.L.I.195 Group set less immediate signed doublets G.SET.L.I.198 Group set less immediate signed doublets G.SET.L.I.199 Group set less immediate signed doublets G.SET.L.I.199 Group set less immediate signed octlets G.SET.L.I.199 Group set not equal immediate doublets G.SET.L.I.199 Group set not equal immediate octlets G.SET.NE.I.199 Group subtract immediate signed doublet check overflow G.SUB.I.160 Group subtract immediate signed octlet check overflow G.SUB.I.160 Group subtract immediate signed octlet check overflow G.SUB.I.160 Group subtract immediate signed octlet check overflow   | G.SET.AND.NE.I.32  | Group set and not equal zero immediate quadlets        |
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| G.SET.E.I.32 Group set equal immediate quadlets G.SET.E.I.64 Group set equal immediate octlets G.SET.GE.I.128 Group set equal immediate hexlet G.SET.GE.I.32 Group set greater equal immediate signed doublets G.SET.GE.I.64 Group set greater equal immediate signed quadlets G.SET.GE.I.64 Group set greater equal immediate signed octlets G.SET.GE.I.128 Group set greater equal immediate signed hexlet G.SET.GE.I.128 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.I.U.16 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.I.U.32 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.I.U.32 Group set greater equal immediate unsigned octlets G.SET.GE.I.U.128 Group set signed less immediate doublets G.SET.L.I.16 Group set signed less immediate doublets G.SET.L.I.1.18 Group set signed less immediate octlets G.SET.L.I.1.19 Group set signed less immediate hexlet G.SET.L.I.1.19 Group set less immediate signed doublets G.SET.L.I.1.19 Group set less immediate signed hexlet G.SET.L.I.1.19 Group set less immediate signed hexlet G.SET.L.I.1.19 Group set less immediate signed hexlet G.SET.L.I.1.19 Group set not equal immediate doublets G.SET.L.I.1.19 Group set not equal immediate octlets G.SET.NE.I.19 Group set not equal immediate doublets G.SET.NE.I.19 Group subtract immediate doublet check overflow G.SUB.I.16 Group subtract immediate signed doublet check overflow G.SUB.I.10 Group subtract immediate signed quadlet check overflow G.SUB.I.10 Group subtract immediate signed octlet check overflow G.SUB.I.10 Group subtract immediate signed octlet check overflow  |                    | Group set and not equal zero immediate hexlet          |
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| G.SUB.I.16.O Group subtract immediate signed doublet check overflow G.SUB.I.32 Group subtract immediate quadlet G.SUB.I.32.O Group subtract immediate signed quadlet check overflow G.SUB.I.64 Group subtract immediate octlet G.SUB.I.64.O Group subtract immediate signed octlet check overflow  | G.SET.NE.I.128     | Group set not equal immediate hexlet                   |
| G.SUB.I.32 Group subtract immediate quadlet G.SUB.I.32.O Group subtract immediate signed quadlet check overflow G.SUB.I.64 Group subtract immediate octlet G.SUB.I.64.O Group subtract immediate signed octlet check overflow  |                    | Group subtract immediate doublet                       |
| G.SUB.I.32.O Group subtract immediate signed quadlet check overflow G.SUB.I.64 Group subtract immediate octlet G.SUB.I.64.O Group subtract immediate signed octlet check overflow  |                    | Group subtract immediate signed doublet check overflow |
| G.SUB.I.64 Group subtract immediate octlet G.SUB.I.64.O Group subtract immediate signed octlet check overflow  |                    | Group subtract immediate quadlet                       |
| G.SUB.I.64.O Group subtract immediate signed octlet check overflow   |                    | Group subtract immediate signed quadlet check overflow |
|  |                    | Group subtract immediate octlet                        |
| G.SUB.I.128 Group subtract immediat hexlet   |                    |  |
|  | G.SUB.I. 128       | Group subtract immediat hexlet                         |

| G.SUB.I.128.O   | Group subtract immediate signed hexlet check overflow    |
|-----------------|--|
| G.SUB.I.U.16.O  | Group subtract immediate unsigned doublet check overflow |
| G.SUB.I.U.32.O  | Group subtract immediate unsigned quadlet check overflow |
| G.SUB.I.U.64.O  | Group subtract immediate unsigned octlet check overflow  |
| G.SUB.I.U.128.O | Group subtract immediate unsigned hexlet check overflow  |

## **Equivalencies**

| G.NEG.16         | Group negate doublet                             |
|------------------|--|
| G.NEG.16.0       | Group negate signed doublet check overflow       |
| G.NEG.32         | Group negate quadlet                             |
| G.NEG.32.0       | Group negate signed quadlet check overflow       |
| G.NEG.64         | Group negate octlet                              |
| G.NEG.64.O       | Group negate signed octlet check overflow        |
| G.NEG.128        | Group negate hexlet                              |
| G.NEG.128.O      | Group negate signed hexlet check overflow        |
| G.SET.LE.I.16    | Group set less equal immediate signed doublets   |
| G.SET.LE.I.32    | Group set less equal immediate signed quadlets   |
| G.SET.LE.I.64    | Group set less equal immediate signed octlets    |
| G.SET.LE.I.128   | Group set less equal immediate signed hexlet     |
| G.SET.LE.I.U.16  | Group set less equal immediate unsigned doublets |
| G.SET.LE.I.U.32  | Group set less equal immediate unsigned quadlets |
| G.SET.LE.I.U.64  | Group set less equal immediate unsigned octlets  |
| G.SET.LE.I.U.128 | Group set less equal immediate unsigned hexlet   |
| G.SET.G.I.16     | Group set immediate signed greater doublets      |
| G.SET.G.I.32     | Group set immediate signed greater quadlets      |
| G.SET.G.I.64     | Group set immediate signed greater octlets       |
| G.SET.G.I.128    | Group set immediate signed greater hexlet        |
| G.SET.G.I.U.16   | Group set greater immediate unsigned doublets    |
| G.SET.G.I.U.32   | Group set greater immediate unsigned quadlets    |
| G.SET.G.I.U.64   | Group set greater immediate unsigned octlets     |
| G.SET.G.I.U.128  | Group set greater immediate unsigned hexlet      |

| G.NEG.size rd=rc            | → A.SUB.I.size rd=0,rc          |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| G.NEG.size.O rd=rc          | → A.SUB.I.size.O rd=0,rc        |
| G.SET.G.I.size rd=imm,rc    | → G.SET.GE.I.size rd=imm+1,rc   |
| G.SET.G.I.U.size rd=imm,rc  | → G.SET.GE.I.U.size rd=imm+1,rc |
| G.SET.LE.I.size rd=imm,rc   | → G.SET.L.I.size rd=imm-1,rc    |
| G.SET.LE.I.U.size rd=imm,rc | → G.SET.L.I.U.size rd=imm-1,rc  |

## Redundancies

| G.SET.AND.E.I.size rd=rc,0   | ⇔                 | G.SET.size rd           |  |
|------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--|
| G.SET.AND.NE.I.size rd=rc,0  | ⇔                 | G.ZERO rd               |  |
| G.SET.AND.E.I.size rd=rc,-1  | $\Leftrightarrow$ | G.SET.E.Z.size rd=rc    |  |
| G.SET.AND.NE.I.size rd=rc,-1 | <del></del>       | G.SET.NE.Z.size rd=rc   |  |
| G.SET.E.I.size rd=rc,0       | ⇔                 | G.SET.E.Z.size rd=rc    |  |
| G.SET.GE.I.size rd=rc,0      | ⇔                 | G.SET.GE.Z.size rd=rc   |  |
| G.SET.L.I.size rd=rc,0       | ⇔                 | G.SET.L.Z.size rd=rc    |  |
| G.SET.NE.I.size rd=rc,0      | ⇔                 | G.SET.NE.Z.size rd=rc   |  |
| G.SET.GE.I.U.size rd=rc,0    | $\Leftrightarrow$ | G.SET.GE.U.Z.size rd=rc |  |
| G.SET.L.I.U.size rd=rc,0     | ⇔                 | G.SET.L.U.Z.size rd=rc  |  |

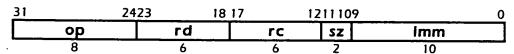
## Selection

| class      | operation      | cond         | form | operand | size         | check |
|------------|----------------|--------------|------|---------|--------------|-------|
| arithmetic | SUB            |              | ı    |         | 16 32 64 128 |       |
|            |                |              | L    | NONE U  | 16 32 64 128 | 0     |
| boolean    | SET.AND<br>SET | E<br>NE      | 1    |         | 16 32 64 128 |       |
|            | SET            | L GE<br>G LE | i    | NONE U  | 16 32 64 128 |       |

## **Format**

op.size rd=imm,rc

## rd=opsize(imm,rc)



 $sz \leftarrow log(size)-4$ 

## **Description**

The contents of register rc is fetched, and a 128-bit immediate value is produced from the operation code, the size field and the 10-bit imm field. The specified operation is performed on these operands. The result is placed into register rd.

## **Definition**

def GroupImmediateReversed(op,size,ra,imm) as

 $c \leftarrow RegRead(rc, 128)$ 

 $s \leftarrow imm_9$ 

case size of

16:

```
i16 ← s<sup>7</sup> | 1 imm
               b ← i16 | | i16
       32:
               b \leftarrow s^{22} \mid 1 \text{ imm } \mid 1 \mid s^{22} \mid 1 \mid \text{imm } \mid 1 \mid s^{22} \mid 1 \mid \text{imm}
       64:
               b \leftarrow s^{54} \mid l \mid imm \mid l \mid s^{54} \mid l \mid imm
       128:
               b \leftarrow s^{118} \mid l \mid imm
endcase
case op of
       G.SUB.I:
               for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                       ai+size-1..i ← bi+size-1..i - Ci+size-1..i
               endfor
       G.SUB.I.O:
               for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                       t \leftarrow (b_{i+size-1} \mid l \mid b_{i+size-1..i}) - (c_{i+size-1} \mid l \mid c_{i+size-1..i})
                       if (t_{size} \neq t_{size-1}) then
                              raise FixedPointArithmetic
                       endif
                       a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow t_{size-1..0}
               endfor
       G.SUB.I.U.O:
               for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                       t \leftarrow (0^1 \mid 1 \mid b_{i+size-1..i}) - (0^1 \mid 1 \mid c_{i+size-1..i})
                       if (t_{size} \neq 0 \text{ then})
                              raise FixedPointArithmetic
                       endif
                       a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow t_{size-1..0}
               endfor
        G.SET.E.I:
               for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                       a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow (b_{i+size-1..i} = c_{i+size-1..i})^{size}
               endfor
        G.SET.NE.I:
               for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                       a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow (b_{i+size-1..i} \neq c_{i+size-1..i})^{size}
               endfor
        G.SET.AND.E.I:
               for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                       a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow ((b_{i+size-1..i} \text{ and } c_{i+size-1..i}) = 0)^{size}
               endfor
        G.SET.AND.NE.I:
               for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                       a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow ((b_{i+size-1..i} \text{ and } c_{i+size-1..i}) \neq 0)^{size}
                endfor
               for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                       ai+size-1..i ← (bi+size-1..i < ci+size-1..i)size
                endfor
        G.SET.GE.I:
               for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
```

```
a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow (b_{i+size-1..i} \geq c_{i+size-1..i})^{size} endfor G.SET.L.I.U: for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow ((0 \ l \ l \ b_{i+size-1..i}) < (0 \ l \ l \ c_{i+size-1..i}))^{size} endfor G.SET.GE.I.U: for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow ((0 \ l \ l \ b_{i+size-1..i}) \geq (0 \ l \ l \ c_{i+size-1..i}))^{size} endfor endcase RegWrite(rd, 128, a) enddef
```

## **Exceptions**

Fixed-point arithmetic

## Group Inplace

These operations take operands from three registers, perform operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in the third register.

## Operation codes

| G.AAA.8   | Group add add bytes             |
|-----------|---------------------------------|
| GAAA.16   | Group add add doublets          |
| G.AAA.32  | Group add add quadlets          |
| GAAA.64   | Group add add octlets           |
| G.AAA.128 | Group add add hexlet            |
| GASA.8    | Group add subtract add bytes    |
| GASA 16   | Group add subtract add doublets |
| G.ASA.32  | Group add subtract add quadlets |
| G.ASA.64  | Group add subtract add octlets  |
| G.ASA.128 | Group add subtract add hexlet   |

## **Equivalencies**

| G.A.A.S8  | Group add add subtract bytes    |  |
|-----------|---------------------------------|--|
| G.AAS.16  | Group add add subtract doublets |  |
| G.AAS.32  | Group add add subtract quadlets |  |
| G.AAS.64  | Group add add subtract octlets  |  |
| G.AAS.128 | Group add add subtract hexlet   |  |

| G.A.A.S.size rd@rc,rb | C ACA aina mal@ub un    |  |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|--|
|                       | → G.ASA.size rd@rb,rc   |  |
|                       | - GI GI ESIEC TOOTD, IC |  |
|                       |                         |  |

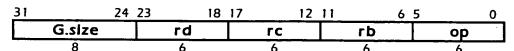
## **Redundancies**

| G.AAA.size rd@rc,rc | ⇔ | G.SHL.I.ADD.size rd=rd,rc,1 |
|---------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| G.ASA.size rd@rc,rc | ⇔ | G.NOP                       |

## **Format**

## G.op.sizerd@rc,rb

## rd=gopsize(rd,rc,rb)



## **Description**

The contents of registers rd, rc and rb are fetched. The specified operation is performed on these operands. The result is placed into register rd.

Register rd is both a source and destination of this instruction.

## <u>Definition</u>

```
def GroupInplace(op,size,rd,rc,rb) as
     d \leftarrow RegRead(rd, 128)
     c ← RegRead(rc, 128)
     b ← RegRead(rb, 128)
     for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
           case op of
                 G.AAA:
                        a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow + d_{i+size-1..i} + c_{i+size-1..i} + b_{i+size-1..i}
                        ai+size-1..i ← + di+size-1..i - Ci+size-1..i + bi+size-1..i
           endcase
     endfor
     RegWrite(rd, 128, a)
enddef
Exceptions
```

none

# **Group Reversed**

These operations take two values from registers, perform operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in a register.

## Operation codes

| G.SET.AND.E.16 Group set and equal zero doublets G.SET.AND.E.32 Group set and equal zero quadlets G.SET.AND.E.64 G.SET.AND.E.128 G.SET.AND.E.128 G.SET.AND.N.E.8 Group set and equal zero hexlet G.SET.AND.N.E.8 Group set and not equal zero bytes G.SET.AND.N.E.16 Group set and not equal zero doublets G.SET.AND.N.E.32 Group set and not equal zero doublets G.SET.AND.N.E.32 G.SET.AND.N.E.32 G.SET.AND.N.E.18 G.SET.AND.N.E.18 Group set and not equal zero octlets G.SET.AND.N.E.18 G.SET.E.8 Group set equal bytes G.SET.E.8 Group set equal bytes G.SET.E.8 Group set equal doublets G.SET.E.16 Group set equal doublets G.SET.E.16 G.SET.E.32 Group set equal doublets G.SET.E.18 Group set equal vandlets G.SET.E.18 Group set equal hexlet G.SET.G.B.8 Group set greater equal signed bytes G.SET.G.B.8 G.SET.G.B.9 G.SET.G.B.16 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.G.B.16 G.SET.G.B.16 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.G.B.16 G.SET.G.B.16 G.SET.G.B.17 G.SET.G.B.18 Group set greater equal signed hexlet G.SET.G.B.18 G.SET.G.B.19 G.SET.G.B.19 G.SET.G.B.19 G.SET.G.B.19 G.SET.G.B.10 G.SET.G.B.10 G.SET.G.B.10 G.SET.G.B.10 G.SET.G.B.10 G.SET.G.B.10 G.SET.G.B.10 G.SET.G.B.10 G.SET.G.B.10 Group set greater equal unsigned hexlet G.SET.G.B.10 G.SET.G.B.10 G.SET.G.B.10 G.SET.G.B.10 G.SET.G.B.10 G.SET.G.B.10 G.SET.G.B.10 Group set greater equal unsigned hexlet G.SET.G.B.11 G.SET.G.B.11 Group set greater equal unsigned hexlet G.SET.G.B.11 G.SET.G.B.11 Group set signed less bytes G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less bytes G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less hexlet G.SET.L.18 Group set signed less hexlet G.SET.L.10 G.SET.L.10 Group set signed less hexlet G.SET.L.11 G.SET.L.12 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.13 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.14 G.SET.L.15 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.16 G.SET.L.17 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.114 G.SET.L.115 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.116 G.SET.L.117 G.SET.L.118 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.119 G.SET.L.119 G.SET.L.110 G.SET.L.110 G.SET.L.1110 G.SET | C CET AND E C |   |
|--|---------------|---|
| G.SET.AND.E.32 Group set and equal zero quadlets G.SET.AND.E.64 Group set and equal zero hexlet G.SET.AND.E.128 Group set and equal zero hexlet G.SET.AND.NE.8 Group set and not equal zero bytes G.SET.AND.NE.16 Group set and not equal zero duablets G.SET.AND.NE.32 Group set and not equal zero quadlets G.SET.AND.NE.32 Group set and not equal zero octlets G.SET.AND.NE.128 Group set and not equal zero hexlet G.SET.B. Group set equal bytes G.SET.E.8 Group set equal bytes G.SET.E.16 Group set equal doublets G.SET.E.32 Group set equal doublets G.SET.E.32 Group set equal octlets G.SET.E.128 Group set equal octlets G.SET.GE.8 Group set greater equal signed bytes G.SET.GE.8 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.16 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.32 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.32 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.34 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.64 Group set greater equal signed octlets G.SET.GE.65 Group set greater equal signed hexlet G.SET.GE.128 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.8 Group set greater equal unsigned bytes G.SET.GE.U.16 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.16 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.16 Group set greater equal unsigned hexlet G.SET.GE.U.128 Group set greater equal unsigned hexlet G.SET.GE.U.128 Group set greater equal unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.8 Group set signed less obublets G.SET.L.8 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less hexlet G.SET.L.18 Group set signed less hexlet G.SET.L.19 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.108 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.108 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.18 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.19 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.19 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.19 Group set less unsigned hexlet   | G.SET.AND.E.8 | Group set and equal zero bytes            |
| G.SET.AND.E.64 G.SET.AND.E.128 G.SET.AND.E.128 G.SET.AND.NE.8 G.SET.AND.NE.8 G.SET.AND.NE.16 G.SET.AND.NE.16 G.SET.AND.NE.16 G.SET.AND.NE.16 G.SET.AND.NE.16 G.SET.AND.NE.32 G.SET.AND.NE.32 G.SET.AND.NE.64 G.SET.AND.NE.64 G.SET.AND.NE.128 G.SET.AND.NE.128 G.SET.E.8 Group set and not equal zero doublets G.SET.E.8 G.SET.E.8 Group set equal bytes G.SET.E.16 G.SET.E.8 G.SET.E.16 G.SET.E.8 Group set equal doublets G.SET.E.16 G.SET.E.18 Group set equal outlets G.SET.E.18 G.SET.E.18 Group set equal lexiet G.SET.E.19 G.SET.E.19 G.SET.E.19 G.SET.E.19 G.SET.E.19 G.SET.GE.10 G.SET.GE.U.116 G.SET.GE.U.16 G.SET.GE.U.16 G.SET.GE.U.18 Group set greater equal unsigned bytes G.SET.GE.U.16 G.SET.GE.U.18 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.16 G.SET.GE.U.18 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.16 G.SET.GE.U.18 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.16 G.SET.GE.U.18 Group set greater equal unsigned hexlet G.SET.GE.U.18 Group set signed less bytes G.SET.L.8 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.8 Group set signed less hexlet G.SET.L.18 Group set signed less hexlet G.SET.L.18 Group set less unsigned bytes G.SET.L.U.18 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.18 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.16 G.SET.L.U.18 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.118 Group set less unsigned hexlet   | <del></del>   |   |
| G.SET.AND.E.128 Group set and equal zero hexlet G.SET.AND.NE.8 Group set and not equal zero bytes G.SET.AND.NE.16 Group set and not equal zero doublets G.SET.AND.NE.32 Group set and not equal zero quadlets G.SET.AND.NE.64 Group set and not equal zero octlets G.SET.AND.NE.128 Group set and not equal zero hexlet G.SET.AND.NE.128 Group set equal doublets G.SET.E.8. Group set equal doublets G.SET.E.16 Group set equal doublets G.SET.E.32 Group set equal vandlets G.SET.E.32 Group set equal hexlet G.SET.GE.8 Group set greater equal signed bytes G.SET.GE.18 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.19 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.10 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.110 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.110 Group set greater equal signed hexlet G.SET.GE.110 Group set greater equal signed hexlet G.SET.GE.110 Group set greater equal signed hexlet G.SET.GE.110 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.110 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.10 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.110 Group set greater equal unsigned quadlets G.SET.GE.U.128 Group set greater equal unsigned hexlet G.SET.GE.U.128 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.10 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.110 Group set signed less octlets G.SET.L.1111 Group set signed less octlets G.SET.L.1128 Group set signed less octlets G.SET.L.1128 Group set signed less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.1132 Group set signed less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.1133 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.1148 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.1158 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.1168 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.1189 Group set less unsigned octlets G.SET.L.1199 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.1111 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.1111 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.1111 Group set less unsigned doublets   |               |   |
| G.SET.AND.NE.8 Group set and not equal zero bytes G.SET.AND.NE.16 Group set and not equal zero doublets G.SET.AND.NE.32 Group set and not equal zero quadlets G.SET.AND.NE.64 Group set and not equal zero octlets G.SET.AND.NE.128 Group set and not equal zero hexlet G.SET.E.8. Group set equal bytes G.SET.E.16 Group set equal doublets G.SET.E.16 Group set equal doublets G.SET.E.32 Group set equal doublets G.SET.E.32 Group set equal octlets G.SET.E.128 Group set greater equal signed bytes G.SET.GE.8 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.16 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.16 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.16 Group set greater equal signed octlets G.SET.GE.18 Group set greater equal signed hexlet G.SET.GE.04 Group set greater equal unsigned bytes G.SET.GE.128 Group set greater equal unsigned bytes G.SET.GE.U.8 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.16 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.16 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.128 Group set greater equal unsigned octlets G.SET.GE.U.128 Group set greater equal unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.8 Group set signed less bytes G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.18 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.19 Group set signed less hexlet G.SET.L.10 Group set signed less unsigned bytes G.SET.L.118 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.118 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.119 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.110 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.1110 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.11111 Group set less unsigned doublets   |               | Group set and equal zero octlets          |
| G.SET.AND.NE.16 Group set and not equal zero doublets G.SET.AND.NE.32 Group set and not equal zero quadlets G.SET.AND.NE.64 Group set and not equal zero octlets G.SET.AND.NE.128 Group set and not equal zero hexlet G.SET.E.8. Group set equal bytes G.SET.E.16 Group set equal doublets G.SET.E.32 Group set equal doublets G.SET.E.32 Group set equal octlets G.SET.E.128 Group set equal signed bytes G.SET.GE.8 Group set greater equal signed bytes G.SET.GE.16 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.16 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.32 Group set greater equal signed quadlets G.SET.GE.32 Group set greater equal signed hexlet G.SET.GE.32 Group set greater equal signed hexlet G.SET.GE.128 Group set greater equal signed hexlet G.SET.GE.U.8 Group set greater equal unsigned bytes G.SET.GE.U.16 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.32 Group set greater equal unsigned quadlets G.SET.GE.U.32 Group set greater equal unsigned octlets G.SET.GE.U.32 Group set greater equal unsigned octlets G.SET.GE.U.32 Group set greater equal unsigned octlets G.SET.GE.U.64 Group set greater equal unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.8 Group set signed less bytes G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.18 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.19 Group set signed less notlets G.SET.L.10 Group set signed less unsigned bytes G.SET.L.118 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.118 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.119 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.104 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.105 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.106 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.107 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.108 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.109 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.1016 Group set less unsigned doublets   |               | Group set and equal zero hexlet           |
| G.SET.AND.NE.32 Group set and not equal zero quadlets G.SET.AND.NE.64 Group set and not equal zero octlets G.SET.AND.NE.128 Group set equal bytes G.SET.E.8. Group set equal doublets G.SET.E.16 G.SET.E.21 Group set equal quadlets G.SET.E.128 Group set equal hexlet G.SET.GE.8 Group set greater equal signed bytes G.SET.GE.16 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.32 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.04 Group set greater equal signed hexlet G.SET.GE.128 Group set greater equal unsigned bytes G.SET.GE.U.8 Group set greater equal unsigned bytes G.SET.GE.U.16 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.32 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.128 Group set greater equal unsigned octlets G.SET.GE.U.128 Group set greater equal unsigned hexlet G.SET.GE.U.128 Group set signed less bytes G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.18 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.198 Group set signed less unsigned bytes G.SET.L.U.18 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.16 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.104 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.105 G.SET.L.U.106 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.108 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.109 G.SET.L.U.109 Group set less unsigned doublets   |               | Group set and not equal zero bytes        |
| G.SET.AND.NE.64 Group set and not equal zero octlets G.SET.AND.NE.128 Group set and not equal zero hexlet G.SET.E.8 Group set equal bytes G.SET.E.16 Group set equal doublets G.SET.E.32 Group set equal doublets G.SET.E.32 Group set equal octlets G.SET.E.18 Group set equal octlets G.SET.E.18 Group set equal hexlet G.SET.GE.8 Group set greater equal signed bytes G.SET.GE.8 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.16 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.32 Group set greater equal signed octlets G.SET.GE.32 Group set greater equal signed octlets G.SET.GE.04 Group set greater equal signed hexlet G.SET.GE.U.8 Group set greater equal unsigned bytes G.SET.GE.U.16 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.32 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.128 Group set greater equal unsigned octlets G.SET.GE.U.128 Group set greater equal unsigned hexlet G.SET.GE.U.128 Group set signed less bytes G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.18 Group set signed less octlets G.SET.L.198 Group set signed less hexlet G.SET.L.108 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.16 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.104 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.105 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.106 Group set less unsigned doublets   |               |   |
| G.SET.AND.NE.128 Group set and not equal zero hexlet G.SET.E.8 Group set equal bytes G.SET.E.16 Group set equal doublets G.SET.E.32 Group set equal doublets G.SET.E.64 Group set equal octlets G.SET.E.128 Group set equal hexlet G.SET.GE.8 Group set greater equal signed bytes G.SET.GE.16 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.16 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.32 Group set greater equal signed quadlets G.SET.GE.32 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.34 Group set greater equal signed hexlet G.SET.GE.18 Group set greater equal unsigned bytes G.SET.GE.10.8 Group set greater equal unsigned bytes G.SET.GE.U.8 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.16 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.32 Group set greater equal unsigned quadlets G.SET.GE.U.128 Group set greater equal unsigned hexlet G.SET.GE.U.128 Group set signed less bytes G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.18 Group set signed less octlets G.SET.L.19 Group set signed less octlets G.SET.L.10 Group set less unsigned bytes G.SET.L.10 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.18 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.18 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.19 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.104 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.105 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.106 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.108 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.109 Group set less unsigned hexlet   |               | Group set and not equal zero quadlets     |
| G.SET.E.8. Group set equal bytes G.SET.E.16 Group set equal doublets G.SET.E.32 Group set equal quadlets G.SET.E.64 Group set equal octlets G.SET.E.128 Group set equal hexlet G.SET.GE.8 Group set greater equal signed bytes G.SET.GE.16 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.16 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.32 Group set greater equal signed quadlets G.SET.GE.64 Group set greater equal signed octlets G.SET.GE.128 Group set greater equal signed hexlet G.SET.GE.0.18 Group set greater equal unsigned bytes G.SET.GE.U.16 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.32 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.32 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.128 Group set greater equal unsigned hexlet G.SET.GE.U.128 Group set signed less bytes G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less bytes G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less quadlets G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less octlets G.SET.L.108 Group set signed less oublets G.SET.L.118 Group set signed less oublets G.SET.L.128 Group set signed less oublets G.SET.L.132 Group set signed less unsigned bytes G.SET.L.U.8 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.16 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.18 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.19 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.104 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.105 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.106 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.108 Group set less unsigned hexlet  |               |   |
| G.SET.E.16 Group set equal doublets G.SET.E.32 Group set equal quadlets G.SET.E.64 Group set equal octlets G.SET.E.128 Group set equal hexlet G.SET.GE.8 Group set greater equal signed bytes G.SET.GE.16 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.32 Group set greater equal signed quadlets G.SET.GE.64 Group set greater equal signed octlets G.SET.GE.128 Group set greater equal signed hexlet G.SET.GE.U.8 Group set greater equal unsigned bytes G.SET.GE.U.8 Group set greater equal unsigned bytes G.SET.GE.U.16 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.32 Group set greater equal unsigned quadlets G.SET.GE.U.64 Group set greater equal unsigned octlets G.SET.GE.U.128 Group set greater equal unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less bytes G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less octlets G.SET.L.128 Group set signed less octlets G.SET.L.128 Group set signed less nexlet G.SET.L.128 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.8 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.16 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.16 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.128 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.149 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.149 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.159 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.169 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.129 Group set less unsigned hexlet   |               |   |
| G.SET.E.32 Group set equal quadlets G.SET.E.64 Group set equal octlets G.SET.E.128 Group set equal hexiet G.SET.GE.8 Group set greater equal signed bytes G.SET.GE.16 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.32 Group set greater equal signed quadlets G.SET.GE.64 Group set greater equal signed octlets G.SET.GE.128 Group set greater equal signed hexlet G.SET.GE.U.8 Group set greater equal unsigned bytes G.SET.GE.U.8 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.16 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.32 Group set greater equal unsigned quadlets G.SET.GE.U.64 Group set greater equal unsigned octlets G.SET.GE.U.128 Group set signed less bytes G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.32 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.32 Group set signed less octlets G.SET.L.148 Group set signed less hexlet G.SET.L.158 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.108 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.18 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.16 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.16 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.18 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.192 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.104 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.105 G.SET.L.U.106 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.106 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.108 Group set less unsigned hexlet  |               | Group set equal bytes                     |
| G.SET.E.64 Group set equal octlets G.SET.E.128 Group set equal hexlet G.SET.GE.8 Group set greater equal signed bytes G.SET.GE.16 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.32 Group set greater equal signed quadlets G.SET.GE.64 Group set greater equal signed octlets G.SET.GE.128 Group set greater equal signed hexlet G.SET.GE.U.8 Group set greater equal unsigned bytes G.SET.GE.U.16 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.32 Group set greater equal unsigned quadlets G.SET.GE.U.32 Group set greater equal unsigned octlets G.SET.GE.U.128 Group set greater equal unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.B Group set signed less bytes G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less quadlets G.SET.L.128 Group set signed less octlets G.SET.L.128 Group set less unsigned bytes G.SET.L.U.8 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.16 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.16 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.18 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.192 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.104 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.105 G.SET.L.U.106 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.109 G.SET.L.U.109 Group set less unsigned doublets   |               | Group set equal doublets                  |
| G.SET.E.128 Group set equal hexlet G.SET.GE.8 Group set greater equal signed bytes G.SET.GE.16 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.32 Group set greater equal signed quadlets G.SET.GE.64 Group set greater equal signed octlets G.SET.GE.128 Group set greater equal signed hexlet G.SET.GE.U.8 Group set greater equal unsigned bytes G.SET.GE.U.16 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.32 Group set greater equal unsigned quadlets G.SET.GE.U.64 Group set greater equal unsigned octlets G.SET.L.8 Group set greater equal unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.8 Group set signed less bytes G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.32 Group set signed less quadlets G.SET.L.48 Group set signed less octlets G.SET.L.18 Group set signed less hexlet G.SET.L.108 Group set less unsigned bytes G.SET.L.U.8 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.16 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.128 Group set less unsigned hexlet  |               | Group set equal quadlets                  |
| G.SET.GE.8 Group set greater equal signed bytes G.SET.GE.16 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.32 Group set greater equal signed quadlets G.SET.GE.64 Group set greater equal signed octlets G.SET.GE.128 Group set greater equal signed hexlet G.SET.GE.U.8 Group set greater equal unsigned bytes G.SET.GE.U.16 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.32 Group set greater equal unsigned quadlets G.SET.GE.U.64 Group set greater equal unsigned octlets G.SET.GE.U.128 Group set greater equal unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.8 Group set signed less bytes G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.32 Group set signed less quadlets G.SET.L.48 Group set signed less octlets G.SET.L.49 G.SET.L.40 Group set less unsigned bytes G.SET.L.U.8 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.8 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.16 Group set less unsigned quadlets G.SET.L.U.128 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.149 Group set less unsigned octlets G.SET.L.U.150 G.SET.L.U.160 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.161 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.128 Group set less unsigned hexlet  |               | Group set equal octlets                   |
| G.SET.GE.16 Group set greater equal signed doublets G.SET.GE.32 Group set greater equal signed quadlets G.SET.GE.64 Group set greater equal signed octlets G.SET.GE.128 Group set greater equal signed hexlet G.SET.GE.U.8 Group set greater equal unsigned bytes G.SET.GE.U.16 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.32 Group set greater equal unsigned quadlets G.SET.GE.U.64 Group set greater equal unsigned octlets G.SET.GE.U.128 Group set greater equal unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.8 Group set signed less bytes G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.32 Group set signed less quadlets G.SET.L.48 Group set signed less octlets G.SET.L.49 G.SET.L.40 Group set less unsigned bytes G.SET.L.40 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.40 G.SET.L.40 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.40 Group set less unsigned hexlet  |               | Group set equal hexiet                    |
| G.SET.GE.32 Group set greater equal signed quadlets G.SET.GE.64 Group set greater equal signed octlets G.SET.GE.128 Group set greater equal signed hexlet G.SET.GE.U.8 Group set greater equal unsigned bytes G.SET.GE.U.16 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.32 Group set greater equal unsigned quadlets G.SET.GE.U.64 Group set greater equal unsigned octlets G.SET.GE.U.128 Group set greater equal unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.8 Group set signed less bytes G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.32 Group set signed less quadlets G.SET.L.32 Group set signed less octlets G.SET.L.128 Group set signed less hexlet G.SET.L.U.8 G.SET.L.U.8 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.16 Group set less unsigned quadlets G.SET.L.U.16 Group set less unsigned octlets G.SET.L.U.32 Group set less unsigned octlets G.SET.L.U.34 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.158 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.128 Group set not equal bytes  | G.SET.GE.8    | Group set greater equal signed bytes      |
| G.SET.GE.64 Group set greater equal signed octlets G.SET.GE.128 Group set greater equal signed hexlet G.SET.GE.U.8 Group set greater equal unsigned bytes G.SET.GE.U.16 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.32 Group set greater equal unsigned quadlets G.SET.GE.U.64 Group set greater equal unsigned octlets G.SET.GE.U.128 Group set greater equal unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.8 Group set signed less bytes G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.32 Group set signed less quadlets G.SET.L.32 Group set signed less octlets G.SET.L.128 Group set signed less hexlet G.SET.L.U.8 Group set less unsigned bytes G.SET.L.U.8 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.16 Group set less unsigned quadlets G.SET.L.U.32 Group set less unsigned octlets G.SET.L.U.32 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.32 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.32 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.38 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.39 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.39 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.39 Group set less unsigned hexlet  |               | Group set greater equal signed doublets   |
| G.SET.GE.128 Group set greater equal signed hexlet G.SET.GE.U.8 Group set greater equal unsigned bytes G.SET.GE.U.16 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.32 Group set greater equal unsigned quadlets G.SET.GE.U.64 Group set greater equal unsigned octlets G.SET.GE.U.128 Group set greater equal unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.8 Group set signed less bytes G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.32 Group set signed less quadlets G.SET.L.64 Group set signed less octlets G.SET.L.128 Group set signed less hexlet G.SET.L.U.8 Group set less unsigned bytes G.SET.L.U.16 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.16 Group set less unsigned quadlets G.SET.L.U.104 Group set less unsigned octlets G.SET.L.U.105 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.106 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.109 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.1000 G.SET.L.U.1001 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.1001 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.1001 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.1001 Group set less unsigned hexlet   | G.SET.GE.32   | Group set greater equal signed quadlets   |
| G.SET.GE.U.8 Group set greater equal unsigned bytes G.SET.GE.U.16 Group set greater equal unsigned doublets G.SET.GE.U.32 Group set greater equal unsigned quadlets G.SET.GE.U.64 Group set greater equal unsigned octlets G.SET.GE.U.128 Group set greater equal unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.8 Group set signed less bytes G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.32 Group set signed less quadlets G.SET.L.64 Group set signed less octlets G.SET.L.128 Group set signed less hexlet G.SET.L.U.8 Group set less unsigned bytes G.SET.L.U.8 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.16 Group set less unsigned quadlets G.SET.L.U.32 Group set less unsigned octlets G.SET.L.U.32 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.64 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.128 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.128 Group set less unsigned hexlet  |               | Group set greater equal signed octlets    |
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| G.SET.L.8 Group set signed less bytes G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.32 Group set signed less quadlets G.SET.L.64 Group set signed less octlets G.SET.L.128 Group set signed less hexlet G.SET.L.U.8 Group set less unsigned bytes G.SET.L.U.16 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.32 Group set less unsigned quadlets G.SET.L.U.64 Group set less unsigned octlets G.SET.L.U.128 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.128 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.NE.8 Group set not equal bytes  | G.SET.GE.U.64 | Group set greater equal unsigned octlets  |
| G.SET.L.16 Group set signed less doublets G.SET.L.32 Group set signed less quadlets G.SET.L.64 Group set signed less octlets G.SET.L.128 Group set signed less hexlet G.SET.L.U.8 Group set less unsigned bytes G.SET.L.U.16 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.32 Group set less unsigned quadlets G.SET.L.U.64 Group set less unsigned octlets G.SET.L.U.128 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.128 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.NE.8 Group set not equal bytes  |               | Group set greater equal unsigned hexlet   |
| G.SET.L.32 Group set signed less quadlets G.SET.L.64 Group set signed less octlets G.SET.L.128 Group set signed less hexlet G.SET.L.U.8 Group set less unsigned bytes G.SET.L.U.16 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.32 Group set less unsigned quadlets G.SET.L.U.64 Group set less unsigned octlets G.SET.L.U.128 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.L.U.128 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.NE.8 Group set not equal bytes  |               | Group set signed less bytes               |
| G.SET.L.64 Group set signed less octlets G.SET.L.128 Group set signed less hexlet G.SET.L.U.8 Group set less unsigned bytes G.SET.L.U.16 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.32 Group set less unsigned quadlets G.SET.L.U.64 Group set less unsigned octlets G.SET.L.U.128 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.NE.8 Group set not equal bytes   |               | Group set signed less doublets            |
| G.SET.L.128 Group set signed less hexlet G.SET.L.U.8 Group set less unsigned bytes G.SET.L.U.16 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.32 Group set less unsigned quadlets G.SET.L.U.64 Group set less unsigned octlets G.SET.L.U.128 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.NE.8 Group set not equal bytes  |               | Group set signed less quadlets            |
| G.SET.L.U.8 Group set less unsigned bytes G.SET.L.U.16 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.32 Group set less unsigned quadlets G.SET.L.U.64 Group set less unsigned octlets G.SET.L.U.128 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.NE.8 Group set not equal bytes   |               | Group set signed less octlets             |
| G.SET.L.U.16 Group set less unsigned doublets G.SET.L.U.32 Group set less unsigned quadlets G.SET.L.U.64 Group set less unsigned octlets G.SET.L.U.128 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.NE.8 Group set not equal bytes   |               | Group set signed less hexlet              |
| G.SET.L.U.32 Group set less unsigned quadlets G.SET.L.U.64 Group set less unsigned octlets G.SET.L.U.128 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.NE.8 Group set not equal bytes   |               | Group set less unsigned bytes             |
| G.SET.L.U.128 Group set less unsigned octlets G.SET.L.U.128 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.NE.8 Group set not equal bytes  |               | Group set less unsigned doublets          |
| G.SET.LU.128 Group set less unsigned hexlet G.SET.NE.8 Group set not equal bytes   | G.SET.L.U.32  | Group set less unsigned quadlets          |
| G.SET.NE.8 Group set not equal bytes   | G.SET.L.U.64  | Group set less unsigned octlets           |
|  |               | Group set less unsigned hexlet            |
| G SET NE 1/  |               | Group set not equal bytes                 |
|  | G.SET.NE.16   | Group set not equal doublets              |
| G.SET.NE.32 Group set not equal quadlets   |               |   |
| G.SET.NE.64 Group set not equal octlets  | G.SET.NE.64   | Group set not equal octlets               |

| G.SET.NE.128  | Group set not equal hexlet                      |
|---------------|---|
| G.SUB.8       | Group subtract bytes                            |
| G.SUB.8.O     | Group subtract signed bytes check overflow      |
| G.SUB.16      | Group subtract doublets                         |
| G.SUB.16.O    | Group subtract signed doublets check overflow   |
| G.SUB.32      | Group subtract quadlets                         |
| G.SUB.32.O    | Group subtract signed quadlets check overflow   |
| G.SUB.64      | Group subtract octlets                          |
| G.SUB.64.O    | Group subtract signed octlets check overflow    |
| G.SUB.128     | Group subtract hexlet                           |
| G.SUB.128.O   | Group subtract signed hexlet check overflow     |
| G.SUB.L.8     | Group subtract limit signed bytes               |
| G.SUB.L.16    | Group subtract limit signed doublets            |
| G.SUB.L.32    | Group subtract limit signed quadlets            |
| G.SUB.L.64    | Group subtract limit signed octlets             |
| G.SUB.L.128   | Group subtract limit signed hexlet              |
| G.SUB.L.U.8   | Group subtract limit unsigned bytes             |
| G.SUB.L.U.16  | Group subtract limit unsigned doublets          |
| G.SUB.L.U.32  | Group subtract limit unsigned quadlets          |
| G.SUB.L.U.64  | Group subtract limit unsigned octlets           |
| G.SUB.L.U.128 | Group subtract limit unsigned hexlet            |
| G.SUB.U.8.O   | Group subtract unsigned bytes check overflow    |
| G.SUB.U.16.O  | Group subtract unsigned doublets check overflow |
| G.SUB.U.32.O  | Group subtract unsigned quadlets check overflow |
| G.SUB.U.64.O  | Group subtract unsigned octlets check overflow  |
| G.SUB.U.128.O | Group subtract unsigned hexlet check overflow   |

## **Equivalencies**

| G.SET.E.Z.8 Group set equal zero bytes  G.SET.E.Z.16 Group set equal zero doublets  G.SET.E.Z.32 Group set equal zero quadlets  G.SET.E.Z.64 Group set equal zero octlets  G.SET.E.Z.128 Group set equal zero hexlet  G.SET.G.Z.8 Group set greater zero signed bytes |
|---|
| G.SET.E.Z.32 Group set equal zero quadlets G.SET.E.Z.64 Group set equal zero octlets G.SET.E.Z.128 Group set equal zero hexlet  |
| G.SET.E.Z.64 Group set equal zero octlets G.SET.E.Z.128 Group set equal zero hexlet   |
| G.SET.E.Z.128 Group set equal zero hexlet   |
|   |
| G.SET.G.Z.0   |
| G.SET.G.Z.16 Group set greater zero signed doublets   |
| G.SET.G.Z.32 Group set greater zero signed quadlets   |
| G.SET.G.Z.64 Group set greater zero signed quadrets  Group set greater zero signed octlets  |
| G.SET.G.Z.128 Group set greater zero signed hexlet  |
| G.SET.GE.Z.8 Group set greater equal zero signed bytes  |
| G.SET.GE.Z.16 Group set greater equal zero signed doublets  |
|   |
|   |
|   |
| G.SET.GE.Z.128 Group set greater equal zero signed hexlet G.SET.L.Z.8 Group set less zero signed bytes  |
|   |
| G.SET.L.Z.16 Group set less zero signed doublets G.SET.L.Z.32 Group set less zero signed quadlets   |
|   |
| G.SET.L.Z.64 Group set less zero signed octlets   |
| G.SET.L.Z.128 Group set less zero signed hexlet   |
| G.SET.LE.Z.8 Group set less equal zero signed bytes   |
| G.SET.LE.Z.16 Group set less equal zero signed doublets   |
| G.SET.LE.Z.32 Group set less equal zero signed quadlets   |
| G.SET.LE.Z.64 Group set less equal zero signed octlets  |
| G.SET.LE.Z.128 Group set less equal zero signed hexlet  |
| G.SET.NE.Z.8 Group set not equal zero bytes   |
| G.SET.NE.Z.16 Group set not equal zero doublets   |
| G.SET.NE.Z.32 Group set not equal zero quadlets   |
| G.SET.NE.Z.64 Group set not equal zero octlets  |
| G.SET.NE.Z.128 Group set not equal zero hexlet  |
| G.SET.LE.8 Group set less equal signed bytes  |
| G.SET.LE.16 Group set less equal signed doublets  |
| G.SET.LE.32 Group set less equal signed quadlets  |
| G.SET.LE.64 Group set less equal signed octlets   |
| G.SET.LE.128 Group set less equal signed hexlet   |
| G.SET.LE.U.8 Group set less equal unsigned bytes  |
| G.SET.LE.U.16 Group set less equal unsigned doublets  |
| G.SET.LE.U.32 Group set less equal unsigned quadlets  |
| G.SET.LE.U.64 Group set less equal unsigned octlets   |
| G.SET.LE.U.128 Group set less equal unsigned hexlet   |
| G.SET.G.8 Group set signed greater bytes  |
| CCCCC 1/  |
| G.SET.G.16 Group set signed greater doublets  |
| G.SET.G.32 Group set signed greater doublets  G.SET.G.32 Group set signed greater quadlets  G.SET.G.64 Group set signed greater octlets   |

| G.SET.G.128   | Group set signed greater hexlet     |  |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| G.SET.G.U.8   | Group set greater unsigned bytes    |  |
| G.SET.G.U.16  | Group set greater unsigned doublets |  |
| G.SET.G.U.32  | Group set greater unsigned quadlets |  |
| G.SET.G.U.64  | Group set greater unsigned octlets  |  |
| G.SET.G.U.128 | Group set greater unsigned hexlet   |  |

|                          |               | TO A TOTAL CONTROL OF THE CONTROL OF |
|--------------------------|---------------|--|
| G.SET.E.Z.size rd=rc     | <b>←</b>      | G.SET.AND.E.size rd=rc,rc  |
| G.SET.G.Z.size rd=rc     | <b>—</b>      | G.SET.L.U.size rd=rc,rc  |
| G.SET.GE.Z.size rd=rc    | <b>=</b>      | G.SET.GE.size rd=rc,rc   |
| G.SET.L.Z.size rd=rc     | <b>(</b>      | G.SET.L.size rd=rc,rc  |
| G.SET.LE.Z.size rd=rc    | ←             | G.SET.GE.U.size rd=rc,rc   |
| G.SET.NE.Z.size rd=rc    | <b>←</b>      | G.SET.AND.NE.size rd=rc,rc   |
| G.SET.G.size rd=rb,rc    | $\rightarrow$ | G.SET.L.size rd=rc,rb  |
| G.SET.G.U.size rd=rb,rc  | $\rightarrow$ | G.SET.L.U.size rd=rc,rb  |
| G.SET.LE.size rd=rb,rc   | $\rightarrow$ | G.SET.GE.size rd=rc,rb   |
| G.SET.LE.U.size rd=rb,rc | $\rightarrow$ | G.SET.GE.U.size rd=rc,rb   |

## **Redundancies**

| G.SET.E.size rd=rc,rc   | ⇔ | G.SET rd  |  |
|-------------------------|---|-----------|--|
| G.SET.NE.size rd=rc,rc  | ⇔ | G.ZERO rd |  |
| G.SUB.size rd=rc,rc     | ⇔ | G.ZERO rd |  |
| G.SUB.L.size rd=rc,rc   | ⇔ | G.ZERO rd |  |
| G.SUB.L.U.size rd=rc,rc | ⇔ | G.ZERO rd |  |
| G.SUB.size.O rd=rc,rc   | ⇔ | G.ZERO rd |  |
| G.SUB.U.size.O rd=rc,rc | ⇔ | G.ZERO rd |  |

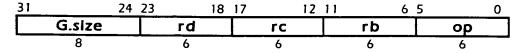
## <u>Selection</u>

| class      | operation | cond         | operand | size           | check |
|------------|-----------|--------------|---------|----------------|-------|
| arithmetic | SUB       |              |         | 8 16 32 64 128 |       |
|            |           |              | NONEU   | 8 16 32 64 128 | 0     |
|            | SUB.L     |              | NONEU   | 8 16 32 64 128 |       |
| boolean    | SETAND    | Ε            |         | 8 16 32 64 128 |       |
|            | SET       | NE           |         |                |       |
|            | SET       | L GE<br>G LE | NONEU   | 8 16 32 64 128 |       |
|            | SET       | G GE<br>L LE | Z       | 8 16 32 64 128 |       |

#### **Format**

## G.op.sizerd=rb,rc

## rd=gopsize(rb,rc)



## **Description**

Two values are taken from the contents of registers rc and rb. The specified operation is performed, and the result is placed in register rd.

## Definition

```
def GroupReversed(op,size,rd,rc,rb)
       c \leftarrow RegRead(rc, 128)
       b \leftarrow RegRead(rb, 128)
       case op of
               G.SUB:
                       for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                               ai+size-1..i ← bi+size-1..i - Ci+size-1..i
                       endfor
               G.SUB.L:
                       for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                               t \leftarrow (b_{i+size-1} \mid 1 \mid b_{i+size-1..i}) - (c_{i+size-1} \mid 1 \mid c_{i+size-1..i})
                               a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow (t_{size} \neq t_{size-1}) ? (t_{size} \parallel t_{size-1}) : t_{size-1..0}
                       endfor
               G.SUB.LU:
                       for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                               t \leftarrow (0^1 \mid 1 \mid b_{i+size-1..i}) - (0^1 \mid 1 \mid c_{i+size-1..i})
                               a_{i+size-1...i} \leftarrow (t_{size} \neq 0) ? O^{size}: t_{size-1...0}
                       endfor
               G.SUB.O:
                       for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                               t \leftarrow (b_{i+size-1} \mid i \mid b_{i+size-1..i}) - (c_{i+size-1} \mid i \mid c_{i+size-1..i})
                               if (t_{size} \neq t_{size-1}) then
                                       raise FixedPointArithmetic
                               a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow t_{size-1..0}
                       endfor
               G.SUB.U.O:
                       for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                               t \leftarrow (0^1 \mid 1 \mid b_{i+size-1..i}) - (0^1 \mid 1 \mid c_{i+size-1..i})
                               if (t_{size} \neq 0) then
                                      raise FixedPointArithmetic
                               a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow t_{size-1..0}
                       endfor
                G.SET.E:
```

```
for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                      a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow (b_{i+size-1..i} = c_{i+size-1..i})^{size}
              endfor
      G.SET.NE:
              for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                      a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow (b_{i+size-1..i} \neq c_{i+size-1..i})^{size}
              endfor
      G.SET.AND.E:
              for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                      a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow ((b_{i+size-1..i} \text{ and } c_{i+size-1..i}) = 0)^{size}
      G.SET.AND.NE:
              for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                      a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow ((b_{i+size-1..i} \text{ and } c_{i+size-1..i}) \neq 0)^{size}
              endfor
      G.SET.L:
              for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                      a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow ((rc = rb) ? (b_{i+size-1..i} < 0) : (b_{i+size-1..i} < c_{i+size-1..i}))^{size}
              endfor
       G.SET.GE:
              for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                      a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow ((rc = rb) ? (b_{i+size-1..i} \ge 0) : (b_{i+size-1..i} \ge c_{i+size-1..i}))^{size}
              endfor
       G.SET.L.U:
              for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                      a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow ((rc = rb) ? (b_{i+size-1..i} > 0) :
                              ((0 | 1 | b_{i+size-1..i}) < (0 | 1 | c_{i+size-1..i}))^{size}
              endfor
       G.SET.GE.U:
              for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                      a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow ((rc = rb) \ 7 \ (b_{i+size-1..i} \le 0) :
                              ((0 \mid | b_{i+size-1..i}) \ge (0 \mid | c_{i+size-1..i}))^{size}
               endfor
endcase
RegWrite(rd, 128, a)
```

#### **Exceptions**

Fixed-point arithmetic

# **Group Reversed Floating-point**

These operations take two values from registers, perform a group of floating-point arithmetic operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in a register.

## Operation codes

| G.SET.E.F.16 Group set equal floating-point half G.SET.E.F.16.X Group set equal floating-point half G.SET.E.F.32 Group set equal floating-point single G.SET.E.F.32.X Group set equal floating-point double G.SET.E.F.64 Group set equal floating-point double G.SET.E.F.64.X Group set equal floating-point double exact G.SET.E.F.128 Group set equal floating-point double exact G.SET.E.F.128.X Group set equal floating-point quad G.SET.E.F.128.X Group set equal floating-point quad exact G.SET.GE.F.16.X Group set greater equal floating-point half exact G.SET.GE.F.32.X Group set greater equal floating-point double exact G.SET.GE.F.32.X Group set greater equal floating-point double exact G.SET.GE.F.16.X Group set greater equal floating-point double exact G.SET.G.F.16.K Group set less greater floating-point half G.SET.LG.F.16 Group set less greater floating-point half G.SET.LG.F.32 Group set less greater floating-point single G.SET.LG.F.32 Group set less greater floating-point single G.SET.LG.F.32 Group set less greater floating-point double G.SET.LG.F.64 Group set less greater floating-point double G.SET.LG.F.128 Group set less floating-point half G.SET.LG.F.128 Group set less floating-point half G.SET.LG.F.128 Group set less floating-point half G.SET.LF.16 Group set less floating-point to duble G.SET.LF.16 Group set less floating-point to duble G.SET.LF.16 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.LF.16 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.LF.128 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.LF.128 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.LF.128 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.LF.64 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.LF.128 Group set greater equal floating-point half G.SET.G |                 |   |
|--|-----------------|---|
| G.SET.E.F.32 Group set equal floating-point single G.SET.E.F.32.X Group set equal floating-point single exact G.SET.E.F.64 Group set equal floating-point double G.SET.E.F.64.X Group set equal floating-point double exact G.SET.E.F.128 Group set equal floating-point quad G.SET.E.F.128.X Group set equal floating-point quad exact G.SET.GE.F.16.X Group set greater equal floating-point half exact G.SET.GE.F.32.X Group set greater equal floating-point single exact G.SET.GE.F.64.X Group set greater equal floating-point double exact G.SET.GE.F.128.X Group set greater equal floating-point double exact G.SET.GE.F.16.4 Group set greater equal floating-point half exact G.SET.LG.F.16 Group set less greater floating-point half G.SET.LG.F.132 Group set less greater floating-point single G.SET.LG.F.32 Group set less greater floating-point single G.SET.LG.F.32 Group set less greater floating-point double G.SET.LG.F.64 Group set less greater floating-point double G.SET.LG.F.128 Group set less greater floating-point double G.SET.LG.F.128 Group set less greater floating-point double exact G.SET.LG.F.128 Group set less greater floating-point double G.SET.L.F.16 Group set less floating-point half G.SET.L.F.16 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.182 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.183 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.184 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.185 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.188 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.189 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.180 Group set greater equal floating-point half G.SET.G.F.16 Group set greater equal floating-point double  | G.SET.E.F.16    | Group set equal floating-point half                 |
| G.SET.E.F.32.X Group set equal floating-point single exact G.SET.E.F.64 Group set equal floating-point double G.SET.E.F.64.X Group set equal floating-point double exact G.SET.E.F.128 Group set equal floating-point quad G.SET.E.F.128.X Group set equal floating-point quad exact G.SET.G.F.16.X Group set greater equal floating-point half exact G.SET.G.F.16.X Group set greater equal floating-point single exact G.SET.G.F.64.X Group set greater equal floating-point double exact G.SET.G.F.128.X Group set greater equal floating-point double exact G.SET.G.F.16.X Group set greater equal floating-point half G.SET.L.G.F.16 Group set less greater floating-point half exact G.SET.L.G.F.16 Group set less greater floating-point single G.SET.L.G.F.32 Group set less greater floating-point single G.SET.L.G.F.32 Group set less greater floating-point double G.SET.L.G.F.64 Group set less greater floating-point double G.SET.L.G.F.64 Group set less greater floating-point double G.SET.L.G.F.128 Group set less greater floating-point double G.SET.L.G.F.128 Group set less greater floating-point quad G.SET.L.G.F.128.X Group set less greater floating-point quad exact G.SET.L.F.16 Group set less floating-point half G.SET.L.F.16.X Group set less floating-point single G.SET.L.F.16.X Group set less floating-point single G.SET.L.F.16.X Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.16.X Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.18.X Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.18.X Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.128.X Group set less floating-point double  |                 |   |
| G.SET.E.F.64 Group set equal floating-point double G.SET.E.F.64.X Group set equal floating-point double exact G.SET.E.F.128 Group set equal floating-point quad G.SET.E.F.128.X Group set equal floating-point quad exact G.SET.GE.F.16.X Group set greater equal floating-point half exact G.SET.GE.F.32.X Group set greater equal floating-point single exact G.SET.GE.F.64.X Group set greater equal floating-point double exact G.SET.GE.F.128.X Group set greater equal floating-point double exact G.SET.GE.F.16.X Group set less greater floating-point quad exact G.SET.LG.F.16 Group set less greater floating-point half G.SET.LG.F.16.X Group set less greater floating-point half exact G.SET.LG.F.32 Group set less greater floating-point single G.SET.LG.F.32.X Group set less greater floating-point double G.SET.LG.F.64.X Group set less greater floating-point double G.SET.LG.F.128 Group set less greater floating-point double exact G.SET.LG.F.128 Group set less greater floating-point quad G.SET.LG.F.128 Group set less greater floating-point thalf G.SET.LG.F.16.X Group set less floating-point half G.SET.L.F.16 Group set less floating-point half G.SET.L.F.16 Group set less floating-point half exact G.SET.L.F.16 Group set less floating-point thalf G.SET.L.F.16.X Group set less floating-point touble G.SET.L.F.18.2 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.32 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.32 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.64 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.18.X Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.L.F.18.X Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.18.X Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.L.F.10 Group set less floating-point quad          |                 | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,               |
| G.SET.E.F.64.X Group set equal floating-point double exact G.SET.E.F.128 Group set equal floating-point quad G.SET.E.F.128.X Group set equal floating-point quad exact G.SET.GE.F.16.X Group set greater equal floating-point half exact G.SET.GE.F.32.X Group set greater equal floating-point single exact G.SET.GE.F.64.X Group set greater equal floating-point double exact G.SET.GE.F.128.X Group set greater equal floating-point double exact G.SET.G.F.16 Group set less greater floating-point half G.SET.LG.F.16 Group set less greater floating-point half G.SET.LG.F.32 Group set less greater floating-point single G.SET.LG.F.32 Group set less greater floating-point single exact G.SET.LG.F.32 Group set less greater floating-point double G.SET.LG.F.64 Group set less greater floating-point double G.SET.LG.F.128 Group set less greater floating-point double exact G.SET.LG.F.128 Group set less greater floating-point duad G.SET.LG.F.128 Group set less floating-point half G.SET.L.F.16 Group set less floating-point half G.SET.L.F.16 Group set less floating-point half G.SET.L.F.16 Group set less floating-point single G.SET.L.F.32 Group set less floating-point single G.SET.L.F.32 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.64 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.128 Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.L.F.128 Group set less floating-point double   |                 |   |
| G.SET.E.F.128 Group set equal floating-point quad G.SET.E.F.128.X Group set equal floating-point quad exact G.SET.GE.F.16.X Group set greater equal floating-point half exact G.SET.GE.F.32.X Group set greater equal floating-point single exact G.SET.GE.F.64.X Group set greater equal floating-point double exact G.SET.GE.F.128.X Group set greater equal floating-point quad exact G.SET.LG.F.16 Group set less greater floating-point half G.SET.LG.F.16.X Group set less greater floating-point half exact G.SET.LG.F.32 Group set less greater floating-point single G.SET.LG.F.32.X Group set less greater floating-point single exact G.SET.LG.F.32.X Group set less greater floating-point double G.SET.LG.F.64 Group set less greater floating-point double G.SET.LG.F.128 Group set less greater floating-point quad G.SET.LG.F.128 Group set less greater floating-point quad G.SET.LG.F.128.X Group set less greater floating-point quad exact G.SET.LF.16 Group set less floating-point half G.SET.LF.16.X Group set less floating-point single G.SET.LF.16.X Group set less floating-point single G.SET.LF.16.X Group set less floating-point single G.SET.LF.32.X Group set less floating-point double G.SET.LF.32.X Group set less floating-point double G.SET.LF.64.X Group set less floating-point double G.SET.LF.128.X Group set less floating-point double  | G.SET.E.F.64    |   |
| G.SET.E.F.128.X Group set equal floating-point quad exact G.SET.GE.F.16.X Group set greater equal floating-point single exact G.SET.GE.F.32.X Group set greater equal floating-point single exact G.SET.GE.F.64.X Group set greater equal floating-point double exact G.SET.GE.F.128.X Group set greater equal floating-point quad exact G.SET.LG.F.16 Group set less greater floating-point half G.SET.LG.F.16.X Group set less greater floating-point half exact G.SET.LG.F.32 Group set less greater floating-point single G.SET.LG.F.32.X Group set less greater floating-point single exact G.SET.LG.F.64 Group set less greater floating-point double G.SET.LG.F.64.X Group set less greater floating-point double exact G.SET.LG.F.128 Group set less greater floating-point quad G.SET.LG.F.128.X Group set less greater floating-point quad exact G.SET.LF.16 Group set less floating-point half G.SET.LF.16.X Group set less floating-point single G.SET.L.F.16.X Group set less floating-point single G.SET.L.F.32 Group set less floating-point single G.SET.L.F.32 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.32 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.64 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.64 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.64 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.128 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.128 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.180 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.181 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.182 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.183 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.198 Group set less floating-point double  |                 |   |
| G.SET.GE.F.16.X Group set greater equal floating-point half exact G.SET.GE.F.32.X Group set greater equal floating-point single exact G.SET.GE.F.64.X Group set greater equal floating-point double exact G.SET.GE.F.128.X Group set greater equal floating-point quad exact G.SET.LG.F.16 Group set less greater floating-point half G.SET.LG.F.16.X Group set less greater floating-point half exact G.SET.LG.F.32 Group set less greater floating-point single G.SET.LG.F.32.X Group set less greater floating-point single exact G.SET.LG.F.64 Group set less greater floating-point double G.SET.LG.F.64.X Group set less greater floating-point double exact G.SET.LG.F.128 Group set less greater floating-point quad G.SET.LG.F.128.X Group set less greater floating-point quad exact G.SET.LF.16 Group set less floating-point half G.SET.L.F.16.X Group set less floating-point single G.SET.L.F.32 Group set less floating-point single G.SET.L.F.32 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.64 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.128 Group set less floating-point double   | G.SET.E.F.128   | Group set equal floating-point quad                 |
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| G.SET.GE.F.64.X Group set greater equal floating-point double exact G.SET.GE.F.128.X Group set greater equal floating-point quad exact G.SET.LG.F.16 Group set less greater floating-point half G.SET.LG.F.16.X Group set less greater floating-point half exact G.SET.LG.F.32 Group set less greater floating-point single G.SET.LG.F.32.X Group set less greater floating-point single exact G.SET.LG.F.64 Group set less greater floating-point double G.SET.LG.F.64.X Group set less greater floating-point double exact G.SET.LG.F.128 Group set less greater floating-point quad G.SET.LG.F.128.X Group set less greater floating-point quad exact G.SET.L.F.16 Group set less floating-point half G.SET.L.F.16.X Group set less floating-point half G.SET.L.F.16.X Group set less floating-point single G.SET.L.F.32 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.64 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.64 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.64 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.128 Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.L.F.128 Group set less floating-point single G.SET.L.F.128 Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.L.F.128 Group set less floating-point single G.SET.L.F.16 Group set greater equal floating-point single G.SET.G.F.16 Group set greater equal floating-point double  | G.SET.GE.F.16.X | , · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·             |
| G.SET.GE.F.128.X Group set greater equal floating-point quad exact G.SET.LG.F.16 Group set less greater floating-point half G.SET.LG.F.32 Group set less greater floating-point single G.SET.LG.F.32.X Group set less greater floating-point single exact G.SET.LG.F.32.X Group set less greater floating-point single exact G.SET.LG.F.64 Group set less greater floating-point double G.SET.LG.F.64.X Group set less greater floating-point double exact G.SET.LG.F.128 Group set less greater floating-point quad G.SET.LG.F.128.X Group set less floating-point quad exact G.SET.L.F.16 Group set less floating-point half G.SET.L.F.16.X Group set less floating-point single G.SET.L.F.32 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.32 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.64 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.64 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.128.X Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.L.F.128.X Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.L.F.128.X Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.128.X Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.L.F.128.X Group set greater equal floating-point half G.SET.G.F.16 Group set greater equal floating-point single G.SET.G.F.16 Group set greater equal floating-point single   |                 | Group set greater equal floating-point single exact |
| G.SET.LG.F.16 Group set less greater floating-point half G.SET.LG.F.32 Group set less greater floating-point single G.SET.LG.F.32.X Group set less greater floating-point single exact G.SET.LG.F.32.X Group set less greater floating-point double G.SET.LG.F.64 Group set less greater floating-point double exact G.SET.LG.F.64.X Group set less greater floating-point double exact G.SET.LG.F.128 Group set less greater floating-point quad G.SET.LG.F.128.X Group set less greater floating-point quad exact G.SET.L.F.16 Group set less floating-point half G.SET.L.F.16.X Group set less floating-point single G.SET.L.F.32 Group set less floating-point single exact G.SET.L.F.32 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.64 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.64 Group set less floating-point double exact G.SET.L.F.128 Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.L.F.128 Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.L.F.128 Group set less floating-point quad exact G.SET.L.F.128 Group set less floating-point quad exact G.SET.L.F.128 Group set less floating-point quad exact G.SET.L.F.128 Group set greater equal floating-point single G.SET.G.F.16 Group set greater equal floating-point single G.SET.G.F.16 Group set greater equal floating-point double   |                 | Group set greater equal floating-point double exact |
| G.SET.LG.F.16.X Group set less greater floating-point half exact G.SET.LG.F.32.X Group set less greater floating-point single G.SET.LG.F.64 Group set less greater floating-point single exact G.SET.LG.F.64X Group set less greater floating-point double G.SET.LG.F.64X Group set less greater floating-point double exact G.SET.LG.F.128 Group set less greater floating-point quad G.SET.LG.F.128.X Group set less greater floating-point quad exact G.SET.LF.16 Group set less floating-point half G.SET.LF.16.X Group set less floating-point half exact G.SET.LF.32 Group set less floating-point single G.SET.LF.32.X Group set less floating-point double G.SET.LF.64 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.LF.64X Group set less floating-point double exact G.SET.LF.128 Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.LF.128.X Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.LF.128.X Group set less floating-point quad exact G.SET.LF.128.X Group set greater equal floating-point single G.SET.GE.F.16 Group set greater equal floating-point single G.SET.GE.F.32 Group set greater equal floating-point double   |                 | Group set greater equal floating-point quad exact   |
| G.SET.LG.F.32 Group set less greater floating-point single G.SET.LG.F.64 Group set less greater floating-point double G.SET.LG.F.64.X Group set less greater floating-point double exact G.SET.LG.F.128 Group set less greater floating-point quad G.SET.LG.F.128.X Group set less greater floating-point quad G.SET.LG.F.128.X Group set less greater floating-point quad exact G.SET.L.F.16 Group set less floating-point half G.SET.L.F.16.X Group set less floating-point half exact G.SET.L.F.32 Group set less floating-point single G.SET.L.F.32.X Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.64 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.64.X Group set less floating-point double exact G.SET.L.F.128.X Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.L.F.128.X Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.L.F.128.X Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.128.X Group set greater equal floating-point half G.SET.GE.F.16 Group set greater equal floating-point double  | 1               | Group set less greater floating-point half          |
| G.SET.LG.F.32.X Group set less greater floating-point single exact G.SET.LG.F.64 Group set less greater floating-point double G.SET.LG.F.64.X Group set less greater floating-point double exact G.SET.LG.F.128 Group set less greater floating-point quad G.SET.LG.F.128.X Group set less greater floating-point quad exact G.SET.LF.16 Group set less floating-point half G.SET.L.F.16.X Group set less floating-point half exact G.SET.L.F.32 Group set less floating-point single G.SET.L.F.32.X Group set less floating-point single exact G.SET.L.F.64 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.64.X Group set less floating-point double exact G.SET.L.F.128 Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.L.F.128.X Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.L.F.128.X Group set less floating-point quad exact G.SET.L.F.128.X Group set greater equal floating-point half G.SET.GE.F.32 Group set greater equal floating-point single G.SET.GE.F.32 Group set greater equal floating-point double   |                 | Group set less greater floating-point half exact    |
| G.SET.LG.F.64 Group set less greater floating-point double G.SET.LG.F.64.X Group set less greater floating-point double exact G.SET.LG.F.128 Group set less greater floating-point quad G.SET.LG.F.128.X Group set less greater floating-point quad exact G.SET.L.F.16 Group set less floating-point half G.SET.L.F.16.X Group set less floating-point single G.SET.L.F.32 Group set less floating-point single G.SET.L.F.32.X Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.64 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.64.X Group set less floating-point double exact G.SET.L.F.128 Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.L.F.128.X Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.L.F.128.X Group set less floating-point quad exact G.SET.G.F.16 Group set greater equal floating-point single G.SET.G.F.32 Group set greater equal floating-point double   | G.SET.LG.F.32   | 1   |
| G.SET.LG.F.64.X Group set less greater floating-point double exact G.SET.LG.F.128 Group set less greater floating-point quad G.SET.LG.F.128.X Group set less greater floating-point quad exact G.SET.L.F.16 Group set less floating-point half G.SET.L.F.16.X Group set less floating-point half exact G.SET.L.F.32 Group set less floating-point single G.SET.L.F.32.X Group set less floating-point single exact G.SET.L.F.64 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.64.X Group set less floating-point double exact G.SET.L.F.128 Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.L.F.128.X Group set less floating-point quad exact G.SET.GE.F.16 Group set greater equal floating-point half G.SET.GE.F.32 Group set greater equal floating-point double G.SET.GE.F.34 Group set greater equal floating-point double   | G.SET.LG.F.32.X |   |
| G.SET.LG.F.128 Group set less greater floating-point quad G.SET.LG.F.128.X Group set less greater floating-point quad exact G.SET.L.F.16 Group set less floating-point half G.SET.L.F.16.X Group set less floating-point half exact G.SET.L.F.32 Group set less floating-point single G.SET.L.F.32.X Group set less floating-point single exact G.SET.L.F.64 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.64.X Group set less floating-point double exact G.SET.L.F.128 Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.L.F.128.X Group set less floating-point quad exact G.SET.GE.F.16 Group set greater equal floating-point half G.SET.GE.F.32 Group set greater equal floating-point single G.SET.GE.F.64 Group set greater equal floating-point double  |                 |   |
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| G.SET.L.F.16 Group set less floating-point half G.SET.L.F.16.X Group set less floating-point half exact G.SET.L.F.32 Group set less floating-point single G.SET.L.F.32.X Group set less floating-point single exact G.SET.L.F.64 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.64.X Group set less floating-point double exact G.SET.L.F.128 Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.L.F.128.X Group set less floating-point quad exact G.SET.GE.F.16 Group set greater equal floating-point half G.SET.GE.F.32 Group set greater equal floating-point single G.SET.GE.F.64 Group set greater equal floating-point double  |                 |   |
| G.SET.L.F.16.X Group set less floating-point half exact G.SET.L.F.32 Group set less floating-point single G.SET.L.F.32.X Group set less floating-point single exact G.SET.L.F.64 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.64.X Group set less floating-point double exact G.SET.L.F.128 Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.L.F.128.X Group set less floating-point quad exact G.SET.GE.F.16 Group set greater equal floating-point half G.SET.GE.F.32 Group set greater equal floating-point single G.SET.GE.F.64 Group set greater equal floating-point double  |                 |   |
| G.SET.L.F.32 Group set less floating-point single G.SET.L.F.32.X Group set less floating-point single exact G.SET.L.F.64 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.64.X Group set less floating-point double exact G.SET.L.F.128 Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.L.F.128.X Group set less floating-point quad exact G.SET.GE.F.16 Group set greater equal floating-point half G.SET.GE.F.32 Group set greater equal floating-point single G.SET.GE.F.64 Group set greater equal floating-point double  |                 | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,               |
| G.SET.L.F.32.X Group set less floating-point single exact G.SET.L.F.64 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.64.X Group set less floating-point double exact G.SET.L.F.128 Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.L.F.128.X Group set less floating-point quad exact G.SET.GE.F.16 Group set greater equal floating-point half G.SET.GE.F.32 Group set greater equal floating-point single G.SET.GE.F.64 Group set greater equal floating-point double  |                 |   |
| G.SET.L.F.64 Group set less floating-point double G.SET.L.F.64.X Group set less floating-point double exact G.SET.L.F.128 Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.L.F.128.X Group set less floating-point quad exact G.SET.GE.F.16 Group set greater equal floating-point half G.SET.GE.F.32 Group set greater equal floating-point single G.SET.GE.F.64 Group set greater equal floating-point double  |                 | , ,   |
| G.SET.L.F.64.X Group set less floating-point double exact G.SET.L.F.128 Group set less floating-point quad G.SET.L.F.128.X Group set less floating-point quad exact G.SET.GE.F.16 Group set greater equal floating-point half G.SET.GE.F.32 Group set greater equal floating-point single G.SET.GE.F.64 Group set greater equal floating-point double  |                 |   |
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| G.SET.L.F.128.X Group set less floating-point quad exact G.SET.GE.F.16 Group set greater equal floating-point half G.SET.GE.F.32 Group set greater equal floating-point single G.SET.GE.F.64 Group set greater equal floating-point double   |                 |   |
| G.SET.GE.F.16 Group set greater equal floating-point half G.SET.GE.F.32 Group set greater equal floating-point single G.SET.GE.F.64 Group set greater equal floating-point double  |                 |   |
| G.SET.GE.F.32 Group set greater equal floating-point single G.SET.GE.F.64 Group set greater equal floating-point double  |                 |   |
| G.SET.GE.F.64 Group set greater equal floating-point double  |                 |   |
|  |                 |   |
| G.SET.GE.F.128 Group set greater equal floating-point quad   |                 |   |
|  | G.SET.GE.F.128  | Group set greater equal floating-point quad         |

## **Equivalencies**

| G.SET.LE.F.16.X  | Group set less equal floating-point half exact   |
|------------------|--|
| G.SET.LE.F.32.X  | Group set less equal floating-point single exact |
| G.SET.LE.F.64.X  | Group set less equal floating-point double exact |
| G.SET.LE.F.128.X | Group set less equal floating-point quad exact   |
| G.SET.G.F.16     | Group set greater floating-point half            |
| G.SET.G.F.16.X   | Group set greater floating-point half exact      |
| G.SET.G.F.32     | Group set greater floating-point single          |
| G.SET.G.F.32.X   | Group set greater floating-point single exact    |
| G.SET.G.F.64     | Group set greater floating-point double          |
| G.SET.G.F.64.X   | Group set greater floating-point double exact    |
| G.SET.G.F.128    | Group set greater floating-point quad            |
| G.SET.G.F.128.X  | Group set greater floating-point quad exact      |
| G.SET.LE.F.16    | Group set less equal floating-point half         |
| G.SET.LE.F.32    | Group set less equal floating-point single       |
| G.SET.LE.F.64    | Group set less equal floating-point double       |
| G.SET.LE.F.128   | Group set less equal floating-point quad         |

| G.SET.G.F.prec rd=rb,rc    | $\rightarrow$ | G.SET.L.F.prec rd=rc,rb    |  |
|----------------------------|---------------|----------------------------|--|
| G.SET.G.F.prec.X rd=rb,rc  | $\rightarrow$ | G.SET.L.F.prec.X rd=rc,rb  |  |
| G.SET.LE.F.prec rd=rb,rc   | $\rightarrow$ | G.SET.GE.F.prec rd=rc,rb   |  |
| G.SET.LE.F.prec.X rd=rb,rc | $\rightarrow$ | G.SET.GE.F.prec.X rd=rc,rb |  |

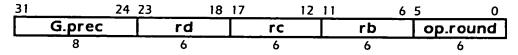
## Selection

| class | ор                           | prec        | round/trap |
|-------|------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| set   | SET.<br>E LG<br>L GE<br>G LE | 16 32 64 12 | 28 NONE X  |

#### **Format**

G.op.prec.round rd=rb,rc

## rc=gopprecround(rb,ra)



## **Description**

The contents of registers ra and rb are combined using the specified floating-point operation. The result is placed in register rc. The operation is rounded using the specified rounding option or using round-to-nearest if not specified. If a rounding option is specified, the operation raises a floating-point exception if a floating-point invalid operation, divide by

zero, overflow, or underflow occurs, or when specified, if the result is inexact. If a rounding option is not specified, floating-point exceptions are not raised, and are handled according to the default rules of IEEE 754.

## **Definition**

```
def GroupFloatingPointReversed(op,prec,round,rd,rc,rb) as
     c ← RegRead(rc, 128)
     b ← RegRead(rb, 128)
     for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-prec by prec
           ci \leftarrow F(prec, c_{i+prec-1..i})
           bi \leftarrow F(prec, b_{i+prec-1..i})
           if round≠NONE then
                 if (di.t = SNAN) or (ci.t = SNAN) then
                      raise FloatingPointArithmetic
                endif
                case op of
                      G.SET.L.F, G.SET.GE.F:
                            if (di.t = QNAN) or (ci.t = QNAN) then
                                 raise FloatingPointArithmetic
                      others: //nothing
                 endcase
           endif
           case op of
                 G.SET.L.F:
                      ai ← bi7≥ci
                 G.SET.GE.F:
                      ai ← bil?<ci
                 G.SET.E.F:
                      ai ← bi=ci
                 G.SET.LG.F:
                      ai ← bi⊭ci
           endcase
           a<sub>i+prec-1..i</sub> ← ai
     endfor
     RegWrite(rd, 128, a)
enddef
```

## **Exceptions**

Floating-point arithmetic

# Group Shift Left Immediate Add

These operations take operands from two registers, perform operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in a third register.

## Operation codes

| G.SHL.I.ADD.8   | Group shift left immediate add bytes    |
|-----------------|---|
| G.SHL.I.ADD.16  | Group shift left immediate add doublets |
| G.SHL.I.ADD.32  | Group shift left immediate add quadlets |
| G.SHL.I.ADD.64  | Group shift left immediate add octlets  |
| G.SHL.I.ADD.128 | Group shift left immediate add hexlet   |

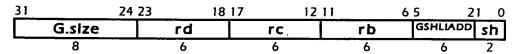
#### **Redundancies**

| G.SHL.I.ADD.size rd=rd,rc,1  |                   |                            |
|------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| 1 G.SML.LADD SIZE TOSTO TO 1 | _                 | G.AAA.size rd@rc,rc        |
|                              | $\hookrightarrow$ | 03 V V L312C 1 G G 1 C,1 C |
|                              | -                 |                            |

#### **Format**

G.op.sizerd=rc,rb,i

rd=gopsize(rc,rb,i)



assert 1≤i≤4 sh ← i-1

## <u>Description</u>

The contents of registers rc and rb are partitioned into groups of operands of the size specified. Partitions of the contents of register rb are shifted left by the amount specified in the immediate field and added to partitions of the contents of register rc, yielding a group of results, each of which is the size specified. Overflows are ignored, and yield modular arithmetic results. The group of results is catenated and placed in register rd.

#### **Definition**

```
def GroupShiftLeftImmediateAdd(sh,size,ra,rb,rc)

c ← RegRead(rc, 128)

b ← RegRead(rb, 128)

for i ← 0 to 128-size by size

ai+size-1..i ← Ci+size-1..i + (bi+size-1-sh..i | 1 01+sh)

endfor

RegWrite(rd, 128, a)

enddef
```

Zeus System Architecture

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Instruction Set Group Shift Left Immediate Add

**Exceptions** 

none

# Group Shift Left Immediate Subtract

These operations take operands from two registers, perform operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in a third register.

#### Operation codes

| G.SHL.I.SUB.8   | Group shift left immediate subtract bytes    |
|-----------------|--|
| G.SHL.I.SUB.16  | Group shift left immediate subtract doublets |
| G.SHL.I.SUB.32  | Group shift left immediate subtract quadlets |
| G.SHL.I.SUB.64  | Group shift left immediate subtract octlets  |
| G.SHL.I.SUB.128 | Group shift left immediate subtract hexlet   |

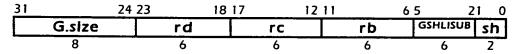
#### Redundancies

| C COPY         |
|----------------|
| ⇒ G.COPY rd=rc |
| ⇔ 3.23.1 1d=10 |
|                |

#### **Format**

G.op.sizerd=rb,i,rc

rd=gopsize(rb,i,rc)



assert 1≤i≤4 sh  $\leftarrow$  i-1

#### Description

The contents of registers rc and rb are partitioned into groups of operands of the size specified. Partitions of the contents of register rc are subtracted from partitions of the contents of register rb shifted left by the amount specified in the immediate field, yielding a group of results, each of which is the size specified. Overflows are ignored, and yield modular arithmetic results. The group of results is catenated and placed in register rd.

#### <u>Definition</u>

Zeus System Architecture

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Instruction Set Group Shift Left Immediate Subtract

## **Exceptions**

none

# **Group Subtract Halve**

These operations take operands from two registers, perform operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in a third register.

### Operation codes

| G.SUB.H.8.C     | Group subtract halve signed bytes ceiling      |
|-----------------|--|
| G.SUB.H.8.F     | Group subtract halve signed bytes floor        |
| G.SUB.H.8.N     | Group subtract halve signed bytes nearest      |
| G.SUB.H.8.Z     | Group subtract halve signed bytes zero         |
| G.SUB.H.16.C    | Group subtract halve signed doublets ceiling   |
| G.SUB.H.16.F    | Group subtract halve signed doublets floor     |
| G.SUB.H.16.N    | Group subtract halve signed doublets nearest   |
| G.SUB.H.16.Z    | Group subtract halve signed doublets zero      |
| G.SUB.H.32.C    | Group subtract halve signed quadlets ceiling   |
| G.SUB.H.32.F    | Group subtract halve signed quadlets floor     |
| G.SUB.H.32.N    | Group subtract halve signed quadlets nearest   |
| G.SUB.H.32.Z    | Group subtract halve signed quadlets zero      |
| G.SUB.H.64.C    | Group subtract halve signed octlets ceiling    |
| G.SUB.H.64.F    | Group subtract halve signed octlets floor      |
| G.SUB.H.64.N    | Group subtract halve signed octlets nearest    |
| G.SUB.H.64.Z    | Group subtract halve signed octlets zero       |
| G.SUB.H.128.C   | Group subtract halve signed hexlet ceiling     |
| G.SUB.H.128.F   | Group subtract halve signed hexlet floor       |
| G.SUB.H.128.N   | Group subtract halve signed hexlet nearest     |
| G.SUB.H.128.Z   | Group subtract halve signed hexlet zero        |
| G.SUB.H.U.8.C   | Group subtract halve unsigned bytes ceiling    |
| G.SUB.H.U.8.F   | Group subtract halve unsigned bytes floor      |
| G.SUB.H.U.8.N   | Group subtract halve unsigned bytes nearest    |
| G.SUB.H.U.8.Z   | Group subtract halve unsigned bytes zero       |
| G.SUB.H.U.16.C  | Group subtract halve unsigned doublets ceiling |
| G.SUB.H.U.16.F  | Group subtract halve unsigned doublets floor   |
| G.SUB.H.U.16.N  | Group subtract halve unsigned doublets nearest |
| G.SUB.H.U.16.Z  | Group subtract halve unsigned doublets zero    |
| G.SUB.H.U.32.C  | Group subtract halve unsigned quadlets ceiling |
| G.SUB.H.U.32.F  | Group subtract halve unsigned quadlets floor   |
| G.SUB.H.U.32.N  | Group subtract halve unsigned quadlets nearest |
| G.SUB.H.U.32.Z  | Group subtract halve unsigned quadlets zero    |
| G.SUB.H.U.64.C  | Group subtract halve unsigned octlets ceiling  |
| G.SUB.H.U.64.F  | Group subtract halve unsigned octlets floor    |
| G.SUB.H.U.64.N  | Group subtract halve unsigned octlets nearest  |
| G.SUB.H.U.64.Z  | Group subtract halve unsigned octlets zero     |
| G.SUB.H.U.128.C | Group subtract halve unsigned hexlet ceiling   |
| G.SUB.H.U.128.F | Group subtract halve unsigned hexlet floor     |
| G.SUB.H.U.128.N | Group subtract halve unsigned hexlet nearest   |
|                 |  |

| G.SUB.H.U.128.Z      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| 1 G'70R'H'O' 1 \ X \ | Group subtract halve unsigned hexlet zero    |
|                      | Group subtract haive drisighted flexict zero |

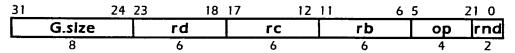
#### **Redundancies**

| G.SUB.H.size.rnd rd=rc,rc   | ⇔ | G.ZERO rd |  |
|-----------------------------|---|-----------|--|
| G.SUB.H.U.size.rnd rd=rc,rc | ⇔ | G.ZERO rd |  |

#### **Format**

G.op.size.rnd rd=rb,rc

rd=gopsizernd(rb,rc)



#### Description

The contents of registers rc and rb are partitioned into groups of operands of the size specified and subtracted, halved, rounded and limited as specified, yielding a group of results, each of which is the size specified. The group of results is catenated and placed in register rd.

The result of this operation is always signed, whether the operands are signed or unsigned.

#### **Definition**

```
def GroupSubtractHalve(op,rnd,size,rd,rc,rb)
       c \leftarrow RegRead(rc, 128)
       b ← RegRead(rb, 128)
       case op of
              G.SUB.H.C, G.SUB.H.F, G.SUB.H.N, G.SUB.H.Z:
                     as \leftarrow cs \leftarrow bs \leftarrow 1
              G.SUB.H.U.C, G.SUB.H.U.F, G.SUB.H.U.N, G.SUB.H.U.Z
                     as \leftarrow 1
                     cs \leftarrow bs \leftarrow 0
       endcase
       for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
              p \leftarrow ((bs \text{ and } b_{size-1}) \mid | b_{size-1+i..i}) - ((cs \text{ and } c_{size-1}) \mid | c_{size-1+i..i})
              case rnd of
                     none, N:
                            s \leftarrow 0^{\text{size}} | 1 - p_1
                     Z:
                            s ← 0<sup>size</sup> II p<sub>size</sub>
                     F:
                            s \leftarrow 0^{size+1}
                     C:
                            s ← 0size | | 11
              endcase
```

```
\begin{array}{l} v \leftarrow \{(\text{as \& p}_{\text{size}}\} \mid 1p) + \{0 \mid 1s\} \\ \text{if } v_{\text{size+1}} = \{\text{as \& v}_{\text{size}}\} \text{ then} \\ & a_{\text{size-1+i..i}} \leftarrow v_{\text{size..1}} \\ \text{else} \\ & a_{\text{size-1+i..i}} \leftarrow \text{as ? } \{v_{\text{size+1}} \mid 1 - v_{\text{size+}}^{\text{size-1}}\}\} : 1^{\text{size}} \\ & \text{endif} \\ & \text{endfor} \\ & \text{RegWrite(rd, 128, a)} \\ & \text{enddef} \\ \\ \underline{\text{Exceptions}} \end{array}
```

none

# **Group Ternary**

These operations take three values from registers, perform a group of calculations on partitions of bits of the operands and place the catenated results in a fourth register.

#### Operation codes

| I G.MUX        | A 1.1 1         |
|----------------|-----------------|
| I ( a A/II I X | Group multiplex |
| I G.IVIOX      | Group multiplex |
|                | 1               |
|                |                 |

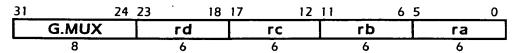
#### Redundancies

| G.MUX ra=rd,rc,rc | ⇔ | G.COPY ra=rc                  |
|-------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| G.MUX ra=ra,rc,rb | ⇔ | G.BOOLEAN ra@rc,rb,0x11001010 |
| G.MUX ra=rd,ra,rb | ⇔ | G.BOOLEAN ra@rd,rb,0x11100010 |
| G.MUX ra=rd,rc,ra | ⇔ | G.BOOLEAN ra@rd,rc,0x11011000 |
| G.MUX ra=rd,rd,rb | ⇔ | G.OR ra=rd,rb                 |
| G.MUX ra=rd,rc,rd | ⇔ | GAND ra=rd,rc                 |

#### **Format**

G.MUX ra=rd,rc,rb

#### ra=gmux(rd,rc,rb)



#### **Description**

The contents of registers rd, rc, and rb are fetched. Each bit of the result is equal to the corresponding bit of rc, if the corresponding bit of rd is set, otherwise it is the corresponding bit of rb. The result is placed into register ra.

#### **Definition**

```
def GroupTernary(op,size,rd,rc,rb,ra) as
d ← RegRead(rd, 128)
c ← RegRead(rc, 128)
b ← RegRead(rb, 128)
case op of
G.MUX:
a ← (c and d) or (b and not d)
endcase
RegWrite(ra, 128, a)
enddef
```

#### **Exceptions**

none

# Crossbar

These operations take operands from two registers, perform operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in a third register.

### Operation codes

| X.COMPRESS.2     | Crossbar compress signed pecks      |
|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| X.COMPRESS.4     | Crossbar compress signed nibbles    |
| X.COMPRESS.8     | Crossbar compress signed bytes      |
| X.COMPRESS.16    | Crossbar compress signed doublets   |
| X.COMPRESS.32    | Crossbar compress signed quadlets   |
| X.COMPRESS.64    | Crossbar compress signed octlets    |
| X.COMPRESS.128   | Crossbar compress signed hexlet     |
| X.COMPRESS.U.2   | Crossbar compress unsigned pecks    |
| X.COMPRESS.U.4   | Crossbar compress unsigned nibbles  |
| X.COMPRESS.U.8   | Crossbar compress unsigned bytes    |
| X.COMPRESS.U.16  | Crossbar compress unsigned doublets |
| X.COMPRESS.U.32  | Crossbar compress unsigned quadlets |
| X.COMPRESS.U.64  | Crossbar compress unsigned octlets  |
| X.COMPRESS.U.128 | Crossbar compress unsigned hexlet   |
| X.EXPAND.2       | Crossbar expand signed pecks        |
| X.EXPAND.4       | Crossbar expand signed nibbles      |
| X.EXPAND.8       | Crossbar expand signed bytes        |
| X.EXPAND.16      | Crossbar expand signed doublets     |
| X.EXPAND.32      | Crossbar expand signed quadlets     |
| X.EXPAND.64      | Crossbar expand signed octlets      |
| X.EXPAND.128     | Crossbar expand signed hexlet       |
| X.EXPAND.U.2     | Crossbar expand unsigned pecks      |
| X.EXPAND.U.4     | Crossbar expand unsigned nibbles    |
| X.EXPAND.U.8     | Crossbar expand unsigned bytes      |
| X.EXPAND.U.16    | Crossbar expand unsigned doublets   |
| X.EXPAND.U.32    | Crossbar expand unsigned quadlets   |
| X.EXPAND.U.64    | Crossbar expand unsigned octlets    |
| X.EXPAND.U.128   | Crossbar expand unsigned hexlet     |
| X.ROTL.2         | Crossbar rotate left pecks          |
| X.ROTL.4         | Crossbar rotate left nibbles        |
| X.ROTL.8         | Crossbar rotate left bytes          |
| X.ROTL.16        | Crossbar rotate left doublets       |
| X.ROTL.32        | Crossbar rotate left quadlets       |
| X.ROTL.64        | Crossbar rotate left octlets        |
| X.ROTL.128       | Crossbar rotate left hexlet         |
| X.ROTR.2         | Crossbar rotate right pecks         |
| X.ROTR.4         | Crossbar rotate right nibbles       |
| X.ROTR.8         | Crossbar rotate right bytes         |
| X.ROTR.16        | Crossbar rotate right doublets      |
| X.ROTR.32        | Crossbar rotate right quadlets      |
|                  | 1                                   |

| X.ROTR.64     | Crossbar rotate right octlets   |
|---------------|---|
| X.ROTR.128    | Crossbar rotate right hexlet  |
| X.SHL.2       | Crossbar shift left pecks   |
| X.SHL.2.O     | Crossbar shift left signed pecks check overflow                                 |
| X.SHL.4       | Crossbar shift left nibbles   |
| X.SHL.4.O     |   |
| X.SHL.8       | Crossbar shift left signed nibbles check overflow  Crossbar shift left bytes    |
| X.SHL.8.O     |   |
| X.SHL.16      | Crossbar shift left signed bytes check overflow Crossbar shift left doublets    |
| X.SHL.16.O    |   |
| X.SHL.32      | Crossbar shift left signed doublets check overflow Crossbar shift left quadlets |
| X.SHL.32.O    |   |
| X.SHL.64      | Crossbar shift left signed quadlets check overflow  Crossbar shift left octlets |
| X.SHL.64.O    |   |
|               | Crossbar shift left signed octlets check overflow                               |
| X.SHL.128     | Crossbar shift left hexlet  |
| X.SHL.128.O   | Crossbar shift left signed hexlet check overflow                                |
| X.SHL.U.2.O   | Crossbar shift left unsigned pecks check overflow                               |
| X.SHL.U.4.O   | Crossbar shift left unsigned nibbles check overflow                             |
| X.SHL.U.8.O   | Crossbar shift left unsigned bytes check overflow                               |
| X.SHL.U.16.O  | Crossbar shift left unsigned doublets check overflow                            |
| X.SHL.U.32.O  | Crossbar shift left unsigned quadlets check overflow                            |
| X.SHL.U.64.O  | Crossbar shift left unsigned octlets check overflow                             |
| X.SHL.U.128.O | Crossbar shift left unsigned hexlet check overflow                              |
| X.SHR.2       | Crossbar signed shift right pecks   |
| X.SHR.4       | Crossbar signed shift right nibbles   |
| X.SHR.8       | Crossbar signed shift right bytes   |
| X.SHR.16      | Crossbar signed shift right doublets  |
| X.SHR.32      | Crossbar signed shift right quadlets  |
| X.SHR.64      | Crossbar signed shift right octlets   |
| X.SHR.128     | Crossbar signed shift right hexlet  |
| X.SHR.U.2     | Crossbar shift right unsigned pecks   |
| X.SHR.U.4     | Crossbar shift right unsigned nibbles   |
| X.SHR.U.8     | Crossbar shift right unsigned bytes   |
| X.SHR.U.16    | Crossbar shift right unsigned doublets  |
| X.SHR.U.32    | Crossbar shift right unsigned quadlets  |
| X.SHR.U.64    | Crossbar shift right unsigned octlets   |
| X.SHR.U.128   | Crossbar shift right unsigned hexlet  |

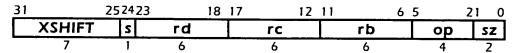
## **Selection**

| class     | ор             |                 |                  |     | size |     |    |    |    |     |
|-----------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----|------|-----|----|----|----|-----|
| precision | EXPAND COMPRES |                 | EXPAND<br>COMPRE |     | 2    | 4 8 | 16 | 32 | 64 | 128 |
| shift     |                | ROTL<br>SHL.U.O | SHR<br>SHR.U     | SHL | 2    | 4 8 | 16 | 32 | 64 | 128 |

#### **Format**

X.op.size rd=rc,rb

rd=xopsize(rc,rb)



```
s \leftarrow log(size)
s \leftarrow lsize_2
sz \leftarrow lsize_{1..0}
```

#### **Description**

Two values are taken from the contents of registers rc and rb. The specified operation is performed, and the result is placed in register rd.

#### **Definition**

```
def Crossbar(op,size,rd,rc,rb)
     c ← RegRead(rc, 128)
      b ← RegRead(rb, 128)
     shift ← b and (size-1)
      case op<sub>5..2</sub> 11 0^2 of
            X.COMPRESS:
                  hsize \leftarrow size/2
                  for i \leftarrow 0 to 64-hsize by hsize
                        if shift ≤ hsize then
                               ai+hsize-1..i ← Ci+i+shift+hsize-1..i+i+shift
                               ai+hsize-1..i ← cshift-hsize | | Ci+i+size-1..i+i+shift
                        endif
                  endfor
                  a<sub>127..64</sub> ← 0
            X.COMPRESS.U:
                  hsize ← size/2
                  for i \leftarrow 0 to 64-hsize by hsize
                        if shift ≤ hsize then
                               ai+hsize-1..i ← Ci+i+shift+hsize-1..i+i+shift
                        else
                               ai+hsize-1..i ← Oshift-hsize | | Ci+i+size-1..i+i+shift
                        endif
                  endfor
                  a_{127..64} \leftarrow 0
            X.EXPAND:
                  hsize \leftarrow size/2
                  for i \leftarrow 0 to 64-hsize by hsize
                        if shift ≤ hsize then
                               ai+i+size-1..i+i ← chsize-shift | | Ci+hsize-1..i | | Oshift
```

enddef

```
else
                          ai+i+size-1..i+i ← Ci+size-shift-1..i || Oshift
                    endif
             endfor
      X.EXPAND.U:
             hsize \leftarrow size/2
             for i \leftarrow 0 to 64-hsize by hsize
                    if shift ≤ hsize then
                          ai+i+size-1..i+i ← 0hsize-shift | | Ci+hsize-1..i | | Oshift
                    else
                          ai+i+size-1..i+i ← Ci+size-shift-1..i | | Oshift
                    endif
             endfor
      X.ROTL:
             for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                    a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow c_{i+size-1-shift..i} + c_{i+size-1..i+size-1-shift}
             endfor
      X.ROTR:
             for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                    ai+size-1..i ← Ci+shift-1..i | Ci+size-1..i+shift
             endfor
      X.SHL:
             for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                    ai+size-1..i ← Ci+size-1-shift..i | 1 Oshift
             endfor
      X.SHL.O:
             for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                    if C_{i+size-1..i+size-1-shift} \neq C_{i+size-1-shift}^{shift+1} then
                          raise FixedPointArithmetic
                    ai+size-1..i ← Ci+size-1-shift..i | Oshift
             endfor
      X.SHL.U.O:
             for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                    if C_{i+size-1..i+size-shift} \neq 0^{shift} then
                          raise FixedPointArithmetic
                    ai+size-1..i ← Ci+size-1-shift..i | Oshift
             endfor
      X.SHR:
             for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                    a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow c_{i+size-1}^{shift} \ \ i \ i \ c_{i+size-1..i+shift}
             endfor
      X.SHR.U:
             for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                    a_{i+size-1..i} \leftarrow 0^{shift} \mid 1 \mid c_{i+size-1..i+shift}
             endfor
endcase
RegWrite(rd, 128, a)
```

# **Exceptions**

Fixed-point arithmetic

# Crossbar Extract

These operations take operands from three registers, perform operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in a fourth register.

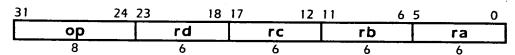
#### Operation codes

| X.EXTRACT  |                  |   |
|------------|------------------|---|
| LX.EXTRACT | Crossbar extract | 1 |
|            | CIOSDEI CALIECT  |   |
|            |                  |   |

#### **Format**

X.EXTRACT ra=rd,rc,rb

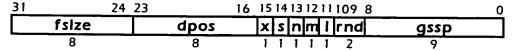
ra=xextract(rd,rc,rb)



#### **Description**

The contents of registers rd, rc, and rb are fetched. The specified operation is performed on these operands. The result is placed into register ra.

Bits 31..0 of the contents of register rb specifies several parameters which control the manner in which data is extracted, and for certain operations, the manner in which the operation is performed. The position of the control fields allows for the source position to be added to a fixed control value for dynamic computation, and allows for the lower 16 bits of the control field to be set for some of the simpler extract cases by a single GCOPYI.128 instruction. The control fields are further arranged so that if only the low order 8 bits are non-zero, a 128-bit extraction with truncation and no rounding is performed.



The table below describes the meaning of each label:

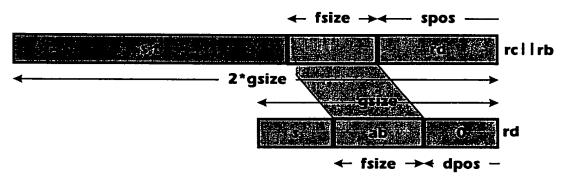
| label | bits | meaning                        |  |
|-------|------|--------------------------------|--|
| fsize | 8    | field size                     |  |
| dpos  | 8    | destination position           |  |
| Χ     | 1    | reserved                       |  |
| S     | 1    | signed vs. unsigned            |  |
| n     | 1    | reserved                       |  |
| m     | 1    | merge vs. extract              |  |
| 1     | 1    | reserved                       |  |
| rnd   | 2    | reserved                       |  |
| gssp  | 9    | group size and source position |  |

The 9-bit gssp field encodes both the group size, gsize, and source position, spos, according to the formula gssp = 512-4\*gsize+spos. The group size, gsize, is a power of two in the range 1..128. The source position, spos, is in the range 0..(2\*gsize)-1.

The values in the s, n, m, l, and rnd fields have the following meaning:

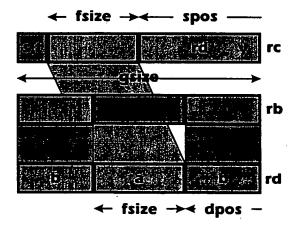
| values | S        | n | m       | ı | rnd |
|--------|----------|---|---------|---|-----|
| 0      | unsigned |   | extract |   |     |
| 1      | signed   |   | merge   |   |     |
| 2      |          |   |         |   |     |
| 3      |          |   |         |   |     |

For the X.EXTRACT instruction, when m=0, the parameters are interpreted to select a fields from the catenated contents of registers rd and rc, extracting values which are catenated and placed in register ra.:



Crossbar extract

For a crossbar-merge-extract (X.EXTRACT when m=1), the parameters are interpreted to merge a fields from the contents of register rd with the contents of register rc. The results are catenated and placed in register ra.



Crossbar merge extract

#### **Definition**

```
def CrossbarExtract(op,ra,rb,rc,rd) as
      d ← RegRead(rd, 128)
      c ← RegRead(rc, 128)
      b \leftarrow RegRead(rb, 128)
      case b<sub>8..0</sub> of
             0..255:
                    gsize ← 128
             256..383:
                    gsize ← 64
             384..447:
                    gsize ← 32
             448..479:
                    gsize ← 16
             480..495:
                    gsize \leftarrow 8
             496..503:
                    gsize \leftarrow 4
             504..507:
                    gsize \leftarrow 2
             508..511:
                    gsize \leftarrow 1
      endcase
      m \leftarrow b_{12}
      as \leftarrow signed \leftarrow b<sub>14</sub>
      h \leftarrow (2-m)*gsize
      spos \leftarrow (b<sub>8..0</sub>) and ((2-m)*gsize-1)
      dpos \leftarrow (0 | 1 b<sub>23,16</sub>) and (gsize-1)
      sfsize \leftarrow (0 11 b<sub>31.24</sub>) and (gsize-1)
      tfsize \leftarrow (sfsize = 0) or ((sfsize+dpos) > gsize) 7 gsize-dpos : sfsize
      fsize ← (tfsize + spos > h) ? h - spos : tfsize
      for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-gsize by gsize
             case op of
                    X.EXTRACT:
                           if m then
                                  p \leftarrow d_{gsize+i-1..i}
                                  p \leftarrow (d \mid l \mid c)_{2*|gsize+i|-1..2*i}
                           endif
             endcase
             v \leftarrow (as \& p_{h-1})[p]
             w ← (as & v<sub>spos+fsize-1</sub>)gsize-fsize-dpos | | v<sub>fsize-1+spos..spos</sub> | | 0<sup>dpos</sup>
                    asize-1+i..i ← Cgsize-1+i..dpos+fsize+i 11 Wdpos+fsize-1..dpos 11 Cdpos-1+1..i
              else
                    a_{\text{size-1+i..i}} \leftarrow w
             endif
       endfor
      RegWrite(ra, 128, a)
enddef
```

# **Exceptions**

none

# Crossbar Field

These operations take operands from a register and two immediate values, perform operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in the second register.

### Operation codes

| Crossbar deposit signed pecks       |
|-------------------------------------|
| Crossbar deposit signed nibbles     |
| Crossbar deposit signed bytes       |
| Crossbar deposit signed doublets    |
| Crossbar deposit signed quadlets    |
| Crossbar deposit signed octlets     |
| Crossbar deposit signed hexlet      |
| Crossbar deposit unsigned pecks     |
| Crossbar deposit unsigned nibbles   |
| Crossbar deposit unsigned bytes     |
| Crossbar deposit unsigned doublets  |
| Crossbar deposit unsigned quadlets  |
| Crossbar deposit unsigned octlets   |
| Crossbar deposit unsigned hexlet    |
| Crossbar withdraw unsigned pecks    |
| Crossbar withdraw unsigned nibbles  |
| Crossbar withdraw unsigned bytes    |
| Crossbar withdraw unsigned doublets |
| Crossbar withdraw unsigned quadlets |
| Crossbar withdraw unsigned octlets  |
| Crossbar withdraw unsigned hexlet   |
| Crossbar withdraw pecks             |
| Crossbar withdraw nibbles           |
| Crossbar withdraw bytes             |
| Crossbar withdraw doublets          |
| Crossbar withdraw quadlets          |
| Crossbar withdraw octlets           |
| Crossbar withdraw hexlet            |
|                                     |

#### **Equivalencies**

| X.SEX.I.2   | Crossbar extend immediate signed pecks      |
|-------------|---|
| X.SEX.1.4   | Crossbar extend immediate signed nibbles    |
| X.SEX.1.8   | Crossbar extend immediate signed bytes      |
| X.SEX.I.16  | Crossbar extend immediate signed doublets   |
| X.SEX.I.32  | Crossbar extend immediate signed quadlets   |
| X.SEX.1.64  | Crossbar extend immediate signed octlets    |
| X.SEX.I.128 | Crossbar extend immediate signed hexlet     |
| X.ZEX.I.2   | Crossbar extend immediate unsigned pecks    |
| X.ZEX.I.4   | Crossbar extend immediate unsigned nibbles  |
| X.ZEX.I.8   | Crossbar extend immediate unsigned bytes    |
| X.ZEX.I.16  | Crossbar extend immediate unsigned doublets |
| X.ZEX.I.32  | Crossbar extend immediate unsigned quadlets |
| X.ZEX.I.64  | Crossbar extend immediate unsigned octlets  |
| X.ZEX.I.128 | Crossbar extend immediate unsigned hexlet   |

| X.SHL.I.gsize rd=rc,i  | → X.DEPOSIT.gsize rd=rc,size-i,i    |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| X.SHR.I.gsize rd=rc,i  | → X.WITHDRAW.gsize rd=rc,size-i,i   |
| X.SHRU.I.gsize rd=rc,i | → X.WITHDRAW.U.gsize rd=rc,size-i,i |
| X.SEX.I.gsize rd=rc,i  | → X.DEPOSIT.gsize rd=rc,i,0         |
| X.ZEX.I.gsize rd=rc,i  | → X.DEPOSIT.U.gsize rd=rc,i,0       |

### **Redundancies**

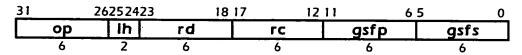
| X.DEPOSIT.gsize rd=rc,gsize,0    | ⇔ | X.COPY rd=rc |
|----------------------------------|---|--------------|
| X.DEPOSIT.U.gsize rd=rc,gsize,0  | ⇔ | X.COPY rd=rc |
| X.WITHDRAW.gsize rd=rc,gsize,0   | ⇔ | X.COPY rd=rc |
| X.WITHDRAW.U.gsize rd=rc,gsize,0 | ⇔ | X.COPY rd=rc |

### **Format**

X.op.gsize

rd=rc,isize,ishift

rd=xopgsize(rc,isize,ishift)



assert isize+ishift ≤ gsize

assert isize≥1

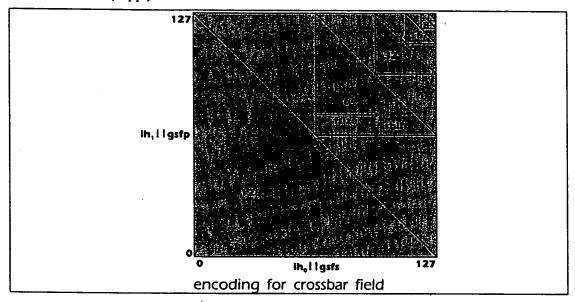
iho II gsfs ← 128-gsize+isize-1

ih₁ 11 gsfp ← 128-gsize+ishift

#### Description

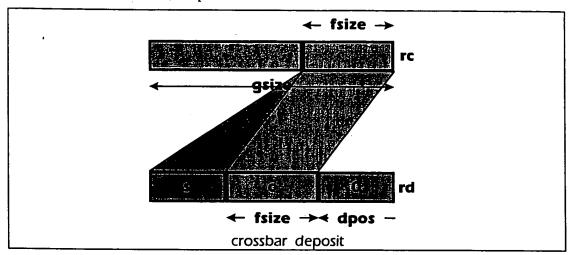
The contents of register rc is fetched, and 7-bit immediate values are taken from the 2-bit ih and the 6-bit gsfp and gsfs fields. The specified operation is performed on these operands. The result is placed into register rd.

The diagram below shows legal values for the ih, gsfp and gsfs fields, indicating the group size to which they apply.

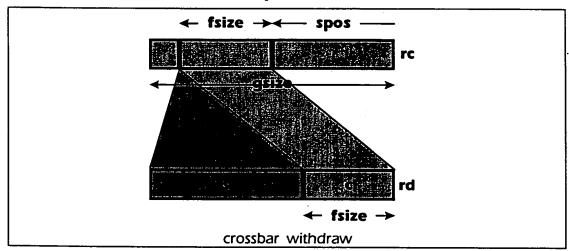


The ih, gsfp and gsfs fields encode three values: the group size, the field size, and a shift amount. The shift amount can also be considered to be the source bit field position for group-withdraw instructions or the destination bit field position for group-deposit instructions. The encoding is designed so that combining the gsfp and gsfs fields with a bitwise-and produces a result which can be decoded to the group size, and so the field size and shift amount can be easily decoded once the group size has been determined.

The crossbar-deposit instructions deposit a bit field from the lower bits of each group partition of the source to a specified bit position in the result. The value is either sign-extended or zero-extended, as specified.



The crossbar-withdraw instructions withdraw a bit field from a specified bit position in the each group partition of the source and place it in the lower bits in the result. The value is either sign-extended or zero-extended, as specified.



#### **Definition**

```
def CrossbarField(op,rd,rc,gsfp,gsfs) as

c ← RegRead(rc, 128)

case ((op₁ | | gsfp) and (op₀ | | gsfs)) of

0..63:

gsize ← 128

64..95:

gsize ← 64
```

```
96..111:
                    gsize ← 32
              112..119:
                     gsize ← 16
              120..123:
                     gsize \leftarrow 8
              124..125:
                     gsize \leftarrow 4
              126:
                     gsize \leftarrow 2
              127:
                     raise ReservedInstruction
      endcase
      ishift \leftarrow (op<sub>1</sub> 11 gsfp) and (gsize-1)
      isize \leftarrow ((op<sub>0</sub> | 1 gsfs) and (gsize-1))+1
      if (ishift+isize>qsize)
              raise ReservedInstruction
      endif
      case op of
              X.DEPOSIT:
                     for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-gsize by gsize
                            ai+gsize-1..i ← casize-isize-ishift | | Ci+isize-1..i | | Oishift
                     endfor
              X.DEPOSIT.U:
                     for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-gsize by gsize
                            a<sub>i+qsize-1..i</sub> ← 0gsize-isize-ishift | | C<sub>i+isize-1..i</sub> | | 1 | 0ishift
                     endfor
              X.WITHDRAW:
                     for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-gsize by gsize
                            a_{\text{Hgsize-1..i}} \leftarrow c_{\text{Hisize+ishift-1}}^{\text{size-isize}} \ \ \text{II} \ \ c_{\text{H-isize+ishift-1..i+ishift}}
                     endfor
              X.WITHDRAW.U:
                     for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-gsize by gsize
                             a_{\text{Hgsize-1..i}} \leftarrow ogsize\text{-isize} \quad \text{II } \quad c_{\text{Hisize+ishift-1..i+ishift}}
                     endfor
       endcase
       RegWrite(rd, 128, a)
enddef
```

#### **Exceptions**

Reserved instruction

# Crossbar Field Inplace

These operations take operands from two registers and two immediate values, perform operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in the second register.

#### Operation codes

| X.DEPOSIT.M.2   | Crossbar deposit merge pecks    |   |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|---|
| X.DEPOSIT.M.4   | Crossbar deposit merge nibbles  |   |
| X.DEPOSIT.M.8   | Crossbar deposit merge bytes    |   |
| X.DEPOSIT.M.16  | Crossbar deposit merge doublets |   |
| X.DEPOSIT.M.32  | Crossbar deposit merge quadlets |   |
| X.DEPOSIT.M.64  | Crossbar deposit merge octlets  | - |
| X.DEPOSIT.M.128 | Crossbar deposit merge hexlet   |   |

#### **Equivalencies**

| X.DEPOSIT.M.1     | Crosst | oar deposit merge bits |  |
|-------------------|--------|------------------------|--|
| X.DEPOSIT.M.1 rd@ | 1 0    | X COPY rd-rc           |  |

#### **Redundancies**

|                                 | <br>               |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| X.DEPOSIT.M.gsize rd@rc,gsize,0 | \$<br>X.COPY rd=rc |

#### **Format**

X.op.gsize

rd@rc,isize,ishift

rd=xopgsize(rd,rc,isize,ishift)

| 31 |    | 2625242 | 3  | 18 17 | 12 | 2 1 1 | 6 5 | 0 |
|----|----|---------|----|-------|----|-------|-----|---|
|    | ор | ih      | rd |       | rc | gsfp  | gsf | S |
|    | 6  | 2       | 6  |       | 6  | 6     | 6   |   |

assert isize+ishift ≤ gsize

assert isize≥1

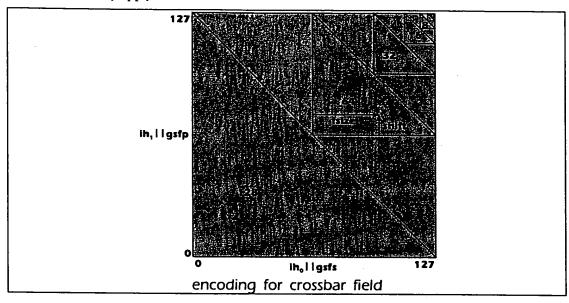
iho 11 gsfs ← 128-gsize+isize-1

ih<sub>1</sub> 11 gsfp ← 128-gsize+ishift

#### Description

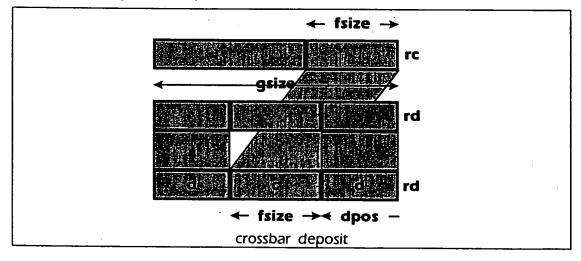
The contents of registers rd and rc are fetched, and 7-bit immediate values are taken from the 2-bit ih and the 6-bit gsfp and gsfs fields. The specified operation is performed on these operands. The result is placed into register rd.

The diagram below shows legal values for the ih, gsfp and gsfs fields, indicating the group size to which they apply.



The ih, gsfp and gsfs fields encode three values: the group size, the field size, and a shift amount. The shift amount can also be considered to be the source bit field position for group-withdraw instructions or the destination bit field position for group-deposit instructions. The encoding is designed so that combining the gsfp and gsfs fields with a bitwise-and produces a result which can be decoded to the group size, and so the field size and shift amount can be easily decoded once the group size has been determined.

The crossbar-deposit-merge instructions deposit a bit field from the lower bits of each group partition of the source to a specified bit position in the result. The value is merged with the contents of register rd at bit positions above and below the deposited bit field. No sign- or zero-extension is performed by this instruction.



#### **Definition**

```
def CrossbarFieldInplace(op,rd,rc,gsfp,gsfs) as
      c \leftarrow RegRead(rc, 128)
      d \leftarrow RegRead(rd, 128)
      case ((op<sub>1</sub> II gsfp) and (op<sub>0</sub> II gsfs)) of
            0..63:
                   gsize ← 128
            64..95:
                   gsize ← 64
            96..111:
                   gsize ← 32
             112..119:
                   gsize ← 16
             120..123:
                   gsize \leftarrow 8
             124..125:
                   gsize \leftarrow 4
             126:
                   gsize \leftarrow 2
             127:
                   raise ReservedInstruction
      endcase
      ishift \leftarrow (op<sub>1</sub> | 1 | gsfp) and (gsize-1)
      isize \leftarrow ((op<sub>0</sub> 11 gsfs) and (gsize-1))+1
      if (ishift+isize>gsize)
            raise ReservedInstruction
      endif
      for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-gsize by gsize
             ai+gsize-1..i ← di+gsize-1..i+isize+ishift | | Ci+isize-1..i | | di+ishift-1..i
      endfor
      RegWrite(rd, 128, a)
enddef
```

#### **Exceptions**

Reserved instruction

# Crossbar Inplace

These operations take operands from three registers, perform operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in the third register.

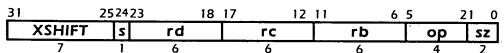
#### Operation codes

| X.SHL.M.2   | Crossbar shift left merge pecks     |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| X.SHL.M.4   | Crossbar shift left merge nibbles   |
| X.SHL.M.8   | Crossbar shift left merge bytes     |
| X.SHL.M.16  | Crossbar shift left merge doublets  |
| X.SHL.M.32  | Crossbar shift left merge quadlets  |
| X.SHL.M.64  | Crossbar shift left merge octlets   |
| X.SHL.M.128 | Crossbar shift left merge hexlet    |
| X.SHR.M.2   | Crossbar shift right merge pecks    |
| X.SHR.M.4   | Crossbar shift right merge nibbles  |
| X.SHR.M.8   | Crossbar shift right merge bytes    |
| X.SHR.M.16  | Crossbar shift right merge doublets |
| X.SHR.M.32  | Crossbar shift right merge quadlets |
| X.SHR.M.64  | Crossbar shift right merge octlets  |
| X.SHR.M.128 | Crossbar shift right merge hexlet   |

#### **Format**

X.op.size rd@rc,rb

rd=xopsize(rd,rc,rb)



Isize  $\leftarrow \log(\text{size})$ 

 $s \leftarrow lsize_2$ 

sz ← lsize<sub>1.0</sub>

### **Description**

The contents of registers rd, rc and rb are fetched. The specified operation is performed on these operands. The result is placed into register rd.

Register rd is both a source and destination of this instruction.

#### **Definition**

def CrossbarInplace(op,size,rd,rc,rb) as

d ← RegRead(rd, 128)

 $c \leftarrow RegRead(rc, 128)$ 

```
b ← RegRead(rb, 128)

shift ← b and (size-1)

for i ← 0 to 128-size by size

case op of

X.SHR.M:

ai+size-1..i ← Ci+shift-1..i | | di+size-1..i+shift

X.SHL.M:

ai+size-1..i ← di+size-1-shift..i | | Ci+shift-1..i

endfor

RegWrite(rd, 128, a)

enddef
```

#### **Exceptions**

none

# Crossbar Short Immediate

These operations take operands from a register and a short immediate value, perform operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in a register.

### Operation codes

| X.COMPRESS.I.2     | Crossbar compress immediate signed pecks  |
|--------------------|---|
| X.COMPRESS.I.4     | Crossbar compress immediate signed nibbles  |
| X.COMPRESS.I.8     | Crossbar compress immediate signed hibbles  Crossbar compress immediate signed bytes  |
| X.COMPRESS.I.16    | Crossbar compress immediate signed bytes  Crossbar compress immediate signed doublets |
|                    |   |
| X.COMPRESS.I.32    | Crossbar compress immediate signed quadlets   |
| X.COMPRESS.I.64    | Crossbar compress immediate signed octlets  |
| X.COMPRESS.I.128   | Crossbar compress immediate signed hexlet   |
| X.COMPRESS.I.U.2   | Crossbar compress immediate unsigned pecks  |
| X.COMPRESS.I.U.4   | Crossbar compress immediate unsigned nibbles  |
| X.COMPRESS.I.U.8   | Crossbar compress immediate unsigned bytes  |
| X.COMPRESS.I.U.16  | Crossbar compress immediate unsigned doublets   |
| X.COMPRESS.I.U.32  | Crossbar compress immediate unsigned quadlets   |
| X.COMPRESS.I.U.64  | Crossbar compress immediate unsigned octlets  |
| X.COMPRESS.I.U.128 | Crossbar compress immediate unsigned hexlet   |
| X.EXPAND.I.2       | Crossbar expand immediate signed pecks  |
| X.EXPAND.I.4       | Crossbar expand immediate signed nibbles  |
| X.EXPAND.I.8       | Crossbar expand immediate signed bytes  |
| X.EXPAND.I.16      | Crossbar expand immediate signed doublets   |
| X.EXPAND.I.32      | Crossbar expand immediate signed quadlets   |
| X.EXPAND.I.64      | Crossbar expand immediate signed octlets  |
| X.EXPAND.I.128     | Crossbar expand immediate signed hexlet   |
| X.EXPAND.I.U.2     | Crossbar expand immediate unsigned pecks  |
| X.EXPAND.I.U.4     | Crossbar expand immediate unsigned nibbles  |
| X.EXPAND.I.U.8     | Crossbar expand immediate unsigned bytes  |
| X.EXPAND.I.U.16    | Crossbar expand immediate unsigned doublets   |
| X.EXPAND.I.U.32    | Crossbar expand immediate unsigned quadlets   |
| X.EXPAND.I.U.64    | Crossbar expand immediate unsigned octlets  |
| X.EXPAND.I.U.128   | Crossbar expand immediate unsigned hexlet   |
| X.ROTL.I.2         | Crossbar rotate left immediate pecks  |
| X.ROTL.I.4         | Crossbar rotate left immediate nibbles  |
| X.ROTL.I.8         | Crossbar rotate left immediate bytes  |
| X.ROTL.I.16        | Crossbar rotate left immediate doublets   |
| X.ROTL.I.32        | Crossbar rotate left immediate quadlets   |
| X.ROTL.I.64        | Crossbar rotate left immediate octlets  |
| X.ROTL.I.128       | Crossbar rotate left immediate hexlet   |
| X.ROTR.I.2         | Crossbar rotate right immediate pecks   |
| X.ROTR.I.4         | Crossbar rotate right immediate nibbles   |
| X.ROTR.I.8         | Crossbar rotate right immediate bytes   |
|                    | Crossbar rotate right immediate doublets  |

| X.ROTR.I.32     | Crossbar rotate right immediate quadlets                       |
|-----------------|--|
| X.ROTR.I.64     | Crossbar rotate right immediate octlets                        |
| X.ROTR.I.128    | Crossbar rotate right immediate hexlet                         |
| X.SHL.I.2       | Crossbar shift left immediate pecks                            |
| X.SHL.I.2.O     | Crossbar shift left immediate signed pecks check overflow      |
| X.SHL.I.4       | Crossbar shift left immediate nibbles                          |
| X.SHL.I.4.O     | Crossbar shift left immediate signed nibbles check overflow    |
| X.SHL.I.8       | Crossbar shift left immediate bytes                            |
| X.SHL.I.8.O     | Crossbar shift left immediate signed bytes check overflow      |
| X.SHL.I.16      | Crossbar shift left immediate doublets                         |
| X.SHL.I.16.O    | Crossbar shift left immediate signed doublets check overflow   |
| X.SHL.I.32      | Crossbar shift left immediate quadlets                         |
| X.SHL.I.32.O    | Crossbar shift left immediate signed quadlets check overflow   |
| X.SHL.I.64      | Crossbar shift left immediate octlets                          |
| X.SHL.I.64.O    | Crossbar shift left immediate signed octlets check overflow    |
| X.SHL.I.128     | Crossbar shift left immediate hexlet                           |
| X.SHL.I.128.O   | Crossbar shift left immediate signed hexlet check overflow     |
| X.SHL.I.U.2.O   | Crossbar shift left immediate unsigned pecks check overflow    |
| X.SHL.I.U.4.O   | Crossbar shift left immediate unsigned nibbles check overflow  |
| X.SHL.I.U.8.O   | Crossbar shift left immediate unsigned bytes check overflow    |
| X.SHL.I.U.16.O  | Crossbar shift left immediate unsigned doublets check overflow |
| X.SHL.I.U.32.O  | Crossbar shift left immediate unsigned quadlets check overflow |
| X.SHL.I.U.64.O  | Crossbar shift left immediate unsigned octlets check overflow  |
| X.SHL.I.U.128.O | Crossbar shift left immediate unsigned hexlet check overflow   |
| X.SHR.I.2       | Crossbar signed shift right immediate pecks                    |
| X.SHR.I.4       | Crossbar signed shift right immediate nibbles                  |
| X.SHR.I.8       | Crossbar signed shift right immediate bytes                    |
| X.SHR.I.16      | Crossbar signed shift right immediate doublets                 |
| X.SHR.I.32      | Crossbar signed shift right immediate quadlets                 |
| X.SHR.I.64      | Crossbar signed shift right immediate octlets                  |
| X.SHR.I.128     | Crossbar signed shift right immediate hexlet                   |
| X.SHR.I.U.2     | Crossbar shift right immediate unsigned pecks                  |
| X.SHR.I.U.4     | Crossbar shift right immediate unsigned nibbles                |
| X.SHR.I.U.8     | Crossbar shift right immediate unsigned bytes                  |
| X.SHR.I.U.16    | Crossbar shift right immediate unsigned doublets               |
| X.SHR.I.U.32    | Crossbar shift right immediate unsigned quadlets               |
| X.SHR.I.U.64    | Crossbar shift right immediate unsigned octlets                |
| X.SHR.I.U.128   | Crossbar shift right immediate unsigned hexlet                 |
|                 |  |

## **Equivalencies**

| X.COPY | Crossbar copy         |
|--------|-----------------------|
| X.NOP  | Crossbar no operation |

| X.COPY rd=rc | <b>←</b> | X.ROTL.I.128 rd=rc,0 |
|--------------|----------|----------------------|
| X.NOP        | <b>←</b> | X.COPY r0=r0         |

#### **Redundancies**

| X.ROTL.I.gsize rd=rc,0     | ⇔ X.COPY rd=rc                     |
|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| X.ROTR.I.gsize rd=rc,0     | ⇔ X.COPY rd=rc                     |
| X.ROTR.I.gsize rd=rc,shift | ⇔ X.ROTL.I.gsize rd=rc,gsize-shift |
| X.SHL.I.gsize rd=rc,0      | ⇔ X.COPY rd=rc                     |
| X.SHL.I.gsize.O rd=rc,0    | ⇔ X.COPY rd=rc                     |
| X.SHL.I.U.gsize.O rd=rc,0  | ⇔ X.COPY rd=rc                     |
| X.SHR.I.gsize rd=rc,0      | ⇔ X.COPY rd=rc                     |
| X.SHR.I.U.gsize rd=rc,0    | ⇔ X.COPY rd=rc                     |

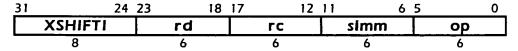
#### **Selection**

| class     | ор                       |                              |                        | size |      |    |    |     |
|-----------|--------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|------|------|----|----|-----|
| precision | COMPRESS<br>EXPAND.I     |                              | MPRESS.I.U<br>PAND.I.U | 2 4  | 8 16 | 32 | 64 | 128 |
| shift     | ROTL.I<br>SHL.I<br>SHR.I | ROTR.I<br>SHL.I.O<br>SHR.I.U | SHL.I.U.O              | 2 4  | 8 16 | 32 | 64 | 128 |
| сору      | COPY                     |                              |                        |      |      |    |    |     |

#### **Format**

X.op.size rd=rc,shift

rd=xopsize(rc,shift)



 $t \leftarrow 256-2*size+shift$ 

 $op_{1..0} \leftarrow t_{7..6}$ 

simm  $\leftarrow$  t<sub>5..0</sub>

#### **Description**

A 128-bit value is taken from the contents of register rc. The second operand is taken from simm. The specified operation is performed, and the result is placed in register rd.

#### **Definition**

def CrossbarShortImmediate(op,rd,rc,simm)

case  $(op_{1..0} II simm)$  of

0..127:

size ← 128

128..191:

size ← 64

```
192..223:
             size \leftarrow 32
       224..239:
              size ← 16
       240..247:
              size \leftarrow 8
       248..251:
              size \leftarrow 4
       252..253:
              size \leftarrow 2
       254..255:
              raise ReservedInstruction
endcase
shift \leftarrow (op<sub>0</sub> | 1 simm) and (size-1)
c ← RegRead(rc, 128)
case (op_{5...2} | 1 | 0^2) of
       X.COMPRESS.I:
              hsize \leftarrow size/2
              for i \leftarrow 0 to 64-hsize by hsize
                     if shift ≤ hsize then
                            ai+hsize-1..i ← Ci+i+shift+hsize-1..i+i+shift
                     else
                           "ai+hsize-1..i ← cshift-hsize | | Ci+i+size-1..i+i+shift
                     endif
              endfor
              a_{127..64} \leftarrow 0
       X.COMPRESS.I.U:
              hsize \leftarrow size/2
              for i \leftarrow 0 to 64-hsize by hsize
                     if shift ≤ hsize then
                            ai+hsize-1..i ← Ci+i+shift+hsize-1..i+i+shift
                     else
                             ai+hsize-1..i ← Oshift-hsize | | Ci+i+size-1..i+i+shift
                     endif
              endfor
              a_{127..64} \leftarrow 0
       X.EXPAND.I:
              hsize \leftarrow size/2
              for i \leftarrow 0 to 64-hsize by hsize
                     if shift ≤ hsize then
                            aHHsize-1...Hi ← chsize-shift | | CHhsize-1...| | | Oshift
                     else
                            ai+i+size-1..i+i ← Ci+size-shift-1..i | | Oshift
                      endif
              endfor
       X.EXPAND.I.U:
              hsize \leftarrow size/2
               for i \leftarrow 0 to 64-hsize by hsize
                     if shift ≤ hsize then ·
                            a_{\text{H-i+size-1...i+i}} \leftarrow o_{\text{h-size-shift}} \mid_{\text{I}} c_{\text{i+h-size-1...i}} \mid_{\text{I}} o_{\text{shift}}
                     else
                            a_{i+i+size-1..i+i} \leftarrow c_{i+size-shift-1..i} | 1 | 0shift
```

```
endif
             endfor
      X.SHL.I:
             for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                    ai+size-1..i ← Ci+size-1-shift..i | 1 Oshift
             endfor
      X.SHL.I.O:
             for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                    if C_{\text{H-Size-1...H-Size-1-shift}} \neq C_{\text{H-Size-1-shift}}^{\text{shift+1}} then
                           raise FixedPointArithmetic
                    a<sub>i+size-1..i</sub> ← C<sub>i+size-1-shift..i</sub> | 1 O<sup>shift</sup>
             endfor
      X.SHL.I.U.O:
             for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                if Ci+size-1..i+size-shift ≠ Oshift then
                           raise FixedPointArithmetic
                    endfor
      X.ROTR.I:
             for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                    ai+size-1..i ← Ci+shift-1..i | | Ci+size-1..i+shift
             endfor
      X.SHR.I:
             for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                    a<sub>i+size-1...i</sub> ← c<sub>i+size-1</sub> ← c<sub>i+size-1..i+shift</sub>
             endfor
      X.SHR.I.U:
             for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                    a_{i+size-1...i} \leftarrow 0shift | | c_{i+size-1..i+shift}
             endfor
endcase
RegWrite(rd, 128, a)
```

## **Exceptions**

enddef

Fixed-point arithmetic Reserved Instruction

# Crossbar Short Immediate Inplace

These operations take operands from two registers and a short immediate value, perform operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in the second register.

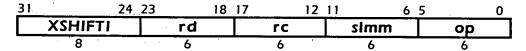
#### Operation codes

| X.SHL.M.I.2   | Crossbar shift left merge immediate pecks     |
|---------------|---|
| X.SHL.M.I.4   | Crossbar shift left merge immediate nibbles   |
| X.SHL.M.I.8   | Crossbar shift left merge immediate bytes     |
| X.SHL.M.I.16  | Crossbar shift left merge immediate doublets  |
| X.SHL.M.I.32  | Crossbar shift left merge immediate quadlets  |
| X.SHL.M.I.64  | Crossbar shift left merge immediate octlets   |
| X.SHL.M.I.128 | Crossbar shift left merge immediate hexlet    |
| X.SHR.M.I.2   | Crossbar shift right merge immediate pecks    |
| X.SHR.M.I.4   | Crossbar shift right merge immediate nibbles  |
| X.SHR.M.I.8   | Crossbar shift right merge immediate bytes    |
| X.SHR.M.I.16  | Crossbar shift right merge immediate doublets |
| X.SHR.M.I.32  | Crossbar shift right merge immediate quadlets |
| X.SHR.M.I.64  | Crossbar shift right merge immediate octlets  |
| X.SHR.M.I.128 | Crossbar shift right merge immediate hexlet   |

#### **Format**

X.op.size rd@rc,shift

rd=xopsize(rc,shift)



t ← 256-2\*size+shift

 $op_{1..0} \leftarrow t_{7..6}$ 

simm  $\leftarrow$  t<sub>5..0</sub>

#### **Description**

Two 128-bit values are taken from the contents of registers rd and rc. A third operand is taken from simm. The specified operation is performed, and the result is placed in register rd.

This instruction is undefined and causes a reserved instruction exception if the simm field is greater or equal to the size specified.

#### **Definition**

```
def CrossbarShortImmediateInplace(op,rd,rc,simm)
      case (op<sub>1..0</sub> II simm) of
            0..127:
                   size ← 128
             128..191:
                  size ← 64
             192..223:
                   size \leftarrow 32
            224..239:
                   size ← 16
            240..247:
                   size ← 8
            248..251:
                   size ← 4
            252..253:
                   size \leftarrow 2
            254..255:
                   raise ReservedInstruction
      endcase
      shift \leftarrow (op<sub>0</sub> 11 simm) and (size-1)
      c \leftarrow RegRead(rc, 128)
      d \leftarrow RegRead(rd, 128)
      for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
            case (op_{5...2} 11 0^2) of
                   X.SHR.M.I:
                         a<sub>i+size-1..i</sub> ← C<sub>i+shift-1..i</sub> | | d<sub>i+size-1..i+shift</sub>
                   X.SHL.M.I:
                         ai+size-1..i ← di+size-1-shift..i | | Ci+shift-1..i
            endcase
      endfor
      RegWrite(rd, 128, a)
enddef
```

#### **Exceptions**

Reserved Instruction

# Crossbar Shuffle

These operations take operands from two registers, perform operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in a register.

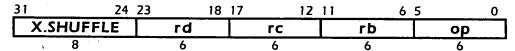
#### Operation codes

| X.SHUFFLE.4   | Crossbar shuffle within pecks    |
|---------------|----------------------------------|
| X.SHUFFLE.8   | Crossbar shuffle within bytes    |
| X.SHUFFLE.16  | Crossbar shuffle within doublets |
| X.SHUFFLE.32  | Crossbar shuffle within quadlets |
| X.SHUFFLE.64  | Crossbar shuffle within octlets  |
| X.SHUFFLE.128 | Crossbar shuffle within hexlet   |
| X.SHUFFLE.256 | Crossbar shuffle within triclet  |

#### **Format**

X.SHUFFLE.256 rd=rc,rb,v,w,h X.SHUFFLE.size rd=rcb,v,w

rd=xshuffle256(rc,rb,v,w,h) rd=xshufflesize(rcb,v,w)



 $rc \leftarrow rb \leftarrow rcb$ 

 $x \leftarrow log_2(size)$ 

y←logz(v)

z←log<sub>2</sub>(w)

op  $\leftarrow ((x^*x^*x-3^*x^*x-4^*x)/6-(z^*z-z)/2+x^*z+y) + (size=256)*(h^*32-56)$ 

#### Description

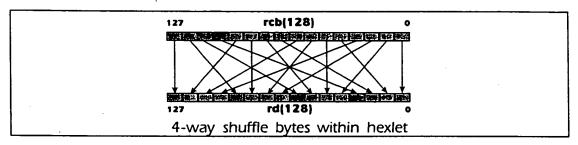
One of two operations are performed, depending on whether the rc and rb fields are equal.

If the rc and rb fields are equal, a 128-bit operand is taken from the contents of register rc. Items of size v are divided into w piles and shuffled together, within groups of size bits, according to the value of op. The result is placed in register rd.

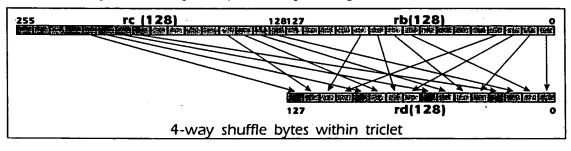
If the rc and rb fields are not equal, the contents of registers rc and rb are catenated into a 256-bit operand. Items of size v are divided into w piles and shuffled together, according to the value of op. Depending on the value of h, a sub-field of op, the low 128 bits (h=0), or the high 128 bits (h=1) of the 256-bit shuffled contents are selected as the result. The result is placed in register rd.

This instruction is undefined and causes a reserved instruction exception if **rc** and **rb** are not equal and the **op** field is greater or equal to 56, or if **rc** and **rb** are equal and op<sub>4.0</sub> is greater or equal to 28.

A crossbar 4-way shuffle of bytes within hexlet instruction (X.SHUFFLE.128 rd=rcb,8,4) divides the 128-bit operand into 16 bytes and partitions the bytes 4 ways (indicated by varying shade in the diagram below). The 4 partitions are perfectly shuffled, producing a 128-bit result.



A crossbar 4-way shuffle of bytes within triclet instruction (X.SHUFFLE.256 rd=rc,rb,8,4,0) catenates the contents of rc and rb, then divides the 256-bit content into 32 bytes and partitions the bytes 4 ways (indicated by varying shade in the diagram below). The low-order halves of the 4 partitions are perfectly shuffled, producing a 128-bit result.



Changing the last immediate value h to 1 (X.SHUFFLE.256 rd=rc,rb,8,4,1) modifies the operation to perform the same function on the high-order halves of the 4 partitions.

When rc and rb are equal, the table below shows the value of the op field and associated values for size, v, and w.

| v 1 1 2 1 1 2 4 1 2   | W 2 2 2 4 4 8 2 2 2 4 4 8 8 16 2 2 2 2 2   |
|-----------------------|--|
| 1<br>1<br>2<br>4<br>1 | 2<br>2<br>4<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2  |
| 1<br>1<br>2<br>4<br>1 | 2<br>2<br>4<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>4  |
| 1<br>1<br>2<br>4<br>1 | 2<br>4<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>4   |
| 2<br>4<br>1           | 4<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>4  |
| 2<br>4<br>1           | 2<br>2<br>2<br>4   |
| 1                     | 2<br>2<br>4  |
| 1                     | 2  |
| 1                     | 4  |
|                       |  |
| _                     | 4  |
| 1                     | 8  |
| 1                     | 2  |
| 2                     | 2  |
| 4                     | 2  |
| 8                     | 2  |
| 1.                    | 4  |
| 2                     | 4  |
| 4                     | 4  |
| i                     | 8  |
| 2                     | 8  |
| ī                     | 16   |
| 1                     | 2  |
| 2                     | 2  |
| 4                     | 2  |
| 8                     | 2  |
| 16                    | 2  |
| 1                     | 4  |
| 2                     | 4  |
| 4                     | 2<br>4<br>4<br>4   |
|                       | 2<br>1<br>1<br>2<br>4<br>8<br>1<br>2<br>4<br>1<br>2<br>4<br>8<br>16<br>1<br>2<br>4 |

| ор | size | <b>V</b>              | w                 |
|----|------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| 28 | 64   | 8                     | 4                 |
| 29 | 64   | 1                     | 8                 |
| 30 | 64   | 2                     | 8                 |
| 31 | 64   | 4                     | 8                 |
| 32 | 64   | 1 2 1                 | 16                |
| 33 | 64   | 2                     | 16                |
| 34 | 64   | 1 '                   | 32                |
| 35 | 128  | 1.                    | 2                 |
| 36 | 128  | 2                     | 2                 |
| 37 | 128  | 4                     | 32<br>2<br>2<br>2 |
| 38 | 128  | 8                     | 2                 |
| 39 | 128  | 16                    | 2<br>2            |
| 40 | 128  | 32                    | 2                 |
| 41 | 128  | 1                     | 2<br>4            |
| 42 | 128  |                       | 4                 |
| 43 | 128  | 2<br>4                | 4                 |
| 44 | 128  | 8                     | 4                 |
| 45 | 128  | 16                    | 4                 |
| 46 | 128  | 1                     | 8                 |
| 47 | 128  | 2                     | 8                 |
| 48 | 128  | 4                     | 8                 |
| 49 | 128  | 8                     | 8                 |
| 50 | 128  | . 1                   | 16                |
| 51 | 128  |                       | 16                |
| 52 | 128  | 2<br>4<br>1<br>2<br>1 | 16                |
| 53 | 128  | 1                     | 32                |
| 54 | 128  | 2                     | 32                |
| 55 | 128  | 1                     | 64                |

When rc and rb are not equal, the table below shows the value of the op4..0 field and associated values for size, v, and w: Op5 is the value of h, which controls whether the low-order or high-order half of each partition is shuffled into the result.

| OP40   | size                    | V   | w                          |
|--------|-------------------------|-----|----------------------------|
| 0      | 256                     | . 1 |                            |
| 1      | · 256                   | 2   | 2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2<br>2 |
| 2      | 256                     | 4   | . 2                        |
| 2      | 256                     | 8   | 2                          |
| 4<br>5 | 256                     | 16  | 2                          |
| 5      | 256                     | 32  | 2                          |
| 6      | 256                     | 64  | 2                          |
| . 7    | 256                     | 1   | 4                          |
| 8      | 256                     | 2   | 4                          |
| · 9    | 256                     | 4   | 4                          |
| 10     | 256                     | 8   | 4                          |
| 11     | 256                     | 16  | 4                          |
| 12     | 256                     | 32  | 4                          |
| 13     | 256                     | 1 . | 8                          |
| 14     | 256                     | 2   | 8                          |
| 15     | 256                     | 4   | 8                          |
| 16     | 256                     | 8   | 8                          |
| 17     | 256                     | 16  | 8                          |
| 18     | 256                     | 1   | 16                         |
| 19     | 256                     | 2   | 16                         |
| 20     | 256                     | 4   | 16                         |
| - 21   | 256                     | 8   | 16                         |
| 22     | 256                     | 1   | 32                         |
| 23     | 256                     | 2   | 32                         |
| 24     | 256                     | 4   | 32                         |
| 25     | <b>256</b> <sup>1</sup> | 1   | 64                         |
| 26     | 256                     | 2   | 64                         |
| 27     | 256                     | 1   | 128                        |

### **Definition**

```
def CrossbarShuffle(major,rd,rc,rb,op)

c ← RegRead(rc, 128)

b ← RegRead(rb, 128)

if rc=rb then

case op of

0..55:

for x ← 2 to 7; for y ← 0 to x-2; for z ← 1 to x-y-1

if op = ((x*x*x-3*x*x-4*x)/6-(z*z-z)/2+x*z+y) then

for i ← 0 to 127

a<sub>i</sub> ← C(i<sub>6.x</sub> | | i<sub>y+z-1..y</sub> | | i<sub>x-1..y+z</sub> | | i<sub>y-1..0</sub>)

end

endif

endfor; endfor; endfor

56..63:

raise ReservedInstruction
```

Reserved Instruction

```
endcase
      elseif
             case op<sub>4..0</sub> of
                   0..27:
                          cb ← c II b
                          x ← 8
                          h ← op5
                          for y \leftarrow 0 to x-2; for z \leftarrow 1 to x-y-1
                                if op_{4..0} = ((17*z-z*z)/2-8+y) then
                                       for i \leftarrow h*128 to 127+h*128
                                              a_{i\text{-}h^{+}128} \leftarrow cb_{[i_{y+z-1..y}\ |\ |\ i_{x-1..y+z}\ |\ |\ |\ i_{y-1..0})}
                                       end
                                endif
                          endfor; endfor
                   28..31:
                          raise ReservedInstruction
             endcase
      endif
      RegWrite(rd, 128, a)
enddef
Exceptions
```

## Crossbar Swizzle

These operations perform calculations with a general register value and immediate values, placing the result in a general register.

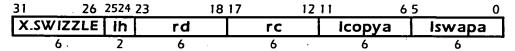
### Operation codes

| <del></del> |                  |
|-------------|------------------|
| X.SWIZZLE   | Crossbar swizzle |

#### **Format**

X.SWIZZLE rd=rc,icopy,iswap

rd=xswizzle(rc,icopy,iswap)



```
icopya \leftarrow icopy<sub>5..0</sub>
iswapa \leftarrow iswap<sub>5..0</sub>
ih \leftarrow icopy<sub>6</sub> | | | iswap<sub>6</sub>
```

## Description

The contents of register rc are fetched, and 7-bit immediate values, icopy and iswap, are constructed from the 2-bit ih field and from the 6-bit icopya and iswapa fields. The specified operation is performed on these operands. The result is placed into register rd.

### **Definition**

```
def GroupSwizzleImmediate(ih,rd,rc,icopya,iswapa) as icopy ← ih₁ 11 icopya iswap ← ih₀ 11 iswapa c ← RegRead(rc, 128) for i ← 0 to 127

ai ← C(i & icopy) ^ iswap endfor RegWrite(rd, 128, a) enddef
```

### **Exceptions**

none

# Crossbar Ternary

These operations take three values from registers, perform a group of calculations on partitions of bits of the operands and place the catenated results in a fourth register.

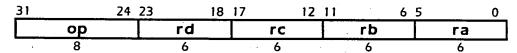
### Operation codes

| X.SELECT.8    |   | C                      |  |
|---------------|---|------------------------|--|
| I X.3ELEC I.8 | • | Crossbar select bytes  |  |
|               |   | Lerosspai sereer pyres |  |
|               |   |                        |  |

### <u>Format</u>

op ra=rd,rc,rb

ra=op(rd,rc,rb)



## **Description**

The contents of registers rd, rc, and rb are fetched. The specified operation is performed on these operands. The result is placed into register ra.

### **Definition**

```
def CrossbarTernary(op,rd,rc,rb,ra) as
d ← RegRead(rd, 128)
c ← RegRead(rc, 128)
b ← RegRead(rb, 128)
dc ← d II c
for i ← 0 to 15
j ← b8*i+4..8*i
a8*i+7..8*i ← dc8*j+7..8*j
endfor
RegWrite(ra, 128, a)
enddef
```

### **Exceptions**

none

# **Ensemble**

These operations take operands from two registers, perform operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in a third register.

## Operation codes

| E.CON.8        | Ensemble convolve signed bytes          |
|----------------|---|
| E.CON.16       | Ensemble convolve signed doublets       |
| E.CON.32       | Ensemble convolve signed quadlets       |
| E.CON.64       | Ensemble convolve signed octlets        |
| E.CON.C.8      | Ensemble convolve complex bytes         |
| E.CON.C.16     | Ensemble convolve complex doublets      |
| E.CON.C.32     | Ensemble convolve complex quadlets      |
| E.CON.M.8      | Ensemble convolve mixed-signed bytes    |
| E.CON.M.16     | Ensemble convolve mixed-signed doublets |
| E.CON.M.32     | Ensemble convolve mixed-signed quadlets |
| E.CON.M.64     | Ensemble convolve mixed-signed octlets  |
| E.CON.U.8      | Ensemble convolve unsigned bytes        |
| E.CON.U.16     | Ensemble convolve unsigned doublets     |
| E.CON.U.32     | Ensemble convolve unsigned quadlets     |
| E.CON.U.64     | Ensemble convolve unsigned octlets      |
| E.DIV.64       | Ensemble divide signed octlets          |
| E.DIV.U.64     | Ensemble divide unsigned octlets        |
| E.MUL.8        | Ensemble multiply signed bytes          |
| E.MUL.16       | Ensemble multiply signed doublets       |
| E.MUL.32       | Ensemble multiply signed quadlets       |
| E.MUL.64       | Ensemble multiply signed octlets        |
| E.MUL.SUM.8    | Ensemble multiply sum signed bytes      |
| E.MUL.SUM.16   | Ensemble multiply sum signed doublets   |
| E.MUL.SUM.32   | Ensemble multiply sum signed quadlets   |
| E.MUL.SUM.64   | Ensemble multiply sum signed octlets    |
| E.MUL.C.8      | Ensemble complex multiply bytes         |
| E.MUL.C.16     | Ensemble complex multiply doublets      |
| E.MUL.C.32     | Ensemble complex multiply quadlets      |
| E.MUL.M.8      | Ensemble multiply mixed-signed bytes    |
| E.MUL.M.16     | Ensemble multiply mixed-signed doublets |
| E.MUL.M.32     | Ensemble multiply mixed-signed quadlets |
| E.MUL.M.64     | Ensemble multiply mixed-signed octlets  |
| E.MUL.P.8      | Ensemble multiply polynomial bytes      |
| E.MUL.P.16     | Ensemble multiply polynomial doublets   |
| E.MUL.P.32     | Ensemble multiply polynomial quadlets   |
| E.MUL.P.64     | Ensemble multiply polynomial octlets    |
| E.MUL.SUM.C.8  | Ensemble multiply sum complex bytes     |
| E.MUL.SUM.C.16 | Ensemble multiply sum complex doublets  |
| E.MUL.SUM.C.32 | Ensemble multiply sum complex quadlets  |

| E.MUL.SUM.M.8  | Ensemble multiply sum mixed-signed bytes    |
|----------------|---|
| E.MUL.SUM.M.16 | Ensemble multiply sum mixed-signed doublets |
| E.MUL.SUM.M.32 | Ensemble multiply sum mixed-signed quadlets |
| E.MUL.SUM.M.64 | Ensemble multiply sum mixed-signed octlets  |
| E.MUL.SUM.U.8  | Ensemble multiply sum unsigned bytes        |
| E.MUL.SUM.U.16 | Ensemble multiply sum unsigned doublets     |
| E.MUL.SUM.U.32 | Ensemble multiply sum unsigned quadlets     |
| E.MUL.SUM.U.64 | Ensemble multiply sum unsigned octlets      |
| E.MUL.U.8      | Ensemble multiply unsigned bytes            |
| E.MUL.U.16     | Ensemble multiply unsigned doublets         |
| E.MUL.U.32     | Ensemble multiply unsigned quadlets         |
| E.MUL.U.64     | Ensemble multiply unsigned octlets          |

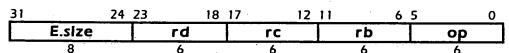
## <u>Selection</u>

| class        | ор        | type      | size       |
|--------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| multiply     | E.MUL     | NONEM U P | 8 16 32 64 |
|              |           | C .       | 8 16 32    |
| multiply sum | E.MUL.SUM | NONEM U   | 8 16 32 64 |
|              |           | C         | 8 16 32    |
| divide       | E.DIV     | NONEU     | 64         |

### **Format**

E.op.size rd=rc,rb

rd=eopsize(rc,rb)



## **Description**

Two values are taken from the contents of registers rc and rb. The specified operation is performed, and the result is placed in register rd.

## **Definition**

#### enddef

```
def Ensemble(op,size,rd,rc,rb)
      c ← RegRead(rc, 128)
      b ← RegRead(rb, 128)
      case op of
             E.MUL.; E.MUL.C., EMUL.SUM, E.MUL.SUM.C, E.CON, E.CON.C, E.DIV:
                    cs \leftarrow bs \leftarrow 1
             E.MUL.M:, EMUL.SUM.M, E.CON.M:
                    cs' \leftarrow 0
                    bs \leftarrow 1
             E.MUL.U., EMUL.SUM.U, E.CON.U, E.DIV.U, E.MUL.P.
                    cs \leftarrow bs \leftarrow 0
      endcase
      case op of
             E.MUL, E.MUL.U, E.MUL.M:
                    for i \leftarrow 0 to 64-size by size
                           d_{2*(i+size)-1...2*i} \leftarrow mul(size, 2*size, cs, c, i, bs, b, i)
                    endfor
             E.MUL.P:
                    for i \leftarrow 0 to 64-size by size
                           d_{2*(i+size)-1...2*i} \leftarrow PolyMultiply(size,c_{size-1+i...i},b_{size-1+i...i})
                    endfor
             E.MUL.C:
                    for i \leftarrow 0 to 64-size by size
                           if (i \text{ and size}) = 0 then
                                  p \leftarrow \text{mul(size,2*size,1,c,i,1,b,i)} - \text{mul(size,2*size,1,c,i+size,1,b,i+size)}
                                  p \leftarrow \text{mul(size, 2*size, 1, c, i, 1, b, i+size)} + \text{mul(size, 2*size, 1, c, i, 1, b, i+size)}
                           endif
                           d_{2*(i+size)-1..2*i} \leftarrow p
                    endfor
              E.MUL.SUM, E.MUL.SUM.U, E.MUL.SUM.M:
                    p[0] \leftarrow 0^{128}
                    for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                           p[i+size] \leftarrow p[i] + mul(size, 128, cs, c, i, bs, b, i)
                    endfor
                    a ← p[128]
              E.MUL.SUM.C:
                    p[0] \leftarrow 0^{64}
                    p[size] \leftarrow 0^{64}
                    for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                           if (i \text{ and size}) = 0 then
                                  p[i+2*size] \leftarrow p[i] + mul(size,64,1,c,i,1,b,i)
                                                         - mul(size,64,1,c,i+size,1,b,i+size)
                           eise
                                  p[i+2*size] \leftarrow p[i] + mul(size,64,1,c,i,1,b,i+size)
                                                         + mul(size, 64, 1, c, i+size, 1, b, i)
                           endif
                    endfor
                    a \leftarrow p[128+size] \mid 1 \mid p[128]
              E.CON, E.CON.U, E.CON.M:
                    p[0] \leftarrow 0^{128}
                    for j \leftarrow 0 to 64-size by size
```

none

```
for i \leftarrow 0 to 64-size by size
                                 P[j+size]2*(i+size)-1..2*i ← P[j]2*(i+size)-1..2*i +
                                        mul(size,2*size,cs,c,i+64-j,bs,b,j)
                          endfor
                    endfor
                    a ← p[64] -
             E.CON.C:
                    p[0] \leftarrow 0^{128}
                    for j \leftarrow 0 to 64-size by size
                          for i \leftarrow 0 to 64-size by size .
                                 if ((-i) and j and size) = 0 then
                                        P[j+size]_{2*[i+size]-1..2*i} \leftarrow P[j]_{2*[i+size]-1..2*i} +
                                               mul(size, 2*size, 1, c, i+64-j, 1, b, j)
                                 else
                                        P[j+size]_{2*[i+size]-1..2*i} \leftarrow P[j]_{2*[i+size]-1..2*i}
                                               mul(size,2*size,1,c,i+64-j+2*size,1,b,j)
                                  endif
                           endfor
                    endfor
                    a \leftarrow p[64]
             E.DIV:
                    if (b = 0) or (c = (1110^{63})) and (b = 1^{64})) then
                           a ← undefined
                    else
                           q \leftarrow c / b
                           r \leftarrow c - q^*b
                           a ← r<sub>63..0</sub> | | q<sub>63..0</sub>
                    endif
             E.DIV.U:
                    if b = 0 then
                           a ← undefined
                    else
                           q \leftarrow (0 \mid 1 \mid c) / (0 \mid 1 \mid b)
                           r \leftarrow c - (0 \mid 1 \mid q)*(0 \mid 1 \mid b).
                           a ← r<sub>63..0</sub> | 1 q<sub>63..0</sub>
                    endif
      endcase
      RegWrite(rd, 128, a)
enddef
Exceptions
```

# Ensemble Convolve Extract Immediate

These instructions take an address from a general register to fetch a large operand from memory, a second operand from a general register, perform a group of operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and catenate the results together, placing the result in a general register.

## Operation codes

| E CONVICA CR       | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex bytes big-endian ceiling       |
|--------------------|---|
| E.CON.X.I.C.8.C.B  |   |
| E.CON.X.I.C.8.F.B  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex bytes big-endian floor         |
| E.CON.X.I.C.8.N.B  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex bytes big-endian nearest       |
| E.CON.X.I.C.8.Z.B  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex bytes big-endian zero          |
| E.CON.X.I.C.16.C.B | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex doublets big-endian ceiling    |
| E.CON.X.I.C.16.F.B | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex doublets big-endian floor      |
| E.CON.X.I.C.16.N.B | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex doublets big-endian nearest    |
| E.CON.X.I.C.16.Z.B | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex doublets big-endian zero       |
| E.CON.X.I.C.32.C.B | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex quadlets big-endian ceiling    |
| E.CON.X.I.C.32.F.B | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex quadlets big-endian floor      |
| E.CON.X.I.C.32.N.B | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex quadlets big-endian nearest    |
| E.CON.X.I.C.32.Z.B | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex quadlets big-endian zero       |
| E.CON.X.I.C.64.C.B | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex octlets big-endian ceiling     |
| E.CON.X.I.C.64.F.B | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex octlets big-endian floor       |
| E.CON.X.I.C.64.N.B | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex octlets big-endian nearest     |
| E.CON.X.I.C.64.Z.B | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex octlets big-endian zero        |
| E.CON.X.I.C.8.C.L  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex bytes little-endian ceiling    |
| E.CON.X.I.C.8.F.L  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex bytes little-endian floor      |
| E.CON.X.I.C.8.N.L  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex bytes little-endian nearest    |
| E.CON.X.I.C.8.Z.L  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex bytes little-endian zero       |
| E.CON.X.I.C.16.C.L | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex doublets little-endian ceiling |
| E.CON.X.I.C.16.F.L | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex doublets little-endian floor   |
| E.CON.X.I.C.16.N.L | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex doublets little-endian nearest |
| E.CON.X.I.C.16.Z.L | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex doublets little-endian zero    |
| E.CON.X.I.C.32.C.L | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex quadlets little-endian ceiling |
| E.CON.X.I.C.32.F.L | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex quadlets little-endian floor   |
| E.CON.X.I.C.32.N.L | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex quadlets little-endian nearest |
| E.CON.X.I.C.32.Z.L | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex quadlets little-endian zero    |
| E.CON.X.I.C.64.C.L | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex octlets little-endian ceiling  |
| E.CON.X.I.C.64.F.L | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex octlets little-endian floor    |
| E.CON.X.I.C.64.N.L | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex octlets little-endian nearest  |
| E.CON.X.I.C.64.Z.L | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed complex octlets little-endian zero     |
| E.CON.X.I.8.C.B    | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes big-endian ceiling               |
| E.CON.X.I.8.F.B    | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes big-endian floor                 |
| E.CON.X.I.8.N.B    | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes big-endian nearest               |
| E.CON.X.I.8.Z.B    | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes big-endian zero                  |
| E.CON.X.I.16.C.B   | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets big-endian ceiling            |
|                    |   |

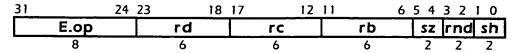
| E.CONX.I.16.N.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets big-endian nearest E.CONX.I.16.Z.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadrest big-endian ceiling E.CONX.I.32.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadrest big-endian relating E.CONX.I.32.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadrest big-endian nearest E.CONX.I.32.N.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadrest big-endian nearest E.CONX.I.64.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadrest big-endian nearest E.CONX.I.64.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed ocities big-endian relation E.CONX.I.64.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed ocities big-endian relation E.CONX.I.64.P.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed ocities big-endian relation E.CONX.I.64.P.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed ocities big-endian nearest E.CONX.I.84.P.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed ocities big-endian nearest E.CONX.I.85.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian nearest E.CONX.I.8.N.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian nearest E.CONX.I.8.N.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian rearest E.CONX.I.8.Z.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian rearest E.CONX.I.16.C.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian rearest E.CONX.I.16.N.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian nearest E.CONX.I.16.X.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian nearest E.CONX.I.16.X.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian nearest Enconx.I.16.X.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian nearest Enconx.I.16.X.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian nearest Enconx.I.16.X.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian nearest Enconx.I.16.X.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian nearest Enconx.I.16.X.L Ensemble convolve ex | ECONVILLED.                            | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets big-endian floor         |
|--|--|--|
| E.CONX.1.32.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets big-endian zero  E.CONX.1.32.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets big-endian reling  E.CONX.1.32.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CONX.1.32.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CONX.1.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets big-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octies big-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.64.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octies big-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.64.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octies big-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.64.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octies big-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.8.C.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octies big-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.8.F.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian floor  E.CONX.1.8.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian nearest  E.CONX.1.8.T.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian nearest  E.CONX.1.16.C.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.16.F.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian nearest  E.CONX.1.16.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian nearest  E.CONX.1.16.X.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian nearest  E.CONX.1.16.X.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian nearest  E.CONX.1.16.X.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian nearest  E.CONX.1.16.X.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian nearest  E.CONX.1.16.X.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian nearest  E.CONX.1.16.X.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed pudiets little-endian nearest  E.CONX.1.16.X.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octiets little-endian  | E.CON.X.I.16.F.B                       | _  |
| E.CONX.1.32.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets big-endian ceiling  E.CONX.1.32.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets big-endian floor  E.CONX.1.32.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CONX.1.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets big-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.64.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octiest big-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.64.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octiest big-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.64.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octiest big-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.64.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octiest big-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.84.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.85.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.8.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.16.C.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.16.F.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.16.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian nearest  E.CONX.1.16.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian nearest  E.CONX.1.16.X.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian nearest  E.CONX.1.16.X.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.16.X.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.32.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.32.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.32.R.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octies little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.64.R.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octies little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.64.R.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octies litt |  |  |
| E.CONX.1.32.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets big-endian floor  E.CONX.1.32.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CONX.1.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed outlets big-endian ceiling  E.CONX.1.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octiest big-endian floor  E.CONX.1.64.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octiest big-endian floor  E.CONX.1.64.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octiest big-endian floor  E.CONX.1.64.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octiest big-endian ceiling  E.CONX.1.8.C.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octiest big-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.8.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian ceiling  E.CONX.1.8.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian floor  E.CONX.1.8.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian floor  E.CONX.1.8.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian floor  E.CONX.1.16.C.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.16.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.16.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.16.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.32.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.32.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.32.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.64.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octies little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.64.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octies little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.64.R.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octies little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.64.R.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octies little-endian rearest  |  |  |
| E.CONX.1.32.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CONX.1.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets big-endian zero  E.CONX.1.64.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octiets big-endian zero  E.CONX.1.64.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octiets big-endian nearest  E.CONX.1.64.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octiets big-endian zero  E.CONX.1.8.C.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian zero  E.CONX.1.8.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian zero  E.CONX.1.8.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian zero  E.CONX.1.8.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian zero  E.CONX.1.8.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian zero  E.CONX.1.16.C.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian zero  E.CONX.1.16.F.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian zero  E.CONX.1.16.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian zero  E.CONX.1.16.X.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian zero  E.CONX.1.16.Z.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian zero  E.CONX.1.3.2.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.3.2.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.3.2.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.3.2.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.6.4.F.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octies little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.6.4.F.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octies little-endian rearest  E.CONX.1.6.4.F.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octies little-endian reling  E.CONX.1.M.8.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octies little-endian reling  E.CONX.1.M.8.C.B  |  |  |
| E.CONX.I.64.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadrets big-endian zero E.CONX.I.64.F.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octies big-endian ceiling E.CONX.I.64.N.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octies big-endian floor E.CONX.I.64.N.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octies big-endian nearest E.CONX.I.64.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octies big-endian ceiling E.CONX.I.B.C.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian ceiling E.CONX.I.B.F.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian floor E.CONX.I.B.R.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian nearest E.CONX.I.B.R.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian floor E.CONX.I.B.R.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian rearest E.CONX.I.16.C.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian rearest E.CONX.I.16.R.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian rearest E.CONX.I.16.X.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian rearest E.CONX.I.16.X.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian rearest E.CONX.I.16.X.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian rearest E.CONX.I.32.C.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian nearest E.CONX.I.32.N.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian rearest E.CONX.I.32.N.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian rearest E.CONX.I.64.C.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octiets little-endian rearest E.CONX.I.64.R.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octiets little-endian rearest E.CONX.I.64.R.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octiets little-endian rearest E.CONX.I.64.R.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octiets little-endian rearest E.CONX.I.M.8.R.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian rearest E.CONX.I.M.8.R.B Ensemble co |  |  |
| E.CONX.I.64.R.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octets big-endian feor E.CONX.I.64.R.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octets big-endian floor E.CONX.I.64.R.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octets big-endian nearest E.CONX.I.64.R.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octets big-endian nearest E.CONX.I.8.C.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian ceiling E.CONX.I.8.R.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian floor E.CONX.I.8.N.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian nearest E.CONX.I.8.N.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian nearest E.CONX.I.16.C.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian rearest E.CONX.I.16.R.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian rearest E.CONX.I.16.N.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian nearest E.CONX.I.16.N.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian nearest E.CONX.I.16.X.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian rearest E.CONX.I.32.C.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian rearest E.CONX.I.32.C.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian rearest E.CONX.I.32.C.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian rearest E.CONX.I.64.F.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octets little-endian rearest E.CONX.I.64.F.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octets little-endian rearest E.CONX.I.64.R.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octets little-endian rearest E.CONX.I.64.R.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octets little-endian rearest E.CONX.I.M.8.R.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian rearest E.CONX.I.M.8.R.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian rearest E.CONX.I.M.8.R.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian rearest E.CONX.I.M.16.R.B Ens |  |  |
| E.CONX.I.64.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octies big-endian floor  E.CONX.I.64.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octies big-endian nearest  E.CONX.I.8.C.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octies big-endian zero  E.CONX.I.8.F.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian floor  E.CONX.I.8.F.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian nearest  E.CONX.I.8.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian nearest  E.CONX.I.8.Z.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed bytes little-endian ceiling  E.CONX.I.16.C.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.I.16.F.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.I.16.A.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.I.16.Z.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.I.16.Z.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian nearest  E.CONX.I.16.Z.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.I.32.R.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian nearest  E.CONX.I.32.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian nearest  E.CONX.I.64.C.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.I.64.F.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octiets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.I.64.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octiets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.I.64.R.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octiets little-endian rearest  E.CONX.I.64.R.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian rearest  E.CONX.I.M.8.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian rearest  E.CONX.I.M.8.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian rearest  E.CONX.I.M.16.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-s |  |  |
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| E.CON.X.I.16.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.16.Z.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.32.C.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.32.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.32.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.32.Z.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.64.C.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octiets little-endian rearest  E.CON.X.I.64.C.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octiets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.64.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octiets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.64.R.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octiets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.64.R.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octiets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.64.R.D  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.B.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.B.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.B.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian rearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-sig | E.CON.X.I.16.C.L                       | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian ceiling    |
| E.CON.X.I.16.Z.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.32.C.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.32.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.32.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.32.Z.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.64.C.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian rero  E.CON.X.I.64.F.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian rearest  E.CON.X.I.64.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.64.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.64.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.64.R.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.64.R.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.S.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian rearest  E.CON.X.I.M.S.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.S.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.16.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.X.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.3.Z.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed oc | E.CON.X.I.16.F.L                       | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian floor      |
| E.CON.X.I.32.C.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.32.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.32.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.64.C.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.64.C.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.64.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.64.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.64.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.64.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.S.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian rearest  E.CON.X.I.M.S.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.S.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian rearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian rearest exconvolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.X.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.X.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian rearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian rearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian rearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian rearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets  | E.CON.X.I.16.N.L                       | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian nearest    |
| E.CON.X.I.32.F.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian floor E.CON.X.I.32.N.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian nearest E.CON.X.I.64.C.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian ceiling E.CON.X.I.64.F.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian ceiling E.CON.X.I.64.N.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian nearest E.CON.X.I.64.N.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian nearest E.CON.X.I.64.N.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian nearest E.CON.X.I.M.8.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian ceiling E.CON.X.I.M.8.F.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian nearest E.CON.X.I.M.8.N.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian nearest E.CON.X.I.M.8.R.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian ceiling E.CON.X.I.M.16.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian ceiling E.CON.X.I.M.16.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest E.CON.X.I.M.16.N.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest E.CON.X.I.M.16.N.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest E.CON.X.I.M.16.X.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest E.CON.X.I.M.32.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian ceiling E.CON.X.I.M.32.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest E.CON.X.I.M.32.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian  | E.CON.X.I.16.Z.L                       | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed doublets little-endian zero       |
| E.CON.X.I.32.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.64.C.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.64.F.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.64.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.64.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.64.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.8.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.8.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.8.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.8.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.16.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.16.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.32.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract im | E.CON.X.I.32.C.L                       | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian ceiling    |
| E.CON.X.I.32.Z.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.64.C.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.64.F.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.64.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.64.Z.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.8.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.8.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.8.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.8.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.16.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.3.Z.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.3.Z.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.3.Z.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve  | E.CON.X.I.32.F.L                       | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian floor      |
| E.CON.X.I.64.C.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.64.F.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.64.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.8.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.8.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.8.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.8.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian rearest  E.CON.X.I.M.8.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian rearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.16.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.16.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian rearest  E.CON.X.I.M.3.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed duallets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.3.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.3.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.3.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed duallets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract | E.CON.X.I.32.N.L                       | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian nearest    |
| E.CON.X.I.64.F.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.64.N.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.8.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.8.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.8.F.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.8.N.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.8.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.16.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.16.F.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.16.N.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.N.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian rearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.Z.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.32.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.N.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.N.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mi | E.CON.X.I.32.Z.L                       | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian zero       |
| E.CON.X.I.64.N.L  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.8.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.8.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.8.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.8.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.8.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.16.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.16.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.32.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian rearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian rearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ense | E.CON.X.I.64.C.L                       | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian ceiling     |
| E.CON.X.I.M.8.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.8.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.8.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.8.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.8.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.16.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.16.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.32.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.32.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian rearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest                             | E.CON.X.I.64.F.L                       | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian floor       |
| E.CON.X.I.M.8.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.8.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.8.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.8.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.16.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.16.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.X.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.32.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.32.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest   | E.CON.X.I.64.N.L                       | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian nearest     |
| E.CON.X.I.M.8.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.8.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.8.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.16.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.16.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.16.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian rearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.32.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest   | E.CON.X.I.64.Z.L                       | Ensemble convolve extract immediate signed octlets little-endian zero        |
| E.CON.X.I.M.8.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.8.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.16.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.16.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.32.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.32.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.32.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  | E.CON.X.I.M.8.C.B                      | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian ceiling    |
| E.CON.X.I.M.8.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.16.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.16.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.16.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.32.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.32.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.R.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian ceiling  | E.CON.X.I.M.8.F.B                      | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian floor      |
| E.CON.X.I.M.16.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.16.F.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.16.N.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.Z.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.32.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.32.F.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.32.N.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.Z.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.64.N.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.64.N.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.N.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian zero  | E.CON.X.I.M.8.N.B                      | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian nearest    |
| E.CON.X.I.M.16.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.16.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.32.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.32.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.64.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian zero  | E.CON.X.I.M.8.Z.B                      | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian zero       |
| E.CON.X.I.M.16.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.16.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.32.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.32.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.32.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.64.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.64.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian zero   | E.CON.X.I.M.16.C.B                     | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian ceiling |
| E.CON.X.I.M.32.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.32.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.32.F.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.32.N.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.Z.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.64.F.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.64.N.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes little-endian ceiling   | E.CON.X.I.M.16.F.B                     | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian floor   |
| E.CON.X.I.M.32.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.32.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.32.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.64.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.64.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian zero   | E.CON.X.I.M.16.N.B                     | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest |
| E.CON.X.I.M.32.F.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.32.N.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.Z.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.64.F.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.64.N.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian zero   | E.CON.X.I.M.16.Z.B                     | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian zero    |
| E.CON.X.I.M.32.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.32.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.64.F.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.64.N.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.B  Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian zero   | E.CON.X.I.M.32.C.B                     | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian ceiling |
| E.CON.X.I.M.32.Z.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.64.F.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.64.N.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes little-endian ceiling   | E.CON.X.I.M.32.F.B                     | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian floor   |
| E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian ceiling  E.CON.X.I.M.64.F.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.64.N.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.8.C.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes little-endian ceiling  | E.CON.X.I.M.32.N.B                     | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest |
| E.CON.X.I.M.64.F.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian floor  E.CON.X.I.M.64.N.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.8.C.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes little-endian ceiling  | E.CON.X.I.M.32.Z.B                     | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian zero    |
| E.CON.X.I.M.64.N.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.8.C.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes little-endian ceiling  | E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.B                     | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian ceiling  |
| E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.B Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octdets big-endian zero  E.CON.X.I.M.8.C.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes little-endian ceiling  | E.CON.X.I.M.64.F.B                     | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian floor    |
| E.CON.X.I.M.8.C.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes little-endian ceiling   | E.CON.X.I.M.64.N.B                     | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest  |
|  | E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.B                     | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian zero     |
| E CONTY I M O E I Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed signed bytes little and in floor   | E.CON.X.I.M.8.C.L                      | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes little-endian ceiling |
| E.CON.X.I.W.8.F.L  | E.CON.X.I.M.8.F.L                      | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes little-endian floor   |
| E.CON.X.I.M.8.N.L Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes little-endian nearest   | E.CON.X.I.M.8.N.I.                     | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes little-endian nearest |

| E.CON.X.I.M.8.Z.L   | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed bytes little-endian zero       |
|---------------------|---|
| E.CONX.I.M.16.C.L   | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets little-endian ceiling |
| E.CON.X.I.W. 16.C.L | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets little-endian floor   |
| E.CON.X.I.M. 16.F.L | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets little-endian nearest |
|                     | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed doublets little-endian zero    |
| E.CON.X.I.M.16.Z.L  |   |
| E.CON.X.I.M.32.C.L  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets little-endian ceiling |
| E.CON.X.I.M.32.F.L  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets little-endian floor   |
| E.CON.X.I.M.32.N.L  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets little-endian nearest |
| E.CON.X.I.M.32.Z.L  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets little-endian zero    |
| E.CON.X.I.M.64.C.L  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets little-endian ceiling  |
| E.CON.X.I.M.64.F.L  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets little-endian floor    |
| E.CON.X.I.M.64.N.L  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octlets little-endian nearest  |
| E.CON.X.I.M.64.Z.L  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate mixed-signed octiets little-endian zero     |
| E.CON.X.I.U.8.C.B   | Ensemble convolve extract immediate unsigned bytes big-endian ceiling           |
| E.CON.X.I.U.8.F.B   | Ensemble convolve extract immediate unsigned bytes big-endian floor             |
| E.CON.X.I.U.8.N.B   | Ensemble convolve extract immediate unsigned bytes big-endian nearest           |
| E.CON.X.I.U.16.C.B  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate unsigned doublets big-endian ceiling        |
| E.CON.X.I.U.16.F.B  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate unsigned doublets big-endian floor          |
| E.CON.X.I.U.16.N.B  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate unsigned doublets big-endian nearest        |
| E.CON.X.I.U.32.C.B  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate unsigned quadlets big-endian ceiling        |
| E.CON.X.I.U.32.F.B  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate unsigned quadlets big-endian floor          |
| E.CON.X.I.U.32.N.B  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate unsigned quadlets big-endian nearest        |
| E.CON.X.I.U.64.C.B  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate unsigned octlets big-endian ceiling         |
| E.CON.X.I.U.64.F.B  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate unsigned octlets big-endian floor           |
| E.CON.X.I.U.64.N.B  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate unsigned octlets big-endian nearest         |
| E.CON.X.I.U.8.C.L   | Ensemble convolve extract immediate unsigned bytes little-endian ceiling        |
| E.CON.X.I.U.8.F.L   | Ensemble convolve extract immediate unsigned bytes little-endian floor          |
| E.CON.X.I.U.8.N.L   | Ensemble convolve extract immediate unsigned bytes little-endian nearest        |
| E.CON.X.I.U.16.C.L  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate unsigned doublets little-endian ceiling     |
| E.CONX.I.U.16.F.L   | Ensemble convolve extract immediate unsigned doublets little-endian floor       |
| E.CON.X.I.U.16.N.L  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate unsigned doublets little-endian nearest     |
| E.CON.X.I.U.32.C.L  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate unsigned quadlets little-endian ceiling     |
| E.CON.X.I.U.32.F.L  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate unsigned quadlets little-endian floor       |
| E.CON.X.I.U.32.N.L  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate unsigned quadlets little-endian nearest     |
| E.CON.X.I.U.64.C.L  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate unsigned octiets little-endian ceiling      |
| E.CON.X.I.U.64.F.L  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate unsigned octlets little-endian floor        |
| E.CON.X.I.U.64.N.L  | Ensemble convolve extract immediate unsigned octlets little-endian nearest      |
| L                   |   |

### <u>Format</u>

E.op.size.rnd rd@rc,rb,i

rd=eopsizernd(rd,rc,rb,i)



$$sz \leftarrow log(size) - 3$$
  
 $sh \leftarrow size + 7 - log(size) - i$ 

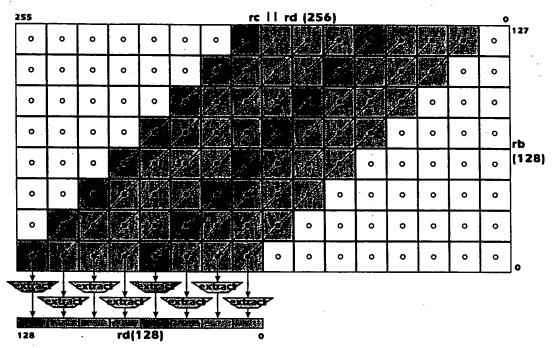
### Description

The contents of registers rd and rc are catenated, as specified by the order parameter, and used as a first value. A second value is the contents of register rb. The values are partitioned into groups of operands of the size specified and are convolved, producing a group of values. The group of values is rounded, and limited as specified, yielding a group of results which is the size specified. The group of results is catenated and placed in register rd.

Z (zero) rounding is not defined for unsigned extract operations, and a ReservedInstruction exception is raised if attempted. F (floor) rounding will properly round unsigned results downward.

The order parameter of the instruction specifies the order in which the contents of registers rd and rc are catenated. The choice is significant because the contents of register rd is overwritten. When little-endian order is specified, the contents are catenated so that the contents of register rc is most significant (left) and the contents of register rd is least significant (right). When big-endian order is specified, the contents are catenated so that the contents of register rd is most significant (left) and the contents of register rc is least significant (right).

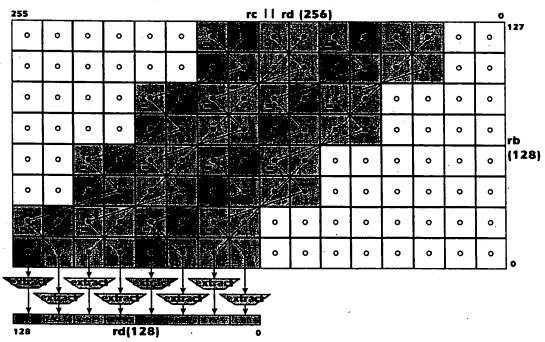
An ensemble-convolve-extract-immediate-doublets instruction (ECON.X.I16, ECON.X.IM16, or ECON.X.IU16) convolves vector [x w v u t s r q p o n m l k j i] with vector [h g f e d c b a], yielding the products [ax+bw+cv+du+et+fs+gr+hq ... as+br+cq+dp+eo+fn+gm+hl ar+bq+cp+do+en+fm+gl+hk aq+bp+co+dn+em+fl+gk+hj], rounded and limited as specified:



Ensemble convolve extract immediate doublets

Ensemble Convolve Extract Immediate

An ensemble-convolve-extract-immediate-complex-doublets instruction (ECON.X.IC16) convolves vector [x w v u t s r q p o n m l k j i] with vector [h g f e d c b a], yielding the products [ax+bw+cv+du+et+fs+gr+hq ... as-bt+cq-dr+eo-fp+gm-hn ar+bq+cp+do+en+fm+gl+hk aq-br+co-dp+em-fn+gk+hl], rounded and limited as specified:



Ensemble convolve extract immediate complex doublets

### **Definition**

```
def mul(size,h,vs,v,i,ws,w,j) as
      \text{mul} \leftarrow ((\text{vs\&v}_{\text{size-1+i}})^{h-\text{size}} \mid | \text{v}_{\text{size-1+i...i}})^* ((\text{ws\&w}_{\text{size-1+j}})^{h-\text{size}} \mid | \text{w}_{\text{size-1+i...i}})^*)
enddef
def EnsembleConvolveExtractImmediate(op,rnd,gsize,rd,rc,rb,sh)
      d \leftarrow RegRead(rd, 128)
      c ← RegRead(rd, 128)
      b ← RegRead(rb, 128)
      lgsize \leftarrow log(qsize)
      wsize ← 128
      msize ← 256
      vsize ← 128
       case op of
             E.CON.X.I.B, E.CON.X.I.U.B, E.CON.X.I.M.B, E.CON.X.I.C.B:
                    m \leftarrow d | l | c
             E.CON.X.I.L, E.CON.X.I.U.L, E.CON.X.I.M.L, E.CON.X.I.C.L:
                    m \leftarrow c \prod d
       endcase
       case op of
             E.CON.X.I.U.B, E.CON.X.I.U.L:
                    as \leftarrow ms \leftarrow bs \leftarrow false
             E.CON.X.I.M.B, E.CON.X.I.M.L:
```

none

```
ms \leftarrow false
                    as \leftarrow bs \leftarrow true
             E.CON.X.I.B, E.CON.X.I.L, E.CON.X.I.C.B, E.CON.X.I.C.L:
                    as \leftarrow ms \leftarrow bs \leftarrow true
       endcase
       h \leftarrow (2*gsize) + 7 - lqsize
       r \leftarrow h - size - sh
       for i \leftarrow 0 to wsize-gsize by gsize
             q[0] \leftarrow 0^{2*gsize+7-lgsize}
             for j \leftarrow 0 to vsize-gsize by gsize
                    case op of
                           E.CON.X.I.B, E.CON.X.I.L, E.CON.X.I.M.B, E.CON.X.I.M.L,
                           E.CON.X.I.U.B, E.CON.X.I.U.L:
                                  q[j+gsize] \leftarrow q[j] + mul(gsize,h,ms,m,i+128-j,bs,b,j)
                           E.CON.X.I.C.B, E.CON.X.I.C.L:
                                  if (-i) & j & gsize = 0 then
                                         q[j+gsize] \leftarrow q[j] + mul(gsize,h,ms,m,i+128-j,bs,b,j)
                                         q[j+gsize] \leftarrow q[j] - mul(gsize,h,ms,m,i+128-j+2*gsize,bs,b,j)
                                  endif
                    endcase
              endfor
              p \leftarrow q[vsize]
              case rnd of
                    none, N:
                           s \leftarrow 0^{h-r} \mid 1 \sim p_r \mid 1 \mid p_r^{r-1}
                    Z:
                           s \leftarrow 0^{h-r} \mid p_{h-1}^r
                    F:
                           s \leftarrow 0^h
                    C:
                           s ← 0h-r | | 1r
              endcase
             v \leftarrow ((as \& p_{h-1})||p) + (0||s)
             if (v_{h..r+gsize} = (as \& v_{r+gsize-1})^{h+1-r-gsize} then
                    agsize-1+i..i ← Vgsize-1+r..r
                    a_{gsize-1+i..i} \leftarrow as ? (v_h II - v_h^{size-1}) : 19^{size}
             endif
       endfor
      a_{127..\text{wsize}} \leftarrow 0
      RegWrite(rd, 128, a)
enddef
Exceptions
```

## Ensemble Convolve Floating-point

These instructions take an address from a general register to fetch a large operand from memory, a second operand from a general register, perform a group of operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and catenate the results together, placing the result in a general register.

### Operation codes

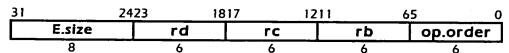
| E.CON.F.16.B   | Ensemble convolve floating-point half big-endian              |
|----------------|---|
| E.CON.F.16.L   | Ensemble convolve floating-point half little-endian           |
| E.CON.F.32.B   | Ensemble convolve floating-point single big-endian            |
| E.CON.F.32.L   | Ensemble convolve floating-point single little-endian         |
| E.CON.F.64.B   | Ensemble convolve floating-point double big-endian            |
| E.CON.F.64.L   | Ensemble convolve floating-point double little-endian         |
| E.CON.C.F.16.B | Ensemble convolve complex floating-point half big-endian      |
| E.CON.C.F.16.L | Ensemble convolve complex floating-point half little-endian   |
| E.CON.C.F.32.B | Ensemble convolve complex floating-point single big-endian    |
| E.CON.C.F.32.L | Ensemble convolve complex floating-point single little-endian |
| E.CON.C.F.64.B | Ensemble convolve complex floating-point double big-endian    |
| E.CON.C.F.64.L | Ensemble convolve complex floating-point double little-endian |

### **Format**

E.op.size.order

rd=rc,rb

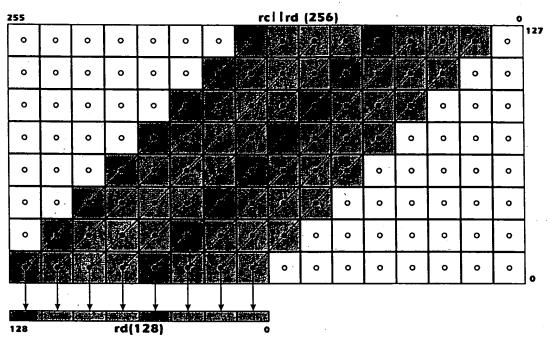
rd=eopsizeorder(rd,rc,rb)



### **Description**

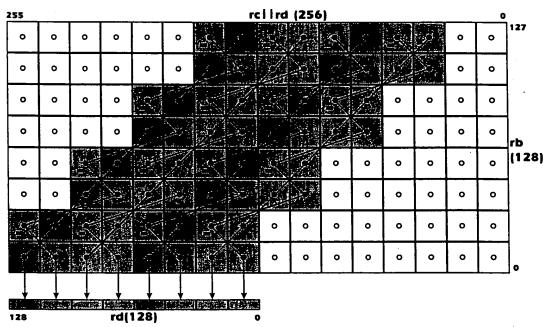
The first value is the catenation of the contents of register rd and rc, as specified by the order parameter. A second value is the contents of register rb. The values are partitioned into groups of operands of the size specified. The second values are multiplied with the first values, then summed, producing a group of result values. The group of result values is catenated and placed in register rd.

An ensemble-convolve-floating-point-half-little-endian instruction (E.CON.F.16.L) convolves vector [x w v u t s r q p o n m l k j i] with vector [h g f e d c b a], yielding the products [ax+bw+cv+du+et+fs+gr+hq ... as+br+cq+dp+eo+fn+gm+hl ar+bq+cp+do+en+fm+gl+hk aq+bp+co+dn+em+fl+gk+hj]:



Ensemble convolve floating-point half little-endian

A ensemble-convolve-complex-floating-point-half-little-endian instruction (E.CON.C.F.16.L) convolves vector [x w v u t s r q p o n m l k j i] with vector [h g f e d c b a], yielding the products [ax+bw+cv+du+et+fs+gr+hq ... as-bt+cq-dr+eo-fp+gm-hn ar+bq+cp+do+en+fm+gl+hk aq-br+co-dp+em-fn+gk+hl]:



Ensemble convolve complex floating-point half little-endian

### **Definition**

```
def mul(size,v,i,w,j) as
      mul \leftarrow fmul(F(size, v_{size-1+i...i}), F(size, w_{size-1+j...j}))
enddef
def EnsembleConvolveFloatingPoint(op,qsize,rd,rc,rb)
      d \leftarrow RegRead(rd, 128)
      c ← RegRead(rc, 128)
      b \leftarrow RegRead(rb, 128)
      lgsize \leftarrow log(gsize)
      wsize ← 128
      msize ← 256
      vsize ← 128
      case op of
            E.CON.F.B, E.CON.C.F.B:
                  m \leftarrow d \parallel l \parallel c
            E.CON.F.L, E.CON.C.F.L:
                  m \leftarrow c \mid l \mid d
      endcase
      for i \leftarrow 0 to wsize-gsize by gsize
            //NULL value doesn't combine with zero to alter sign bit
            q[0].t \leftarrow NULL
            for j \leftarrow 0 to vsize-gsize by gsize
                  case op of
                         E.CONF.L, E.CONF.B:
```

```
q[j+gsize] ← fadd[q[j], mul(gsize,m,i+128-j,b,j])

E.CONCF.L, E.CONCF.B:

if (-i) & j & gsize = 0 then

q[j+gsize] ← fadd(q[j], mul(gsize,m,i+128-j,b,j])

else

q[j+gsize] ← fsub(q[j], mul(gsize,m,i+128-j+2*gsize,b,j])

endif

endcase

endfor

agsize-1+i...i ← PackF(gsize,q[vsize],N)

endfor

a127...wsize ← 0

RegWrite(rd, 128, a)

enddef
```

**Exceptions** 

none

## **Ensemble Extract**

These operations take operands from three registers, perform operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in a fourth register.

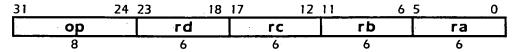
## Operation codes

| E.MUL.X      | Ensemble multiply extract  |
|--------------|----------------------------|
| E.EXTRACT    | Ensemble extract           |
| E.SCAL.ADD.X | Ensemble scale add extract |

#### **Format**

### E.opra=rd,rc,rb

## ra=gop(rd,rc,rb)



### **Description**

The contents of registers rd, rc, and rb are fetched. The specified operation is performed on these operands. The result is placed into register ra.

Bits 31..0 of the contents of register rb specifies several parameters which control the manner in which data is extracted, and for certain operations, the manner in which the operation is performed. The position of the control fields allows for the source position to be added to a fixed control value for dynamic computation, and allows for the lower 16 bits of the control field to be set for some of the simpler extract cases by a single GCOPYI.128 instruction. The control fields are further arranged so that if only the low order 8 bits are non-zero, a 128-bit extraction with truncation and no rounding is performed.

| 31 | 24 23 |      | 16 15 14 | 13 12 11 109 | 8      | 0 |
|----|-------|------|----------|--------------|--------|---|
| fs | ize   | dpos | x s      | nmirn        | d gssp |   |
|    | 8     | 8    | 1 1      | 1112         | 9      |   |

The table below describes the meaning of each label:

| label      | bits | meaning                          |
|------------|------|----------------------------------|
| fsize      | 8    | field size                       |
| dpos       | 8.   | destination position             |
| . <b>X</b> | 1    | reserved                         |
| S          | 1    | signed vs. unsigned              |
| n          | 1    | complex vs. real multiplication  |
| m          | 1    | merge vs. extract or mixed-sign  |
|            |      | vs. same-sign multiplication     |
| 1          | 1    | limit: saturation vs. truncation |
| rnd        | 2    | rounding                         |
| gssp       | 9    | group size and source position   |

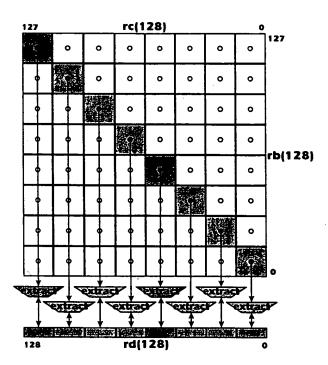
The 9-bit gssp field encodes both the group size, gsize, and source position, spos, according to the formula gssp = 512-4\*gsize+spos. The group size, gsize, is a power of two in the range 1..128. The source position, spos, is in the range 0..(2\*gsize)-1.

The values in the s, n, m, l, and rnd fields have the following meaning:

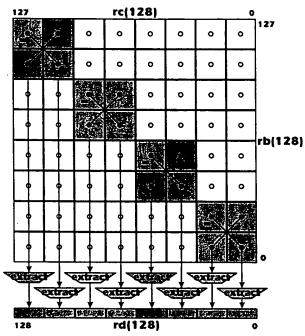
| values | S        | n       | m                 | 1        | rnd |
|--------|----------|---------|-------------------|----------|-----|
| 0      | unsigned | real    | extract/same-sign | truncate | F   |
| 1      | signed   | complex | merge/mixed-sign  | saturate | Z.  |
| 2      |          | •       |                   |          | N   |
| 3      |          |         |                   |          | c   |

For the E.SCAL.ADD.X instruction, bits 127..64 of the contents of register rc specifies the multipliers for the multiplicands in registers ra and rb. Specifically, bits 64+2\*gsize-1..64+gsize is the multiplier for the contents of register ra, and bits 64+gsize-1..64 is the multiplier for the contents of register rb.

An ensemble-multiply-extract-doublets instruction (E.MULX) multiplies vector ra [h g f e d c b a] with vector rb [p o n m l k j i], yielding the result [hp go fn em dl ck bj ai], rounded and limited as specified by rc31..0.

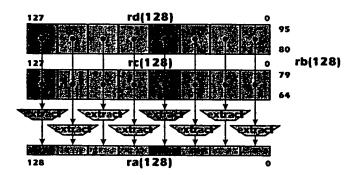


An ensemble-multiply-extract-doublets-complex instruction (E.MUL.X with n set) multiplies operand [h g f e d c b a] by operand [p o n m l k j i], yielding the result [gp+ho go-hp en+fm em-fn cl+dk ck-dl aj+bi ai-bj], rounded and limited as specified. Note that this instruction prefers an organization of complex numbers in which the real part is located to the right (lower precision) of the imaginary part.:



Ensemble complex multiply extract doublets

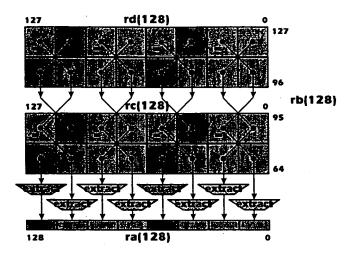
An ensemble-scale-add-extract-doublets instruction (E.SCAL.ADD.X) multiplies vector ra [h g f e d c b a] with rc95...80 [r] and adds the product to the product of vector rb [p o n m l k j i] with rc79...64 [q], yielding the result [hr+pq gr+oq fr+nq er+mq dr+lq cr+kq br+jq ar+iq], rounded and limited as specified by rc31...0.



Ensemble scale add extract doublets

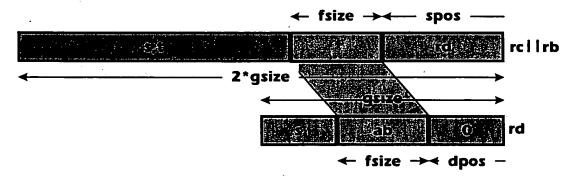
An ensemble-scale-add-extract-doublets-complex instruction (E.SCLADD.X with n set) multiplies vector ra [h g f e d c b a] with rc127..96 [t s] and adds the product to the product of vector rb [p o n m l k j i] with rc95..64 [r q], yielding the result [hs+gt+pq+or gs-ht+oq-pr

fs+et+nq+mr es-ft+mq-nr ds+ct+lq+kr cs-dt+kq-lr bs+at+jq+ir as-bt+iq-jr], rounded and limited as specified by rc31..0.



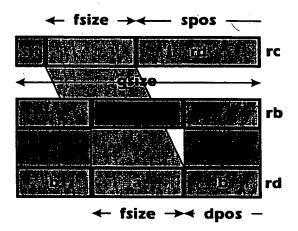
Ensemble complex scale add extract doublets

For the E.EXTRACT instruction, when m=0, the parameters are interpreted to select a fields from the catenated contents of registers rd and rc, extracting values which are catenated and placed in register ra.:



Ensemble extract

For an ensemble-merge-extract (G.X when m=1), the parameters are interpreted to merge a fields from the contents of register rd with the contents of register rc. The results are catenated and placed in register ra.



Ensemble merge extract

### **Definition**

```
def mul(size,h,vs,v,i,ws,w,j) as
                           mul \leftarrow ((vs\&v_{size-1+i})^{h-size} + (ws\&w_{size-1+j})^{h-size} + (ws\&w_{size-1+j})^{h-size-1+j} + (ws\&w_{size-1+j})^{h-size-1+j} + (ws\&w_{size-1+j})^{h-size-1+j} + (ws\&w_{size-1+j})^{h-siz
enddef
def EnsembleExtract(op,ra,rb,rc,rd) as
                            d ← RegRead(rd, 128)
                            c \leftarrow RegRead(rc, 128)
                            b ← RegRead(rb, 128)
                            case b<sub>8..0</sub> of
                                                        0..255:
                                                                                    sqsize ← 128
                                                        256..383:
                                                                                     sgsize ← 64
                                                         384..447:
                                                                                    sgsize ← 32
                                                          448..479:
                                                                                    sgsize ← 16
                                                         480..495:
                                                                                     sgsize \leftarrow 8
                                                          496..503:
                                                                                    sgsize ← 4
                                                          504..507:
                                                                                     sgsize \leftarrow 2
                                                          508..511:
                                                                                     sgsize ← 1
                            endcase.
                            I ← b11
                            m \leftarrow b_{12}
                            n ← b<sub>13</sub>
                            signed ← b<sub>14</sub>
```

```
case op of
      E.EXTRACT:
             gsize ← sgsize
             h \leftarrow (2-m)^*gsize
             as ← signed
              spos \leftarrow (b<sub>8..0</sub>) and ((2-m)*gsize-1)
       E.SCALADD.X:
             if (sgsize < 8) then
                    gsize \leftarrow 8
              elseif (sgsize*(n+1) > 32) then
                    gsize \leftarrow 32/(n+1)
              else
                     gsize ← sgsize
              endif
              ds \leftarrow cs \leftarrow signed
              bs \leftarrow signed ^n m
              as ← signed or m or n
              h \leftarrow (2*gsize) + 1 + n
              spos \leftarrow (b<sub>8..0</sub>) and (2*gsize-1)
       E.MUL.X:
              if (sgsize < 8) then
                     gsize ← 8
              elseif (sgsize*(n+1) > 128) then
                     gsize \leftarrow 128/(n+1)
                     gsize \leftarrow sgsize
              endif
              ds. \leftarrow signed
              cs ← signed ^ m
              as \leftarrow signed or m or n
              h \leftarrow (2*gsize) + n
              spos \leftarrow (b<sub>8..0</sub>) and (2*gsize-1)
 endcase
 dpos \leftarrow (0 | 1 | b<sub>23..16</sub>) and (gsize-1)
 r \leftarrow spos
 sfsize \leftarrow (0 | | b<sub>31..24</sub>) and (gsize-1)
 tfsize \leftarrow (sfsize = 0) or ((sfsize+dpos) > gsize) ? gsize-dpos : sfsize
 fsize ← (tfsize + spos > h) ? h - spos : tfsize
 if (b_{10..9} = Z) and not as then
        rnd \leftarrow F
 else
        rnd \leftarrow b<sub>10..9</sub>
 for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-gsize by gsize
        case op of
              E.EXTRACT:
                     if m then
                            p \leftarrow d_{gsize+i-1..i}
                     else
                            p \leftarrow (d \mid l \mid c)_{2*(gsize+i)-1..2*i}
                     endif
               E.MUL.X:
                     if n then
```

none

```
if (i and gsize) = 0 then
                                        p \leftarrow mul(gsize,h,ds,d,i,cs,c,i) - mul(gsize,h,ds,d,i+size,cs,c,i+size)
                                        p \leftarrow mul(gsize,h,ds,d,i,cs,c,i+size) + mul(gsize,h,ds,d,i,cs,c,i+size)
                           else
                                 p \leftarrow mul(gsize,h,ds,d,i,cs,c,i)
                           endif
                    E.SCALADD.X:
                           if n then
                                 if (i \text{ and } gsize) = 0 \text{ then}
                                        p \leftarrow mul(gsize,h,ds,d,i,bs,b,64+2*qsize)
                                               + mul(gsize,h,cs,c,i,bs,b,64)
                                               - mul(gsize,h,ds,d,i+gsize,bs,b,64+3*gsize)
                                               - mul(gsize,h,cs,c,i+gsize,bs,b,64+gsize)
                                 else
                                        p \leftarrow mul(gsize,h,ds,d,i,bs,b,64+3*qsize)
                                               + mul(gsize,h,cs,c,i,bs,b,64+gsize)
                                               + mul(gsize,h,ds,d,i+gsize,bs,b,64+2*gsize)
                                               + mul(gsize,h,cs,c,i+gsize,bs,b,64)
                                  endif
                           else
                                  p \leftarrow \text{mul}(\text{gsize,h,ds,d,i,bs,b,64+gsize}) + \text{mul}(\text{gsize,h,cs,c,i,bs,b,64})
                           endif
             endcase
             case rnd of
                           s \leftarrow 0^{h-r} \mid 1 \sim p_r \mid 1 \mid p_r^{r-1}
                    Z:
                           s \leftarrow 0^{h-r} \mid 1 \mid p_{h-1}^r
                    F:
                           s \leftarrow 0^h
                    C:
                           s \leftarrow 0^{h-r} \mid 1 \mid 1^r
             endcase
             v \leftarrow ((as \& p_{h-1})||p|) + (0||s|)
             if (v_{h..r+fsize} = (as \& v_{r+fsize-1})^{h+1-r-fsize}) or not (I and (op = E.EXTRACT)) then
                    w \leftarrow (as \& v_{r+fsize-1})^{gsize-fsize-dpos} | | v_{fsize-1+r,r} | | 0^{dpos}
             else
                    w \leftarrow (s ? (v_h | 1 - v_h^2 size-dpos-1) : 1gsize-dpos) | 1 Odpos
             endif
             if m and (op = E.EXTRACT) then
                    asize-1+i..i ← Cgsize-1+i..dpos+fsize+i | | Wdpos+fsize-1..dpos | | Cdpos-1+1..i
             else
                    asize-1+i..i ← w
             endif
      endfor
      RegWrite(ra, 128, a)
enddef
Exceptions
```

# **Ensemble Extract Immediate**

These operations take operands from two registers and a short immediate value, perform operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in a third register.

## Operation codes

| E.EXTRACT.I.8.C    | Ensemble extract immediate signed bytes ceiling             |
|--------------------|---|
| E.EXTRACT.I.8.F    | Ensemble extract immediate signed bytes floor               |
| E.EXTRACT.I.8.N    | Ensemble extract immediate signed bytes nearest             |
| E.EXTRACT.I.8.Z    | Ensemble extract immediate signed bytes zero                |
| E.EXTRACT.I.16.C   | Ensemble extract immediate signed doublets ceiling          |
| E.EXTRACT.I.16.F   | Ensemble extract immediate signed doublets floor            |
| E.EXTRACT.I.16.N   | Ensemble extract immediate signed doublets nearest          |
| E.EXTRACT.I.16.Z   | Ensemble extract immediate signed doublets zero             |
| E.EXTRACT.I.32.C   | Ensemble extract immediate signed quadlets ceiling          |
| E.EXTRACT.I.32.F   | Ensemble extract immediate signed quadlets floor            |
| E.EXTRACT.I.32.N   | Ensemble extract immediate signed quadlets nearest          |
| E.EXTRACT.I.32.Z   | Ensemble extract immediate signed quadlets zero             |
| E.EXTRACT.I.64.C   | Ensemble extract immediate signed octlets ceiling           |
| E.EXTRACT.I.64.F   | Ensemble extract immediate signed octlets floor             |
| E.EXTRACT.I.64.N   | Ensemble extract immediate signed octlets nearest           |
| E.EXTRACT.I.64.Z   | Ensemble extract immediate signed octlets zero              |
| E.EXTRACT.I.U.8.C  | Ensemble extract immediate unsigned bytes ceiling           |
| E.EXTRACT.I.U.8.F  | Ensemble extract immediate unsigned bytes floor             |
| E.EXTRACT.I.U.8.N  | Ensemble extract immediate unsigned bytes nearest           |
| E.EXTRACT.I.U.16.C | Ensemble extract immediate unsigned doublets ceiling        |
| E.EXTRACT.I.U.16.F | Ensemble extract immediate unsigned doublets floor          |
| E.EXTRACT.I.U.16.N | Ensemble extract immediate unsigned doublets nearest        |
| E.EXTRACT.I.U.32.C | Ensemble extract immediate unsigned quadlets ceiling        |
| E.EXTRACT.I.U.32.F | Ensemble extract immediate unsigned quadlets floor          |
| E.EXTRACT.I.U.32.N | Ensemble extract immediate unsigned quadlets nearest        |
| E.EXTRACT.I.U.64.C | Ensemble extract immediate unsigned octlets ceiling         |
| E.EXTRACT.I.U.64.F | Ensemble extract immediate unsigned octlets floor           |
| E.EXTRACT.I.U.64.N | Ensemble extract immediate unsigned octlets nearest         |
| E.MUL.X.I.8.C      | Ensemble multiply extract immediate signed bytes ceiling    |
| E.MUL.X.I.8.F      | Ensemble multiply extract immediate signed bytes floor      |
| E.MUL.X.I.8.N      | Ensemble multiply extract immediate signed bytes nearest    |
| E.MUL.X.I.8.Z      | Ensemble multiply extract immediate signed bytes zero       |
| E.MUL.X.I.16.C     | Ensemble multiply extract immediate signed doublets ceiling |
| E.MUL.X.I.16.F     | Ensemble multiply extract immediate signed doublets floor   |
| E.MUL.X.I.16.N     | Ensemble multiply extract immediate signed doublets nearest |
| E.MUL.X.I.16.Z     | Ensemble multiply extract immediate signed doublets zero    |
| E.MUL.X.I.32.C     | Ensemble multiply extract immediate signed quadlets ceiling |
| E.MUL.X.I.32.F     | Ensemble multiply extract immediate signed quadlets floor   |

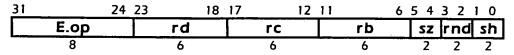
| E.MUL.X.I.32.N    | Ensemble multiply extract immediate signed quadlets nearest       |
|-------------------|---|
| E.MUL.X.I.32.N    | Ensemble multiply extract immediate signed quadlets rearest       |
|                   | Ensemble multiply extract immediate signed octlets ceiling        |
| E.MUL.X.I.64.C    |   |
| E.MUL.X.I.64.F    | Ensemble multiply extract immediate signed octlets floor          |
| E.MUL.X.I.64.N    | Ensemble multiply extract immediate signed octlets nearest        |
| E.MUL.X.I.64.Z    | Ensemble multiply extract immediate signed octlets zero           |
| E.MUL.X.I.C.8.C   | Ensemble multiply extract immediate complex bytes ceiling         |
| E.MUL.X.I.C.8.F   | Ensemble multiply extract immediate complex bytes floor           |
| E.MUL.X.I.C.8.N   | Ensemble multiply extract immediate complex bytes nearest         |
| E.MUL.X.I.C.8.Z   | Ensemble multiply extract immediate complex bytes zero            |
| E.MUL.X.I.C.16.C  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate complex doublets ceiling      |
| E.MUL.X.I.C. 16.F | Ensemble multiply extract immediate complex doublets floor        |
| E.MUL.X.I.C.16.N  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate complex doublets nearest      |
| E.MUL.X.I.C.16.Z  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate complex doublets zero         |
| E.MUL.X.I.C.32.C  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate complex quadlets ceiling      |
| E.MUL.X.I.C.32.F  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate complex quadlets floor        |
| E.MUL.X.I.C.32.N  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate complex quadlets nearest      |
| E.MUL.X.I.C.32.Z  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate complex quadlets zero         |
| E.MUL.X.I.C.64.C  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate complex octlets ceiling       |
| E.MUL.X.I.C.64.F  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate complex octlets floor         |
| E.MUL.X.I.C.64.N  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate complex octlets nearest       |
| E.MUL.X.I.C.64.Z  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate complex octiets zero          |
| E.MUL.X.I.M.8.C   | Ensemble multiply extract immediate mixed-signed bytes ceiling    |
| E.MUL.X.I.M.8.F   | Ensemble multiply extract immediate mixed-signed bytes floor      |
| E.MUL.X.I.M.8.N   | Ensemble multiply extract immediate mixed-signed bytes nearest    |
| E.MUL.X.I.M.8.Z   | Ensemble multiply extract immediate mixed-signed bytes zero       |
| E.MUL.X.I.M.16.C  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate mixed-signed doublets ceiling |
| E.MUL.X.I.M.16.F  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate mixed-signed doublets floor   |
| E.MUL.X.I.M.16.N  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate mixed-signed doublets nearest |
| E.MUL.X.I.M.16.Z  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate mixed-signed doublets zero    |
| E.MUL.X.I.M.32.C  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets ceiling |
| E.MUL.X.I.M.32.F  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets floor   |
| E.MUL.X.I.M.32.N  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets nearest |
| E.MUL.X.I.M.32.Z  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets zero    |
| E.MUL.X.I.M.64.C  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate mixed-signed octlets ceiling  |
| E.MUL.X.I.M.64.F  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate mixed-signed octlets floor    |
| E.MUL.X.I.M.64.N  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate mixed-signed octlets nearest  |
| E.MUL.X.I.M.64.Z  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate mixed-signed octlets zero     |
| E.MUL.X.I.U.8.C   | Ensemble multiply extract immediate unsigned bytes ceiling        |
| E.MUL.X.I.U.8.F   | Ensemble multiply extract immediate unsigned bytes floor          |
| E.MUL.X.I.U.8.N   | Ensemble multiply extract immediate unsigned bytes nearest        |
| E.MUL.X.I.U.16.C  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate unsigned doublets ceiling     |
| E.MUL.X.I.U.16.F  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate unsigned doublets floor       |
| E.MUL.X.I.U.16.N  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate unsigned doublets nearest     |
| E.MUL.X.I.U.32.C  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate unsigned quadlets ceiling     |
| E.MUL.X.I.U.32.F  | Ensemble multiply extract immediate unsigned quadlets floor       |
|                   |   |

| E.MUL.X.I.U.32.N | Ensemble multiply extract immediate unsigned quadlets nearest |
|------------------|---|
| E.MUL.X.I.U.64.C | Ensemble multiply extract immediate unsigned octlets ceiling  |
| E.MUL.X.I.U.64.F | Ensemble multiply extract immediate unsigned octlets floor    |
| E.MUL.X.I.U.64.N | Ensemble multiply extract immediate unsigned octlets nearest  |

### **Format**

E.op.size.rnd rd=rc,rb,i

rd=eopsizernd(rc,rb,i)



```
sz ← log(size) - 3
case op of
E.EXTRACT.I, E.EXTRACT.I.U, E.MUL.X.I, E.MUL.X.I.U, E.MUL.X.I.M:
assert size ≥ i ≥ size-3
sh ← size - i
E.MUL.X.I.C:
assert size+1 ≥ i ≥ size-2
sh ← size + 1 - i
endcase
```

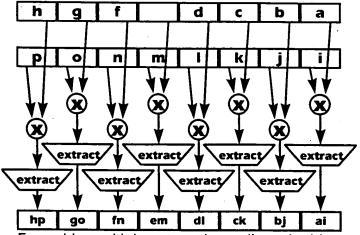
#### Description

The contents of registers rc and rb are partitioned into groups of operands of the size specified and multiplied, added or subtracted, or are catenated and partitioned into operands of twice the size specified. The group of values is rounded, and limited as specified, yielding a group of results, each of which is the size specified. The group of results is catenated and placed in register rd.

For mixed-signed multiplies, the contents of register rc is signed, and the contents of register rb is unsigned. The extraction operation and the result of mixed-signed multiplies is signed.

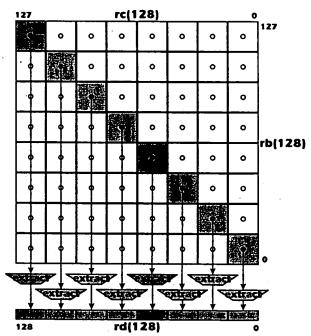
Z (zero) rounding is not defined for unsigned extract operations, and a ReservedInstruction exception is raised if attempted. F (floor) rounding will properly round unsigned results downward.

An ensemble multiply extract immediate doublets instruction (E.MULXI.16 or E.MUL.X.I.U.16) multiplies operand [h g f e d c b a] by operand [p o n m l k j i], yielding the products [hp go fn em dl ck bj ai], rounded and limited as specified:



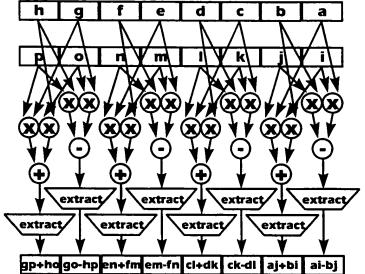
Ensemble multiply extract immediate doublets

Another illustration of ensemble multiply extract immediate doublets instruction (E.MUL.X.I.16 or E.MUL.X.I.U.16):



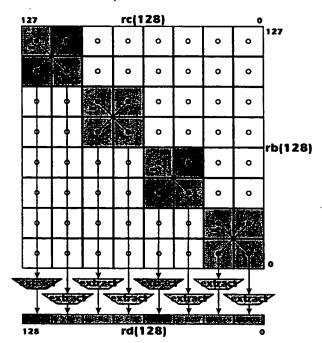
Ensemble multiply extract immediate doublets

An ensemble multiply extract immediate complex doublets instruction (E.MULXIC.16 or E.MUL.X.I.U.16) multiplies operand [h g f e d c b a] by operand [p o n m l k j i], yielding the result [gp+ho go-hp en+fm em-fn cl+dk ck-dl aj+bi ai-bj], rounded and limited as specified. Note that this instruction prefers an organization of complex numbers in which the real part is located to the right (lower precision) of the imaginary part.:



Ensemble multiply extract immediate complex doublets

Another illustration of ensemble multiply extract immediate complex doublets instruction (E.MUL.X.I.C.16 or E.MUL.X.I.U.16).:



Ensemble multiply extract immediate complex doublets

### **Definition**

```
def mul(size,h,vs,v,i,ws,w,j) as
      mul \leftarrow ((vs\&v_{size-1+i})^{h-size} \mid \mid v_{size-1+i..i}) * ((ws\&w_{size-1+j})^{h-size} \mid \mid w_{size-1+j..j})
def EnsembleExtractImmediate(op,rnd,size,ra,rb,rc,sh)
      c ← RegRead(rc, 128)
      b ← RegRead(rb, 128)
      case op of
             E.EXTRACT.I, E.MUL.X.I, E.MUL.X.I.C:
                    as \leftarrow 1
                    cs \leftarrow 1
                    bs \leftarrow 1
             E.MUL.X.I.M:
                    as \leftarrow 1
                    cs \leftarrow 0
                    bs \leftarrow 1
             E.EXTRACT.I.U, E.MUL.X.I.U:
                    as \leftarrow 1
                  . cs ← 0
                    bs \leftarrow 0
                    if rnd = Z then
                          raise ReservedInstruction
      endcase
      case op of
             E.EXTRACT.I, E.EXTRACT.I.U, E.MUL.X.I, E.MUL.X.I.U, E.MUL.X.I.M:
                    h ← 2*size
             E.MUL.X.I.C:
                    h \leftarrow (2*size) + 1
      endcase
      r \leftarrow h - size - sh
      for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
             case op of
                    E.EXTRACT.I, E.EXTRACT.I.U:
                           p \leftarrow (c \mid l \mid b)_{2*(size+i)-1..2*l}
                    E.MULX.I, E.MULX.I.M, E.MULX.I.U:
                           p \leftarrow mul(size,h,cs,c,i,bs,b,i)
                    E.MUL.X.I.C:
                           if i & size = 0 then
                                  p \leftarrow mul(size,h,cs,c,i,bs,b,i) - mul(size,h,cs,c,i+size,bs,b,i+size)
                                  p \leftarrow mul(size,h,cs,c,i,bs,b,i+size) + mul(size,h,cs,c,i,bs,b,i+size)
                           endif
             endcase
             case rnd of
                    none, N:
                          s \leftarrow 0^{h-r} \mid 1 \sim p_r \mid 1 \mid p_r^{r-1}
                    Z:
                           s \leftarrow 0^{h-r} \mid 1 \mid p_{h-1}^r
                    F:
                          s \leftarrow 0^h
                    C:
```

```
s \leftarrow 0^{h-r} \mid \mid \mid \mid r endcase v \leftarrow (|as \& p_{h-1}| \mid \mid p) + (0 \mid \mid s) if (v_{h..r+size} = |as \& v_{r+size-1}|^{h+1-r-size} then a_{size-1+i..i} \leftarrow v_{size-1+r..r} else a_{size-1+i..i} \leftarrow as ? (v_h \mid \mid -v_h^{size-1}) : 1^{size} endif endfor RegWrite(rd, 128, a) enddef
```

## **Exceptions**

Reserved Instruction

# Ensemble Extract Immediate Inplace

These operations take operands from two registers and a short immediate value, perform operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the catenated results in a third register.

## Operation codes

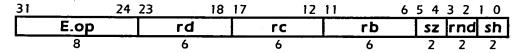
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.C.8.C  | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed complex bytes ceiling    |
|----------------------|---|
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.C.8.F  | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed complex bytes floor      |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.C.8.N  | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed complex bytes nearest    |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.C.8.Z  | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed complex bytes zero       |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.C.16.C | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed complex doublets ceiling |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.C.16.F | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed complex doublets floor   |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.C.16.N | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed complex doublets nearest |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.C.16.Z | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed complex doublets zero    |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.C.32.C | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed complex quadlets ceiling |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.C.32.F | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed complex quadlets floor   |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.C.32.N | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed complex quadlets nearest |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.C.32.Z | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed complex quadlets zero    |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.C.64.C | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed complex octlets ceiling  |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.C.64.F | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed complex octlets floor    |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.C.64.N | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed complex octlets nearest  |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.C.64.Z | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed complex octlets zero     |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.M.8.C  | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate mixed-signed bytes ceiling      |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.M.8.F  | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate mixed-signed bytes floor        |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.M.8.N  | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate mixed-signed bytes nearest      |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.M.8.Z  | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate mixed-signed bytes zero         |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.M.16.C | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate mixed-signed doublets ceiling   |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.M.16.F | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate mixed-signed doublets floor     |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.M.16.N | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate mixed-signed doublets nearest   |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.M.16.Z | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate mixed-signed doublets zero      |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.M.32.C | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets ceiling   |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.M.32.F | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets floor     |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.M.32.N | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets nearest   |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.M.32.Z | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets zero      |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.M.64.C | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate mixed-signed octlets ceiling    |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.M.64.F | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate mixed-signed octlets floor      |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.M.64.N | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate mixed-signed octlets nearest    |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.M.64.Z | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate mixed-signed octlets zero       |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.8.C    | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed bytes ceiling            |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.8.F    | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed bytes floor              |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.8.N    | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed bytes nearest            |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.8.Z    | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed bytes zero               |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.16.C   | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed doublets ceiling         |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.16.F   | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed doublets floor           |
| ·                    |   |

| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.16.N   | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed doublets nearest   |
|----------------------|---|
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.16.Z   | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed doublets zero      |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.32.C   | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed quadlets ceiling   |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.32.F   | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed quadlets floor     |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.32.N   | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed quadlets nearest   |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.32.Z   | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed quadlets zero      |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.64.C   | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed octlets ceiling    |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.64.F   | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed octlets floor      |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.64.N   | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed octlets nearest    |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.64.Z   | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate signed octlets zero       |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.U.8.C  | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate unsigned bytes ceiling    |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.U.8.F  | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate unsigned bytes floor      |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.U.8.N  | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate unsigned bytes nearest    |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.U.16.C | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate unsigned doublets ceiling |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.U.16.F | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate unsigned doublets floor   |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.U.16.N | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate unsigned doublets nearest |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.U.32.C | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate unsigned quadlets ceiling |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.U.32.F | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate unsigned quadlets floor   |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.U.32.N | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate unsigned quadlets nearest |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.U.64.C | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate unsigned octlets ceiling  |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.U.64.F | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate unsigned octlets floor    |
| E.MUL.ADD.X.I.U.64.N | Ensemble multiply add extract immediate unsigned octlets nearest  |

### **Format**

E.op.size.rnd rd@rc,rb,i

rd=eopsizernd(rd,rc,rb,i)



```
sz ← log(size) - 3
case op of
E.MUL.ADD.X.I:
sh ← size - i - 1
E.MUL.ADD.X.I.U, E.MUL.ADD.X.I.M, E.MUL.ADD.X.I.C:
sh ← size - i
endcase
```

### **Description**

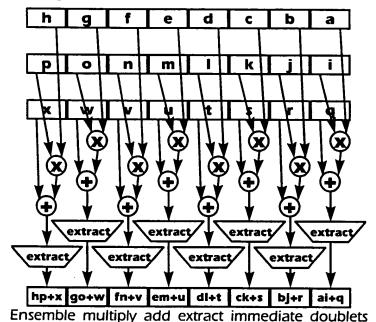
The contents of registers rc and rb are partitioned into groups of operands of the size specified and multiplied, added or subtracted, or are catenated and partitioned into operands of twice the size specified. The contents of register rd are partitioned into groups of operands of the size specified and sign or zero ensemble and shifted as specified, then added

to the group of values computed. The group of values is rounded, and limited as specified, yielding a group of results which is the size specified. The group of results is catenated and placed in register rd.

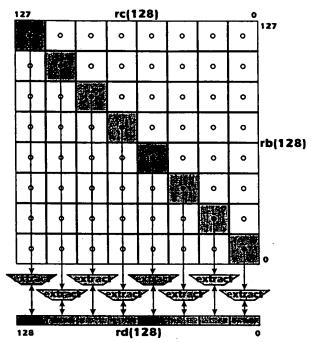
For mixed-signed multiplies, the contents of register rc is signed, and the contents of register rb as unsigned. The extraction operation, the contents of register rd, and the result of mixed-signed multiplies are signed.

Z (zero) rounding is not defined for unsigned extract operations, and a ReservedInstruction exception is raised if attempted. F (floor) rounding will properly round unsigned results downward.

An ensemble multiply add extract immediate doublets instruction (E.MUL.ADD.X.I.16 or E.MUL.ADD.X.I.U.16) multiplies operand [h g f e d c b a] by operand [p o n m l k j i], then adding [x w v u t s r q], yielding the products [hp+x go+w fn+v em+u dl+t ck+s bj+r ai+q], rounded and limited as specified:

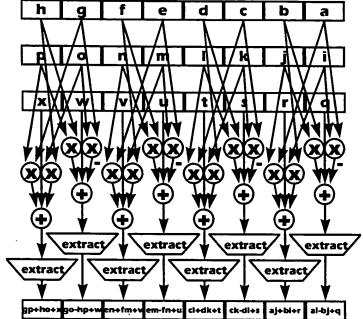


Another illustration of ensemble multiply add extract immediate doublets instruction (E.MUL.ADDXI.16 or E.MUL.ADD.X.I.U.16):



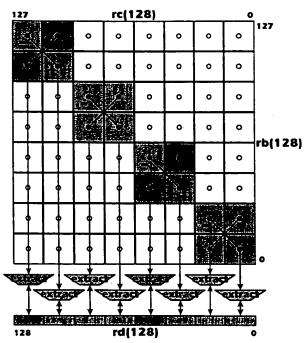
Ensemble multiply add extract immediate doublets

An ensemble multiply add extract immediate complex doublets instruction (E.MUL.ADD.X.I.C.16 or G.MUL.ADD.X.I.U.16) multiplies operand [h g f e d c b a] by operand [p o n m l k j i], then adding [x w v u t s r q], yielding the result [gp+ho+x go-hp+w en+fm+v em-fn+u cl+dk+t ck-dl+s aj+bi+r ai-bj+q], rounded and limited as specified. Note that this instruction prefers an organization of complex numbers in which the real part is located to the right (lower precision) of the imaginary part.:



Ensemble multiply add extract immediate complex doublets

Another illustration of ensemble multiply extract immediate complex doublets instruction (E.MUL.ADD.X.I.C.16).:



Ensemble multiply add extract immediate complex doublets

### **Definition**

```
def mul(size,h,vs,v,i,ws,w,j) as
      mul \leftarrow ((vs\&v_{size-1+i})^{h-size} \mid 1 \mid v_{size-1+i..i}) * ((ws\&w_{size-1+i})^{h-size} \mid 1 \mid w_{size-1+i..i})
enddef
def EnsembleExtractImmediateInplace(op,rnd,size,rd,rc,rb,sh)
      d ← RegRead(rd, 128)
      c ← RegRead(rc, 128)
      b ← RegRead(rb, 128)
      case op of
             E.MUL.ADD.X.I, E.MUL.ADD.X.I.C:
                    ds \leftarrow 1
                    cs \leftarrow 1
                    bs \leftarrow 1
             E.MUL.ADD.X.I.M:
                    ds \leftarrow 1
                    cs \leftarrow 0
                    bs \leftarrow 1
             E.MUL.ADD.X.I.U:
                    ds \leftarrow 0
                    cs \leftarrow 0
                    bs \leftarrow 0
                    if rnd = Z then
                           raise ReservedInstruction
                    endif
       endcase
```

```
case op of
             E.MULADD.X.I, E.MULADD.X.I.U, E.MULADD.X.I.M:
                    h \leftarrow 2*size + 1
             E.MULADD.X.I.C:
                    h ← (2*size) + 2
       endcase
       r \leftarrow h - size - sh - 1 - (cs and bs)
       for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
             di \leftarrow ((ds \text{ and } d_{i+size-1})^{h-size-r} | (d_{i+size-1..i}) | | 0^r)
             case op of
                    E.MULADD.X.I, E.MULADD.X.I.M, E.MULADD.X.I.U:
                           p \leftarrow mul(size,h,cs,c,i,bs,b,i) + di
                    E.MUL.ADD.X.I.C:
                           if i \& size = 0 then
                                  p ← mul(size,h,cs,c,i,bs,b,i) - mul(size,h,cs,c,i+size,bs,b,i+size) + di
                                  p \leftarrow mul(size,h,cs,c,i,bs,b,i+size) + mul(size,h,cs,c,i,bs,b,i+size) + di
             endcase
             case rnd of
                    none, N:
                           s \leftarrow 0^{h-r} \mid 1 - p_r \mid 1 p_r^{r-1}
                    Z:
                           s \leftarrow 0^{h-r} \mid \mid p_{h-1}^r
                    F:
                           s \leftarrow 0^h
                    C:
                           s \leftarrow 0^{h-r} \mid 1 \mid 1^r
             endcase
             v \leftarrow ((ds \& p_{h-1})||p) + (0||s)
             if (v_{h..r+size} = (ds \& v_{r+size-1})^{h+1-r-size} then
                           asize-1+i..i ← Vsize-1+r..r
             else
                           a_{\text{size-1+i..i}} \leftarrow ds ? (v_h 11 - v_h^{\text{size-1}}) : 1^{\text{size}}
             endif
       endfor
       RegWrite(rd, 128, a)
enddef
```

### **Exceptions**

ReservedInstruction

# **Ensemble Floating-point**

These operations take two values from registers, perform a group of floating-point arithmetic operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the catenated results in a register.

# Operation codes

| EADD.F.1.6 Ensemble add floating-point half EADD.F.1.6.C Ensemble add floating-point half ceiling EADD.F.1.6.N Ensemble add floating-point half floor EADD.F.1.6.N Ensemble add floating-point half nearest EADD.F.1.6.X Ensemble add floating-point half exact EADD.F.1.6.Z Ensemble add floating-point half zero EADD.F.3.2 Ensemble add floating-point single EADD.F.3.2.C Ensemble add floating-point single ceiling EADD.F.3.2.N Ensemble add floating-point single rearest EADD.F.3.2.N Ensemble add floating-point single nearest EADD.F.3.2.X Ensemble add floating-point single exact EADD.F.3.2.X Ensemble add floating-point single exact EADD.F.3.2.Z Ensemble add floating-point double EADD.F.6.4.C Ensemble add floating-point double ceiling EADD.F.6.4.C Ensemble add floating-point double nearest EADD.F.6.4.N Ensemble add floating-point double nearest EADD.F.6.4.X Ensemble add floating-point double nearest EADD.F.6.4.X Ensemble add floating-point double exact EADD.F.6.4.Z Ensemble add floating-point quoble exact EADD.F.12.8.C Ensemble add floating-point quad ceiling EADD.F.12.8.C Ensemble add floating-point quad floor EADD.F.12.8.C Ensemble add floating-point quad floor EADD.F.12.8.N Ensemble add floating-point quad floor EADD.F.12.8.N Ensemble add floating-point quad rearest EADD.F.12.8.X Ensemble add floating-point quad rearest EADD.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.3.2.C Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.3.2.X Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.3.2.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.3.2.X Ensemble divide floating-po |              |   |
|--|--------------|---|
| EADD.F.16.F Ensemble add floating-point half floor EADD.F.16.N Ensemble add floating-point half nearest EADD.F.16.X Ensemble add floating-point half exact EADD.F.16.Z Ensemble add floating-point half exact EADD.F.32 Ensemble add floating-point single EADD.F.32.C Ensemble add floating-point single ceiling EADD.F.32.F Ensemble add floating-point single floor EADD.F.32.N Ensemble add floating-point single nearest EADD.F.32.X Ensemble add floating-point single exact EADD.F.32.Z Ensemble add floating-point single zero EADD.F.64.C Ensemble add floating-point double EADD.F.64.C Ensemble add floating-point double ceiling EADD.F.64.N Ensemble add floating-point double nearest EADD.F.64.X Ensemble add floating-point double nearest EADD.F.64.X Ensemble add floating-point double exact EADD.F.128.C Ensemble add floating-point quad ceiling EADD.F.128.C Ensemble add floating-point quad ceiling EADD.F.128.C Ensemble add floating-point quad rearest EADD.F.128.N Ensemble add floating-point quad rearest EADD.F.128.X Ensemble add floating-point quad rearest EADD.F.128.X Ensemble add floating-point quad rearest EADD.F.128.X Ensemble add floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half ceiling E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half rearest E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half rearest E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floati | EADD.F.16    | Ensemble add floating-point half              |
| EADD.F.16.N Ensemble add floating-point half nearest EADD.F.16.X Ensemble add floating-point half exact EADD.F.16.Z Ensemble add floating-point half zero EADD.F.32 Ensemble add floating-point single EADD.F.32.C Ensemble add floating-point single ceiling EADD.F.32.F Ensemble add floating-point single floor EADD.F.32.N Ensemble add floating-point single nearest EADD.F.32.X Ensemble add floating-point single exact EADD.F.32.Z Ensemble add floating-point single exact EADD.F.32.Z Ensemble add floating-point double EADD.F.64.C Ensemble add floating-point double ceiling EADD.F.64.C Ensemble add floating-point double floor EADD.F.64.N Ensemble add floating-point double nearest EADD.F.64.X Ensemble add floating-point double exact EADD.F.64.Z Ensemble add floating-point double exact EADD.F.128. Ensemble add floating-point quad exact EADD.F.128.C Ensemble add floating-point quad rearest EADD.F.128.N Ensemble add floating-point quad rearest EADD.F.128.X Ensemble add floating-point quad rearest EADD.F.128.X Ensemble add floating-point quad exact EADD.F.128.X Ensemble add floating-point quad exact EADD.F.128.X Ensemble add floating-point half floor EADD.F.128.Z Ensemble add floating-point half E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half rearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half rearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half rearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating | E.ADD.F.16.C | Ensemble add floating-point half ceiling      |
| EADD.F.16.X Ensemble add floating-point half exact EADD.F.16.Z Ensemble add floating-point single EADD.F.32.C Ensemble add floating-point single ceiling EADD.F.32.F Ensemble add floating-point single floor EADD.F.32.F Ensemble add floating-point single floor EADD.F.32.N Ensemble add floating-point single nearest EADD.F.32.X Ensemble add floating-point single exact EADD.F.32.Z Ensemble add floating-point single exact EADD.F.32.Z Ensemble add floating-point double EADD.F.64.C Ensemble add floating-point double ceiling EADD.F.64.F Ensemble add floating-point double floor EADD.F.64.N Ensemble add floating-point double nearest EADD.F.64.X Ensemble add floating-point double exact EADD.F.64.Z Ensemble add floating-point double exact EADD.F.128.C Ensemble add floating-point quad ceiling EADD.F.128.C Ensemble add floating-point quad rearest EADD.F.128.N Ensemble add floating-point quad rearest EADD.F.128.X Ensemble add floating-point quad rearest EADD.F.128.X Ensemble add floating-point quad exact EADD.F.128.Z Ensemble add floating-point half rearest EADD.F.128.Z Ensemble add floating-point half E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half rearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling E.DIV.F.32.R Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest            | E.ADD.F.16.F | Ensemble add floating-point half floor        |
| EADD.F.16.Z Ensemble add floating-point half zero EADD.F.32 Ensemble add floating-point single EADD.F.32.C Ensemble add floating-point single ceiling EADD.F.32.F Ensemble add floating-point single floor EADD.F.32.N Ensemble add floating-point single nearest EADD.F.32.X Ensemble add floating-point single nearest EADD.F.32.X Ensemble add floating-point single exact EADD.F.32.Z Ensemble add floating-point single zero EADD.F.64 Ensemble add floating-point double EADD.F.64.C Ensemble add floating-point double floor EADD.F.64.F Ensemble add floating-point double nearest EADD.F.64.N Ensemble add floating-point double nearest EADD.F.64.X Ensemble add floating-point double exact EADD.F.64.Z Ensemble add floating-point double zero EADD.F.128.E Ensemble add floating-point quad EADD.F.128.C Ensemble add floating-point quad ceiling EADD.F.128.F Ensemble add floating-point quad floor EADD.F.128.N Ensemble add floating-point quad nearest EADD.F.128.N Ensemble add floating-point quad zero EADD.F.128.Z Ensemble add floating-point taled exact EADD.F.128.Z Ensemble add floating-point half ceiling E.DIV.F.16. Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half rearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point single E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact   | EADD.F.16.N  | Ensemble add floating-point half nearest      |
| EADD.F.32 Ensemble add floating-point single EADD.F.32.C Ensemble add floating-point single ceiling EADD.F.32.F Ensemble add floating-point single nearest EADD.F.32.N Ensemble add floating-point single nearest EADD.F.32.X Ensemble add floating-point single exact EADD.F.32.Z Ensemble add floating-point single zero EADD.F.64 Ensemble add floating-point double EADD.F.64.C Ensemble add floating-point double ceiling EADD.F.64.F Ensemble add floating-point double floor EADD.F.64.N Ensemble add floating-point double nearest EADD.F.64.X Ensemble add floating-point double exact EADD.F.64.Z Ensemble add floating-point double exact EADD.F.128 Ensemble add floating-point double zero EADD.F.128.C Ensemble add floating-point quad EADD.F.128.F Ensemble add floating-point quad floor EADD.F.128.N Ensemble add floating-point quad nearest EADD.F.128.N Ensemble add floating-point quad zero EADD.F.128.X Ensemble add floating-point thalf E.DIV.F.16 Ensemble divide floating-point half E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half rearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half nearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half rearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half rearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point single E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest  | EADD.F.16.X  | Ensemble add floating-point half exact        |
| E.ADD.F.32.C Ensemble add floating-point single ceiling EADD.F.32.F Ensemble add floating-point single floor EADD.F.32.N Ensemble add floating-point single nearest E.ADD.F.32.X Ensemble add floating-point single exact E.ADD.F.32.Z Ensemble add floating-point single exact E.ADD.F.64. Ensemble add floating-point double E.ADD.F.64.C Ensemble add floating-point double ceiling E.ADD.F.64.F Ensemble add floating-point double floor E.ADD.F.64.N Ensemble add floating-point double nearest E.ADD.F.64.X Ensemble add floating-point double exact E.ADD.F.64.Z Ensemble add floating-point double zero E.ADD.F.64.Z Ensemble add floating-point quad E.ADD.F.128.E Ensemble add floating-point quad E.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble add floating-point quad floor E.ADD.F.128.N Ensemble add floating-point quad nearest E.ADD.F.128.N Ensemble add floating-point quad exact E.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble add floating-point quad exact E.ADD.F.128.Z Ensemble add floating-point half E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.S Ensemble divide floating-point half nearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half nearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single floor E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest  |              |   |
| EADD.F.32.F Ensemble add floating-point single floor EADD.F.32.N Ensemble add floating-point single nearest EADD.F.32.X Ensemble add floating-point single exact EADD.F.32.Z Ensemble add floating-point single zero EADD.F.64 Ensemble add floating-point double EADD.F.64.C Ensemble add floating-point double ceiling EADD.F.64.F Ensemble add floating-point double floor EADD.F.64.N Ensemble add floating-point double nearest EADD.F.64.X Ensemble add floating-point double exact EADD.F.64.Z Ensemble add floating-point double exact EADD.F.128 Ensemble add floating-point double zero EADD.F.128.C Ensemble add floating-point quad EADD.F.128.C Ensemble add floating-point quad ceiling EADD.F.128.N Ensemble add floating-point quad nearest EADD.F.128.X Ensemble add floating-point quad exact EADD.F.128.Z Ensemble add floating-point quad zero EDIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half ceiling E.DIV.F.16.N Ensemble divide floating-point half ceiling E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half rearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half zero E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero   |              | Ensemble add floating-point single            |
| EADD.F.32.N Ensemble add floating-point single exact EADD.F.32.Z Ensemble add floating-point single exact EADD.F.64 Ensemble add floating-point single zero EADD.F.64.C Ensemble add floating-point double EADD.F.64.F Ensemble add floating-point double floor EADD.F.64.N Ensemble add floating-point double nearest EADD.F.64.N Ensemble add floating-point double nearest EADD.F.64.X Ensemble add floating-point double vact EADD.F.64.Z Ensemble add floating-point double zero EADD.F.128 Ensemble add floating-point quad ceiling EADD.F.128.C Ensemble add floating-point quad ceiling EADD.F.128.F Ensemble add floating-point quad nearest EADD.F.128.N Ensemble add floating-point quad nearest EADD.F.128.X Ensemble add floating-point quad exact EADD.F.128.Z Ensemble add floating-point half ceiling E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.N Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.N Ensemble divide floating-point half nearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact  |              |   |
| EADD.F.32.X Ensemble add floating-point single exact EADD.F.64 Ensemble add floating-point double EADD.F.64.C Ensemble add floating-point double ceiling EADD.F.64.F Ensemble add floating-point double floor EADD.F.64.N Ensemble add floating-point double nearest EADD.F.64.X Ensemble add floating-point double exact EADD.F.64.Z Ensemble add floating-point double exact EADD.F.64.Z Ensemble add floating-point double exact EADD.F.128 Ensemble add floating-point quad EADD.F.128.C Ensemble add floating-point quad ceiling EADD.F.128.F Ensemble add floating-point quad floor EADD.F.128.N Ensemble add floating-point quad nearest EADD.F.128.X Ensemble add floating-point quad exact EADD.F.128.Z Ensemble add floating-point quad zero E.DIV.F.16 Ensemble divide floating-point half E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.N Ensemble divide floating-point half nearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point single E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single exact   |              | Ensemble add floating-point single floor      |
| EADD.F.32.Z Ensemble add floating-point single zero EADD.F.64 Ensemble add floating-point double EADD.F.64.C Ensemble add floating-point double ceiling EADD.F.64.F Ensemble add floating-point double floor EADD.F.64.N Ensemble add floating-point double nearest EADD.F.64.X Ensemble add floating-point double exact EADD.F.64.Z Ensemble add floating-point double exact EADD.F.128 Ensemble add floating-point quad EADD.F.128.C Ensemble add floating-point quad ceiling EADD.F.128.F Ensemble add floating-point quad floor EADD.F.128.N Ensemble add floating-point quad nearest EADD.F.128.X Ensemble add floating-point quad exact EADD.F.128.Z Ensemble add floating-point quad exact EADD.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.N Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.N Ensemble divide floating-point half nearest E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single floor E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest   | E.ADD.F.32.N | Ensemble add floating-point single nearest    |
| EADD.F.64 Ensemble add floating-point double EADD.F.64.C Ensemble add floating-point double ceiling EADD.F.64.F Ensemble add floating-point double floor EADD.F.64.N Ensemble add floating-point double nearest EADD.F.64.X Ensemble add floating-point double exact EADD.F.64.Z Ensemble add floating-point double exact EADD.F.128 Ensemble add floating-point double zero EADD.F.128.C Ensemble add floating-point quad ceiling EADD.F.128.F Ensemble add floating-point quad floor EADD.F.128.N Ensemble add floating-point quad nearest EADD.F.128.X Ensemble add floating-point quad exact EADD.F.128.Z Ensemble add floating-point quad zero E.DIV.F.16 E.DIV.F.16 Ensemble divide floating-point half E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.N Ensemble divide floating-point half nearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point half rearest E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single E.DIV.F.32 Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling E.DIV.F.32 Ensemble divide floating-point single floor E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point double  | EADD.F.32.X  | Ensemble add floating-point single exact      |
| EADD.F.64.C Ensemble add floating-point double ceiling EADD.F.64.F Ensemble add floating-point double floor EADD.F.64.N Ensemble add floating-point double nearest EADD.F.64.X Ensemble add floating-point double exact EADD.F.64.Z Ensemble add floating-point double zero EADD.F.128 Ensemble add floating-point quad EADD.F.128.C Ensemble add floating-point quad ceiling EADD.F.128.F Ensemble add floating-point quad floor EADD.F.128.N Ensemble add floating-point quad nearest EADD.F.128.X Ensemble add floating-point quad exact EADD.F.128.Z Ensemble add floating-point quad zero E.DIV.F.16 Ensemble divide floating-point half E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half ceiling E.DIV.F.16.N Ensemble divide floating-point half nearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.32 Ensemble divide floating-point single E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single zero  | EADD.F.32.Z  | Ensemble add floating-point single zero       |
| EADD.F.64.F Ensemble add floating-point double floor EADD.F.64.N Ensemble add floating-point double nearest EADD.F.64.X Ensemble add floating-point double exact EADD.F.64.Z Ensemble add floating-point double zero EADD.F.128 Ensemble add floating-point quad EADD.F.128.C Ensemble add floating-point quad ceiling EADD.F.128.F Ensemble add floating-point quad floor EADD.F.128.N Ensemble add floating-point quad nearest EADD.F.128.X Ensemble add floating-point quad exact EADD.F.128.Z Ensemble add floating-point quad zero E.DIV.F.16 Ensemble divide floating-point half E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.N Ensemble divide floating-point half nearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point half zero E.DIV.F.32 Ensemble divide floating-point single E.DIV.F.32.F Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single zero   | EADD.F.64    | Ensemble add floating-point double            |
| EADD.F.64.N Ensemble add floating-point double nearest EADD.F.64.X Ensemble add floating-point double exact EADD.F.64.Z Ensemble add floating-point double zero EADD.F.128 Ensemble add floating-point quad EADD.F.128.C Ensemble add floating-point quad ceiling EADD.F.128.F Ensemble add floating-point quad floor EADD.F.128.N Ensemble add floating-point quad nearest E.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble add floating-point quad exact E.ADD.F.128.Z Ensemble add floating-point quad zero E.DIV.F.16 Ensemble divide floating-point half E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half ceiling E.DIV.F.16.N Ensemble divide floating-point half nearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single E.DIV.F.32 Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero  | EADD.F.64.C  | Ensemble add floating-point double ceiling    |
| EADD.F.64.X Ensemble add floating-point double exact EADD.F.64.Z Ensemble add floating-point double zero EADD.F.128 Ensemble add floating-point quad EADD.F.128.C Ensemble add floating-point quad ceiling EADD.F.128.F Ensemble add floating-point quad floor EADD.F.128.N Ensemble add floating-point quad nearest EADD.F.128.X Ensemble add floating-point quad exact EADD.F.128.Z Ensemble add floating-point quad zero E.DIV.F.16 Ensemble divide floating-point half E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.N Ensemble divide floating-point half nearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single E.DIV.F.32 Ensemble divide floating-point single E.DIV.F.32.F Ensemble divide floating-point single floor E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.32.Z  | EADD.F.64.F  | Ensemble add floating-point double floor      |
| EADD.F.64.X Ensemble add floating-point double exact EADD.F.64.Z Ensemble add floating-point double zero EADD.F.128 Ensemble add floating-point quad EADD.F.128.C Ensemble add floating-point quad ceiling EADD.F.128.F Ensemble add floating-point quad floor EADD.F.128.N Ensemble add floating-point quad nearest EADD.F.128.X Ensemble add floating-point quad exact EADD.F.128.Z Ensemble add floating-point quad zero E.DIV.F.16 Ensemble divide floating-point half E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half ceiling E.DIV.F.16.F Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.N Ensemble divide floating-point half nearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single E.DIV.F.32 Ensemble divide floating-point single E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single rearest E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero   | EADD.F.64.N  |   |
| EADD.F.128 Ensemble add floating-point quad EADD.F.128.C Ensemble add floating-point quad ceiling EADD.F.128.F Ensemble add floating-point quad floor EADD.F.128.N Ensemble add floating-point quad nearest EADD.F.128.X Ensemble add floating-point quad exact EADD.F.128.Z Ensemble add floating-point quad zero E.DIV.F.16 Ensemble divide floating-point half E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half ceiling E.DIV.F.16.N Ensemble divide floating-point half nearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point half zero E.DIV.F.32 Ensemble divide floating-point single E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point double  | EADD.F.64.X  |   |
| EADD.F.128.C Ensemble add floating-point quad ceiling EADD.F.128.F Ensemble add floating-point quad floor EADD.F.128.N Ensemble add floating-point quad nearest EADD.F.128.X Ensemble add floating-point quad exact EADD.F.128.Z Ensemble add floating-point quad zero E.DIV.F.16 Ensemble divide floating-point half E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half ceiling E.DIV.F.16.N Ensemble divide floating-point half nearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point half zero E.DIV.F.32 Ensemble divide floating-point single E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point double   |              | Ensemble add floating-point double zero       |
| EADD.F.128.F Ensemble add floating-point quad floor E.ADD.F.128.N Ensemble add floating-point quad nearest E.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble add floating-point quad exact E.ADD.F.128.Z Ensemble add floating-point quad zero E.DIV.F.16 Ensemble divide floating-point half E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half ceiling E.DIV.F.16.F Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.N Ensemble divide floating-point half nearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point half zero E.DIV.F.32 Ensemble divide floating-point single E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero  |              | Ensemble add floating-point quad              |
| EADD.F.128.N  Ensemble add floating-point quad nearest  E.ADD.F.128.X  Ensemble add floating-point quad exact  E.ADD.F.128.Z  Ensemble add floating-point quad zero  E.DIV.F.16  Ensemble divide floating-point half  E.DIV.F.16.C  Ensemble divide floating-point half ceiling  E.DIV.F.16.F  Ensemble divide floating-point half floor  E.DIV.F.16.N  Ensemble divide floating-point half nearest  E.DIV.F.16.X  Ensemble divide floating-point half exact  E.DIV.F.16.Z  Ensemble divide floating-point half zero  E.DIV.F.32  Ensemble divide floating-point single  E.DIV.F.32.C  Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling  E.DIV.F.32.N  Ensemble divide floating-point single floor  E.DIV.F.32.X  Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest  E.DIV.F.32.X  Ensemble divide floating-point single exact  E.DIV.F.32.Z  Ensemble divide floating-point single exact  E.DIV.F.32.Z  Ensemble divide floating-point single zero  E.DIV.F.32.Z  Ensemble divide floating-point single zero  E.DIV.F.32.Z  Ensemble divide floating-point double  |              |   |
| E.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble add floating-point quad exact E.ADD.F.128.Z Ensemble add floating-point quad zero E.DIV.F.16 Ensemble divide floating-point half E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half ceiling E.DIV.F.16.F Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.N Ensemble divide floating-point half nearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point half zero E.DIV.F.32 Ensemble divide floating-point single E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point double  |              | Ensemble add floating-point quad floor        |
| E.ADD.F.128.Z Ensemble add floating-point quad zero  E.DIV.F.16 Ensemble divide floating-point half  E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half ceiling  E.DIV.F.16.F Ensemble divide floating-point half floor  E.DIV.F.16.N Ensemble divide floating-point half nearest  E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half exact  E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point half zero  E.DIV.F.32 Ensemble divide floating-point single  E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling  E.DIV.F.32.F Ensemble divide floating-point single floor  E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest  E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact  E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero  E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point double  |              | Ensemble add floating-point quad nearest      |
| E.DIV.F.16 Ensemble divide floating-point half E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half ceiling E.DIV.F.16.F Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.N Ensemble divide floating-point half nearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point half zero E.DIV.F.32 Ensemble divide floating-point single E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling E.DIV.F.32.F Ensemble divide floating-point single floor E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point double   |              |   |
| E.DIV.F.16.C Ensemble divide floating-point half ceiling E.DIV.F.16.F Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.N Ensemble divide floating-point half nearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point half zero E.DIV.F.32 Ensemble divide floating-point single E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling E.DIV.F.32.F Ensemble divide floating-point single floor E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point double  |              | Ensemble add floating-point quad zero         |
| E.DIV.F.16.F Ensemble divide floating-point half floor E.DIV.F.16.N Ensemble divide floating-point half nearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point half zero E.DIV.F.32 Ensemble divide floating-point single E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling E.DIV.F.32.F Ensemble divide floating-point single floor E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.364 Ensemble divide floating-point double  |              |   |
| E.DIV.F.16.N Ensemble divide floating-point half nearest E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half exact E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point half zero E.DIV.F.32 Ensemble divide floating-point single E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling E.DIV.F.32.F Ensemble divide floating-point single floor E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.364 Ensemble divide floating-point double   |              |   |
| E.DIV.F.16.X Ensemble divide floating-point half exact  E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point half zero  E.DIV.F.32 Ensemble divide floating-point single  E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling  E.DIV.F.32.F Ensemble divide floating-point single floor  E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest  E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact  E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero  E.DIV.F.364 Ensemble divide floating-point double  |              |   |
| E.DIV.F.16.Z Ensemble divide floating-point half zero  E.DIV.F.32 Ensemble divide floating-point single  E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling  E.DIV.F.32.F Ensemble divide floating-point single floor  E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest  E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact  E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero  E.DIV.F.364 Ensemble divide floating-point double  |              | Ensemble divide floating-point half nearest   |
| E.DIV.F.32 Ensemble divide floating-point single  E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling  E.DIV.F.32.F Ensemble divide floating-point single floor  E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest  E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact  E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero  E.DIV.F.364 Ensemble divide floating-point double   |              | Ensemble divide floating-point half exact     |
| E.DIV.F.32 Ensemble divide floating-point single  E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling  E.DIV.F.32.F Ensemble divide floating-point single floor  E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest  E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact  E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero  E.DIV.F.64 Ensemble divide floating-point double  |              | Ensemble divide floating-point half zero      |
| E.DIV.F.32.C Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling E.DIV.F.32.F Ensemble divide floating-point single floor E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.64 Ensemble divide floating-point double   |              | Ensemble divide floating-point single         |
| E.DIV.F.32.F Ensemble divide floating-point single floor E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.64 Ensemble divide floating-point double  |              | Ensemble divide floating-point single ceiling |
| E.DIV.F.32.N Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest  E.DIV.F.32.X Ensemble divide floating-point single exact  E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero  E.DIV.F.64 Ensemble divide floating-point double  |              | Ensemble divide floating-point single floor   |
| E.DIV.F.32.Z Ensemble divide floating-point single zero E.DIV.F.64 Ensemble divide floating-point double   |              | Ensemble divide floating-point single nearest |
| E.DIV.F.64 Ensemble divide floating-point double   |              | Ensemble divide floating-point single exact   |
|  |              |   |
| E.DIV.F.64.C Ensemble divide floating-point double ceiling   |              |   |
|  | E.DIV.F.64.C | Ensemble divide floating-point double ceiling |

| E.DIV.F.64.F  | Ensemble divide floating-point double floor     |
|---------------|---|
| E.DIV.F.64.N  | Ensemble divide floating-point double nearest   |
| E.DIV.F.64.X  | Ensemble divide floating-point double exact     |
| E.DIV.F.64.Z  | Ensemble divide floating-point double zero      |
| E.DIV.F.128   | Ensemble divide floating-point quad             |
| E.DIV.F.128.C | Ensemble divide floating-point quad ceiling     |
| E.DIV.F.128.F | Ensemble divide floating-point quad floor       |
| E.DIV.F.128.N | Ensemble divide floating-point quad nearest     |
| E.DIV.F.128.X | Ensemble divide floating-point quad exact       |
| E.DIV.F.128.Z | Ensemble divide floating-point quad zero        |
| E.MUL.C.F.16  | Ensemble multiply complex floating-point half   |
| E.MUL.C.F.32  | Ensemble multiply complex floating-point single |
| E.MUL.C.F.64  | Ensemble multiply complex floating-point double |
| E.MUL.F.16    | Ensemble multiply floating-point half           |
| E.MUL.F.16.C  | Ensemble multiply floating-point half ceiling   |
| E.MUL.F.16.F  | Ensemble multiply floating-point half floor     |
| E.MUL.F.16.N  | Ensemble multiply floating-point half nearest   |
| E.MUL.F.16.X  | Ensemble multiply floating-point half exact     |
| E.MUL.F.16.Z  | Ensemble multiply floating-point half zero      |
| E.MUL.F.32    | Ensemble multiply floating-point single         |
| E.MUL.F.32.C  | Ensemble multiply floating-point single ceiling |
| E.MUL.F.32.F  | Ensemble multiply floating-point single floor   |
| E.MUL.F.32.N  | Ensemble multiply floating-point single nearest |
| E.MUL.F.32.X  | Ensemble multiply floating-point single exact   |
| E.MUL.F.32.Z  | Ensemble multiply floating-point single zero    |
| E.MUL.F.64    | Ensemble multiply floating-point double         |
| E.MUL.F.64.C  | Ensemble multiply floating-point double ceiling |
| E.MUL.F.64.F  | Ensemble multiply floating-point double floor   |
| E.MUL.F.64.N  | Ensemble multiply floating-point double nearest |
| E.MUL.F.64.X  | Ensemble multiply floating-point double exact   |
| E.MUL.F.64.Z  | Ensemble multiply floating-point double zero    |
| E.MUL.F.128   | Ensemble multiply floating-point quad           |
| E.MUL.F.128.C | Ensemble multiply floating-point quad ceiling   |
| E.MUL.F.128.F | Ensemble multiply floating-point quad floor     |
| E.MUL.F.128.N | Ensemble multiply floating-point quad nearest   |
| E.MUL.F.128.X | Ensemble multiply floating-point quad exact     |
| E.MUL.F.128.Z | Ensemble multiply floating-point quad zero      |
|               |   |

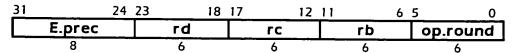
# <u>Selection</u>

| class            | ор      | pred |    | -  |     | round/trap     |
|------------------|---------|------|----|----|-----|----------------|
| add              | EADDF   | 16   | 32 | 64 | 128 | NONE C F N X Z |
| divide           | EDIVF   | 16   | 32 | 64 | 128 | NONE C F N X Z |
| multiply         | EMULF   | 16   | 32 | 64 | 128 | NONE C F N X Z |
| complex multiply | EMUL.CF | 16   | 32 | 64 |     | NONE           |

#### <u>Format</u>

E.op.prec.round rd=rc,rb

rd=eopprecround(rc,rb)



## Description

The contents of registers ra and rb are combined using the specified floating-point operation. The result is placed in register rc. The operation is rounded using the specified rounding option or using round-to-nearest if not specified. If a rounding option is specified, the operation raises a floating-point exception if a floating-point invalid operation, divide by zero, overflow, or underflow occurs, or when specified, if the result is inexact. If a rounding option is not specified, floating-point exceptions are not raised, and are handled according to the default rules of IEEE 754.

#### **Definition**

```
def mul(size,v,i,w,i) as
      mul \leftarrow fmul(F(size, v_{size-1+i..i}), F(size, w_{size-1+j..j}))
enddef
def EnsembleFloatingPoint(op,prec,round,ra,rb,rc) as
      c \leftarrow RegRead(rc, 128)
      b \leftarrow RegRead(rb, 128)
      for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-prec by prec
            ci \leftarrow F(prec, c_{i+prec-1..i})
            bi \leftarrow F(prec,b<sub>i+prec-1..i</sub>)
            case op of
                  E.ADD.F:
                         ai ← faddr(ci,bi,round)
                   E.MUL.F:
                         ai ← fmul(ci,bi)
                   E.MUL.C.F:
                         if (i and prec) then
                               ai ← fadd(mul(prec,c,i,b,i-prec), mul(prec,c,i-prec,b,i))
                         else
                               ai ← fsub(mul(prec,c,l,b,l), mul(prec,c,i+prec,b,i+prec))
                         endif
                   E.DIV.F.:
                         ai ← fdiv(ci,bi)
            a<sub>i+prec-1..i</sub> ← PackF(prec, ai, round)
      endfor
      RegWrite(rd, 128, a)
enddef
```

### **Exceptions**

Floating-point arithmetic

# Ensemble Inplace

These operations take operands from three registers, perform operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in the third register.

# Operation codes

| E.MUL.ADD.8 Ensemble multiply signed bytes add doublets E.MUL.ADD.16 Ensemble multiply signed doublets add quadlets E.MUL.ADD.64 Ensemble multiply signed quadlets add octlets E.MUL.ADD.C.8 Ensemble multiply complex bytes add doublets E.MUL.ADD.C.16 Ensemble multiply complex doublets add quadlets E.MUL.ADD.C.32 Ensemble multiply complex quadlets add octlets E.MUL.ADD.M.8 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed bytes add doublets E.MUL.ADD.M.16 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed doublets add quadlets E.MUL.ADD.M.32 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed quadlets add octlets E.MUL.ADD.M.64 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed octlets add hexlet E.MUL.ADD.U.8 Ensemble multiply unsigned bytes add doublets E.MUL.ADD.U.16 Ensemble multiply unsigned doublets add quadlets E.MUL.ADD.U.16 Ensemble multiply unsigned doublets add quadlets E.MUL.ADD.U.16 Ensemble multiply unsigned doublets add octlets E.MUL.ADD.U.32 Ensemble multiply unsigned doublets add octlets E.MUL.ADD.U.64 Ensemble multiply unsigned doublets add hexlet E.MUL.SUB.8 Ensemble multiply signed doublets subtract doublets E.MUL.SUB.16 Ensemble multiply signed doublets subtract quadlets E.MUL.SUB.64 Ensemble multiply signed doublets subtract octlets E.MUL.SUB.C.8 Ensemble multiply complex bytes subtract doublets E.MUL.SUB.C.16 Ensemble multiply complex doublets subtract quadlets E.MUL.SUB.C.16 Ensemble multiply complex doublets subtract doublets E.MUL.SUB.M.8 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed bytes subtract doublets E.MUL.SUB.M.8 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed bytes subtract doublets E.MUL.SUB.M.8 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed doublets subtract octlets E.MUL.SUB.M.16 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed octlets subtract doublets E.MUL.SUB.M.16 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed octlets subtract octlets E.MUL.SUB.M.64 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed octlets subtract octlets E.MUL.SUB.M.64 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed octlets subtract octlets E.MUL.SUB.W.32 Ensemble multiply unsigned doublets subtract octlets E.MUL.SUB.U.8 Ensemble multiply unsigned octlets subtract octlets E.MUL.SUB.U.64 Ensemble mu | E.MUL.ADD.8    | Faranchia multiple signal bear and de Co                 |
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| E.MUL.SUB.C.16 Ensemble multiply complex bytes subtract doublets  E.MUL.SUB.C.16 Ensemble multiply complex doublets subtract quadlets  E.MUL.SUB.C.32 Ensemble multiply complex quadlets subtract octlets  E.MUL.SUB.M.8 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed bytes subtract doublets  E.MUL.SUB.M.16 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed doublets subtract quadlets  E.MUL.SUB.M.32 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed quadlets subtract octlets  E.MUL.SUB.M.64 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed octlets subtract hexlet  E.MUL.SUB.U.8 Ensemble multiply unsigned bytes subtract doublets  E.MUL.SUB.U.16 Ensemble multiply unsigned doublets subtract quadlets  E.MUL.SUB.U.16 Ensemble multiply unsigned doublets subtract octlets  E.MUL.SUB.U.32 Ensemble multiply unsigned quadlets subtract octlets  | E.MUL.SUB.32   | Ensemble multiply signed quadlets subtract octlets       |
| E.MUL.SUB.C.32 Ensemble multiply complex doublets subtract quadlets  E.MUL.SUB.C.32 Ensemble multiply complex quadlets subtract octlets  E.MUL.SUB.M.8 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed bytes subtract doublets  E.MUL.SUB.M.16 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed doublets subtract quadlets  E.MUL.SUB.M.32 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed quadlets subtract octlets  E.MUL.SUB.M.64 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed octlets subtract hexlet  E.MUL.SUB.U.8 Ensemble multiply unsigned bytes subtract doublets  E.MUL.SUB.U.16 Ensemble multiply unsigned doublets subtract quadlets  E.MUL.SUB.U.32 Ensemble multiply unsigned quadlets subtract octlets   | E.MUL.SUB.64   | Ensemble multiply signed octlets subtract hexlet         |
| E.MUL.SUB.C.32 Ensemble multiply complex quadlets subtract octlets  E.MUL.SUB.M.8 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed bytes subtract doublets  E.MUL.SUB.M.16 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed doublets subtract quadlets  E.MUL.SUB.M.32 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed quadlets subtract octlets  E.MUL.SUB.M.64 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed octlets subtract hexlet  E.MUL.SUB.U.8 Ensemble multiply unsigned bytes subtract doublets  E.MUL.SUB.U.16 Ensemble multiply unsigned doublets subtract quadlets  E.MUL.SUB.U.32 Ensemble multiply unsigned quadlets subtract octlets  | E.MUL.SUB.C.8  | Ensemble multiply complex bytes subtract doublets        |
| E.MUL.SUB.M.8 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed bytes subtract doublets  E.MUL.SUB.M.16 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed doublets subtract quadlets  E.MUL.SUB.M.32 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed quadlets subtract octlets  E.MUL.SUB.M.64 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed octlets subtract octlets  E.MUL.SUB.U.8 Ensemble multiply unsigned bytes subtract doublets  E.MUL.SUB.U.16 Ensemble multiply unsigned doublets subtract quadlets  E.MUL.SUB.U.12 Ensemble multiply unsigned quadlets subtract octlets   | E.MUL.SUB.C.16 | Ensemble multiply complex doublets subtract quadlets     |
| E.MUL.SUB.M.32 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed doublets subtract quadlets  E.MUL.SUB.M.32 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed quadlets subtract octlets  E.MUL.SUB.M.64 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed octlets subtract hexlet  E.MUL.SUB.U.8 Ensemble multiply unsigned bytes subtract doublets  E.MUL.SUB.U.16 Ensemble multiply unsigned doublets subtract quadlets  E.MUL.SUB.U.32 Ensemble multiply unsigned quadlets subtract octlets  | E.MUL.SUB.C.32 |  |
| E.MUL.SUB.M.32 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed doublets subtract quadlets  E.MUL.SUB.M.32 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed quadlets subtract octlets  E.MUL.SUB.M.64 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed octlets subtract hexlet  E.MUL.SUB.U.8 Ensemble multiply unsigned bytes subtract doublets  E.MUL.SUB.U.16 Ensemble multiply unsigned doublets subtract quadlets  E.MUL.SUB.U.32 Ensemble multiply unsigned quadlets subtract octlets  | E.MUL.SUB.M.8  | Ensemble multiply mixed-signed bytes subtract doublets   |
| E.MUL.SUB.M.64 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed octlets subtract hexlet  E.MUL.SUB.U.8 Ensemble multiply unsigned bytes subtract doublets  E.MUL.SUB.U.16 Ensemble multiply unsigned doublets subtract quadlets  E.MUL.SUB.U.32 Ensemble multiply unsigned quadlets subtract octlets   | E.MUL.SUB.M.16 |  |
| E.MUL.SUB.W.64 Ensemble multiply mixed-signed octlets subtract hexlet  E.MUL.SUB.U.8 Ensemble multiply unsigned bytes subtract doublets  E.MUL.SUB.U.16 Ensemble multiply unsigned doublets subtract quadlets  E.MUL.SUB.U.32 Ensemble multiply unsigned quadlets subtract octlets   | E.MUL.SUB.M.32 | Ensemble multiply mixed-signed quadlets subtract octlets |
| E.MUL.SUB.U.8 Ensemble multiply unsigned bytes subtract doublets  E.MUL.SUB.U.16 Ensemble multiply unsigned doublets subtract quadlets  E.MUL.SUB.U.32 Ensemble multiply unsigned quadlets subtract octlets  | E.MUL.SUB.M.64 | Ensemble multiply mixed-signed octlets subtract hexlet   |
| E.MUL.SUB.U.16 Ensemble multiply unsigned doublets subtract quadlets  E.MUL.SUB.U.32 Ensemble multiply unsigned quadlets subtract octlets  | E.MUL.SUB.U.8  |  |
| E.MUL.SUB.U.32 Ensemble multiply unsigned quadlets subtract octlets  | E.MUL.SUB.U.16 |  |
|  | E.MUL.SUB.U.32 |  |
|  | E.MUL.SUB.U.64 |  |

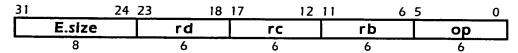
# Selection

| class            | ор        | type     | pred | -  |    |    |
|------------------|-----------|----------|------|----|----|----|
| multiply         | E.MUL.ADD | NONE M U | 8    | 16 | 32 | 64 |
| complex multiply | E.MUL.SUB | С        | 8    | 16 | 32 |    |

#### **Format**

# E.op.size rd=rc,rb

# rd=gopsize(rd,rc,rb)



#### Description

The contents of registers rd, rc and rb are fetched. The specified operation is performed on these operands. The result is placed into register rd.

Register rd is both a source and destination of this instruction.

#### **Definition**

```
def mul(size,h,vs,v,i,ws,w,j) as
      mul \leftarrow ((vs\&v_{size-1+i})^{h-size} \mid | v_{size-1+i...i}) * ((ws\&w_{size-1+j})^{h-size} \mid | w_{size-1+j..j})
enddef
def EnsembleInplace(op,size,rd,rc,rb) as
      if size=1 then
            raise ReservedInstruction
      endif
      d ← RegRead(rd, 128)
      c \leftarrow RegRead(rc, \cdot 128)
      b ← RegRead(rb, 128)
      case op of
            E.MULADD, E.MULSUB, E.MULADDC, E.MULSUBC:
                  cs \leftarrow 1
                  bs \leftarrow 1
            E.MULADDM, E.MULSUBM:
                  cs \leftarrow 0
                  bs \leftarrow 1
            E.MULADDU, E.MULSUBU:
                  cs \leftarrow 0
                  bs \leftarrow 0
      endcase
      h \leftarrow 2*size
      for i \leftarrow 0 to 64-size by size
            di ← d<sub>2*(i+size)-1..2*i</sub>
            case op of
                  E.MULADD, E.MULADDU, E.MULADDM:
                        p \leftarrow mul(size,h,cs,c,i,bs,b,i) + di
                  E.MULADDC:
                        if i \& size = 0 then
                               p ← mul(size,h,cs,c,i,bs,b,i) - mul(size,h,cs,c,i+size,bs,b,i+size) + di
                               p ← mul(size,h,cs,c,i,bs,b,i+size) + mul(size,h,cs,c,i,bs,b,i+size) + di
                        endif
                  E.MULSUB, E.MULSUB.U, E.MULSUB.M:
                        p \leftarrow mul(size,h,cs,c,i,bs,b,i) - di
```

```
E.MULSUBC:

if i & size = 0 then

p ← mul(size,h,cs,c,i,bs,b,i) - mul(size,h,cs,c,i+size,bs,b,i+size) - di

else

p ← mul(size,h,cs,c,i,bs,b,i+size) + mul(size,h,cs,c,i,bs,b,i+size) - di

endif

endcase

a2*(i+size)-1...2*i ← p

endfor

RegWrite(rd, 128, a)

enddef
```

# **Exceptions**

none

# Ensemble Inplace Floating-point

These operations take operands from three registers, perform operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in the third register.

# Operation codes

| E.MUL.ADD.C.F.16 Ensemble multiply add complex floating-point single E.MUL.ADD.C.F.64 Ensemble multiply add complex floating-point single E.MUL.ADD.F.16 Ensemble multiply add floating-point half E.MUL.ADD.F.16. Ensemble multiply add floating-point half E.MUL.ADD.F.16.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point half ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.16.F Ensemble multiply add floating-point half ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.16.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point half nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.16.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point half exact E.MUL.ADD.F.16.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point half exact E.MUL.ADD.F.16.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point single ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.32.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point single ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.32.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point single nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.32.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point single exact E.MUL.ADD.F.32.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point single exact E.MUL.ADD.F.32.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point single exact E.MUL.ADD.F.32.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point double E.MUL.ADD.F.64.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point double E.MUL.ADD.F.64.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point double ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.64.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point double nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.64.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point double rearest E.MUL.ADD.F.64.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point double exact E.MUL.ADD.F.64.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad rearest E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point half E.MUL.SUB.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract floating |                   |  |
|--|-------------------|--|
| E.MUL.ADD.C.F.32 Ensemble multiply add complex floating-point single E.MUL.ADD.C.F.64 Ensemble multiply add floating-point half E.MUL.ADD.F.16.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point half E.MUL.ADD.F.16.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point half floor E.MUL.ADD.F.16.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point half floor E.MUL.ADD.F.16.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point half nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.16.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point half exact E.MUL.ADD.F.16.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point half exact E.MUL.ADD.F.32 Ensemble multiply add floating-point single E.MUL.ADD.F.32.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point single ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.32.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point single floor E.MUL.ADD.F.32.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point single nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.32.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point single exact E.MUL.ADD.F.32.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point single exact E.MUL.ADD.F.32.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point double E.MUL.ADD.F.64.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point double E.MUL.ADD.F.64.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point double rearest E.MUL.ADD.F.64.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point double floor E.MUL.ADD.F.64.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point double nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.64.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point double exact E.MUL.ADD.F.64.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point double exact E.MUL.ADD.F.64.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point double zero E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad floor E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad floor E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad floor E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad rearest E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point balf E.MUL.SUB.C.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-poi | E.MUL.ADD.C.F.16  | Ensemble multiply add complex floating-point half        |
| E.MUL.ADD.F.16 Ensemble multiply add floating-point half E.MUL.ADD.F.16.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point half E.MUL.ADD.F.16.F Ensemble multiply add floating-point half ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.16.F Ensemble multiply add floating-point half floor E.MUL.ADD.F.16.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point half nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.16.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point half exact E.MUL.ADD.F.16.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point half exact E.MUL.ADD.F.16.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point single E.MUL.ADD.F.32 Ensemble multiply add floating-point single ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.32.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point single floor E.MUL.ADD.F.32.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point single nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.32.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point single exact E.MUL.ADD.F.32.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point single exact E.MUL.ADD.F.32.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point single exact E.MUL.ADD.F.64 Ensemble multiply add floating-point double E.MUL.ADD.F.64.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point double ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.64.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point double floor E.MUL.ADD.F.64.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point double nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.64.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point double exact E.MUL.ADD.F.64.S Ensemble multiply add floating-point double exact E.MUL.ADD.F.64.S Ensemble multiply add floating-point double exact E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad floor E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad floor E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad rearest E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point double E.MUL.SUB.C.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-poi | E.MULADD.C.F.32   |  |
| E.MUL.ADD.F.16.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point half E.MUL.ADD.F.16.F Ensemble multiply add floating-point half floor E.MUL.ADD.F.16.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point half floor E.MUL.ADD.F.16.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point half nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.16.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point half exact E.MUL.ADD.F.16.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point half exact E.MUL.ADD.F.32 Ensemble multiply add floating-point single E.MUL.ADD.F.32.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point single ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.32.F Ensemble multiply add floating-point single floor E.MUL.ADD.F.32.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point single nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.32.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point single exact E.MUL.ADD.F.32.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point single exact E.MUL.ADD.F.64.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point double E.MUL.ADD.F.64.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point double E.MUL.ADD.F.64.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point double ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.64.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point double nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.64.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point double exact E.MUL.ADD.F.64.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point double exact E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad rearest E.MUL.ADD.F.128.R Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.128.R Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad rearest E.MUL.ADD.F.128.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad rearest E.MUL.ADD.F.128.Z Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point half E.MUL.SUB.C.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double E.MUL.SUB.C.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double E.MUL.SUB.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double  | E.MUL.ADD.C.F.64  |  |
| E.MUL.ADD.F.16.F Ensemble multiply add floating-point half floor E.MUL.ADD.F.16.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point half exact E.MUL.ADD.F.16.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point half exact E.MUL.ADD.F.16.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point half exact E.MUL.ADD.F.32.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point single E.MUL.ADD.F.32.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point single ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.32.F Ensemble multiply add floating-point single nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.32.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point single nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.32.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point single exact E.MUL.ADD.F.32.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point single exact E.MUL.ADD.F.64.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point double E.MUL.ADD.F.64.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point double ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.64.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point double nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.64.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point double exact E.MUL.ADD.F.64.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point double exact E.MUL.ADD.F.64.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point double exact E.MUL.ADD.F.128. Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad exact E.MUL.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad exact E.MUL.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad exact E.MUL.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point single E.MUL.SUB.C.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point double E.MUL.SUB.C.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double E.MUL.SUB.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double  | E.MULADD.F.16     |  |
| E.MUL.ADD.F.16.F Ensemble multiply add floating-point half floor E.MUL.ADD.F.16.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point half nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.16.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point half exact E.MUL.ADD.F.16.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point half zero E.MUL.ADD.F.32.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point single E.MUL.ADD.F.32.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point single ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.32.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point single floor E.MUL.ADD.F.32.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point single nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.32.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point single exact E.MUL.ADD.F.32.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point single exact E.MUL.ADD.F.64.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point double E.MUL.ADD.F.64.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point double ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.64.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point double floor E.MUL.ADD.F.64.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point double nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.64.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point double exact E.MUL.ADD.F.64.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point double zero E.MUL.ADD.F.64.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad E.MUL.ADD.F.128. Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.128.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad rearest E.MUL.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad exact E.MUL.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad zero E.MUL.ADD.F.128.Z Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point half E.MUL.SUB.C.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point single E.MUL.SUB.C.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double E.MUL.SUB.F.32 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double  | E.MUL.ADD.F.16.C  | Ensemble multiply add floating-point half ceiling        |
| E.MUL.ADD.F.16.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point half nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.16.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point half exact E.MUL.ADD.F.32 Ensemble multiply add floating-point half zero E.MUL.ADD.F.32.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point single E.MUL.ADD.F.32.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point single ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.32.F Ensemble multiply add floating-point single floor E.MUL.ADD.F.32.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point single nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.32.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point single exact E.MUL.ADD.F.32.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point single zero E.MUL.ADD.F.64.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point double E.MUL.ADD.F.64.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point double to eiling E.MUL.ADD.F.64.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point double nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.64.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point double exact E.MUL.ADD.F.64.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point double exact E.MUL.ADD.F.64.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point double exact E.MUL.ADD.F.64.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad exact E.MUL.ADD.F.128. Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad floor E.MUL.ADD.F.128.T Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad exact E.MUL.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad exact E.MUL.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad exact E.MUL.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad exact E.MUL.SUB.C.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point half E.MUL.SUB.C.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point double E.MUL.SUB.C.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double E.MUL.SUB.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double   | E.MUL.ADD.F.16.F  |  |
| E.MUL.ADD.F.16.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point half exact E.MUL.ADD.F.16.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point half zero E.MUL.ADD.F.32 Ensemble multiply add floating-point single E.MUL.ADD.F.32.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point single ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.32.F Ensemble multiply add floating-point single floor E.MUL.ADD.F.32.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point single nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.32.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point single exact E.MUL.ADD.F.32.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point single exact E.MUL.ADD.F.64 Ensemble multiply add floating-point double E.MUL.ADD.F.64.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point double ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.64.F Ensemble multiply add floating-point double floor E.MUL.ADD.F.64.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point double nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.64.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point double exact E.MUL.ADD.F.64.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point double exact E.MUL.ADD.F.64.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point double exact E.MUL.ADD.F.128 Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.128.P Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad floor E.MUL.ADD.F.128.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad exact E.MUL.ADD.F.128.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad exact E.MUL.ADD.F.128.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad exact E.MUL.ADD.F.128.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad exact E.MUL.SUB.C.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point half E.MUL.SUB.C.F.32 Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point double E.MUL.SUB.C.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double E.MUL.SUB.F.164 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point single E.MUL.SUB.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double   | E.MUL.ADD.F.16.N  |  |
| E.MUL.ADD.F.32 Ensemble multiply add floating-point single E.MUL.ADD.F.32.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point single ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.32.F Ensemble multiply add floating-point single floor E.MUL.ADD.F.32.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point single nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.32.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point single exact E.MUL.ADD.F.32.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point single zero E.MUL.ADD.F.64 Ensemble multiply add floating-point double E.MUL.ADD.F.64.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point double ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.64.F Ensemble multiply add floating-point double floor E.MUL.ADD.F.64.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point double nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.64.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point double exact E.MUL.ADD.F.64.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point double zero E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad floor E.MUL.ADD.F.128.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad exact E.MUL.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad exact E.MUL.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad exact E.MUL.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad zero E.MUL.ADD.F.128.Z Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point half E.MUL.SUB.C.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point single E.MUL.SUB.C.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double E.MUL.SUB.C.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point single E.MUL.SUB.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double  |                   |  |
| E.MUL.ADD.F.32.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point single ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.32.F Ensemble multiply add floating-point single floor E.MUL.ADD.F.32.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point single nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.32.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point single exact E.MUL.ADD.F.32.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point single exact E.MUL.ADD.F.64 Ensemble multiply add floating-point double E.MUL.ADD.F.64.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point double ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.64.F Ensemble multiply add floating-point double floor E.MUL.ADD.F.64.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point double nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.64.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point double exact E.MUL.ADD.F.64.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point double zero E.MUL.ADD.F.128 Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad floor E.MUL.ADD.F.128.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.128.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad exact E.MUL.ADD.F.128.Z Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point half E.MUL.SUB.C.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point double E.MUL.SUB.C.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point half E.MUL.SUB.C.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point single E.MUL.SUB.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point single E.MUL.SUB.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point single E.MUL.SUB.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double   | E.MUL.ADD.F.16.Z  | Ensemble multiply add floating-point half zero           |
| E.MUL.ADD.F.32.F Ensemble multiply add floating-point single floor E.MUL.ADD.F.32.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point single nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.32.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point single exact E.MUL.ADD.F.32.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point single zero E.MUL.ADD.F.64 Ensemble multiply add floating-point double E.MUL.ADD.F.64.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point double ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.64.F Ensemble multiply add floating-point double floor E.MUL.ADD.F.64.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point double nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.64.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point double exact E.MUL.ADD.F.64.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point double zero E.MUL.ADD.F.128 Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad floor E.MUL.ADD.F.128.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad exact E.MUL.ADD.F.128.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad zero E.MUL.ADD.F.128.Z Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point single E.MUL.SUB.C.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point half E.MUL.SUB.C.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point single E.MUL.SUB.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point single E.MUL.SUB.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point single E.MUL.SUB.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double  | E.MUL.ADD.F.32    | Ensemble multiply add floating-point single              |
| E.MUL.ADD.F.32.F Ensemble multiply add floating-point single floor  E.MUL.ADD.F.32.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point single exact  E.MUL.ADD.F.32.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point single exact  E.MUL.ADD.F.64 Ensemble multiply add floating-point single zero  E.MUL.ADD.F.64.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point double  E.MUL.ADD.F.64.F Ensemble multiply add floating-point double ceiling  E.MUL.ADD.F.64.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point double nearest  E.MUL.ADD.F.64.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point double exact  E.MUL.ADD.F.64.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point double exact  E.MUL.ADD.F.128 Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad  E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad ceiling  E.MUL.ADD.F.128.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad floor  E.MUL.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad nearest  E.MUL.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad exact  E.MUL.ADD.F.128.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad exact  E.MUL.ADD.F.128.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad zero  E.MUL.SUB.C.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point single  E.MUL.SUB.C.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point half  E.MUL.SUB.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point single  E.MUL.SUB.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point single  E.MUL.SUB.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point single   | E.MUL.ADD.F.32.C  | Ensemble multiply add floating-point single ceiling      |
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| E.MUL.ADD.F.64. Ensemble multiply add floating-point double E.MUL.ADD.F.64.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point double ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.64.F Ensemble multiply add floating-point double floor E.MUL.ADD.F.64.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point double nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.64.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point double exact E.MUL.ADD.F.64.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point double zero E.MUL.ADD.F.128 Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.128.F Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad floor E.MUL.ADD.F.128.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad exact E.MUL.ADD.F.128.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad exact E.MUL.ADD.F.128.Z Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point half E.MUL.SUB.C.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point double E.MUL.SUB.C.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point half E.MUL.SUB.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point single E.MUL.SUB.F.32 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point single E.MUL.SUB.F.32 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double   | E.MUL.ADD.F.32.X  | Ensemble multiply add floating-point single exact        |
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| E.MUL.ADD.F.64.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point double floor E.MUL.ADD.F.64.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point double nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.64.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point double exact E.MUL.ADD.F.64.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point double zero E.MUL.ADD.F.128 Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.128.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad floor E.MUL.ADD.F.128.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad exact E.MUL.ADD.F.128.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad zero E.MUL.SUB.C.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point half E.MUL.SUB.C.F.32 Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point double E.MUL.SUB.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point half E.MUL.SUB.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point single E.MUL.SUB.F.32 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point single E.MUL.SUB.F.32 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double  | E.MUL.ADD.F.64.C  | Ensemble multiply add floating-point double ceiling      |
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| E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.128.C Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad ceiling E.MUL.ADD.F.128.F Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad floor E.MUL.ADD.F.128.N Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad nearest E.MUL.ADD.F.128.X Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad exact E.MUL.ADD.F.128.Z Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad zero E.MUL.SUB.C.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point half E.MUL.SUB.C.F.32 Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point single E.MUL.SUB.C.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double E.MUL.SUB.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point half E.MUL.SUB.F.32 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point single E.MUL.SUB.F.34 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double   |                   |  |
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| E.MUL.SUB.C.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point half E.MUL.SUB.C.F.32 Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point single E.MUL.SUB.C.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point double E.MUL.SUB.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point half E.MUL.SUB.F.32 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point single E.MUL.SUB.F.32 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double E.MUL.SUB.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double  | E.MULADD.F.128.N  | Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad nearest        |
| E.MUL.SUB.C.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point half E.MUL.SUB.C.F.32 Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point single E.MUL.SUB.C.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point double E.MUL.SUB.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point half E.MUL.SUB.F.32 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point single E.MUL.SUB.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double  |                   | Ensemble multiply add floating-point quad exact          |
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| E.MUL.SUB.C.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point double  E.MUL.SUB.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point half  E.MUL.SUB.F.32 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point single  E.MUL.SUB.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double   |                   |  |
| E.MUL.SUB.F.16 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point half  E.MUL.SUB.F.32 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point single  E.MUL.SUB.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double  |                   | Ensemble multiply subtract complex floating-point double |
| E.MUL.SUB.F.64 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double  |                   |  |
| point double   |                   |  |
| E.MUL.SUB.F.128 Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point quad   |                   | Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point double         |
|  | E.MUL.SUB.F.128   | Ensemble multiply subtract floating-point quad           |

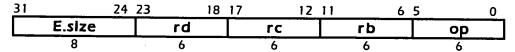
#### Selection

| class             | ор        | type | prec         | round/trap     |
|-------------------|-----------|------|--------------|----------------|
| multiply add      | E.MUL.ADD | F    | 16 32 64 128 | NONE C F N X Z |
|                   |           | C.F  | 16 32 64     | NONE           |
| multiply subtract | E.MUL.SUB | F    | 16 32 64 128 | NONE           |
|                   |           | C.F  | 16 32 64     | NONE           |

#### **Format**

E.op.size rd@rc,rb

rd=eopsize(rd,rc,rb)



# Description

The contents of registers rd, rc and rb are fetched. The specified operation is performed on these operands. The result is placed into register rd.

Register rd is both a source and destination of this instruction.

# **Definition**

```
def mul(size,v,i,w,j) as
     mul \leftarrow fmul(F(size, v_{size-1+i..i}), F(size, w_{size-1+j..j}))
enddef
def EnsembleInplaceFloatingPoint(op,size,rd,rc,rb) as
     d \leftarrow RegRead(rd, 128)
     c ← RegRead(rc, 128)
     b ← RegRead(rb, 128)
     for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
           di \leftarrow F(prec, d_{i+prec-1..i})
           case op of
                  E.MULADD.F:
                        ai ← fadd(di, mul(prec,c,i,b,i))
                  E.MUL.ADD.C.F:
                        if (i and prec) then
                              ai \leftarrow fadd(di, fadd(mul(prec,c,i,b,i-prec), mul(c,i-prec,b,i)))
                              ai \leftarrow fadd(di, fsub(mul(prec,c,i,b,i), mul(prec,c,i+prec,b,i+prec)))
                        endif
                  E.MUL.SUB.F:
                        ai ← frsub(di, mul(prec,c,i,b,i))
                  E.MUL.SUB.C.F:
                        if (i and prec) then
                              ai ← frsub(di, fadd(mul(prec,c,i,b,i-prec), mul(c,i-prec,b,i)))
                        else
                              ai ← frsub(di, fsub(mul(prec,c,i,b,i), mul(prec,c,i+prec,b,i+prec)))
```

endif

endcase

 $a_{i+prec-1..i} \leftarrow PackF(prec, ai, round)$ 

endfor

RegWrite(rd, 128, a)

enddef

# **Exceptions**

none

# **Ensemble Reversed Floating-point**

These operations take two values from registers, perform a group of floating-point arithmetic operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in a register.

# Operation codes

| E.SUB.F.16    | Ensemble subtract floating-point half           |
|---------------|---|
| E.SUB.F.16.C  | Ensemble subtract floating-point half ceiling   |
| E.SUB.F.16.F  | Ensemble subtract floating-point half floor     |
| E.SUB.F.16.N  | Ensemble subtract floating-point half nearest   |
| E.SUB.F.16.Z  | Ensemble subtract floating-point half zero      |
| E.SUB.F.16.X  | Ensemble subtract floating-point half exact     |
| E.SUB.F.32    | Ensemble subtract floating-point single         |
| E.SUB.F.32.C  | Ensemble subtract floating-point single ceiling |
| E.SUB.F.32.F  | Ensemble subtract floating-point single floor   |
| E.SUB.F.32.N  | Ensemble subtract floating-point single nearest |
| E.SUB.F.32.Z  | Ensemble subtract floating-point single zero    |
| E.SUB.F.32.X  | Ensemble subtract floating-point single exact   |
| E.SUB.F.64    | Ensemble subtract floating-point double         |
| E.SUB.F.64.C  | Ensemble subtract floating-point double ceiling |
| E.SUB.F.64.F  | Ensemble subtract floating-point double floor   |
| E.SUB.F.64.N  | Ensemble subtract floating-point double nearest |
| E.SUB.F.64.Z  | Ensemble subtract floating-point double zero    |
| E.SUB.F.64.X  | Ensemble subtract floating-point double exact   |
| E.SUB.F.128   | Ensemble subtract floating-point quad           |
| E.SUB.F.128.C | Ensemble subtract floating-point quad ceiling   |
| E.SUB.F.128.F | Ensemble subtract floating-point quad floor     |
| E.SUB.F.128.N | Ensemble subtract floating-point quad nearest   |
| E.SUB.F.128.Z | Ensemble subtract floating-point quad zero      |
| E.SUB.F.128.X | Ensemble subtract floating-point quad exact     |

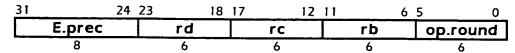
# Selection

| class    | ор                   | prec    | round/trap           |
|----------|----------------------|---------|----------------------|
| set      | SET.<br>E LG<br>L GE | 16 32 6 | 4 128 NONE X         |
| subtract | SUB                  | 16 32 6 | 4 128 NONE C F N X Z |

# **Format**

E.op.prec.round rd=rb,rc

rd=eopprecround(rb,rc)



### **Description**

The contents of registers rc and rb are combined using the specified floating-point operation. The result is placed in register rd. The operation is rounded using the specified rounding option or using round-to-nearest if not specified. If a rounding option is specified, the operation raises a floating-point exception if a floating-point invalid operation, divide by zero, overflow, or underflow occurs, or when specified, if the result is inexact. If a rounding option is not specified, floating-point exceptions are not raised, and are handled according to the default rules of IEEE 754.

#### Definition

```
def EnsembleReversedFloatingPoint(op,prec,round,rd,rc,rb) as

c ← RegRead(rc, 128)

b ← RegRead(rb, 128)

for i ← 0 to 128-prec by prec

ci ← F(prec,Ci+prec-1..i)

bi ← F(prec,bi+prec-1..i)

ai ← frsubr(ci,-bi, round)

ai+prec-1..i ← PackF(prec, ai, round)

endfor

RegWrite(rd, 128, a)

enddef
```

#### **Exceptions**

Floating-point arithmetic

# **Ensemble Ternary**

These operations take three values from registers, perform a group of calculations on partitions of bits of the operands and place the catenated results in a fourth register.

# Operation codes

| E.MUL.G.8  | Ensemble multiply Galois field byte   |
|------------|---------------------------------------|
| E.MUL.G.64 | Ensemble multiply Galois field octlet |

#### **Format**

E.MUL.G.size ra=rd,rc,rb

ra=emulgsize(rd,rc,rb)

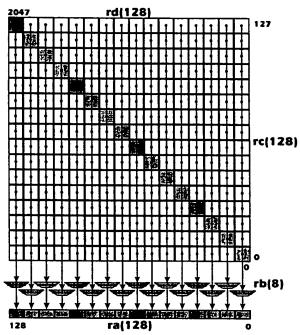
| 31     | 24 23    | 18 | 17 12 | 11 6 | 5 0 |
|--------|----------|----|-------|------|-----|
| E.MUL. | G.size   | rd | rc    | rb   | ra  |
| 8      | <u> </u> | 6  | 6     | 6    | 6   |

#### Description

The contents of registers rd, rc, and rb are fetched. The specified operation is performed on these operands. The result is placed into register ra.

The contents of registers rd and rc are partitioned into groups of operands of the size specified and multiplied in the manner of polynomials. The group of values is reduced modulo the polynomial specified by the contents of register rb, yielding a group of results, each of which is the size specified. The group of results is catenated and placed in register ra.

An ensemble multiply Galois field bytes instruction (E.MULG.8) multiplies operand [d15 d14 d13 d12 d11 d10 d9 d8 d7 d6 d5 d4 d3 d2 d1 d0] by operand [c15 c14 c13 c12 c11 c10 c9 c8 c7 c6 c5 c4 c3 c2 c1 c0], modulo polynomial [q], yielding the results [(d15c15 mod q) (d14c14 mod q) ... (d0c0 mod q):



Ensemble multiply Galois field bytes

#### **Definition**

```
def c ← PolyMultiply(size,a,b) as
     p[0] \leftarrow 0^{2*size}
     for k \leftarrow 0 to size-1
           p(k+1) \leftarrow p(k) ^ a_k ? (0^{size-k} | 1 | b | 1 | 0^k) : 0^{2*size}
     endfor
     c \leftarrow p[size]
enddef
def c ← PolyResidue(size,a,b) as
     p[0] \leftarrow a
     for k \leftarrow \text{size-1} to 0 by -1
           endfor
     c \leftarrow p[size]_{size-1..0}
enddef
def EnsembleTernary(op,size,rd,rc,rb,ra) as
     d \leftarrow RegRead(rd, 128)
     c ← RegRead(rc, 128)
     b ← RegRead(rb, 128)
     case op of
```

```
E.MUL.G:
```

for  $i \leftarrow 0$  to 128-size by size  $a_{size-1+i...i} \leftarrow PolyResidue(size,PolyMul(size,C_{size-1+i...i},D_{size-1+i...i}),d_{size-1+i...i})$  endfor

endcase

RegWrite(ra, 128, a)

enddef

# Exceptions

none

# **Ensemble Ternary Floating-point**

These operations take three values from registers, perform a group of floating-point arithmetic operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in a register.

# Operation codes

| E.SCAL.ADD.F.16 | Ensemble scale add floating-point half   |
|-----------------|--|
| E.SCAL.ADD.F.32 | Ensemble scale add floating-point single |
|                 | Ensemble scale add floating-point double |

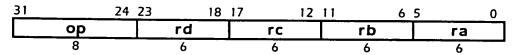
# Selection

| class     | ор           | prec |    |    |
|-----------|--------------|------|----|----|
| scale add | E.SCAL.ADD.F | 16   | 32 | 64 |

#### **Format**

# E.SCAL.ADD.F.size ra=rd,rc,rb

ra=escaladdfsize(rd,rc,rb)



#### **Description**

The contents of registers rd and rc are taken to represent a group of floating-point operands. Operands from register rd are multiplied with a floating-point operand taken from the least-significant bits of the contents of register rb and added to operands from register rc multiplied with a floating-point operand taken from the next least-significant bits of the contents of register rb. The results are concatenated and placed in register ra. The results are rounded to the nearest representable floating-point value in a single floating-point operation. Floating-point exceptions are not raised, and are handled according to the default rules of IEEE 754. These instructions cannot select a directed rounding mode or trap on inexact.

#### <u>Definition</u>

```
def EnsembleFloatingPointTernary(op,prec,rd,rc,rb,ra) as
```

 $d \leftarrow RegRead(rd, 128)$ 

c ← RegRead(rc, 128)

b ← RegRead(rb, 128)

for  $i \leftarrow 0$  to 128-prec by prec

 $di \leftarrow F(prec, d_{i+prec-1..i})$ 

 $ci \leftarrow F(prec, c_{i+prec-1..i})$ 

ai  $\leftarrow$  fadd(fmul(di, F(prec,b<sub>prec-1..0</sub>)), fmul(ci, F(prec,b<sub>2\*prec-1..prec</sub>)))

 $a_{i+prec-1..i} \leftarrow PackF(prec, ai, none)$ 

Zeus System Architecture

Tue, Aug 17, 1999

Instruction Set Ensemble Ternary Floating-point

endfor RegWrite(ra, 128, a) enddef

**Exceptions** 

none

# **Ensemble Unary**

These operations take operands from a register, perform operations on partitions of bits in the operand, and place the concatenated results in a second register.

# Operation codes

| E.LOG.MOST.8            | Ensemble log of most significant bit signed bytes      |
|-------------------------|--|
| E.LOG.MOST.16           | Ensemble log of most significant bit signed doublets   |
| E.LOG.MOST.32           | Ensemble log of most significant bit signed quadlets   |
| E.LOG.MOST.64           | Ensemble log of most significant bit signed octlets    |
| E.LOG.MOST.128          | Ensemble log of most significant bit signed hexlet     |
| E.LOG.MOST.U.8          | Ensemble log of most significant bit unsigned bytes    |
| E.LOG.MOST.U.16         | Ensemble log of most significant bit unsigned doublets |
| E.LOG.MOST.U.32         | Ensemble log of most significant bit unsigned quadlets |
| E.LOG.MOST.U.64         | Ensemble log of most significant bit unsigned octlets  |
| E.LOG.MOST.U.128        | Ensemble log of most significant bit unsigned hexlet   |
| E.SUM.8                 | Ensemble sum signed bytes                              |
| E.SUM.16                | Ensemble sum signed doublets                           |
| E.SUM.32                | Ensemble sum signed quadlets                           |
| E.SUM.64                | Ensemble sum signed octlets                            |
| E.SUM.U.1 <sup>26</sup> | Ensemble sum unsigned bits                             |
| E.SUM.U.8               | Ensemble sum unsigned bytes                            |
| E.SUM.U.16              | Ensemble sum unsigned doublets                         |
| E.SUM.U.32              | Ensemble sum unsigned quadlets                         |
| E.SUM.U.64              | Ensemble sum unsigned octlets                          |

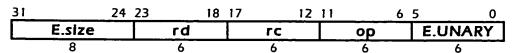
# **Selection**

| class                    | ОР       |            | size |     |   |    |    |     |
|--------------------------|----------|------------|------|-----|---|----|----|-----|
| sum                      | SUM      |            |      | 8 1 | 6 | 32 | 64 |     |
|                          | SUM.U    |            | 1    | 8 1 | 6 | 32 | 64 |     |
| log most significant bit | LOG.MOST | LOG.MOST.U |      | 8 1 | 6 | 32 | 64 | 128 |

# **Format**

# E.op.size rd=rc

# rd=eopsize(rc)



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> E.SUM.U.1 is encoded as E.SUM.U.128.

### **Description**

Values are taken from the contents of register rc. The specified operation is performed, and the result is placed in register rd.

#### Definition

```
def EnsembleUnary(op,size,rd,rc)
        c ← RegRead(rc, 128)
        case op of
               E.LOG.MOST:
                       for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                              if (C_{i+size-1..i} = 0) then
                                      a<sub>i+size-1..i</sub> ← -1
                              else
                                      for j \leftarrow 0 to size-1
                                             if C_{\text{size-1+i.,j+i}} = (C_{\text{size-1+j}}^{\text{size-1-i}} \mid 1 \mid \text{not } C_{\text{size-1+j}}) then
                                                     a<sub>i+size-1..i</sub> ← j
                                             endif
                                      endfor
                              endif
                       endfor
               E.LOG.MOSTU:
                       for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                              if (C_{i+size-1..i} = 0) then
                                      a<sub>i+size-1..i</sub> ← -1
                              else
                                      for j \leftarrow 0 to size-1
                                             if c_{size-1+i..j+i} = (0^{size-1-j} | 1 | 1) then
                                                     a<sub>i+size-1..i</sub> ← j
                                             endif
                                     endfor
                              endif
                      endfor
               E.SUM:
                      p[0] \leftarrow 0^{128}
                      for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                              p[i+size] \leftarrow p[i] + (c_{size-1+i}^{128-size} \mid | c_{size-1+i..i})
                      endfor
                      a \leftarrow p[128]
               E.SUMU:
                      p[0] \leftarrow 0^{128}
                      for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-size by size
                              p[i+size] \leftarrow p[i] + (0^{128-size} \mid 1 \mid c_{size-1+i..i})
                      endfor
                      a \leftarrow p[128]
       endcase
       RegWrite(rd, 128, a)
enddef
Exceptions
```

none

# Ensemble Unary Floating-point

These operations take one value from a register, perform a group of floating-point arithmetic operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and place the concatenated results in a register.

### Operation codes

| E ARC E 17        | Encombio absoluto valua (la via a a in a in a              |
|-------------------|--|
| EABS.F.16         | Ensemble absolute value floating-point half                |
| E.ABS.F.16.X      | Ensemble absolute value floating-point half exception      |
| E.ABS.F.32        | Ensemble absolute value floating-point single              |
| E.ABS.F.32.X      | Ensemble absolute value floating-point single exception    |
| E.ABS.F.64        | Ensemble absolute value floating-point double              |
| E.ABS.F.64.X      | Ensemble absolute value floating-point double exception    |
| E.ABS.F.128       | Ensemble absolute value floating-point quad                |
| E.ABS.F.128.X     | Ensemble absolute value floating-point quad exception      |
| E.COPY.F.16       | Ensemble copy floating-point half                          |
| E.COPY.F.16.X     | Ensemble copy floating-point half exception                |
| E.COPY.F.32       | Ensemble copy floating-point single                        |
| E.COPY.F.32.X     | Ensemble copy floating-point single exception              |
| E.COPY.F.64       | Ensemble copy floating-point double                        |
| E.COPY.F.64.X     | Ensemble copy floating-point double exception              |
| E.COPY.F.128      | Ensemble copy floating-point quad                          |
| E.COPY.F.128.X    | Ensemble copy floating-point quad exception                |
| E.DEFLATE.F.32    | Ensemble convert floating-point half from single           |
| E.DEFLATE.F.32.C  | Ensemble convert floating-point half from single ceiling   |
| E.DEFLATE.F.32.F  | Ensemble convert floating-point half from single floor     |
| E.DEFLATE.F.32.N  | Ensemble convert floating-point half from single nearest   |
| E.DEFLATE.F.32.X  | Ensemble convert floating-point half from single exact     |
| E.DEFLATE.F.32.Z  | Ensemble convert floating-point half from single zero      |
| E.DEFLATE.F.64    | Ensemble convert floating-point single from double         |
| E.DEFLATE.F.64.C  | Ensemble convert floating-point single from double ceiling |
| E.DEFLATE.F.64.F  | Ensemble convert floating-point single from double floor   |
| E.DEFLATE.F.64.N  | Ensemble convert floating-point single from double nearest |
| E.DEFLATE.F.64.X  | Ensemble convert floating-point single from double exact   |
| E.DEFLATE.F.64.Z  | Ensemble convert floating-point single from double zero    |
| E.DEFLATE.F.128   | Ensemble convert floating-point double from quad           |
| E.DEFLATE.F.128.C | Ensemble convert floating-point double from quad ceiling   |
| E.DEFLATE.F.128.F | Ensemble convert floating-point double from quad floor     |
| E.DEFLATE.F.128.N | Ensemble convert floating-point double from quad nearest   |
| E.DEFLATE.F.128.X | Ensemble convert floating-point double from quad exact     |
| E.DEFLATE.F.128.Z | Ensemble convert floating-point double from quad zero      |
| E.FLOAT.F.16      | Ensemble convert floating-point half from doublets         |
| E.FLOAT.F.16.C    | Ensemble convert floating-point half from doublets ceiling |
| E.FLOAT.F.16.F    | Ensemble convert floating-point half from doublets floor   |
| E.FLOAT.F.16.N    | Ensemble convert floating-point half from doublets nearest |
| L. LOALF. 10.N    | Charles convert housing-point half from doublets nearest   |

| E.FLOAT.F. 16.X  | Ensemble convert floating-point half from doublets exact             |
|------------------|--|
| E.FLOAT.F.16.Z   | Ensemble convert floating-point half from doublets zero              |
| E.FLOAT.F.32     | Ensemble convert floating-point single from quadlets                 |
| E.FLOAT.F.32.C   |  |
|                  | Ensemble convert floating-point single from quadlets ceiling         |
| E.FLOAT.F.32.F   | Ensemble convert floating-point single from quadlets floor           |
| E.FLOAT.F.32.N   | Ensemble convert floating-point single from quadlets nearest         |
| E.FLOAT.F.32.X   | Ensemble convert floating-point single from quadlets exact           |
| E.FLOAT.F.32.Z   | Ensemble convert floating-point single from quadlets zero            |
| E.FLOAT.F.64     | Ensemble convert floating-point double from octlets                  |
| E.FLOAT.F.64.C   | Ensemble convert floating-point double from octlets ceiling          |
| E.FLOAT.F.64.F   | Ensemble convert floating-point double from octlets floor            |
| E.FLOAT.F.64.N   | Ensemble convert floating-point double from octlets nearest          |
| E.FLOAT.F.64.X   | Ensemble convert floating-point double from octlets exact            |
| E.FLOAT.F.64.Z   | Ensemble convert floating-point double from octlets zero             |
| E.FLOAT.F.128    | Ensemble convert floating-point quad from hexlet                     |
| E.FLOAT.F.128.C  | Ensemble convert floating-point quad from hexlet ceiling             |
| E.FLOAT.F.128.F  | Ensemble convert floating-point quad from hexlet floor               |
| E.FLOAT.F.128.N  | Ensemble convert floating-point quad from hexlet nearest             |
| E.FLOAT.F.128.X  | Ensemble convert floating-point quad from hexlet exact               |
| E.FLOAT.F.128.Z  | Ensemble convert floating-point quad from hexlet zero                |
| E.INFLATE.F.16   | Ensemble convert floating-point single from half                     |
| E.INFLATE.F.16.X | Ensemble convert floating-point single from half exception           |
| E.INFLATE.F.32   | Ensemble convert floating-point double from single                   |
| E.INFLATE.F.32.X | Ensemble convert floating-point double from single exception         |
| E.INFLATE.F.64   | Ensemble convert floating-point quad from double                     |
| E.INFLATE.F.64.X | Ensemble convert floating-point quad from double exception           |
| E.NEG.F.16       | Ensemble negate floating-point half                                  |
| E.NEG.F.16.X     | Ensemble negate floating-point half exception                        |
| E.NEG.F.32       | Ensemble negate floating-point single                                |
| E.NEG.F.32.X     | Ensemble negate floating-point single exception                      |
| E.NEG.F.64       | Ensemble negate floating-point double                                |
| E.NEG.F.64.X     | Ensemble negate floating-point double exception                      |
| E.NEG.F.128      | Ensemble negate floating-point quad                                  |
| E.NEG.F. 128.X   | Ensemble negate floating-point quad exception                        |
| E.RECEST.F.16    | Ensemble reciprocal estimate floating-point half                     |
| E.RECEST.F.16.X  | Ensemble reciprocal estimate floating-point half exception           |
| E.RECEST.F.32    | Ensemble reciprocal estimate floating-point single                   |
| E.RECEST.F.32.X  | Ensemble reciprocal estimate floating-point single exception         |
| E.RECEST.F.64    | Ensemble reciprocal estimate floating-point double                   |
| E.RECEST.F.64.X  | Ensemble reciprocal estimate floating-point double exception         |
| E.RECEST.F.128   | Ensemble reciprocal estimate floating-point quad                     |
| E.RECEST.F.128.X | Ensemble reciprocal estimate floating-point quad exception           |
| E.RSQREST.F.16   | Ensemble floating-point reciprocal square root estimate half         |
| E.RSQREST.F.16.X | Ensemble floating-point reciprocal square root estimate half exact   |
| E.RSQREST.F.32   | Ensemble floating-point reciprocal square root estimate single       |
| E.RSQREST.F.32.X | Ensemble floating-point reciprocal square root estimate single exact |
|                  |  |

| E.RSQREST.F.64    | Ensemble floating-point reciprocal square root estimate double       |
|-------------------|--|
| E.RSQREST.F.64.X  | Ensemble floating-point reciprocal square root estimate double exact |
| E.RSQREST.F.128   | Ensemble floating-point reciprocal square root estimate quad         |
| E.RSQREST.F.128.X | Ensemble floating-point reciprocal square root estimate quad exact   |
| E.SINK.F.16       | Ensemble convert floating-point doublets from half nearest default   |
| E.SINK.F.16.C     | Ensemble convert floating-point doublets from half ceiling           |
| E.SINK.F.16,C.D   | Ensemble convert floating-point doublets from half ceiling default   |
| E.SINK.F.16.F     | Ensemble convert floating-point doublets from half floor             |
| E.SINK.F.16.F.D   | Ensemble convert floating-point doublets from half floor default     |
| E.SINK.F.16.N     | Ensemble convert floating-point doublets from half nearest           |
| E.SINK.F.16.X     | Ensemble convert floating-point doublets from half exact             |
| E.SINK.F.16.Z     | Ensemble convert floating-point doublets from half zero              |
| E.SINK.F.16.Z.D   | Ensemble convert floating-point doublets from half zero default      |
| E.SINK.F.32       | Ensemble convert floating-point quadlets from single nearest default |
| E.SINK.F.32.C     | Ensemble convert floating-point quadlets from single ceiling         |
| E.SINK.F.32.C.D   | Ensemble convert floating-point quadlets from single ceiling default |
| E.SINK.F.32.F     | Ensemble convert floating-point quadlets from single floor           |
| E.SINK.F.32.F.D   | Ensemble convert floating-point quadlets from single floor default   |
| E.SINK.F.32.N     | Ensemble convert floating-point quadlets from single nearest         |
| E.SINK.F.32.X     | Ensemble convert floating-point quadlets from single exact           |
| E.SINK.F.32.Z     | Ensemble convert floating-point quadlets from single zero            |
| E.SINK.F.32.Z.D   | Ensemble convert floating-point quadlets from single zero default    |
| E.SINK.F.64       | Ensemble convert floating-point octlets from double nearest default  |
| E.SINK.F.64.C     | Ensemble convert floating-point octlets from double ceiling          |
| E.SINK.F.64.C.D   | Ensemble convert floating-point octlets from double ceiling default  |
| E.SINK.F.64.F     | Ensemble convert floating-point octlets from double floor            |
| E.SINK.F.64.F.D   | Ensemble convert floating-point octlets from double floor default    |
| E.SINK.F.64.N     | Ensemble convert floating-point octlets from double nearest          |
| E.SINK.F.64.X     | Ensemble convert floating-point octlets from double exact            |
| E.SINK.F.64.Z     | Ensemble convert floating-point octlets from double zero             |
| E.SINK.F.64.Z.D   | Ensemble convert floating-point octlets from double zero default     |
| E.SINK.F.128      | Ensemble convert floating-point hexlet from quad nearest default     |
| E.SINK.F.128.C    | Ensemble convert floating-point hexlet from quad ceiling             |
| E.SINK.F.128.C.D  | Ensemble convert floating-point hexlet from quad ceiling default     |
| E.SINK.F.128.F    | Ensemble convert floating-point hexlet from quad floor               |
| E.SINK.F.128.F.D  | Ensemble convert floating-point hexlet from quad floor default       |
| E.SINK.F.128.N    | Ensemble convert floating-point hexlet from quad nearest             |
| E.SINK.F.128.X    | Ensemble convert floating-point hexlet from quad exact               |
| E.SINK.F.128.Z    | Ensemble convert floating-point hexlet from quad zero                |
| E.SINK.F.128.Z.D  | Ensemble convert floating-point hexlet from quad zero default        |
| E.SQR.F.16        | Ensemble square root floating-point half                             |
| E.SQR.F.16.C      | Ensemble square root floating-point half ceiling                     |
| E.SQR.F.16.F      | Ensemble square root floating-point half floor                       |
| E.SQR.F.16.N      | Ensemble square root floating-point half nearest                     |
| E.SQR.F.16.X      | Ensemble square root floating-point half exact                       |
| E.SQR.F.16.Z      | Ensemble square root floating-point half zero                        |

| E.SQR.F.32                            | Ensemble square root floating-point single  |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| E.SQR.F.32.C                          | Ensemble square root floating-point single ceiling  |
| E.SQR.F.32.F                          | Ensemble square root floating-point single floor  |
| E.SQR.F.32.N                          | Ensemble square root floating-point single nearest  |
| E.SQR.F.32.X                          | Ensemble square root floating-point single exact  |
| E.SQR.F.32.Z                          | Ensemble square root floating-point single exact  Ensemble square root floating-point single zero |
| E.SQR.F.64                            | Ensemble square root floating-point single zero  Ensemble square root floating-point double       |
|                                       |   |
| E.SQR.F.64.C                          | Ensemble square root floating-point double ceiling  |
| E.SQR.F.64.F                          | Ensemble square root floating-point double floor  |
| E.SQR.F.64.N                          | Ensemble square root floating-point double nearest  |
| E.SOR.F.64.X                          | Ensemble square root floating-point double exact  |
| E.SQR.F.64.Z                          | Ensemble square root floating-point double zero   |
| E.SQR.F.128                           | Ensemble square root floating-point quad  |
| E.SQR.F.128.C                         | Ensemble square root floating-point quad ceiling  |
| E.SQR.F.128.F                         | Ensemble square root floating-point quad floor  |
| E.SQR.F. 128.N                        | Ensemble square root floating-point quad nearest  |
| E.SQR.F.128.X                         | Ensemble square root floating-point quad exact  |
| E.SQR.F.128.Z                         | Ensemble square root floating-point quad zero   |
| E.SUM.F.16                            | Ensemble sum floating-point half  |
| E.SUM.F.16.C                          | Ensemble sum floating-point half ceiling  |
| E.SUM.F.16.F                          | Ensemble sum floating-point half floor  |
| E.SUM.F.16.N                          | Ensemble sum floating-point half nearest  |
| E.SUM.F.16.X                          | Ensemble sum floating-point half exact  |
| E.SUM.F.16.Z                          | Ensemble sum floating-point half zero   |
| E.SUM.F.32                            | Ensemble sum floating-point single  |
| E.SUM.F.32.C                          | Ensemble sum floating-point single ceiling  |
| E.SUM.F.32.F                          | Ensemble sum floating-point single floor  |
| E.SUM.F.32.N                          | Ensemble sum floating-point single nearest  |
| E.SUM.F.32.X                          | Ensemble sum floating-point single exact  |
| E.SUM.F.32.Z                          | Ensemble sum floating-point single zero   |
| E.SUM.F.64                            | Ensemble sum floating-point double  |
| E.SUM.F.64.C                          | Ensemble sum floating-point double ceiling  |
| E.SUM.F.64.F                          | Ensemble sum floating-point double floor  |
| E.SUM.F.64.N                          | Ensemble sum floating-point double nearest  |
| E.SUM.F.64.X                          | Ensemble sum floating-point double exact  |
| E.SUM.F.64.Z                          | Ensemble sum floating-point double zero   |
| E.SUM.F.128                           | Ensemble sum floating-point quad  |
| E.SUM.F.128.C                         | Ensemble sum floating-point quad ceiling  |
| E.SUM.F.128.F                         | Ensemble sum floating-point quad floor  |
| E.SUM.F.128.N                         | Ensemble sum floating-point quad nearest  |
| E.SUM.F.128.X                         | Ensemble sum floating-point quad exact  |
| E.SUM.F.128.Z                         | Ensemble sum floating-point quad zero   |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |   |

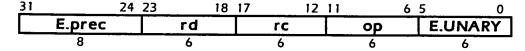
#### Selection

|                                 | ор      | prec |    |    |     | round/trap                    |
|---------------------------------|---------|------|----|----|-----|-------------------------------|
| сору                            | COPY    | 16   | 32 | 64 | 128 | NONE X                        |
| absolute<br>value               | ABS     | 16   | 32 | 64 | 128 | NONE X                        |
| float from integer              | FLOAT   | 16   | 32 | 64 | 128 | NONE C F N X Z                |
| integer<br>from float           | SINK    | 16   | 32 | 64 | 128 | NONE C F N X Z<br>C.D F.D Z.D |
| increase<br>format<br>precision | INFLATE | 16   | 32 | 64 |     | NONE X                        |
| decrease<br>format<br>precision | DEFLATE |      | 32 | 64 | 128 | NONE C F N X Z                |
| negate                          | NEG     | 16   | 32 | 64 | 128 | NONE X                        |
| reciprocal estimate             | RECEST  | 16   | 32 | 64 | 128 | NONE X                        |
| reciprocal square root estimate | RSQREST | 16   | 32 | 64 | 128 | NONE X                        |
| square root                     | SOR     | 16   | 32 | 64 | 128 | NONE C F N X Z                |
| sum                             | SUM     | 16   | 32 | 64 | 128 | NONE C F N X Z                |

#### **Format**

E.op.prec.round rd=rc

rd=eopprecround(rc)



### **Description**

The contents of register rc is used as the operand of the specified floating-point operation. The result is placed in register rd.

The operation is rounded using the specified rounding option or using round-to-nearest if not specified. If a rounding option is specified, unless default exception handling is specified, the operation raises a floating-point exception if a floating-point invalid operation, divide by zero, overflow, or underflow occurs, or when specified, if the result is inexact. If a rounding option is not specified or if default exception handling is specified, floating-point exceptions are not raised, and are handled according to the default rules of IEEE 754.

The reciprocal estimate and reciprocal square root estimate instructions compute an exact result for half precision, and a result with at least 12 bits of significant precision for larger formats.

### **Definition**

```
def EnsembleUnaryFloatingPoint(op,prec,round,rd,rc) as
      c ← RegRead(rc, 128)
      case op of
             E.ABS.F, E.NEG.F, E.SQR.F:
                   for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-prec by prec
                          ci \leftarrow F(prec, c_{i+prec-1..i})
                          case op of
                                E.ABS.F:
                                       ai.t \leftarrow ci.t
                                       ai.s \leftarrow 0
                                       ai.e ← ci.e
                                       ai.f \leftarrow ci.f
                                E.COPY.F:
                                       ai ← ci
                                E.NEG.F:
                                       ai.t ← ci.t
                                       ai.s ← -ci.s
                                       ai.e ← ci.e
                                       ai.f ← ci.f
                                E.RECEST.F:
                                       ai ← frecest(ci)
                                E.RSQREST.F:
                                       ai ← frsqrest(ci)
                                E.SQR.F:
                                       ai ← fsqr(ci)
                          endcase
                          a<sub>i+prec-1..i</sub> ← PackF(prec, ai, round)
                   endfor
             E.SUM.F:
                   p[0].t \leftarrow NULL
                   for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-prec by prec
                          p[i+prec] \leftarrow fadd(p[i], F(prec,c_{i+prec-1..i}))
                   endfor
                   a \leftarrow PackF(prec, p[128], round)
             E.SINK.F:
                   for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-prec by prec
                          ci \leftarrow F(prec, c_{i+prec-1..i})
                          a_{i+prec-1..i} \leftarrow fsinkr(prec, ci, round)
                   endfor
            E.FLOAT.F:
                   for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-prec by prec
                          ci.t ← NORM
                          ci.e \leftarrow 0
                          ci.s \leftarrow c<sub>i+prec-1</sub>
                          ci.f ← ci.s ? 1+~C<sub>i+prec-2..i</sub> : C<sub>i+prec-2..i</sub>
                          a_{i+prec-1..i} \leftarrow PackF(prec, ci, round)
                   endfor
```

```
E.INFLATE.F:

for i ← 0 to 64-prec by prec

ci ← F(prec,ci+prec-1..i)

ai+i+prec+prec-1..i+i ← PackF(prec+prec, ci, round)

endfor

E.DEFLATE.F:

for i ← 0 to 128-prec by prec

ci ← F(prec,ci+prec-1..i)

ai/2+prec/2-1..i/2 ← PackF(prec/2, ci, round)

endfor

a127..64 ← 0

endcase

RegWrite[rd, 128, a]
enddef
```

# **Exceptions**

Floating-point arithmetic

# Wide Multiply Matrix

These instructions take an address from a general register to fetch a large operand from memory, a second operand from a general register, perform a group of operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and catenate the results together, placing the result in a general register.

# Operation codes

| W.MUL.MAT.8.B    | Wide multiply matrix signed byte big-endian               |
|------------------|---|
| W.MUL.MAT.8.L    | Wide multiply matrix signed byte little-endian            |
| W.MUL.MAT.16.B   | Wide multiply matrix signed doublet big-endian            |
| W.MUL.MAT.16.L   | Wide multiply matrix signed doublet little-endian         |
| W.MUL.MAT.32.B   | Wide multiply matrix signed quadlet big-endian            |
| W.MUL.MAT.32.L   | Wide multiply matrix signed quadlet little-endian         |
| W.MUL.MAT.C.8.B  | Wide multiply matrix signed complex byte big-endian       |
| W.MUL.MAT.C.8.L  | Wide multiply matrix signed complex byte little-endian    |
| W.MUL.MAT.C.16.B | Wide multiply matrix signed complex doublet big-endian    |
| W.MUL.MAT.C.16.L | Wide multiply matrix signed complex doublet little-endian |
| W.MUL.MAT.M.8.B  | Wide multiply matrix mixed-signed byte big-endian         |
| W.MUL.MAT.M.8.L  | Wide multiply matrix mixed-signed byte little-endian      |
| W.MUL.MAT.M.16.B | Wide multiply matrix mixed-signed doublet big-endian      |
| W.MUL.MAT.M.16.L | Wide multiply matrix mixed-signed doublet little-endian   |
| W.MUL.MAT.M.32.B | Wide multiply matrix mixed-signed quadlet big-endian      |
| W.MUL.MAT.M.32.L | Wide multiply matrix mixed-signed quadlet little-endian   |
| W.MUL.MAT.P.8.B  | Wide multiply matrix polynomial byte big-endian           |
| W.MUL.MAT.P.8.L  | Wide multiply matrix polynomial byte little-endian        |
| W.MUL.MAT.P.16.B | Wide multiply matrix polynomial doublet big-endian        |
| W.MUL.MAT.P.16.L | Wide multiply matrix polynomial doublet little-endian     |
| W.MUL.MAT.P.32.B | Wide multiply matrix polynomial quadlet big-endian        |
| W.MUL.MAT.P.32.L | Wide multiply matrix polynomial quadlet little-endian     |
| W.MUL.MAT.U.8.B  | Wide multiply matrix unsigned byte big-endian             |
| W.MUL.MAT.U.8.L  | Wide multiply matrix unsigned byte little-endian          |
| W.MUL.MAT.U.16.B | Wide multiply matrix unsigned doublet big-endian          |
| W.MUL.MAT.U.16.L | Wide multiply matrix unsigned doublet little-endian       |
| W.MUL.MAT.U.32.B | Wide multiply matrix unsigned quadlet big-endian          |
| W.MUL.MAT.U.32.L | Wide multiply matrix unsigned quadlet little-endian       |
|                  |   |

### Selection

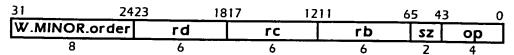
| class    | ор         | type .     | size    | order |
|----------|------------|------------|---------|-------|
| multiply | W.MUL.MAT. | NONE M U P | 8 16 32 | B L   |
|          |            | С          | 8 16    | B L   |

#### **Format**

W.op.size.order

rd=rc,rb

rd=wopsizeorder(rc,rb)



### **Description**

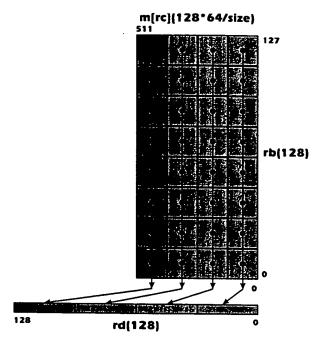
The contents of register rc is used as a virtual address, and a value of specified size is loaded from memory. A second value is the contents of register rb. The values are partitioned into groups of operands of the size specified. The second values are multiplied with the first values, then summed, producing a group of result values. The group of result values is catenated and placed in register rd.

The memory-multiply instructions (W.MUL.MAT, W.MUL.MAT.C, W.MUL.MAT.M, W.MUL.MAT.P, W.MUL.MAT.U) perform a partitioned array multiply of up to 8192 bits, that is 64x128 bits. The width of the array can be limited to 64, 32, or 16 bits, but not smaller than twice the group size, by adding one-half the desired size in bytes to the virtual address operand: 4, 2, or 1. The array can be limited vertically to 128, 64, 32, or 16 bits, but not smaller than twice the group size, by adding one-half the desired memory operand size in bytes to the virtual address operand.

The virtual address must either be aligned to 1024/gsize bytes (or 512/gsize for W.MUL.MAT.C) (with gsize measured in bits), or must be the sum of an aligned address and one-half of the size of the memory operand in bytes and/or one-quarter of the size of the result in bytes. An aligned address must be an exact multiple of the size expressed in bytes. If the address is not valid an "access disallowed by virtual address" exception occurs.

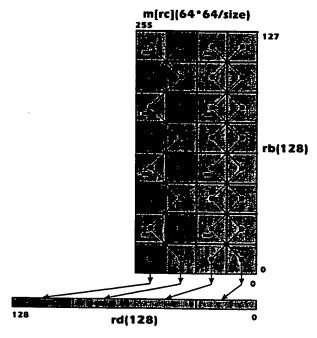
A wide-multiply-octlets instruction (W.MUL.MAT.type.64, type=NONE M U P) is not implemented and causes a reserved instruction exception, as an ensemble-multiply-sum-octlets instruction (E.MUL.SUM.type.64) performs the same operation except that the multiplier is sourced from a 128-bit register rather than memory. Similarly, instead of wide-multiply-complex-quadlets instruction (W.MUL.MAT.C.32), one should use an ensemble-multiply-complex-quadlets instruction (E.MUL.SUM.C.32).

A wide-multiply-doublets instruction (W.MUL.MAT, W.MUL.MAT.M, W.MUL.MAT.P, W.MUL.MAT.U) multiplies memory [m31 m30 ... m1 m0] with vector [h g f e d c b a], yielding products [hm31+gm27+...+bm7+am3 ... hm28+gm24+...+bm4+am0]:



Wide multiply matrix

A wide-multiply-matrix-complex-doublets instruction (W.MUL.MAT.C) multiplies memory [m15 m14 ... m1 m0] with vector [h g f e d c b a], yielding products [hm14+gm15+...+bm2+am3 ... hm12+gm13+...+bm0+am1 -hm13+gm12+...-bm1+am0]:



Wide multiply matrix complex

### Definition

```
def mul(size,h,vs,v,i,ws,w,j) as
      mul \leftarrow ((vs\&v_{size-1+i})^{h-size} \mid 1 \mid v_{size-1+i..i}) * ((ws\&w_{size-1+i})^{h-size} \mid 1 \mid w_{size-1+i..i})
enddef
def c \leftarrow PolyMultiply(size,a,b) as
      p[0] \leftarrow 0^{2*size}
      for k \leftarrow 0 to size-1
            p(k+1) \leftarrow p(k) ^ a_k ? (0^{size-k} | 1 | b | 1 | 0^k) : 0^{2*size}
      c \leftarrow p[size]
enddef
def MemoryMultiply(major,op,gsize,rd,rc,rb)
      d ← RegRead(rd, 128)
      c ← RegRead(rc, 64)
      b ← RegRead(rb, 128)
      lgsize \leftarrow log(gsize)
      if C_{Igsize-4...0} \neq 0 then
            raise AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress
      endif
      if c_{2...lqsize-3} \neq 0 then
            wsize \leftarrow (c and (0-c)) | | 0<sup>4</sup>
            t \leftarrow c and (c-1)
      else
            wsize ← 64
            t ← a
      endif
      lwsize ← log(wsize)
      if t_{\text{twsize+6-lgsize...twsize-3}} \neq 0 then
            msize \leftarrow (t and (0-t)) | | 0<sup>4</sup>
            VirtAddr \leftarrow t and (t-1)
      else
            msize ← 128*wsize/qsize
            VirtAddr \leftarrow t
      endif
      case major of
            W.MINOR.B:
                  order ← B
            W.MINOR.L:
                  order ← L
      endcase
      case op of
            W.MUL.MAT.U.8, W.MUL.MAT.U.16, W.MUL.MAT.U.32, W.MUL.MAT.U.64:
                  ms \leftarrow bs \leftarrow 0
            W.MUL.MAT.M.8, W.MUL.MAT.M.16, W.MUL.MAT.M.32, W.MUL.MAT.M.64:
                  ms \leftarrow 0
                  bs \leftarrow 1
            W.MUL.MAT.8, W.MUL.MAT.16, W.MUL.MAT.32, W.MUL.MAT.64,
            W.MUL.MAT.C.8, W.MUL.MAT.C.16, W.MUL.MAT.C.32, W.MUL.MAT.C.64:
                  ms \leftarrow bs \leftarrow 1
            W.MUL.MAT.P.8, W.MUL.MAT.P.16, W.MUL.MAT.P.32, W.MUL.MAT.P.64:
      endcase
```

```
m ← LoadMemory(c,VirtAddr,msize,order)
     h \leftarrow 2*qsize
     for i \leftarrow 0 to wsize-gsize by gsize
           q[0] \leftarrow 0^{2*gsize}
           for j \leftarrow 0 to vsize-gsize by gsize
                 case op of
                       W.MUL.MAT.P.8, W.MUL.MAT.P.16, W.MUL.MAT.P.32, W.MUL.MAT.P.64:
                             k \leftarrow i+wsize*j8..lgsize
                             q[j+gsize] \leftarrow q[j] ^ PolyMultiply(gsize,m_{k+gsize-1...k},b_{j+gsize-1...j})
                       W.MUL.MAT.C.8, W.MUL.MAT.C.16, W.MUL.MAT.C.32, W.MUL.MAT.C.64:
                             if (-i) & j & gsize = 0 then
                                   k \leftarrow i-(j\&gsize)+wsize*j8..lqsize+1
                                   q[j+gsize] \leftarrow q[j] + mul(gsize,h,ms,m,k,bs,b,j)
                             else
                                   k \leftarrow i+gsize+wsize*j8..lgsize+1
                                   q[j+gsize] \leftarrow q[j] - mul(gsize,h,ms,m,k,bs,b,j)
                             endif
                       W.MUL.MAT.8, W.MUL.MAT.16, W.MUL.MAT.32, W.MUL.MAT.64,
                       W.MUL.MAT.M.8, W.MUL.MAT.M.16, W.MUL.MAT.M.32, W.MUL.MAT.M.64,
                       W.MUL.MAT.U.8, W.MUL.MAT.U.16, W.MUL.MAT.U.32, W.MUL.MAT.U.64:
                             q[j+gsize] \leftarrow q[j] + mul(gsize,h,ms,m,i+wsize*j8..lqsize,bs,b,j)
           endfor
           a_{2*qsize-1+2*i...2*i} \leftarrow q[vsize]
     endfor
     a<sub>127..2*wsize</sub> ← 0
     RegWrite(rd, 128, a)
enddef
```

### **Exceptions**

Access disallowed by virtual address Access disallowed by tag Access disallowed by global TB Access disallowed by local TB Access detail required by tag Access detail required by local TB Access detail required by global TB Access detail required by global TB Local TB miss Global TB miss

# Wide Multiply Matrix Extract

These instructions take an address from a general register to fetch a large operand from memory, a second operand from a general register, perform a group of operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and catenate the results together, placing the result in a general register.

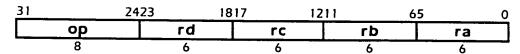
# Operation codes

| W.MUL.MAT.X.B | Wide multiply matrix extract big-endian    |
|---------------|--|
|               | Wide multiply matrix extract little-endian |

### **Format**

op ra=rc,rd,rb

ra=op(rc,rd,rb)



#### Description

The contents of register rc is used as a virtual address, and a value of specified size is loaded from memory. A second value is the contents of register rd. The group size and other parameters are specified from the contents of register rb. The values are partitioned into groups of operands of the size specified and are multiplied and summed, producing a group of values. The group of values is rounded, and limited as specified, yielding a group of results which is the size specified. The group of results is catenated and placed in register ra.

NOTE: The size of this operation is determined from the contents of register rb The multiplier usage is constant, but the memory operand size is inversely related to the group size. Presumably this can be checked for cache validity.

We also use low order bits of rc to designate a size, which must be consistent with the group size. Because the memory operand is cached, the size can also be cached, thus eliminating the time required to decode the size, whether from rb or from rc.

The wide-multiply-matrix-extract instructions (W.MUL.MAT.X.B, W.MUL.MAT.X.L) perform a partitioned array multiply of up to 16384 bits, that is 128x128 bits. The width of the array can be limited to 128, 64, 32, or 16 bits, but not smaller than twice the group size, by adding one-half the desired size in bytes to the virtual address operand: 8, 4, 2, or 1. The array can be limited vertically to 128, 64, 32, or 16 bits, but not smaller than twice the group size, by adding one-half the desired memory operand size in bytes to the virtual address operand.

Bits 31..0 of the contents of register rb specifies several parameters which control the manner in which data is extracted. The position and default values of the control fields allows for the source position to be added to a fixed control value for dynamic computation, and allows for the lower 16 bits of the control field to be set for some of the simpler extract cases by a single GCOPYI instruction.

| 31 | 2     | 423  | 161514131211109 8 |      | 0 |
|----|-------|------|-------------------|------|---|
| L  | fsize | dpos | x s nm i rnd      | qssp |   |
|    | 8     | 8    | 111117            | 9    |   |

The table below describes the meaning of each label:

| label | bits | meaning                                 |  |
|-------|------|---|--|
| fsize | 8    | field size                              |  |
| dpos  | 8    | destination position                    |  |
| х     | 1    | reserved                                |  |
| S     | 1    | signed vs. unsigned                     |  |
| n     | 1    | complex vs. real multiplication         |  |
| m     | 1    | mixed-sign vs. same-sign multiplication |  |
|       | 1    | saturation vs. truncation               |  |
| rnd   | 2    | rounding                                |  |
| gssp  | 9    | group size and source position          |  |

The 9-bit gssp field encodes both the group size, gsize, and source position, spos, according to the formula gssp = 512-4\*gsize+spos. The group size, gsize, is a power of two in the range 1..128. The source position, spos, is in the range 0..(2\*gsize)-1.

The values in the s, n, m, t, and rnd fields have the following meaning:

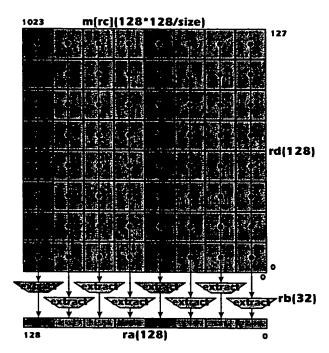
| values | S        | n       | m          | 1        | rnd |
|--------|----------|---------|------------|----------|-----|
| 0      | unsigned | real    | same-sign  | truncate | F   |
| 1      | signed   | complex | mixed-sign | saturate | Z   |
| 2      |          | ·       | •          |          | Ν   |
| 3      |          |         |            |          | C   |

The virtual address must be aligned, that is, it must be an exact multiple of the operand size expressed in bytes. If the address is not aligned an "access disallowed by virtual address" exception occurs.

Z (zero) rounding is not defined for unsigned extract operations, and a ReservedInstruction exception is raised if attempted. F (floor) rounding will properly round unsigned results downward.

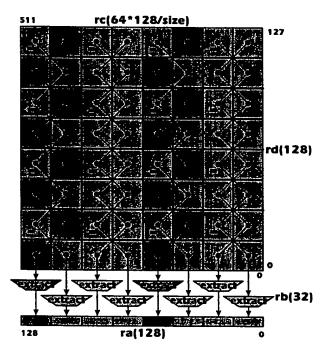
A wide-multiply-matrix-extract-doublets instruction (W.MUL.MAT.X.B or W.MUL.MAT.X.L) multiplies memory [m63 m62 m61 ... m2 m1 m0] with vector [h g f e d c b a], yielding the products [am7+bm15+cm23+dm31+em39+fm47+gm55+hm63 ... am2+bm10+cm18+dm26+em34+fm42+gm50+hm58

 $am1+bm9+cm17+dm25+em33+fm41+gm49+hm57\\am0+bm8+cm16+dm24+em32+fm40+gm48+hm56], rounded and limited as specified:$ 



Wide multiply extract matrix doublets

A wide-multiply-matrix-extract-complex-doublets instruction (W.MUL.MAT.X with n set in rb) multiplies memory [m31 m30 m29 ... m2 m1 m0] with vector [h g f e d c b a], yielding the products [am7+bm6+cm15+dm14+em23+fm22+gm31+hm30 ... am2-bm3+cm10-dm11+em18-fm19+gm26-hm27 am1+bm0+cm9+dm8+em17+fm16+gm25+hm24 am0-bm1+cm8-dm9+em16-f17+gm24-hm25], rounded and limited as specified:



Wide multiply extract matrix complex doublets

#### **Definition**

```
def mul(size,h,vs,v,i,ws,w,j) as
      mul \leftarrow ((vs\&v_{size-1+i})^{h-size} \mid 1 \quad v_{size-1+i..i}) * ((ws\&w_{size-1+j})^{h-size} \mid 1 \quad w_{size-1+j..j})
enddef
def WideMultiplyExtractMatrix(op,ra,rb,rc,rd)
      d \leftarrow RegRead(rd, 128)
      c \leftarrow RegRead(rc, 64)
      b ← RegRead(rb, 128)
      case b<sub>8.0</sub> of
            0..255:
                   sgsize ← 128
             256..383:
                   sgsize ← 64
             384..447:
                   sgsize ← 32
             448..479:
                   sgsize ← 16
             480..495:
                   sqsize ← 8
             496..503:
                   sgsize ← 4
```

```
504..507:
              sgsize \leftarrow 2
        508..511:
              sgsize ← 1
 endcase
 I ← b11
 m \leftarrow b_{12}
 n ← b<sub>13</sub>
 signed ← b<sub>14</sub>
 if c_{3..0} \neq 0 then
        wsize \leftarrow (c and (0-c)) 11 0<sup>4</sup>
        t \leftarrow c and (c-1)
else
        wsize ← 128
        t \leftarrow c
 endif
 if sgsize < 8 then
        gsize ← 8
 elseif sgsize > wsize/2 then
        gsize \leftarrow wsize/2
        gsize ← sqsize
 endif
 lgsize \leftarrow log(gsize)
 Iwsize \leftarrow \log(wsize)
 if t_{\text{twsize+6-n-lgsize...twsize-3}} \neq 0 then
        msize \leftarrow (t and (0-t)) 11.04
        VirtAddr \leftarrow t and (t-1)
 else
        msize \leftarrow 64*(2-n)*wsize/gsize
        VirtAddr \leftarrow t
 endif
 vsize \leftarrow (1+n)*msize*gsize/wsize
 mm ← LoadMemory(c,VirtAddr,msize,order)
 h \leftarrow (2*gsize) + 7 - Igsize
 Imsize \leftarrow \log(\text{msize})
 if VirtAddr_{Imsize-4..0} \neq 0 then
        raise AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress
 endif
  case op of
        W.MUL.MAT.X.B:
               order ← B
        W.MUL.MAT.X.L:
               order \leftarrow L
 endcase
 ms \leftarrow signed
 ds \leftarrow signed ^ m
 as ← signed or m
 spos \leftarrow (b<sub>8..0</sub>) and (2*gsize-1)
  dpos \leftarrow (0 | 1 | b<sub>23..16</sub>) and (gsize-1)
 r \leftarrow spos
  sfsize \leftarrow (0 | 1 | b<sub>31,24</sub>) and (gsize-1)
```

```
tfsize \leftarrow (sfsize = 0) or ((sfsize+dpos) > gsize) ? gsize-dpos : sfsize
       fsize \leftarrow (tfsize + spos > h) ? h - spos : tfsize
       if (b_{10..9} = Z) & -signed then
              rnd \leftarrow F
       else
             rnd ← b<sub>10..9</sub>
       endif
       for i \leftarrow 0 to wsize-gsize by gsize
             q[0] \leftarrow 0^{2*gsize+7-lgsize}
              for j \leftarrow 0 to vsize-gsize by gsize
                    if n then
                           if (-i) & j & gsize = 0 then
                                  k \leftarrow i-(j\&gsize)+wsize*j8..lgsize+1
                                  q[j+gsize] \leftarrow q[j] + mul(gsize,h,ms,mm,k,ds,d,j)
                           else
                                  k \leftarrow i+gsize+wsize*j8..lgsize+1
                                  q[j+gsize] \leftarrow q[j] - mul(gsize,h,ms,mm,k,ds,d,j)
                           endif
                    else
                            q[j+gsize] \leftarrow q[j] + mul(gsize,h,ms,mm,i+j*wsize/gsize,ds,d,j)
                     endif
              endfor
              p \leftarrow q[128]
              case rnd of
                    none, N:
                           s \leftarrow 0^{h-r} \mid 1 \sim p_r \mid 1 \mid p_r^{r-1}
                    Z:
                           s \leftarrow 0^{h-r} \mid \mid p_{h-1}
                    F:
                           s \leftarrow 0^h
                    C:
                           s ← 0h-r | | 1r
              endcase
              v \leftarrow ((ds \& p_{h-1})||p|) + (0||s|)
              if (v_{h,r+fsize} = (as \& v_{r+fsize-1})^{h+1-r-fsize}) or not I then
                    w \leftarrow (as \& v_{r+fsize-1})^{gsize-fsize-dpos} | | v_{fsize-1+r..r} | | 0^{dpos}
              else
                    w \leftarrow (s ? (v_h | 1) \sim v_h^{gsize-dpos-1}) : 1gsize-dpos_1 | 1 Odpos
              endif
              a_{\text{size-1+i..i}} \leftarrow w
       endfor
       a<sub>127..wsize</sub> ← 0
       RegWrite(ra, 128, a)
enddef
Exceptions
Access disallowed by virtual address
Access disallowed by tag
Access disallowed by global TB
Access disallowed by local TB
Access detail required by tag
Access detail required by local TB
```

Tue, Aug 17, 1999

Instruction Set Wide Multiply Matrix Extract

Access detail required by global TB Local TB miss Global TB miss

# Wide Multiply Matrix Extract Immediate

These instructions take an address from a general register to fetch a large operand from memory, a second operand from a general register, perform a group of operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and catenate the results together, placing the result in a general register.

#### Operation codes

| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.8.C.B   | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed bytes big-endian ceiling       |
|-----------------------|--|
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.8.C.L   | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed bytes little-endian ceiling    |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.8.F.B   | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed bytes big-endian floor         |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.8.F.L   | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed bytes little-endian floor      |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.8.N.B   | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed bytes big-endian nearest       |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.8.N.L   | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed bytes little-endian nearest    |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.8.Z.B   | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed bytes big-endian zero          |
| W.MULMAT.X.I.8.Z.L    | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed bytes little-endian zero       |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.16.C.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed doublets big-endian ceiling    |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.16.C.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed doublets little-endian ceiling |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.16.F.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed doublets big-endian floor      |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.16.F.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed doublets little-endian floor   |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.16.N.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed doublets big-endian nearest    |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.16.N.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed doublets little-endian nearest |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.16.Z.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed doublets big-endian zero       |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.16.Z.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed doublets little-endian zero    |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.32.C.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed quadlets big-endian ceiling    |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.32.C.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian ceiling |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.32.F.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed quadlets big-endian floor      |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.32.F.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian floor   |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.32.N.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed quadlets big-endian nearest    |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.32.N.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian nearest |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.32.Z.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed quadlets big-endian zero       |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.32.Z.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed quadlets little-endian zero    |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.64.C.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed octlets big-endian ceiling     |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.64.C.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed octlets little-endian ceiling  |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.64.F.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed octdets big-endian floor       |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.64.F.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed octlets little-endian floor    |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.64.N.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed octlets big-endian nearest     |
| W.MULMAT.X.I.64.N.L   | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed octlets little-endian nearest  |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.64.Z.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed octlets big-endian zero        |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.64.Z.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate signed octlets little-endian zero     |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.8.C.B | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex bytes big-endian ceiling      |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.8.C.L | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex bytes little-endian ceiling   |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.8.F.B | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex bytes big-endian floor        |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.8.F.L | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex bytes little-endian floor     |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.8.N.B | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex bytes big-endian nearest      |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.8.N.L | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex bytes little-endian nearest   |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.8.Z.B | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex bytes big-endian zero         |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.8.Z.L | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex bytes little-endian zero      |
|                       |  |

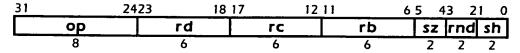
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.16.C.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex doublets big-endian ceiling         |
|-------------------------|--|
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.16.C.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex doublets little-endian ceiling      |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C. 16.F.B | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex doublets big-endian floor           |
| W.MULMAT.X.I.C.16.F.L   | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex doublets little-endian floor        |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.16.N.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex doublets big-endian nearest         |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.16.N.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex doublets little-endian nearest      |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.16.Z.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex doublets big-endian zero            |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.16.Z.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex doublets little-endian zero         |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.32.C.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex quadlets big-endian ceiling         |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.32.C.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex quadlets little-endian ceiling      |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.32.F.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex quadlets big-endian floor           |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.32.F.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex quadlets little-endian floor        |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.32.N.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex quadlets big-endian nearest         |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.32.N.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex quadlets little-endian nearest      |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.32.Z.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex quadlets big-endian zero            |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.32.Z.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex quadlets little-endian zero         |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.64.C.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex octlets big-endian ceiling          |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.64.C.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex octiets little-endian ceiling       |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.64.F.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex octdets big-endian floor            |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.64.F.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex octaes little-endian floor          |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.64.N.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex octiets big-endian nearest          |
|                         | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex octdes little-endian nearest        |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.64.N.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex octiets hig-endian zero             |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.64.Z.B  |  |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.64.Z.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex octlets little-endian zero          |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.8.C.B   | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian ceiling       |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.8.C.L   | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed bytes little-endian ceiling    |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.8.F.B   | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian floor         |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.8.F.L   | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed bytes little-endian floor      |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.8.N.B   | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian nearest       |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.8.N.L   | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed bytes little-endian nearest    |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.8.Z.B   | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed bytes big-endian zero          |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.8.Z.L   | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed bytes little-endian zero       |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.16.C.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian ceiling    |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M. 16.C.L | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed doublets little-endian ceiling |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.16.F.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian floor      |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.16.F.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed doublets little-endian floor   |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.16.N.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian nearest    |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.16.N.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed doublets little-endian nearest |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.16.Z.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed doublets big-endian zero       |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.16.Z.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed doublets little-endian zero    |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.32.C.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian ceiling    |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.32.C.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets little-endian ceiling |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.32.F.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian floor      |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.32.F.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets little-endian floor   |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.32.N.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian nearest    |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.32.N.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets little-endian nearest |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.32.Z.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets big-endian zero       |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.32.Z.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed quadlets little-endian zero    |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.64.C.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian ceiling     |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.64.C.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed octlets little-endian ceiling  |
|                         | <u> </u>   |

| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.64.F.B | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian floor      |
|------------------------|---|
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.64.F.L | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed octlets little-endian floor   |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.64.N.B | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian nearest    |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.64.N.L | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed octlets little-endian nearest |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.64.Z.B | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed octlets big-endian zero       |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.64.Z.L | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate mixed-signed octlets little-endian zero    |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.8.C.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate unsigned bytes big-endian ceiling          |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.8.C.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate unsigned bytes little-endian ceiling       |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.8.F.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate unsigned bytes big-endian floor            |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.8.F.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate unsigned bytes little-endian floor         |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.8.N.B  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate unsigned bytes big-endian nearest          |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.8.N.L  | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate unsigned bytes little-endian nearest       |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.16.C.B | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate unsigned doublets big-endian ceiling       |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.16.C.L | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate unsigned doublets little-endian ceiling    |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.16.F.B | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate unsigned doublets big-endian floor         |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.16.F.L | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate unsigned doublets little-endian floor      |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.16.N.B | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate unsigned doublets big-endian nearest       |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.16.N.L | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate unsigned doublets little-endian nearest    |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.32.C.B | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate unsigned quadlets big-endian ceiling       |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.32.C.L | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate unsigned quadlets little-endian ceiling    |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.32.F.B | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate unsigned quadlets big-endian floor         |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.32.F.L | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate unsigned quadlets little-endian floor      |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.32.N.B | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate unsigned quadlets big-endian nearest       |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.32.N.L | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate unsigned quadlets little-endian nearest    |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.64.C.B | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate unsigned octlets big-endian ceiling        |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.64.C.L | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate unsigned octlets little-endian ceiling     |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.64.F.B | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate unsigned octlets big-endian floor          |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.64.F.L | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate unsigned octlets little-endian floor       |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.64.N.B | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate unsigned octlets big-endian nearest        |
| W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.64.N.L | Wide multiply matrix extract immediate unsigned octlets little-endian nearest     |
|                        |   |

## **Format**

W.op.size.rndrd=rc,rb,i

rd=wopsizernd(rc,rb,i)



```
sz \leftarrow log(size) - 3
case op of
W.MUL.MAT.X.I, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C:
assert size + 6 - log(size) \geq i \geq size + 6 - log(size) - 3
sh \leftarrow size + 6 - log(size) - i
W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U:
assert size + 7 - log(size) \geq i \geq size + 7 - log(size) - 3
sh \leftarrow size + 7 - log(size) - i
endcase
```

#### **Description**

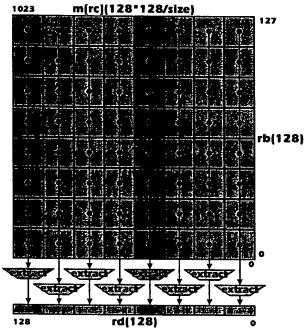
The contents of register rc is used as a virtual address, and a value of specified size is loaded from memory. A second value is the contents of register rb. The values are partitioned into groups of operands of the size specified and are multiplied and summed, or are convolved, producing a group of sums. The group of sums is rounded, and limited as specified, yielding a group of results, each of which is the size specified. The group of results is catenated and placed in register rd.

The wide-multiply-extract-immediate-matrix instructions (W.MUL.MAT.X.I, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C) perform a partitioned array multiply of up to 16384 bits, that is 128x128 bits. The width of the array can be limited to 128, 64, 32, or 16 bits, but not smaller than twice the group size, by adding one-half the desired size in bytes to the virtual address operand: 8, 4, 2, or 1. The array can be limited vertically to 128, 64, 32, or 16 bits, but not smaller than twice the group size, by adding one-half the desired memory operand size in bytes to the virtual address operand.

The virtual address must either be aligned to 2048/gsize bytes (or 1024/gsize for W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C), or must be the sum of an aligned address and one-half of the size of the memory operand in bytes and/or one-half of the size of the result in bytes. An aligned address must be an exact multiple of the size expressed in bytes. If the address is not valid an "access disallowed by virtual address" exception occurs.

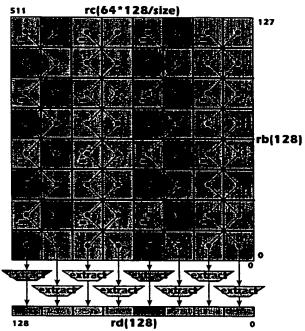
Z (zero) rounding is not defined for unsigned extract operations, and a ReservedInstruction exception is raised if attempted. F (floor) rounding will properly round unsigned results downward.

A wide-multiply-extract-immediate-matrix-doublets instruction (W.MUL.MAT.X.I.16 or W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.16) multiplies memory [m63 m62 m61 ... m2 m1 m0] with vector [h g f e d c b a], yielding the products [am7+bm15+cm23+dm31+em39+fm47+gm55+hm63 ... am2+bm10+cm18+dm26+em34+fm42+gm50+hm58 am1+bm9+cm17+dm25+em33+fm41+gm49+hm57 am0+bm8+cm16+dm24+em32+fm40+gm48+hm56], rounded and limited as specified:



Wide multiply matrix extract immediate doublets

A wide-multiply-matrix-extract-immediate-complex-doublets instruction (W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.16) multiplies memory [m31 m30 m29 ... m2 m1 m0] with vector [h g f e d c b a], yielding the products [am7+bm6+cm15+dm14+em23+fm22+gm31+hm30 ... am2-bm3+cm10-dm11+em18-fm19+gm26-hm27 am1+bm0+cm9+dm8+em17+fm16+gm25+hm24 am0-bm1+cm8-dm9+em16-f17+gm24-hm25], rounded and limited as specified:



Wide multiply matrix extract immediate complex doublets

#### **Definition**

```
def mul(size,h,vs,v,i,ws,w,j) as
     mul \leftarrow ((vs\&v_{size-1+i})^{h-size} \mid | v_{size-1+i..i}) * ((ws\&w_{size-1+j})^{h-size} \mid | w_{size-1+i..i})
enddef
def WideMultiplyExtractImmediateMatrix(op,rnd,gsize,rd,rc,rb,sh)
      c \leftarrow RegRead(rc, 64)
      b ← RegRead(rb, 128)
      lgsize \leftarrow log(gsize)
      case op of
            W.MUL.MAT.X.I.B, WMUL.MAT.X.I.L, WMUL.MAT.X.I.U.B, WMUL.MAT.X.I.U.L,
            WMUL.MAT.X.I.M.B, WMUL.MAT.X.I.M.L:
                  if C_{lasize-4...0} \neq 0 then
                         raise AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress
                  endif
                  if c_{3...lgsize-3} \neq 0 then
                         wsize \leftarrow (c and (0-c)) 11 0<sup>4</sup>
                         t \leftarrow c \text{ and } (c-1)
                  else
                         wsize ← 128
                         t ← c
```

```
endif
             lwsize ← log(wsize)
            if t_{lwsize+6-lgsize..lwsize-3} \neq 0 then
                   msize \leftarrow (t and (0-t)) | 1 | 0<sup>4</sup>
                   VirtAddr \leftarrow t and (t-1)
             else
                   msize ← 128*wsize/gsize
                   VirtAddr \leftarrow t
             endif
            vsize ← msize*qsize/wsize
      W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.B, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.L:
             if c_{lqsize-4..0} \neq 0 then
                   raise AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress
             endif
            if c_{3..lgsize-3} \neq 0 then
                   wsize \leftarrow (c and (0-c)) 11 0^4
                   t \leftarrow c and (c-1)
            else
                  wsize ← 128
                   t \leftarrow c
            endif
            lwsize ← log(wsize)
            if t_{lwsize+5-lgsize..lwsize-3} \neq 0 then
                   msize \leftarrow (t and (0-t)) | 1 | 0<sup>4</sup>
                   VirtAddr \leftarrow t and (t-1)
            eise
                   msize ← 64*wsize/gsize
                   VirtAddr \leftarrow t
            endif
            vsize ← 2*msize*gsize/wsize
endcase
case op of
      W.MUL.MAT.X.I.B, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.B, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.B, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.B:
            order ← B
      W.MUL.MAT.X.I.L, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.L, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.L, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.L:
            order ← L
endcase
case op of
      W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.B, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.L:
            as \leftarrow ms \leftarrow bs \leftarrow 0
      W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.B, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.L,:
            bs \leftarrow 0
            as \leftarrow ms \leftarrow 1
      W.MUL.MAT.X.I.B, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.L, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.B, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.L:
            as \leftarrow ms \leftarrow bs \leftarrow 1
endcase
m \leftarrow LoadMemory(c,VirtAddr,msize,order)
h \leftarrow (2*gsize) + 7 - lgsize - (ms and bs)
r \leftarrow h - size - sh
for i \leftarrow 0 to wsize-gsize by gsize
      q[0] \leftarrow 0^{2*gsize+7-lgsize}
      for j \leftarrow 0 to vsize-gsize by gsize
            case op of
```

Access detail required by global TB

Local TB miss Global TB miss

```
Wide Multiply Matrix Extract Immediate
```

```
W.MUL.MAT.X.I.B, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.L,
                         W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.B, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.U.L,
                         W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.B, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.M.L:
                                q[j+gsize] \leftarrow q[j] + mul(gsize,h,ms,m,i+wsize*j8_lasize,bs,b,j)
                         W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.B, W.MUL.MAT.X.I.C.L:
                                if (-i) & j & gsize = 0 then
                                      k \leftarrow i-(j&gsize)+wsize*j8..lgsize+1
                                      q[j+gsize] \leftarrow q[j] + mul(gsize,h,ms,m,k,bs,b,j)
                                else
                                      k \leftarrow i+gsize+wsize*j8..lqsize+1
                                      q[j+gsize] \leftarrow q[j] - mul(gsize,h,ms,m,k,bs,b,j)
                                endif
                   endcase
            endfor
            p \leftarrow q[vsize]
            case rnd of
                   none, N:
                         s \leftarrow 0^{h-r} \mid i \sim p_r \mid i \mid p_r^{r-1}
                   Z:
                         s ← 0h-r 11 ph.1
                   F:
                         s \leftarrow 0^h
                   C:
                         s \leftarrow 0^{h-r} \mid 1 \mid 1^r
            endcase
            v \leftarrow ((as \& p_{h-1})||p|) + (0||s|)
            if (v_{h..r+gsize} = (as \& v_{r+gsize-1})^{h+1-r-gsize} then
                   agsize-1+i..i ← Vgsize-1+r..r
            else
                   a_{gsize-1+i..i} \leftarrow as ? (v_h 11 - v_h^{gsize-1}) : 1gsize
             endif
      endfor
      a_{127..wsize} \leftarrow 0
      RegWrite(rd, 128, a)
enddef
Exceptions
Access disallowed by virtual address
Access disallowed by tag
Access disallowed by global TB
Access disallowed by local TB
Access detail required by tag
Access detail required by local TB
```

## Wide Multiply Matrix Floating-point

These instructions take an address from a general register to fetch a large operand from memory, a second operand from a general register, perform a group of operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and catenate the results together, placing the result in a general register.

#### Operation codes

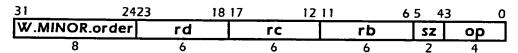
| W.MUL.MAT.C.F.16.B | Wide multiply matrix complex floating-point half big-endian      |
|--------------------|--|
| W.MUL.MAT.C.F.16.L | Wide multiply matrix complex floating-point half little-endian   |
| W.MUL.MAT.C.F.32.B | Wide multiply matrix complex floating-point single big-endian    |
| W.MUL.MAT.C.F.32.L | Wide multiply matrix complex floating-point single little-endian |
| W.MUL.MAT.C.F.64.B | Wide multiply matrix complex floating-point double big-endian    |
| W.MUL.MAT.C.F.64.L | Wide multiply matrix complex floating-point double little-endian |
| W.MUL.MAT.F.16.B   | Wide multiply matrix floating-point half big-endian              |
| W.MUL.MAT.F.16.L   | Wide multiply matrix floating-point half little-endian           |
| W.MUL.MAT.F.32.B   | Wide multiply matrix floating-point single big-endian            |
| W.MUL.MAT.F.32.L   | Wide multiply matrix floating-point single little-endian         |
| W.MUL.MAT.F.64.B   | Wide multiply matrix floating-point double big-endian            |
| W.MUL.MAT.F.64.L   | Wide multiply matrix floating-point double little-endian         |
|                    |  |

#### **Format**

M.op.size.order

rd=rc,rb

rd=mopsizeorder(rc,rb)



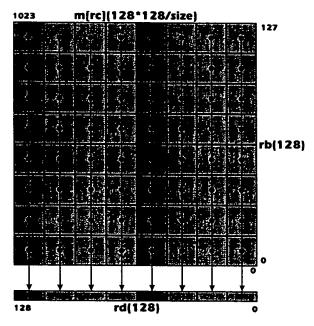
#### Description

The contents of register rc is used as a virtual address, and a value of specified size is loaded from memory. A second value is the contents of register rb. The values are partitioned into groups of operands of the size specified. The second values are multiplied with the first values, then summed, producing a group of result values. The group of result values is catenated and placed in register rd.

The wide-multiply-matrix-floating-point instructions (W.MUL.MAT.F, W.MUL.MAT.C.F) perform a partitioned array multiply of up to 16384 bits, that is 128x128 bits. The width of the array can be limited to 128, 64, 32 bits, but not smaller than twice the group size, by adding one-half the desired size in bytes to the virtual address operand: 8, 4, or 2. The array can be limited vertically to 128, 64, 32, or 16 bits, but not smaller than twice the group size, by adding one-half the desired memory operand size in bytes to the virtual address operand.

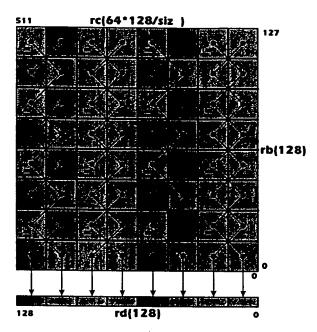
The virtual address must either be aligned to 2048/gsize bytes (or 1024/gsize for W.MUL.MAT.C.F), or must be the sum of an aligned address and one-half of the size of the memory operand in bytes and/or one-half of the size of the result in bytes. An aligned address must be an exact multiple of the size expressed in bytes. If the address is not valid an "access disallowed by virtual address" exception occurs.

A wide-multiply-matrix-floating-point-half instruction (W.MUL.MAT.F) multiplies memory [m31 m30 ... m1 m0] with vector [h g f e d c b a], yielding products [hm31+gm27+...+bm7+am3 ... hm28+gm24+...+bm4+am0]:



Wide multiply matrix floating-point half

A wide-multiply-matrix-complex-floating-point-half instruction (W.MUL.MAT.F) multiplies memory [m15 m14 ... m1 m0] with vector [h g f e d c b a], yielding products [hm14+gm15+...+bm2+am3 ... hm12+gm13+...+bm0+am1 -hm13+gm12+...-bm1+am0]:



Wide multiply matrix complex floating-point half

#### **Definition**

```
def mul(size,v,i,w,j) as
     mul \leftarrow fmul(F(size, v_{size-1+i..i}), F(size, w_{size-1+j..j}))
def MemoryFloatingPointMultiply(major,op,gsize,rd,rc,rb)
      c ← RegRead(rc, 64)
      b ← RegRead(rb, 128)
      lgsize ← log(gsize)
      switch op of
            W.MUL.MAT.F.16, W.MUL.MAT.F.32, W.MUL.MAT.F.64:
                  if c_{lasize-4..0} \neq 0 then
                        raise AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress
                  endif
                  if c_{3...lgsize-3} \neq 0 then
                        wsize \leftarrow (c and (0-c)) 11 0^4
                      \cdot t \leftarrow c and (c-1)
                  else
                        wsize ← 128
                        t ← c
                  endif
                  Wsize ← log(wsize)
                  if t_{\text{twsize+6-lgsize...wsize-3}} \neq 0 then
                        msize \leftarrow (t and (0-t)) 11 0<sup>4</sup>
                        VirtAddr \leftarrow t and (t-1)
                  else
                        msize ← 128*wsize/qsize
                        VirtAddr \leftarrow t
                  endif
```

```
vsize ← msize*qsize/wsize
           W.MUL.MAT.C.F.16, W.MUL.MAT.C.F.32, W.MUL.MAT.C.F.64:
                 if c_{Igsize-4..0} \neq 0 then
                       raise AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress
                 endif
                 if c_{3..lqsize-3} \neq 0 then
                       wsize \leftarrow (c and (0-c)) | | 0<sup>4</sup>
                        t \leftarrow c and (c-1)
                 else
                       wsize ← 128
                        t \leftarrow c
                 endif
                 lwsize ← log(wsize)
                 if t_{lwsize+5-lgsize..lwsize-3} \neq 0 then
                        msize \leftarrow (t and (0-t)) | | 0<sup>4</sup>
                        VirtAddr \leftarrow t and (t-1)
                 eise
                        msize ← 64*wsize/gsize
                        VirtAddr \leftarrow t
                  endif
                  vsize ← 2*msize*gsize/wsize
     endcase
     case major of
           M.MINOR.B:
                  order ← B
            M.MINOR.L:
                  order ← L
     endcase
     m ← LoadMemory(c,VirtAddr,msize,order)
     for i \leftarrow 0 to wsize-gsize by gsize
            q[0].t \leftarrow NULL
            for j \leftarrow 0 to vsize-gsize by gsize
                  case op of
                        W.MUL.MAT.F.16, W.MUL.MAT.F.32, W.MUL.MAT.F.64:
                              q[j+gsize] \leftarrow fadd(q[j], mul(gsize,m,i+wsize*j8..lqsize,b,j))
                        W.MUL.MAT.C.F.16, W.MUL.MAT.C.F.32, M.MUL.MAT.C.F.64:
                              if (-i) & j & gsize = 0 then
                                     k \leftarrow i-(j\&gsize)+wsize*j8..lgsize+1
                                     q[j+gsize] \leftarrow fadd(q[j], mul(gsize,m,k,b,j))
                              else
                                     k \leftarrow i+gsize+wsize*j8..lgsize+1
                                     q(j+gsize) \leftarrow fsub(q(j), mul(gsize,m,k,b,j))
                               endif
                  endcase
            endfor
            a_{gsize-1+i..i} \leftarrow q[vsize]
      endfor
      a_{127..wsize} \leftarrow 0
      RegWrite(rd, 128, a)
enddef
```

## **Exceptions**

Floating-point arithmetic
Access disallowed by virtual address
Access disallowed by tag
Access disallowed by global TB
Access disallowed by local TB
Access detail required by tag
Access detail required by local TB
Access detail required by global TB
Local TB miss
Global TB miss

# Wide Multiply Matrix Galois

These instructions take an address from a general register to fetch a large operand from memory, second and third operands from general registers, perform a group of operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and catenate the results together, placing the result in a general register.

#### Operation codes

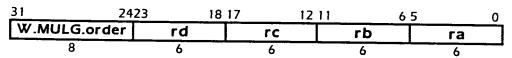
|               | Wide multiply matrix Galois big-endian    |
|---------------|---|
| W.MUL.MAT.G.L | Wide multiply matrix Galois little-endian |

#### **Format**

W.MUL.MAT.G.order

ra=rc,rd,rb

ra=mgmorder(rc,rd,rb)



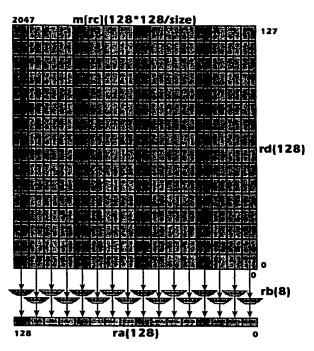
#### Description

The contents of register rc is used as a virtual address, and a value of specified size is loaded from memory. Second and third values are the contents of registers rd and rb. The values are partitioned into groups of operands of the size specified. The second values are multiplied as polynomials with the first value, producing a result which is reduced to the Galois field specified by the third value, producing a group of result values. The group of result values is catenated and placed in register ra.

The wide-multiply-matrix-Galois instruction (W.MUL.MAT.G) performs a partitioned array multiply of up to 16384 bits, that is 128x128 bits. The width of the array can be limited to 128, 64, 32, or 16 bits, but not smaller than twice the group size of 8 bits, by adding one-half the desired size in bytes to the virtual address operand: 8, 4, 2, or 1. The array can be limited vertically to 128, 64, 32, or 16 bits, but not smaller than twice the group size of 8 bits, by adding one-half the desired memory operand size in bytes to the virtual address operand.

The virtual address must either be aligned to 256 bytes, or must be the sum of an aligned address and one-half of the size of the memory operand in bytes and/or one-half of the size of the result in bytes. An aligned address must be an exact multiple of the size expressed in bytes. If the address is not valid an "access disallowed by virtual address" exception occurs.

A wide-multiply-matrix-Galois instruction (W.MUL.MAT.G) multiplies memory [m255 m254 ... m1 m0] with vector [p o n m l k j i h g f e d c b a], reducing the result modulo polynomial [q], yielding products [(pm255+om247+...+bm31+am15 mod q) (pm254+om246+...+bm30+am14 mod q) ... (pm248+om240+...+bm16+am0 mod q)]:



Wide multiply matrix Galois

#### **Definition**

```
def c ← PolyMultiply(size,a,b) as
       p[0] \leftarrow 0^{2*size}
       for k \leftarrow 0 to size-1
             p[k+1] \leftarrow p[k] ^ a_k ? (0^{size-k} | 1| b | 1| 0^k) : 0^{2*size}
       endfor
       c \leftarrow p[size]
enddef
def c ← PolyResidue(size,a,b) as
       p[0] \leftarrow a
       for k \leftarrow \text{size-1} to 0 by -1
             p[k+1] \leftarrow p[k] \ ^{\circ} \ p[0]_{size+k} \ ^{\circ} \ (0^{size-k} \ || \ 1^1 \ || \ b \ || \ 0^k) : 0^{2^*size}
       endfor
       c \leftarrow p[size]_{size-1..0}
enddef
def WideMultiplyGalois(op,rd,rc,rb,ra)
       d ← RegRead(rd, 128)
       c \leftarrow RegRead(rc, 64)
       b ← RegRead(rb, 128)
       gsize ← 8
```

```
lgsize \leftarrow log(gsize)
      if C_{Iqsize-4..0} \neq 0 then
             raise AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress
      endif
      if c_{3..lqsize-3} \neq 0 then
            wsize \leftarrow (c and (0-c)) 11 0^4
             t \leftarrow c and (c-1)
      else
             wsize ← 128
             t \leftarrow c
      endif
      Iwsize \leftarrow \log(wsize)
      if t_{\text{twsize+6-lgsize...lwsize-3}} \neq 0 then
             msize \leftarrow (t and (0-t)) | 1 | 0<sup>4</sup>
             VirtAddr \leftarrow t and (t-1)
      else
             msize ← 128*wsize/gsize
             VirtAddr \leftarrow t
      endif
      case op of
             W.MUL.MAT.G.B:
                   order \leftarrow B
             W.MUL.MAT.G.L:
                   order ← L
      endcase
      m ← LoadMemory(c,VirtAddr,msize,order)
      for i \leftarrow 0 to wsize-gsize by gsize
             q[0] \leftarrow 0^{2*gsize}
             for j \leftarrow 0 to vsize-gsize by gsize
                   k ← i+wsize*j8..lqsize
                   q[j+gsize] \leftarrow q[j] \ ^{polyMultiply(gsize,m_{k+gsize-1..k},d_{j+gsize-1..j})}
             endfor
             a_{gsize-1+i..i} \leftarrow PolyResidue(gsize,q[vsize],b_{gsize-1..0})
      endfor
      a_{127..\text{wsize}} \leftarrow 0
      RegWrite(ra, 128, a)
enddef
Exceptions
Access disallowed by virtual address
Access disallowed by tag
Access disallowed by global TB
Access disallowed by local TB
Access detail required by tag
Access detail required by local TB
Access detail required by global TB
Local TB miss
Global TB miss
```

# Wide Switch

These instructions take an address from a general register to fetch a large operand from memory, a second operand from a general register, perform a group of operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and catenate the results together, placing the result in a general register.

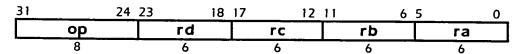
#### Operation codes

| W.SWITCH.B | Wide switch big-endian    |
|------------|---------------------------|
| W.SWITCH.L | Wide switch little-endian |

#### **Format**

op ra=rc,rd,rb

ra=op(rc,rd,rb)



#### Description

The contents of register rc is specifies as a virtual address and optionally an operand size, and a value of specified size is loaded from memory. A second value is the catenated contents of registers rd and rb. Eight corresponding bits from the memory value are used to select a single result bit from the second value, for each corresponding bit position. The group of results is catenated and placed in register ra.

The virtual address must either be aligned to 128 bytes, or must be the sum of an aligned address and one-half of the size of the memory operand in bytes. An aligned address must be an exact multiple of the size expressed in bytes. The size of the memory operand must be 8, 16, 32, 64, or 128 bytes. If the address is not valid an "access disallowed by virtual address" exception occurs. When a size smaller than 128 bits is specified, the high order bits of the memory operand are replaced with values corresponding to the bit position, so that the same memory operand specifies a bit selection within symbols of the operand size, and the same operation is performed on each symbol.

#### **Definition**

```
def WideSwitch(op,rd,rc,rb,ra)
d ← RegRead(rd, 128)
c ← RegRead(rc, 64)
b ← RegRead(rb, 128)
if c<sub>1..0</sub> ≠ 0 then
raise AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress
elseif c<sub>6..0</sub> ≠ 0 then
VirtAddr ← c and {c-1}
```

```
w \leftarrow wsize \leftarrow (c \text{ and } (0-c)) \mid 1 \mid 0^{1}
        else
                VirtAddr \leftarrow c
                w \leftarrow wsize \leftarrow 128
        endif
        msize ← 8*wsize
        lwsize ← log(wsize)
        case op of
                W.SWITCH.B:
                         order ← B
                W.SWITCH.L:
                         order ← L
        endcase
        m \leftarrow LoadMemory(c,VirtAddr,msize,order)
        db \leftarrow d \parallel b
        for i \leftarrow 0 to 127
               j \leftarrow 0 \mid l \mid i_{\text{lwsize-1..0}}
                k \leftarrow m_7 \cdot_{W+j} \lceil \lceil m_6 \cdot_{W+j} \rceil \lceil m_5 \cdot_{W+j} \rceil \lceil m_4 \cdot_{W+j} \rceil \lceil m_3 \cdot_{W+j} \rceil \lceil m_2 \cdot_{W+j} \rceil \lceil m_{W+j} \rceil \lceil m_j \rceil
                I ← i7..lwsize | | jlwsize-1..0
                a_i \leftarrow db_i
        endfor
        RegWrite(ra, 128, a)
enddef
```

#### **Exceptions**

Access disallowed by virtual address Access disallowed by tag Access disallowed by global TB Access disallowed by local TB Access detail required by tag Access detail required by local TB Access detail required by global TB Local TB miss Global TB miss

## Wide Translate

These instructions take an address from a general register to fetch a large operand from memory, a second operand from a general register, perform a group of operations on partitions of bits in the operands, and catenate the results together, placing the result in a general register.

#### Operation codes

| W.TRANSLATE.8.B  | Wide translate bytes big-endian       |
|------------------|---------------------------------------|
| W.TRANSLATE.16.B | Wide translate doublets big-endian    |
| W.TRANSLATE.32.B | Wide translate quadlets big-endian    |
| W.TRANSLATE.64.B | Wide translate octlets big-endian     |
| W.TRANSLATE.8.L  | Wide translate bytes little-endian    |
| W.TRANSLATE.16.L | Wide translate doublets little-endian |
| W.TRANSLATE.32.L | Wide translate quadlets little-endian |
| W.TRANSLATE.64.L | Wide translate octlets little-endian  |

#### **Format**

W.TRANSLATE.size.order

rd=rc,rb

rd=wtranslatesizeorder(rc,rb)

| <u>31.</u> | 24             | 23 | 1817 | 12 | 11 | 65 4 3 | 0 | 1 |
|------------|----------------|----|------|----|----|--------|---|---|
| w.t        | RANSLATE.order | rd |      | rc | rb | SZ     | 0 |   |
|            | 8              | 6  |      | 6  | 6  | 7      | 4 |   |

#### Description

The contents of register rc is used as a virtual address, and a value of specified size is loaded from memory. A second value is the contents of register rb. The values are partitioned into groups of operands of a size specified. The low-order bytes of the second group of values are used as addresses to choose entries from one or more tables constructed from the first value, producing a group of values. The group of results is catenated and placed in register rd.

By default, the total width of tables is 128 bits, and a total table width of 128, 64, 32, 16 or 8 bits, but not less than the group size may be specified by adding the desired total table width in bytes to the specified address: 16, 8, 4, 2, or 1. When fewer than 128 bits are specified, the tables repeat to fill the 128 bit width.

The default depth of each table is 256 entries, or in bytes is 32 times the group size in bits. An operation may specify 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128 or 256 entry tables, by adding one-half of the memory operand size to the address. Table index values are masked to ensure that only the specified portion of the table is used. Tables with just 2 entries cannot be specified; if 2-entry tables are desired, it is recommended to load the entries into registers and use G.MUX to select the table entries.

Failing to initialize the entire table is a potential security hole, as an instruction in with a small-depth table could access table entries previously initialized by an instruction with a large-depth table. We could close this hole either by initializing the entire table, even if extra cycles are required, or by masking the index bits so that only the initialized portion of the table is used. Initializing the entire table with no penalty in cycles could require writing to as many as 128 entries at once, which is quite likely to cause circuit complications. Initializing the entire table with writes to only one entry at a time requires writing 256 cycles, even when the table is smaller. Masking the index bits is the preferred solution.

Masking the index bits suggests that this instruction, for tables larger than 256 entries, may be useful for a general-purpose memory translate function where the processor performs enough independent load operations to fill the 128 bits. Thus, the 16, 32, and 64 bit versions of this function perform equivalent of 8, 4, 2 withdraw, 8, 4, or 2 load-indexed and 7, 3, or 1 group-extract instructions. In other words, this instruction can be as powerful as 23, 11, or 5 existing instructions. The 8-bit version is a single-cycle operation replacing 47 existing instructions, so these are not as big a win, but nonetheless, this is at least a 50% improvement on a 2-issue processor, even with one-cycle-per load timing. To make this possible, the default table size would become 65536,  $2^{32}$  and  $2^{64}$  for 16, 32 and 64-bit versions of the instruction.

For the big-endian version of this instruction, in the definition below, the contents of register rb is complemented. This reflects a desire to organize the table so that the lowest addressed table entries are selected when the index is zero. In the logical implementation, complementing the index can be avoided by loading the table memory differently for big-endian and little-endian versions. A consequence of this shortcut is that a table loaded by a big-endian translate instruction cannot be used by a little-endian translate instruction, and vice-versa.

The virtual address must either be aligned to 4096 bytes, or must be the sum of an aligned address and one-half of the size of the memory operand in bytes and/or the desired total table width in bytes. An aligned address must be an exact multiple of the size expressed in bytes. The size of the memory operand must be a power of two from 4 to 4096 bytes, but must be at least 4 times the group size and 4 times the total table width. If the address is not valid an "access disallowed by virtual address" exception occurs.

#### <u>Definition</u>

```
def WideTranslate(op,gsize,rd,rc,rb)

c ← RegRead(rc, 64)

b ← RegRead(rb, 128)

Igsize ← log(gsize)

if clgsize-4..0 ≠ 0 then

raise AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress
endif

if c4..lgsize-3 ≠ 0 then

wsize ← (c and (0-c)) 11 0<sup>3</sup>

t ← c and (c-1)

else
```

```
wsize ← 128
             t ← c
      endif
      lwsize ← log(wsize)
      if t_{\text{twsize+4...twsize-2}} \neq 0 then
             msize \leftarrow (t and (0-t)) 11 0<sup>4</sup>
             VirtAddr \leftarrow t and \{t-1\}
      else
             msize ← 256*wsize
             VirtAddr \leftarrow t
      endif
      case op of
            W.TRANSLATE.B:
                    order ← B
             W.TRANSLATE.L:
                    order ← L
      endcase
      m \leftarrow LoadMemory(c,VirtAddr,msize,order)
      vsize ← msize/wsize
      lvsize ← log(vsize)
      for i \leftarrow 0 to 128-gsize by gsize
            j \leftarrow \{(\text{order=B})^{\text{Nvsize}}\}^{\text{(b}_{\text{Nvsize-1+i..i}})} * \text{wsize+i}_{\text{Nvsize-1..0}}
             a_{gsize-1+i..i} \leftarrow m_{j+gsize-1..j}
      endfor
      RegWrite(rd, 128, a)
enddef
```

#### **Exceptions**

Access disallowed by virtual address Access disallowed by tag Access disallowed by global TB Access disallowed by local TB Access detail required by tag Access detail required by local TB Access detail required by global TB Local TB miss Global TB miss

# Memory Management

This section discusses the caches, the translation mechanisms, the memory interfaces, and how the multiprocessor interface is used to maintain cache coherence.

## Overview

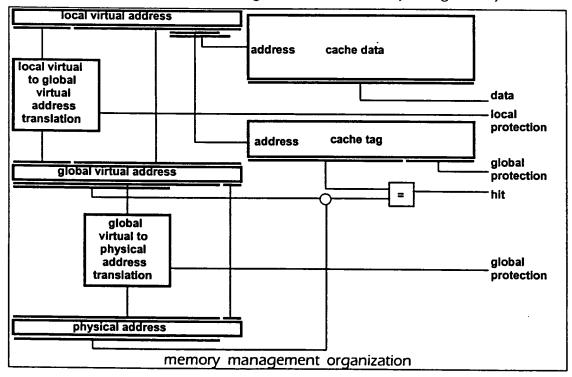
The Zeus processor provides for both local and global virtual addressing, arbitrary page sizes, and coherent-cache multiprocessing. The memory management system is designed to provide the requirements for implementation of virtual machines as well as virtual memory.

All facilities of the memory management system are themselves memory mapped, in order to provide for the manipulation of these facilities by high-level language, compiled code.

The translation mechanism is designed to allow full byte-at-a-time control of access to the virtual address space, with the assistance of fast exception handlers.

Privilege levels provide for the secure transition between insecure user code and secure system facilities. Instructions execute at a privilege, specified by a two-bit field in the access information. Zero is the least-privileged level, and three is the most-privileged level.

The diagram below sketches the basic organization of the memory management system:



In general terms, the memory management starts from a local virtual address. The local virtual address is translated to a global virtual address by a LTB (Local Translation Buffer). In turn, the global virtual address is translated to a physical address by a GTB (Global

Translation Buffer). One of the addresses, a local virtual address, a global virtual address, or a physical address, is used to index the cache data and cache tag arrays, and one of the addresses is used to check the cache tag array for cache presence. Protection information is assembled from the LTB, GTB, and optionally the cache tag, to determine if the access is legal.

This form varies somewhat, depending on implementation choices made. Because the LTB leaves the lower 48 bits of the address alone, indexing of the cache arrays with the local virtual address is usually indentical to cache arrays indexed by the global virtual address. However, indexing cache arrays by the global virtual address rather than the physical address produces a coherence issue if the mapping from global virtual address to physical is many-to-one.

Starting from a local virtual address, the memory management system performs three actions in parallel: the low-order bits of the virtual address are used to directly access the data in the cache, a low-order bit field is used to access the cache tag, and the high-order bits of the virtual address are translated from a local address space to a global virtual address space.

Following these three actions, operations vary depending upon the cache implementation. The cache tag may contain either a physical address and access control information (a physically-tagged cache), or may contain a global virtual address and global protection information (a virtually-tagged cache).

For a physically-tagged cache, the global virtual address is translated to a physical address by the GTB, which generates global protection information. The cache tag is checked against the physical address, to determine a cache hit. In parallel, the local and global protection information is checked.

For a virtually-tagged cache, the cache tag is checked against the global virtual address, to determine a cache hit, and the local and global protection information is checked. If the cache misses, the global virtual address is translated to a physical address by the GTB, which also generates the global protection information.

## Local Translation Buffer

The 64-bit global virtual address space is global among all tasks. In a multitask environment, requirements for a task-local address space arise from operations such as the UNIX "fork" function, in which a task is duplicated into parent and child tasks, each now having a unique virtual address space. In addition, when switching tasks, access to one task's address space must be disabled and another task's access enabled.

Zeus provides for portions of the address space to be made local to individual tasks, with a translation to the global virtual space specified by four 16-bit registers for each local virtual space. The registers specify a mask selecting which of the high-order 16 address bits are checked to match a particular value, and if they match, a value with which to modify the virtual address. Zeus avoids setting a fixed page size or local address size; these can be set by software conventions.

| A local virtual address s | space is specified l | by the following: |
|---------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|
|---------------------------|----------------------|-------------------|

| field name | size | description  |
|------------|------|--|
| lm         | 16   | mask to select fields of local virtual address to perform match over |
| la         | 16   | value to perform match with masked local virtual address             |
| lx         | 16   | value to xor with local virtual address if matched                   |
| lp         | 16   | local protection field (detailed later)                              |

local virtual address space specifiers

#### Physical address

There are as many LTB as threads, and up to 2<sup>3</sup> (8) entries per LTB. Each entry is 128 bits, with the high order 64 bits reserved. The physical address of a LTB entry for thread th, entry en, byte b is:

| 63                       | 2423 1918 |    | 76 43 0 |
|--------------------------|-----------|----|---------|
| FFFF FFFF 0A00 0000 6324 | th        | 0  | en b    |
| 40                       | 5         | 12 | 3 4     |

#### <u>Definition</u>

```
def data,flags \leftarrow AccessPhysicalLTB(pa,op,wdata) as th \leftarrow pa23..19 en \leftarrow pa6..4 if (en < (1 | | | 0<sup>LE</sup>|) and (th < T) and (pa18..6=0) then case op of R: data \leftarrow 0<sup>64</sup> | | LTBArray[th][en] W: LocalTB[th][en] \leftarrow wdata63..0 endcase else data \leftarrow 0 endif enddef
```

#### **Entry Format**

These 16-bit values are packed together into a 64-bit LTB entry as follows:

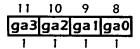
| 63 | 48 47 | 32 | 2 31 | 16 15 |    | 0 |
|----|-------|----|------|-------|----|---|
| !  | m     | la | lx   |       | lp | 7 |
| 1  | 16    | 16 | 16   |       | 16 |   |

The LTB contains a separate context of register sets for each thread, indicated by the th index above. A context consists of one or more sets of lm/la/lx/lp registers, one set for each simultaneously accessible local virtual address range, indicated by the en index above. This set of registers is called the "Local TB context," or LTB (Local Translation Buffer)

context. The effect of this mechanism is to provide the facilities normally attributed to segmentation. However, in this system there is no extension of the address range, instead, segments are local nicknames for portions of the global virtual address space.

A failure to match a LTB entry results either in an exception or an access to the global virtual address space, depending on privilege level. A single bit, selected by the privilege level active for the access from a four bit **control register** field, **global access**, ga determines the result. If gapL is zero (0), the failure causes an exception, if it is one (1), the failure causes the address to be directly used as a global virtual address without modification.

#### Global Access (fields of control register)



Usually, global access is a right conferred to highly privilege levels, so a typical system may be configured with ga0 and ga1 clear (0), but ga2 and ga3 set (1). A single low-privilege (0) task can be safely permitted to have global access, as accesses are further limited by the rwxg privilege fields. A concrete example of this is an emulation task, which may use global addresses to simulate segmentation, such as an x86 emulation. The emulation task then runs as privilege 0, with ga0 set, while most user tasks run as privilege 1, with ga1 clear. Operating system tasks then use privilege 2 and 3 to communicate with and control the user tasks, with ga2 and ga3 set.

For tasks that have global access disabled at their current privilege level, failure to match a LTB entry causes an exception. The exception handler may load an LTB entry and continue execution, thus providing access to an arbitrary number of local virtual address ranges.

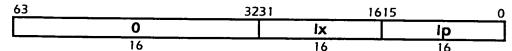
When failure to match a LTB entry does not cause an exception, instructions may access any region in the local virtual address space, when a LTB entry matches, and may access regions in the global virtual address space when no LTB entry matches. This mechanism permits privileged code to make judicious use of local virtual address ranges, which simplifies the manner in which privileged code may manipulate the contents of a local virtual address range on behalf of a less-privileged client. Note, however, that under this model, an LTB miss does not cause an exception directly, so the use of more local virtual address ranges than LTB entries requires more care: the local virtual address ranges should be selected so as not to overlap with the global virtual address ranges, and GTB misses to LVA regions must be detected and cause the handler to load an LTB entry.

Each thread has an independent LTB, so that threads may independently define local translation. The size of the LTB for each thread is implementation dependent and defined as the LE parameter in the architecture description register. LE is the log of the number of entries in the local TB per thread; an implementation may define LE to be a minimum of 0, meaning one LTB entry per thread, or a maximum of 3, meaning eight LTB entries per thread. For the initial Zeus implementation, each thread has two entries and LE=1.

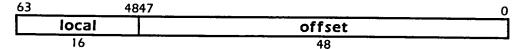
A minimum implementation of an LTB context is a single set of lm/la/lx/lp registers per thread. However, the need for the LTB to translate both code addresses and data addresses

imposes some limits on the use of the LTB in such systems. We need to be able to guarantee forward progress. With a single LTB set per thread, either the code or the data must use global addresses, or both must use the same local address range, as must the LTB and GTB exception handler. To avoid this restriction, the implementation must be raised to two sets per thread, at least one for code and one for data, to guarantee forward progress for arbitrary use of local addresses in the user code (but still be limited to using global addresses for exception handlers).

A single-set LTB context may be further simplified by reserving the implementation of the lm and la registers, setting them to a read-only zero value: Note that in such a configuration, only a single LA region can be implemented.

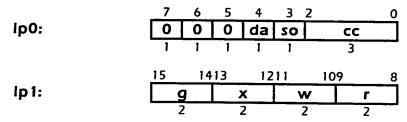


If the largest possible space is reserved for an address space identifier, the virtual address is partitioned as shown below. Any of the bits marked as "local" below may be used as "offset" as desired.



To improve performance, an implementation may perform the LTB translation on the value of the base register (rc) or unincremented program counter, provided that a check is performed which prohibits changing the unmasked upper 16 bits by the add or increment. If this optimization is provided and the check fails, an AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress should be signaled. If this optimization is provided, the architecture description parameter LB=1. Otherwise LTB translation is performed on the local address, la, no checking is required, and LB=0.

The LTB protect field controls the minimum privilege level required for each memory action of read (r), write (w), execute (x), and gateway (g), as well as memory and cache attributes of write allocate (wa), detail access (da), strong ordering (so), cache disable (cd), and write through (wt). These fields are combined with corresponding bits in the GTB protect field to control these attributes for the mapped memory region.



#### Field Description

The meaning of the fields are given by the following table:

| name | size | meaning                                       |
|------|------|---|
| g    | 2    | minimum privilege required for gateway access |
| х    | 2    | minimum privilege required for execute access |
| w    | 2    | minimum privilege required for write access   |
| r    | 2    | minimum privilege required for read access    |
| 0    | 1    | reserved                                      |
| da   | 1    | detail access                                 |
| so   | 1    | strong ordering                               |
| сс   | 3    | cache control                                 |

#### <u>Definition</u>

```
def ga,LocalProtect ← LocalTranslation(th,ba,la,pl) as
     if LB & (ba63..48 (ba63..48) then
            raise AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress
     endif
     me ← NONE
     for i \leftarrow 0 to (1 \mid 1 \mid 0^{LE})-1
            if (la_{63..48} \& -LocalTB[th][i]_{63..48}) = LocalTB[th][i]_{47..32} then
            endif
     endfor
     if me = NONE then
           if -ControlRegisterpH8 then
                  raise LocaITBMiss
            endif
            ga ← la
            LocalProtect ← 0
      else
            ga \leftarrow (va_{63..48} \land Loca[TB[th][me]_{31..16}) \mid 1 \quad va_{47..0}
            LocalProtect ← LocalTB[th][me]<sub>15.0</sub>
      endif
enddef
```

## Global Translation Buffer

Global virtual addresses which fail to be accessed in either the LZC, the MTB, the BTB, or PTB are translated to physical references in a table, here named the "Global Translation Buffer," (GTB).

Each processor may have one or more GTB's, with each GTB shared by one or more threads. The parameter GT, the base-two log of the number of threads which share a GTB, and the parameter T, the number of threads, allow computation of the number of GTBs  $(T/2^{GT})$ , and the number of threads which share each GTB  $(2^{GT})$ .

If there are two GTBs and four threads (GT=1, T=4), GTB 0 services references from threads 0 and 1, and GTB 1 services references from threads 2 and 3.

In the first implementation, there is one GTB, shared by all four threads (GT=2, T=4). The GTB has 128 entries (G=7).

Per clock cycle, each GTB can translate one global virtual address to a physical address, yielding protection information as a side effect.

A GTB miss causes a software trap. This trap is designed to permit a fast handler for GlobalTBMiss to be written in software, by permitting a second GTB miss to occur as an exception, rather than a machine check.

#### Physical address

There may be as many GTB as threads, and up to 2<sup>15</sup> entries per GTB. The physical address of a GTB entry for thread th, entry en, byte b is:

| 63                       | 2423 1918 |    | 43 0 |
|--------------------------|-----------|----|------|
| FFFF FFFF 0C00 0000 6324 | th        | en | Ь    |
| 40                       | 5         | 15 | 4    |

Note that in the diagram above, the low-order GT bits of the th value are ignored, reflecting that 2<sup>GT</sup> threads share a single GTB. A single GTB shared between threads appears multiple times in the address space. GTB entries are packed together so that entries in a GTB are consecutive:

#### Definition

```
def data,flags ← AccessPhysicalGTB(pa,op,wdata) as

th ← pa<sub>23..19+GT</sub> | 1 0 GT

en ← pa<sub>18..4</sub>

if (en < (1 | 1 0 G)) and (th < T) and (pa<sub>18+GT..19</sub> = 0) then

case op of

R:

data ← GTBArray[th<sub>5..GT</sub>][en]

W:

GTBArray[th<sub>5..GT</sub>][en] ← wdata

endcase

else

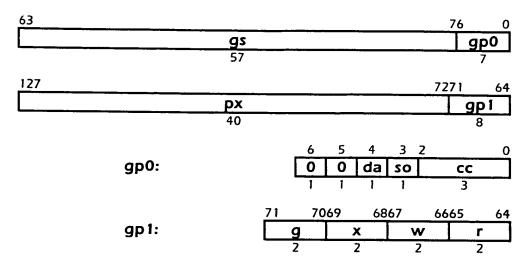
data ← 0

endif

enddef
```

#### **Entry Format**

Each GTB entry is 128 bits. The format of a GTB entry is:



#### Field Description

gs = ga + size/2: 256  $\le$  size  $\le$  264, ga, global address, is aligned (a multiple of) size.

 $px = pa ^ ga$ . pa, ga, and px are all aligned (a multiple of) size

The meaning of the fields are given by the following table:

| name | size | meaning                                       |
|------|------|---|
| gs   | 57   | global address with size                      |
| рх   | 56   | physical xor                                  |
| g    | 2    | minimum privilege required for gateway access |
| Х    | 2    | minimum privilege required for execute access |
| w    | 2    | minimum privilege required for write access   |
| r    | 2    | minimum privilege required for read access    |
| 0    | 1    | reserved                                      |
| da   | 1    | detail access                                 |
| SO   | 1    | strong ordering                               |
| cc   | 3    | cache control                                 |

If the entire contents of the GTB entry is zero (0), the entry will not match any global address at all. If a zero value is written, a zero value is read for the GTB entry. Software must not write a zero value for the gs field unless the entire entry is a zero value.

It is an error to write GTB entries that multiply match any global address; all GTB entries must have unique, non-overlapping coverage of the global address space. Hardware may produce a machine check if such overlapping coverage is detected, or may produce any physical address and protection information and continue execution.

Limiting the GTB entry size to 128 bits allows up to replace entries atomically (with a single store operation), which is less complex than the previous design, in which the mask portion was first reduced, then other entries changed, then the mask is expanded. However, it is limiting the amount of attribute information

or physical address range we can specify. Consequently, we are encoding the size as a single additional bit to the global address in order to allow for attribute information.

#### <u>Definition</u>

```
def pa, Global Protect \leftarrow Global Address Translation (th, ga, pl, lda) as
      me ← NONE
      for i \leftarrow 0 to (1 \mid 1 \mid 0^G) - 1
              if GlobalTB[th_{5..GT}][i] \neq 0 then
                     size \leftarrow (GlobaITB[th<sub>5...GT</sub>][i]<sub>63...7</sub> and (0<sup>64</sup>-GlobaITB[th<sub>5...GT</sub>][i]<sub>63...7</sub>)) 11 0<sup>8</sup>
                     if ([ga_{63..8}|10^8) ^ (Globa[TB[th_5..GT][i]_{63..8}|10^8)) and (0^{64}-size)) = 0 then
                             me ← GlobalTB[th5..GT][i]
                     endif
              endif
       endfor
       if me = NONE then
              if Ida then
                     PerformAccessDetail(AccessDetailRequiredByLocalTB)
              endif
              raise GlobalTBMiss
       else
              pa \leftarrow (ga_{63..8} \land GlobalTB[th_{5..GT}][me]_{127..72}) \mid I ga_{7..0}
              GlobalProtect \leftarrow GlobalTB[th<sub>5..</sub>GT][me]<sub>71..64</sub> | | 0<sup>1</sup> | | GlobalTB[th<sub>5..</sub>GT][me]<sub>6..0</sub>
       endif
enddef
```

## **GTB** Registers

Because the processor contains multiple threads of execution, even when taking virtual memory exceptions, it is possible for two threads to nearly simultaneously invoke software GTB miss exception handlers for the same memory region. In order to avoid producing improper GTB state in such cases, the GTB includes access facilities for indivisibly checking and then updating the contents of the GTB as a result of a memory write to specific addresses.

A 128-bit write to the address GTBUpdateFill (fill=1), as a side effect, causes first a check of the global address specified in the data against the GTB. If the global address check results in a match, the data is directed to write on the matching entry. If there is no match, the address specified by GTBLast is used, and GTBLast is incremented. If incrementing GTBLast results in a zero value, GTBLast is reset to GTBFirst, and GTBBump is set. Note that if the size of the updated value is not equal to the size of the matching entry, the global address check may not adequately ensure that no other entries also cover the address range of the updated value. The operation is unpredictable if multiple entries match the global address.

The GTBUpdateFill register is a 128-bit memory-mapped location, to which a write operation performes the operation defined above. A read operation returns a zero value. The format of the GTBUpdateFill register is identical to that of a GTB entry.

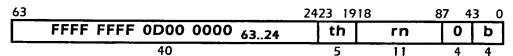
An alternative write address, GTBUpdate, (fill=0) updates a matching entry, but makes no change to the GTB if no entry matches. This operation can be used to indivisibly update a GTB entry as to protection or physical address information.

#### **Definition**

```
def GTBUpdateWrite(th,fill,data) as
       me ← NONE
      for i \leftarrow 0 to (1 \mid 1 \mid 0^G) - 1
              size \leftarrow (GlobalTB[th<sub>5...GT</sub>][i]<sub>63...7</sub> and (0<sup>64</sup>-GlobalTB(th<sub>5...GT</sub>)[i]<sub>63...7</sub>)) | 1 | 0<sup>8</sup>
              if ((data_{63..8}|10^8) ^ (Globa|TB[th_{5..GT}][i]_{63..8}|10^8)) and (0^{64}-size) = 0 then
                     me ← i
              endif
       endfor
       if me = NONE then
              if fill then
                     GlobalTB[th5..gt][GTBLast[th5..gt]] \leftarrow data
                     GTBLast[th_{5...GT}] \leftarrow (GTBLast[th_{5...GT}] + 1)_{G-1...0}
                     if GTBLast[th_{5...GT}] = 0 then
                            GTBLast[th_{5...GT}] \leftarrow GTBFirst[th_{5...GT}]
                            GTBBump[th_{5..GT}] \leftarrow 1
                     endif
              endif
       else
              GlobalTB[th5, GT][me] \leftarrow data
       endif
enddef
```

### Physical address

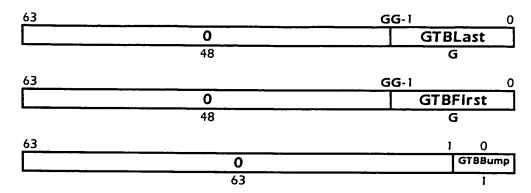
There may be as many GTB as threads, and up to 2<sup>11</sup> registers per GTB (5 registers are implemented). The physical address of a GTB control register for thread th, register rn, byte b is:



Note that in the diagram above, the low-order GT bits of the th value are ignored, reflecting that  $2^{GT}$  threads share single GTB registers. A single set of GTB registers shared between threads appears multiple times in the address space, and manipulates the GTB of the threads with which the registers are associated.

The GTBUpdate register is a 128-bit memory-mapped location, to which a write operation performes the operation defined above. A read operation returns a zero value. The format of the GTBUpdateFill register is identical to that of a GTB entry.

The registers GTBLast, GTBFirst, and GTBBump are memory mapped. The GTBLast and GTBFirst registers are G bits wide, and the GTBBump register is one bit.:



#### **Definition**

```
def data,flags ← AccessPhysicalGTBRegisters(pa,op,wdata) as
      th ← pa<sub>23...19+GT</sub> || 0<sup>GT</sup>
      rn ← pa<sub>18.8</sub>
      if (rn < 5) and (th < T) and (pa_{18+GT...19} = 0) and (pa_{7...4} = 0) then
             case rn 11 op of
                    0 11 R, 1 11 R:
                          data \leftarrow 0
                    0 11 W, 1 11 W:
                          GTBUpdateWrite(th,rn0,wdata)
                    2 11 R:
                          data ← 0<sup>64-G</sup> | | GTBLast[th<sub>5..GT</sub>]
                    2 11 W:
                          GTBLast[th_{5..GT}] \leftarrow wdata_{G-1..0}
                    3 11 R:
                          data \leftarrow 0^{64-G} | | GTBFirst[th5..GT]
                    3 11 W:
                          GTBFirst[th_{5..GT}] \leftarrow wdata_{G-1..0}
                    3 11 R:
                          data \leftarrow 0^{63} | | GTBBump[th<sub>5..</sub>GT]
                    3 11 W:
                          GTBBump[th<sub>5..GT</sub>] \leftarrow wdata<sub>0</sub>
             endcase
      else
             data \leftarrow 0
      endif
enddef
```

## **Address Generation**

The address units of each of the four threads provide up to two global virtual addresses of load, store, or memory instructions, for a total of eight addresses. LTB units associated with each thread translate the local addresses into global addresses. The LZC operates on global addresses. MTB, BTB, and PTB units associated with each thread translate the global addresses into physical addresses and cache addresses. (A PTB unit associated with each thread produces physical addresses and cache addresses for program counter references. – this is optional, as by limiting address generation to two per thread, the MTB can be used for

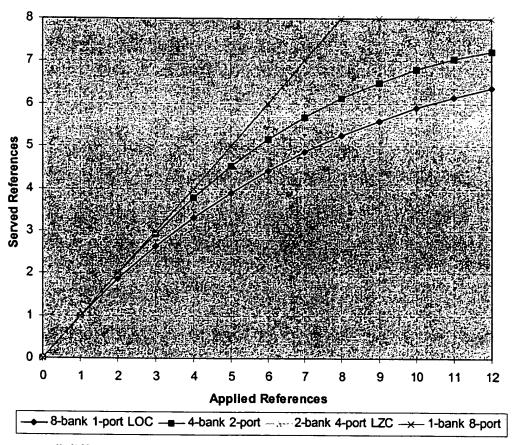
program references.) Cache addresses are presented to the LOC as required, and physical addresses are checked against cache tags as required.

# Memory Banks

The LZC has two banks, each servicing up to four requests. The LOC has eight banks, each servicing at most one request.

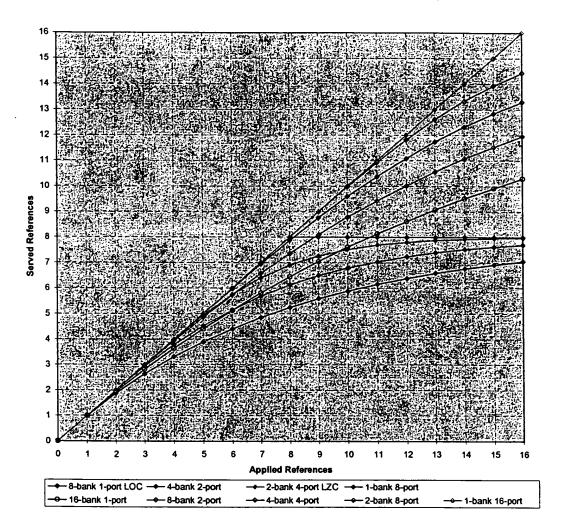
Assuming random request addresses, the following graph shows the expected rate at which requests are serviced by multi-bank/multi-port memories that have 8 total ports and divided into 1, 2, 4, or 8 interleaved banks. The LZC is 2 banks, each with 4 ports, and the LOC is 8 banks, each 1 port.

#### **Bank Arbitration**



Note a small difference between applying 12 references versus 8 references for the LOC (6.5 vs 5.2), and for the LZC (7.8 vs. 6.9). This suggests that simplifying the system to produce two address per thread (program+load/store or two load/store) will not overly hurt performance. A closer simulation, taking into account the sequential nature of the program and load/store traffic may well yield better numbers, as threads will tend to line up in non-interfering patterns, and program microcaching reduces program fetching.

The following graph shows the rates for both 8 total ports and 16 total ports.



Note significant differences between 8-port systems and 16-port systems, even when used with a maximum of 8 applied references. In particular, a 16-bank 1-port system is better than a 4-bank 2-port system with more than 6 applied references. Current layout estimates would require about a 14% area increase (assuming no savings from smaller/simpler sense amps) to switch to a 16-port LOC, with a 22% increase in 8-reference throughput.

## Program Microcache

A program microcache (PMC) which holds only program code for each thread may optionally exist, and does exist for the initial implementation. The program microcache is flushed by reset, or by executing a B.BARRIER instruction. The program microcache is always clean, and is not snooped by writes or otherwise kept coherent, except by flushing as indicated above. The microcache is not altered by writing to the LTB or GTB, and software must execute a B.BARRIER instruction before expecting the new contents of the LTB or GTB to affect determination of PMC hit or miss status on program fetches.

In the initial implementation, the program microcache holds simple loop code. The microcache holds two separately addressed cache lines. Branches or execution beyond this region cause the microcache to be flushed and refilled at the new address, provided that the addresses are executable by the current thread. The program microcache uses the B.HINT and B.HINT.I to accelerate fetching of program code when possible. The program microcache generally functions as a prefetch buffer, except that short forward or backward branches within the region covered maintain the contents of the microcache.

Program fetches into the microcache are requested on any cycle in which less than two load/store addresses are generated by the address unit, unless the microcache is already full. System arbitration logic should give program fetches lower priority than load/store references when first presented, then equal priority if the fetch fails arbitration a certain number of times. The delay until program fetches have equal priority should be based on the expected time the program fetch data will be executed; it may be as small as a single cycle, or greater for fetches which are far ahead of the execution point.

## Wide Microcache

A wide microcache (WMC) which holds only data fetched for wide (W) instructions may optionally exist, and does exist for the initial implementation, for each unit which implements one or more wide (W) instructions.

The wide (W) instructions each operate on a block of data fetched from memory and the contents of one or more registers, producing a result in a register. Generally, the amount of data in the block exceeds the maximum amount of data that the memory system can supply in a single cycle, so caching the memory data is of particular importance. All the wide (W) instructions require that the memory data be located at an aligned address, an address that is a multiple of the size of the memory data, which is always a power of two.

The wide (W) instructions are performed by functional units which normally perform execute or "back-end" instructions, though the loading of the memory data requires use of the access or "front-end" functional units. To minimize the use of the "front-end" functional units, special rules are used to maintain the coherence of a wide microcache (WMC).

Execution of a wide (W) instruction has a residual effect of loading the specified memory data into a wide microcache (WMC). Under certain conditions, a future wide (W) instruction may be able to reuse the WMC contents.

First of all, any store or cache coherency action on the physical addresses referenced by the WMC will invalidate the contents. The minimum translation unit of the virtual memory system, 256 bytes, defines the number of physical address blocks which must be checked by any store. A WMC for the W.TABLE instruction may be as large as 4096 bytes, and so requires as many as 16 such physical address blocks to be checked for each WMC entry. A WMC for the W.SWITCH or W.MUL.\* instructions need check only one address block for each WMC entry, as the maximum size is 128 bytes.

By making these checks on the physical addresses, we do not need to be concerned about changes to the virtual memory mapping from virtual to physical addresses, and the virtual memory state can be freely changed without invalidating any WMC.

Absent any of the above changes, the WMC is only valid if it contains the contents relevant to the current wide (W) instruction. To check this with minimal use of the front-end units, each WMC entry contains a first tag with the thread and address register for which it was last used. If the current wide (W) instruction uses the same thread and address register, it may proceed safely. Any intervening writes to that address register by that thread invalidates the WMC thread and address register tag.

If the above test fails, the front-end is used to fetch the address register and check its contents against a second WMC tag, with the physical addresses for which it was last used. If the tag matches, it may proceed safely. As detailed above, any intervening stores or cache coherency action by any thread to the physical addresses invalidates the WMC entry.

If both the above tests fail for all relevant WMC entries, there is no alternative but to load the data from the virtual memory system into the WMC. The front-end units are responsible for generating the necessary addresses to the virtual memory system to fetch the entire data block into a WMC.

For the first implementation, it is anticipated that there be eight WMC entries for each of the two X units (for W.SWITCH instructions), eight WMC entries for each of the two E units (for W.MUL instructions), and four WMC entries for the single T unit. The total number of WMC address tags requires is 8\*2\*1+8\*2\*1+4\*1\*16 = 96 entries.

The number of WMC address tags can be substantially reduced to 32+4=36 entries by making an implementation restriction requiring that a single translation block be used to translate the data address of W.TABLE instructions. With this restriction, each W.TABLE WMC entry uses a contiguous and aligned physical data memory block, for which a single address tag can contain the relevant information. The size of such a block is a maximum of 4096 bytes. The restriction can be checked by examining the size field of the referenced GTB entry.

### Level Zero Cache

The innermost cache level, here named the "Level Zero Cache," (LZC) is fully associative and indexed by global address. Entries in the LZC contain global addresses and previously fetched data from the memory system. The LZC is an implementation feature, not visible to the Zeus architecture.

Entries in the LZC are also used to hold the global addresses of store instructions that have been issued, but not yet completed in the memory system. The LZC entry may also contain the data associated with the global address, as maintained either before or after updating with the store data. When it contains the post-store data, results of stores may be forwarded directly to the requested reference.

With an LZC hit, data is returned from the LZC data, and protection from the LZC tag. No LOC access is required to complete the reference.

All loads and program fetches are checked against the LZC for conflicts with entries being used as store buffer. On a LZC hit on such entries, if the post-store data is present, data may be returned by the LZC to satisfy the load or program fetch. If the post-store data is not present, the load or program fetch must stall until the data is available.

With an LZC miss, a victim entry is selected, and if dirty, the victim entry is written to the LOC. The LOC cache is accessed, and a valid LZC entry is constructed from data from the LOC and tags from the LOC protection information.

All stores are checked against the LZC for conflicts, and further cause a new entry in the LZC, or "take over" a previously clean LZC entry for this purpose. Unaligned stores may require two entries in the LZC. At time of allocation, the address is filled in.

Two operations then occur in parallel - 1) for write-back cached references, the remaining bytes of the hexlet are loaded from the LOC (or LZC), and 2) the addressed bytes are filled in with data from data path. If an exception causes the store to be purged before retirement, the LZC entry is marked invalid, and not written back. When the store is retired, the LZC entry can be written back to LOC or external interface.

#### **Structure**

The eight memory addresses are partitioned into up to four odd addresses, and four even addresses.

The LZC contains 16 fully associative entries that may each contain a single hexlet of data at even hexlet addresses (LZCE), and another 16 entries for odd hexlet addresses (LZCO). The maximum capacity of the LZC is 16\*32=512 bytes.

The tags for these entries are indexed by global virtual address (63..5), and contain access control information, detailed below.

The address of entries accessed associatively is also encoded into binary and provided as output from the tags for use in updating the LZC, through its write ports.

8 bit rwxg

16 bit valid

16 bit dirty

4 bit L0\$ address

16 bit protection

```
def data,protect,valid,dirty,match \leftarrow LevelZeroCacheRead(ga) as
     eo ← ga4
     match ← NONE
     for i \leftarrow 0 to LevelZeroCacheEntries/2-1
           if (ga<sub>63..5</sub> = LevelZeroTag[eo][i] then
                match \leftarrow i
           endif
     endfor
     if match = NONE then
           raise LevelZeroCacheMiss
     eise
           data ← LevelZeroData[eo][match] 127..0
           valid ← LevelZeroData[eo][match]143..128
           dirty ← LevelZeroData[eo][match] 159..144
           protect ← LevelZeroData[eo][match]167..160
     endif
enddef
```

## Level One Cache

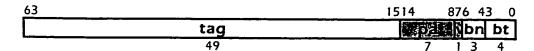
The next cache level, here named the "Level One Cache," (LOC) is four-set-associative and indexed by the physical address. The eight memory addresses are partitioned into up to eight addresses for each of eight independent memory banks. The LOC has a cache block size of 256 bytes, with triclet (32-byte) sub-blocks.

The LOC may be partitioned into two sections, one part used as a cache, and the remainder used as "niche memory." Niche memory is at least as fast as cache memory, but unlike cache, never misses to main memory. Niche memory may be placed at any virtual address, and has physical addresses fixed in the memory map. The nl field in the control register configures the partitioning of LOC into cache memory and niche memory.

The LOC data memory is (256+8)x4x(128+2) bits, depth to hold 256 entries in each of four sets, each entry consisting of one hexlet of data (128 bits), one bit of parity, and one spare bit. The additional 8 entries in each of four sets hold the LOC tags, with 128 bits per entry for 1/8 of the total cache, using 512 bytes per data memory and 4K bytes total.

There are 128 cache blocks per set, or 512 cache blocks total. The maximum capacity of the LOC is 128k bytes. Used as a cache, the LOC is partitioned into 4 sets, each 32k bytes. Physically, the LOC is partitioned into 8 interleaved physical blocks, each holding 16k bytes.

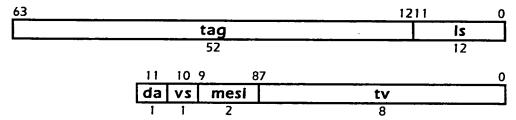
The physical address pa63..0 is partitioned as below into a 52 to 54 bit tag (three to five bits are duplicated from the following field to accommodate use of portion of the cache as niche), 8-bit address to the memory bank (7 bits are physical address (pa), 1 bit is virtual address (v)), 3 bit memory bank select (bn), and 4-bit byte address (bt). All access to the LOC are in units of 128 bits (hexlets), so the 4-bit byte address (bt) does not apply here. The shaded field (pa,v) is translated via nl to a cache identifier (ci) and set identifier (si) and presented to the LOC as the LOC address to LOC bank bn.



The LOC tag consists of 64 bits of information, including a 52 to 54-bit tag and other cache state information. Only one MTB entry at a time may contain a LOC tag.

With 256 byte cache lines, there are 512 cache blocks. At 64 bits per tag, the cache tags require 4k bytes of storage. This storage is adjacent to the LOC data memory itself, using physical addresses = 1024..1055. Alternatively (see detailed description below), physical addresses = 0..31 may be used.

The format of a LOC tag entry is shown below.



The meaning of the fields are given by the following table:

| name | size | meaning   |
|------|------|---|
| tag  | 52   | physical address tag  |
| da   | 1    | detail access (or physical address bit 11)                      |
| VS   | 1    | victim select (or physical address bit 10)                      |
| mesi | 2    | coherency: modified (3), exclusive (2), shared (1), invalid (0) |
| tv   | 8    | triclet valid (1) or invalid (0)                                |

To access the LOC, a global address is supplied to the Micro-Tag Buffer (MTB), which associatively looks up the global address into a table holding a subset of the LOC tags. In particular, each MTB table entry contains the cache index derived from physical address bits 14..8, ci, (7 bits) and set identifier, si, (2 bits) required to access the LOC data. Each MTB table entry also contains the protection information of the LOC tag.

With an MTB hit, protection information is supplied from the MTB. The MTB supplies the resulting cache index (ci, from the MTB), set identifier, si, (2 bits) and virtual address (bit 7, v, from the LA), which are applied to the LOC data bank selected from bits 6..4 of the LA. The diagram below shows the address presented to LOC data bank bn.

| 10 9       |    | 32 | 1 0 | 2 0             |
|------------|----|----|-----|-----------------|
| address: 0 | ci | si | ٧   | bank: <b>bn</b> |
| ī          | 7  | 2  | 1   | 3               |

With an MTB miss, the GTB (described below) is referenced to obtain a physical address and protection information.

To select the cache line, a 7-bit niche limit register nl is compared against the value of pa14..8 from the GTB. If pa14..8<nl, a 7-bit address modifier register am is inclusive-or'ed against pa14..8, producing a cache index, ci. Otherwise, pa14..8 is used as ci. Cache lines 0..nl-1, and cache tags 0..nl-1, are available for use as niche memory. Cache lines nl..127 and cache tags nl..127 are used as LOC.

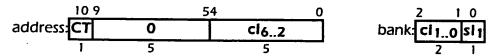
$$cl \leftarrow (pa_{14..8} < nl) ? (pa_{14..8} | lam) : pa_{14..8}$$

The address modifier am is  $(1^{7-\log(128-n\mathbf{l})}) \mid 0^{\log(128-n\mathbf{l})}$ . The bt field specifies the least-significant bit used for tag, and is  $(n\mathbf{l} < 112) ? 12 : 8 + \log(128-n\mathbf{l})$ :

| nl           | am        | bt    |  |  |
|--------------|-----------|-------|--|--|
| 0            | 0         | 12    |  |  |
| 164          | 64        | 12    |  |  |
| 6596         | 96        | 12    |  |  |
| 97112        | 112       | 12    |  |  |
| 引出3/120/5    | ×120 %    |       |  |  |
| 121,124      | (\$124°F) | 2000年 |  |  |
| 图25月26月      | 1 123 1   | رق ا  |  |  |
| 127 E Sec. 1 | 277       |       |  |  |

Values for nl in the range 113..127 require more than 52 physical address tag bits in the LOC tag and a requisite reduction in LOC features. Note that the presence of bits 14..10 of the physical address in the LOC tag is a result of the possibility that, with am=64..127, the cache index value ci cannot be relied upon to supply bit 14..8. Bits 9..8 can be safely inferred from the cache index value ci, so long as nl is in the range 0..124. When nl is in the range 113..127, the da bit is used for bit 11 of the physical address, so the Tag detail access bit is suppressed. When nl is in the range 121..127, the vs bit is used for bit 10 of the physical address, so victim selection is performed without state bits in the LOC tag. When nl is in the range 125..127, the set associativity is decreased, so that si1 is used for bit 9 of the physical address and when nl is 127, si0 is used for bit 8 of the physical address.

Four tags are fetched from the LOC tags and compared against the PA to determine which of the four sets contain the data. The four tags are contained in two consecutive banks; they may be simultaneously or independently fetched. The diagram below shows the address presented to LOC data bank (ci<sub>1..0</sub> | | si<sub>1</sub>).



Note that the CT architecture description variable is present in the above address. CT describes whether dedicated locations exist in the LOC for tags at the next power-of-two boundary above the LOC data. The niche-mapping mechanism can provide the storage for the LOC tags, so the existence of these dedicated tags is optional: If CT=0, addresses at the beginning of the LOC (0..31 for this implementation) are used for LOC tags, and the nl value should be adjusted accordingly by software.

The LOC address (ci | | si) uniquely identifies the cache location, and this LOC address is associatively checked against all MTB entries on changes to the LOC tags, such as by cache block replacement, bus snooping, or software modification. Any matching MTB entries are flushed, even if the MTB entry specifies a different global address - this permits address aliasing (the use of a physical address with more than one global address.

With an LOC miss, a victim set is selected (LOC victim selection is described below), whose contents, if any sub-block is modified, is written to the external memory. A new LOC entry is constructed with address and protection information from the GTB, and data fetched from external memory.

The diagram below shows the contents of LOC data memory banks 0..7 for addresses 0..2047:

| address | bank 7                     |
|---------|----------------------------|
| 0       | line 0, hexlet 7, set 0    |
| 1       | line 0, hexlet 15, set 0   |
| 2       | line 0, hexlet 7, set 1    |
| 3       | line 0, hexlet 15, set 1   |
| 4       | line 0, hexlet 7, set 2    |
| 5       | line 0, hexlet 15, set 2   |
| 6       | line 0, hexlet 7, set 3    |
| 7       | line 0, hexlet 15, set 3   |
| 8       | line 1, hexlet 7, set 0    |
| 9       | line 1, hexlet 15, set 0   |
| 10      | line 1, hexlet 7, set 1    |
| 11      | line 1, hexlet 15, set 1   |
| 12      | line 1, hexlet 7, set 2    |
| 13      | line 1, hexlet 15, set 2   |
| 14      | line 1, hexlet 7, set 3    |
| 15      | line 1, hexlet 15, set 3   |
| •••     |                            |
| 1016    | line 127, hexlet 7, set 0  |
| 1017    | line 127, hexlet 15, set 0 |
| 1018    | line 127, hexlet 7, set 1  |
| 1019    | line 127, hexlet 15, set 1 |
| 1020    | line 127, hexlet 7, set 2  |
| 1021    | line 127, hexlet 15, set 2 |
| 1022    | line 127, hexlet 7, set 3  |
| 1023    | line 127, hexlet 15, set 3 |
| 1024    | tag line 3, sets 3 and 2   |
| 1025    | tag line 7, sets 3 and 2   |
|         |                            |
| 1055    | tag line 127, sets 3 and 2 |
| 1056    | reserved                   |
|         |                            |
| 2047    | reserved                   |

| bank 1                     | bank 0                     |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| line 0, hexlet 1, set 0    | line 0, hexlet 0, set 0    |
| line 0, hexlet 9, set 0    | line 0, hexlet 8, set 0    |
| line 0, hexlet 1, set 1    | line 0, hexlet 0, set 1    |
| line 0, hexlet 9, set 1    | line 0, hexlet 8, set 1    |
| line 0, hexlet 1, set 2    | line 0, hexlet 0, set 2    |
| line 0, hexlet 9, set 2    | line 0, hexlet 8, set 2    |
| line 0, hexlet 1, set 3    | line 0, hexlet 0, set 3    |
| line 0, hexlet 9, set 3    | line 0, hexlet 8, set 3    |
| line 1, hexlet 1, set 0    | line 1, hexlet 0, set 0    |
| line 1, hexlet 9, set 0    | line 1, hexlet 8, set 0    |
| line 1, hexlet 1, set 1    | line 1, hexlet 0, set 1    |
| line 1, hexlet 9, set 1    | line 1, hexlet 8, set 1    |
| line 1, hexlet 1, set 2    | line 1, hexlet 0, set 2    |
| line 1, hexlet 9, set 2    | line 1, hexlet 8, set 2    |
| line 1, hexlet 1, set 3    | line 1, hexlet 0, set 3    |
| line 1, hexlet 9, set 3    | line 1, hexlet 8, set 3    |
| ****                       |                            |
| line 127, hexlet 1, set 0  | line 127, hexlet 0, set 0  |
| line 127, hexlet 9, set 0  | line 127, hexlet 8, set 0  |
| line 127, hexlet 1, set 1  | line 127, hexlet 0, set 1  |
| line 127, hexlet 9, set 1  | line 127, hexlet 8, set 1  |
| line 127, hexlet 1, set 2  | line 127, hexlet 0, set 2  |
| line 127, hexlet 9, set 2  | line 127, hexlet 8, set 2  |
| line 127, hexlet 1, set 3  | line 127, hexlet 0, set 3  |
| line 127, hexlet 9, set 3  | line 127, hexlet 8, set 3  |
| tag line 0, sets 3 and 2   | tag line 0, sets 1 and 0   |
| tag line 4, sets 3 and 2   | tag line 4, sets 1 and 0   |
|                            | •••                        |
| tag line 124, sets 3 and 2 | tag line 124, sets 1 and 0 |
| reserved                   | reserved                   |
| ***                        |                            |
| reserved                   | reserved                   |

The following table summarizes the state transitions required by the LOC cache:

|       | ор | mesi   | V | bus op         | c | x | mesi | V | W | m | notes                |
|-------|----|--------|---|----------------|---|---|------|---|---|---|----------------------|
|       | R  | х      | х | uncached read  |   |   |      |   |   |   |                      |
|       | W  | х      | х | uncached write |   |   |      |   |   |   |                      |
|       | R  | I      | x | uncached read  |   |   |      |   |   |   |                      |
|       |    | X      | 0 | uncached read  |   |   |      |   |   |   |                      |
|       | R  | MES    | 1 | (hit)          |   |   |      |   |   |   |                      |
|       | W  | į      | X | uncached write |   |   |      |   |   |   |                      |
| CD    |    | x      | 0 | uncached write |   |   |      |   |   |   |                      |
|       |    | MES    | 1 | uncached write |   |   |      |   |   | 1 |                      |
| WT/WA |    | 1      | X | triclet read   | 0 |   |      |   |   |   |                      |
| WT/WA |    | 1      | X | triclet read   | 1 | 0 |      | 1 |   |   |                      |
| WT/WA | _  | l      |   | triclet read   | 1 | 1 | E    | 1 |   |   |                      |
| WT/WA | I  |        |   | triclet read   | 0 | X |      |   |   |   | inconsistent KEN#    |
| WT/WA | R  | S<br>S | 0 | triclet read   | 1 | 0 |      | 1 |   |   |                      |
| WT/WA |    |        |   | triclet read   | 1 | 1 |      | 1 |   |   | E->S: extra sharing  |
| WT/WA |    | E      | 0 | triclet read   | 1 | 0 |      | 1 |   |   |                      |
| WT/WA | R  | E      | 0 | triclet read   | 1 |   | S    | 1 |   |   | shared block         |
| WT/WA | R  | М      | 0 | triclet read   | 1 | 0 | S    | 1 |   |   | other subblocks M->I |
| WT/WA | R  | М      | 0 | triclet read   | 1 | 1 |      | 1 |   |   | E->M: extra dirty    |
| WT/WA | R  | MES    | 1 | (hit)          |   |   |      |   |   |   |                      |
| WT    | W  | l      | X | uncached write |   |   |      |   |   |   |                      |
| WT    |    | x      | 0 | uncached write |   |   |      | Γ |   |   |                      |
| WT    | W  | MES    | 1 | uncached write |   |   |      |   |   | 1 |                      |
| WA    | W  | 1      | x | triclet read   |   | x |      |   | 1 |   | throwaway read       |
| WA    | W  | 1      | X | triclet read   | 1 | 0 |      | 1 | 1 | 1 |                      |
| WA    | W  | J      | x | triclet read   | 1 | 1 | М    | 1 |   | 1 |                      |
| WA    | _  | MES    | - | triclet read   | 0 | x |      |   | 1 | 1 | inconsistent KEN#    |
| WA    | W  | S      | 0 | triclet read   | 1 |   | S    | 1 | 1 | 1 |                      |
| WA    | W  | S      | 0 | triclet read   | 1 | _ | М    | 1 |   | 1 |                      |
| WA    | W  | S      | _ | write          |   | 0 | S    | 1 |   | 1 |                      |
| WA    | W  | S      | _ | write          |   | 1 | S    | 1 |   |   | E->S: extra sharing  |
| WA    | W  | Ε      | - | triclet read   | 1 | 0 |      | 1 | 1 | 1 |                      |
| WA    | W  | Ε      |   | triclet read   | 1 | _ | E    | 1 | 1 | 1 |                      |
| WA    | W  | E      |   | (hit)          |   | _ | М    | 1 | Ĺ |   | E->M: extra dirty    |
| WA    | W  | М      |   | triclet read   | 1 | 0 | М    | 1 | 1 | 1 |                      |
| WΑ    | W  | М      | 0 | triclet read   | 1 | 1 | М    | 1 |   | 1 |                      |
| WA    | W  | М      | 1 | (hit)          |   | x | М    | 1 |   |   |                      |
|       |    |        |   |                |   | L |      |   |   |   |                      |

| cc     | cache control                         |  |  |  |  |
|--------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| ор     | operation: R=read, W=write            |  |  |  |  |
| mesi   | current mesi state                    |  |  |  |  |
| V      | current tv state                      |  |  |  |  |
| bus op | bus operation                         |  |  |  |  |
| c      | cachable (triclet) result             |  |  |  |  |
| х      | exclusive result                      |  |  |  |  |
| mesi   | new mesi state                        |  |  |  |  |
| V      | new tv state                          |  |  |  |  |
| W      | cacheable write after read            |  |  |  |  |
| m      | merge store data with cache line data |  |  |  |  |
| notes  | other notes on transition             |  |  |  |  |

#### **Definition**

if bd then

```
def data,tda ← LevelOneCacheAccess(pa,size,lda,qda,cc,op,wd) as
     // cache index
      am \leftarrow (1^{7-\log(128-ni)}) | \log(128-ni)
      ci ← (pa14..8<nl) ? (pa14..8 l lam) : pa14..8
      bt \leftarrow (nl\leq112) 7 12 : 8+log(128-nl)
     // fetch tags for all four sets
      tag10 \leftarrow ReadPhysical(0xFFFFFFF0000000063_19|1CT|10<sup>5</sup>|1ci|10<sup>1</sup>|10<sup>4</sup>, 128)
      Tag[0] \leftarrow tag10_{63..0}
      Tag[1] \leftarrow tag10_{127..64}
      tag32 \leftarrow ReadPhysical(0xFFFFFFF0000000063,1911CT110<sup>5</sup>11ci111<sup>1</sup>110<sup>4</sup>, 128)
      Tag[2] \leftarrow tag32<sub>63..0</sub>
      Tag[3] \leftarrow tag32<sub>127..64</sub>
      vsc \leftarrow (Tag[3]_{10} | | Tag[2]_{10}) \land (Tag[1]_{10} | | Tag[0]_{10})
      // look for matching tag
      si \leftarrow MISS
      for i \leftarrow 0 to 3
             if (Tag[i]_{63...10} | I | i_{1...0} | I | 0^7)_{63...bt} = pa_{63...bt} then
                   si ← i
             endif
      endfor
      // detail access checking on MISS
      if (si = MISS) and (Ida \neq gda) then
            if gda then
                   PerformAccessDetail(AccessDetailRequiredByGlobalTB)
                   PerformAccessDetail(AccessDetailRequiredByLocaITB)
             endif
      endif
      // if no matching tag or invalid MESI or no sub-block, perform cacheable read/write
```

bd  $\leftarrow$  (si = MISS) or (Tag(si)9..8 = I) or ((op=W) and (Tag(si)9..8 = S)) or "Tag(si)pa7 s

```
if (op=W) and (cc \ge WA) and ((si = MISS)) or (Tag(si)_{pa_{7...5}}) or (Tag(si)_{9...8} \ne S)) then
            data,cen,xen ← AccessPhysical(pa,size,cc,R,0)
            //if cache disabled or shared, do a write through
            if -cen or -xen then
                   data,cen,xen ← AccessPhysical(pa,size,cc,W,wd)
            endif
      else
            data,cen,xen \leftarrow AccessPhysical(pa,size,cc,op,wd)
      endif
      al ← cen
else
      al \leftarrow 0
endif
// find victim set and eject from cache
if all and (si = MISS or Tag[si]9.8 = 1) then
      case bt of
            12..11:
                   si ← vsc
             10..8:
                   gvsc \leftarrow gvsc + 1
                   si \leftarrow (bt \le 9) : pag : gvsc_1^pa_{11} | 1 | (bt \le 8) : pag : gvsc_0^pa_{10}
      endcase
      if Tag[si]_{9..8} = M then
             for i \leftarrow 0 to 7
                   if Tag[si]i then
                          vca \leftarrow 0xFFFFFFF0000000063_{.19}||01||ci|||si|||i_{2..0}||10^4|
                          vdata ← ReadPhysical(vca, 256)
                          vpa \leftarrow \{Tag[si]_{63..10} \mid 1 \mid si_{1..0} \mid 1 \mid 0^7\}_{63..bt} \mid pa_{bt-1..8} \mid 1i_{2..0} \mid 10 \mid 10^4
                          WritePhysical(vpa, 256, vdata)
                    endif
             endfor
       endif
       if Tag[vsc+1]_{9..8} = 1 then
             nvsc \leftarrow vsc + 1
       elseif Tag[vsc+2]_{9.8} = 1 then
             nvsc \leftarrow vsc + 2
       elseif Tag[vsc+3]_{9..8} = 1 then
             nvsc \leftarrow vsc + 3
       else
             case cc of
                    NC, CD, WT, WA, PF:
                          \mathsf{nvsc} \leftarrow \mathsf{vsc} + 1
                    LS, SS:
                          nvsc ← vsc //no change
                    endif
             endcase
       endif
       sm \leftarrow 0^{7-pa_{7..5}} | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0pa_{7..5}
 else
       nvsc ← vsc
       tda \leftarrow (bb11) ? Tag[si]_{11} : 0
       if al then
```

```
endif
endif
// write new data into cache and update victim selection and other tag fields
if al then
              if op=R then
                            mesi \leftarrow xen ? E : S
              else
                            mesi ← xen ? M : I TODO
              endif
              case bt of
                             12:
                                           Tag(si) \leftarrow pa_{63..bt} \mid 1 tda \mid 1 Tag(si^2)_{10} \cdot nvsc_{si_0} \mid 1 mesi \mid 1 sm
                                           Tag[si^1]<sub>10</sub> \leftarrow Tag[si^3]<sub>10</sub> ^1 nvsc<sub>1^1si<sub>0</sub></sub>
                             11:
                                           Tag(si) \leftarrow pa_{63..bt} | I Tag(si^2)_{10} \cdot pa_{63..bt} | I Tag(s
                                           Tag[si^1]10 \leftarrow Tag[si^3]10 ^ nvsc<sub>1^si0</sub>
                              10:
                                           Tag[si] \leftarrow pa_{63...bt} \mid 1 \text{ mesi} \mid 1 \text{ sm}
               endcasè
               dt \leftarrow 1
               nca \leftarrow 0xFFFFFFF0000000063_1911011ci11si11pa_{7...5}110^4
               WritePhysical(nca, 256, data)
endif
// retrieve data from cache
if -bd then
               nca \leftarrow 0xFFFFFFF00000000063_{..19}|101|cil|sil|pa7_..5|1|04
               data ← ReadPhysical(nca, 128)
 endif
// write data into cache
if (op=W) and bd and al then
               nca \leftarrow 0xFFFFFFF0000000063_19\101\cil\sil\pa7_5\10^4
               data ← ReadPhysical(nca, 128)
                mdata \leftarrow data_{127..8*[size+pa3..0]} \parallel wdg*[size+pa3..0]-1..8*pa3..0 \parallel data_{8*pa3..0..0}
                WritePhysical(nca, 128, mdata)
 endif
// prefetch into cache
if al=bd and (cc=PF or cc=LS) then
               af \leftarrow 0 // abort fetch if af becomes 1
               for i \leftarrow 0 to 7
                              if -Tag[si]i and -af then
                                            if cen then
                                                           nca \leftarrow 0xFFFFFFF0000000063..1911011cillsi11i2..0110^4
                                                           WritePhysical(nca, 256, data)
                                                          Tag[si]_i \leftarrow 1
                                                           dt ← 1
                                            else
```

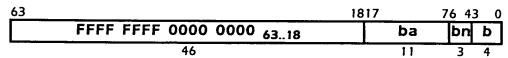
```
af ← 1
endif
endif
endif
endfor
endif

// cache tag writeback if dirty
if dt then
nt ← Tag[si1||1<sup>1</sup>| | | Tag[si1||0<sup>1</sup>|
WritePhysical(0xFFFFFFF0000000063..19||CT||0<sup>5</sup>||ci||si1||0<sup>4</sup>, 128, nt)
endif
enddef
```

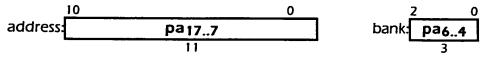
#### Physical address

The LOC data memory banks are accessed implicitly by cached memory accesses to any physical memory location as shown above. The LOC data memory banks are also accessed explicitly by uncached memory accesses to particular physical address ranges. The address mapping of these ranges is designed to facilitate use of a contiguous portion of the LOC cache as niche memory.

The physical address of a LOC hexlet for LOC address ba, bank bn, byte b is:



Within the explicit LOC data range, starting from a physical address pa17..0, the diagram below shows the LOC address (pa17..7) presented to LOC data bank (pa6..4).



The diagram below shows the LOC data memory bank and address referenced by byte address offsets in the explicit LOC data range. Note that this mapping includes the addresses use for LOC tags.

```
Byte offset
        0 bank 0, address 0
16 bank 1, address 0
       32 bank 2, address 0
       48 bank 3, address 0
        64 bank 4, address 0
       80 bank 5, address 0
       96 bank 6, address 0
       112 bank 7, address 0
       128 bank 0, address 1
       144 bank 1, address 1
      160 bank 2, address 1
      176 bank 3, address 1
192 bank 4, address 1
      208 bank 5, address 1
      224 bank 6, address 1
      240 bank 7, address 1
   262016 bank 0, address 2047
   262032 bank 1, address 2047
   262048 bank 2, address 2047
   262064 bank 3, address 2047
   262080 bank 4, address 2047
   262096 bank 5, address 2047
   262112 bank 6, address 2047
262128 bank 7, address 2047
```

#### **Definition**

```
def data ← AccessPhysicalLOC(pa,op,wd) as
      bank ← pa<sub>6..4</sub>
      addr ← pa<sub>17..7</sub>
      case op of
             R:
                    rd ← LOCArray[bank][addr]
                    crc ← LOCRedundancy[bank]
                    data \leftarrow (crc and rd<sub>130..2</sub>) or (-crc and rd<sub>128..0</sub>)
                    p[0] \leftarrow 0
                    for i \leftarrow 0 to 128 by 1
                           p[l+1] \leftarrow p[i] ^ data_i
                    if ControlRegister<sub>61</sub> and (p[129] \neq 1) then
                           raise CacheError
                    endif
             W:
                    p[0] \leftarrow 0
                    for l \leftarrow 0 to 127 by 1
                           p[l+1] \leftarrow p[i] ^ wd_i
                    endfor
                    wd_{128} \leftarrow -p[128]
                    crc ← LOCRedundancy[bank]
                    rdata \leftarrow (crc<sub>126..0</sub> and wd<sub>126..0</sub>) or (-crc<sub>126..0</sub> and wd<sub>128..2</sub>)
```

 $LOCArray[bank][addr] \leftarrow wd_{128..127} \text{ II } rdata \text{ II } wd_{1..0}$  endcase enddef

### Level One Cache Stress Control

LOC cells may be fabricated with marginal parameters, for which changes in clock timing or power supply voltage may cause these LOC cells to fail or pass. When testing the LOC while the part is in a normal circuit environment, rather than a special test environment with changeable power supply levels, cells with marginal parameters may not reliably fail testing.

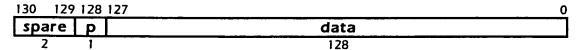
To combat this problem, two bits of the control register, LOC stress, may be set to stress the circuit environment while testing. Under normal operation, these bits are cleared (00), while during stress testing, one or more of these bits are set (01, 10, 11). Self-testing should be performed in each of the environment settings, and the detected failures combined together to produce a reliable test for cells with marginal parameters.

### Level One Cache Redundancy

The LOC contains facilities that can be used to avoid minor defects in the LOC data array.

Each LOC bank has three additional bits of data storage for each 128 bits of memory data (for a total of 131 bits). One of these bits is used to retain odd parity over the 128 bits of memory data, and the other two bits are spare, which can be pressed into service by setting a non-zero value in the LOC redundancy control register for that bank.

Each row of a LOC bank contains 131 bits: 128 bits of memory data, one bit for parity, and two spare bits:



LOC redundancy control has 129 bits::

| 128 127 |         | 0 |
|---------|---------|---|
| рс      | control |   |
| 1       | 178     |   |

Each bit set in the control word causes the corresponding data bit to be selected from a bit address increased by two:

The LOC redundancy control register has 129 bits, but is written with a 128-bit value. To set the pc bit in the LOC redundancy control, a value is written to the control with either bit

124 set (1) or bit 126 set (1). To set bit 124 of the LOC redundancy control, a value is written to the control with both bit 124 set (1) and 126 set (1). When the LOC redundancy control register is read, the process is reversed by selecting the pc bit instead of control bit 124 for the value of bit 124 if control bit 126 is zero (0).

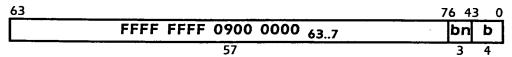
This system can remove one defective column at an even bit position and one defective column at an odd bit position within each LOC block. For each defective column location, x, LOC control bit must be set at bits x, x+2, x+4, x+6, ... If the defective column is in the parity location (bit 128), then set bit 124 only. The following table defines the control bits for parity, bit 126 and bit 124: (other control bits are same as values written)

| value <sub>126</sub> | value <sub>124</sub> | рс | control <sub>126</sub> | control <sub>124</sub> |
|----------------------|----------------------|----|------------------------|------------------------|
| 0                    | 0                    | 0  | 0                      | 0                      |
| 0                    | 1                    | 1  | 0                      | 0                      |
| 1                    | 0                    | 1  | 1                      | 0                      |
| 1                    | 1                    | 1  | 1                      | 1                      |

#### Physical address

The LOC redundancy controls are accessed explicitly by uncached memory accesses to particular physical address ranges.

The physical address of a LOC redundancy control for LOC bank bn, byte b is:



#### **Definition**

```
def data ← AccessPhysicalLOCRedundancy(pa,op,wd) as

bank ← pa6..4

case op of

R:

rd ← LOCRedundancy[bank]

data ← rd<sub>127..125</sub>||(rd<sub>126</sub> ? rd<sub>124</sub> : rd<sub>128</sub>)||rd<sub>123..0</sub>

W:

rd ← (wd<sub>126</sub> or wd<sub>124</sub>)||wd<sub>127..125</sub>||(wd<sub>126</sub> and wd<sub>124</sub>)||wd<sub>123..0</sub>

LOCRedundancy[bank] ← rd

endcase
enddef
```

## Memory Attributes

Fields in the LTB, GTB and cache tag control various attributes of the memory access in the specified region of memory. These include the control of cache consultation, updating, allocation, prefetching, coherence, ordering, victim selection, detail access, and cache prefetching.

#### Cache Control

The cache may be used in one of five ways, depending on a three-bit cache control field (cc) in the LTB and GTB. The cache control field may be set to one of seven states: NC, CD, WT, WA, PF, SS, and LS:

| State                     |   | re      | ad       | W      | rite     | read,  | /write   |
|---------------------------|---|---------|----------|--------|----------|--------|----------|
|                           |   | consult | allocate | update | allocate | victim | prefetch |
| No Cache                  | 0 | No      | No       | No     | No       | No     | No       |
| Cache Disable             | 1 | Yes     | No       | Yes    | No       | No     | No       |
| Write Through             | 2 | Yes     | Yes      | Yes    | No       | No     | No       |
| reserved                  | 3 |         |          |        |          |        |          |
| Write Allocate            | 4 | Yes     | Yes      | Yes    | Yes      | No     | No       |
| <b>P</b> re <b>F</b> etch | 5 | Yes     | Yes      | Yes    | Yes      | No     | Yes      |
| SubStream                 | 6 | Yes     | Yes      | Yes    | Yes      | Yes    | No       |
| LineStream                | 7 | Yes     | Yes      | Yes    | Yes      | Yes    | Yes      |

The Zeus processor controls cc as an attribute in the LTB and GTB, thus software may set this attribute for certain address ranges and clear it for others. A three-bit field indicates the choice of caching, according to the table above. The maximum of the three-bit cache control field (cc) values of the LTB and GTB indicates the choice of caching, according to the table above.

#### No Cache

No Cache (NC) is an attribute that can be set on a LTB or GTB translation region to indicate that the cache is to be not to be consulted. No changes to the cache state result from reads or writes with this attribute set, (except for accesses that directly address the cache via memory-mapped region).

#### Cache Disable

Cache Disable (CD) is an attribute that can be set on a LTB or GTB translation region to indicate that the cache is to be consulted and updated for cache lines which are already present, but no new cache lines or sub-blocks are to be allocated when the cache does not already contain the addressed memory contents.

The "Socket 7" bus also provides a mechanism for supporting chip sets to decide on each access whether data is to be cached, using the CACHE# and KEN# signals. Using these signals, external hardware may cause a region selected as WT, WA or PF to be treated as CD. This mechanism is only active on the first such access to a memory region if caching is enabled, as the cache may satisfy subsequent references without a bus transaction.

#### Write Through

Write Through (WT) is an attribute that can be set on a LTB or GTB translation region to indicate that the writes to the cache must also immediately update backing memory. Reads to addressed memory that is not present in the cache cause cache lines or sub-blocks to be

allocated. Writes to addressed memory that is not present in the cache does not modify cache state.

The "Socket 7" bus also provides a mechanism for supporting chip sets to decide on each access whether data is to be written through, using the PWT and WB/WT# signals. Using these signals, external hardware may cause a region selected as WA or PF to be treated as WT. This mechanism is only active on the first write to each region of memory; as on subsequent references, if the cache line is in the Exclusive or Modified state and writeback caching is enabled on the first reference, no subsequent bus operation occurs, at least until the cache line is flushed.

#### Write Allocate

Write allocate (WA) is an attribute that can be set of a LTB or GTB translation region to indicate that the processor is to allocate a memory block to the cache when the data is not previously present in the cache and the operation to be performed is a store. Reads to addressed memory that is not present in the cache cause cache lines or sub-blocks to be allocated. For cacheable data, write allocate is generally the preferred policy, as allocating the data to the cache reduces further bus traffic for subsequent references (loads or stores) or the data. Write allocate never occurs for data which is not cached. A write allocate brings in the data immediately into the Modified state.

Other "socket 7" processors have the ability to inhibit write allocate to cached locations under certain conditions, related by the address range. K6, for example, can inhibit write allocate in the range of 15-16Mbyte, or for all addresses above a configurable limit with 4Mbyte granularity. Pentium has the ability to label address ranges over which write allocate can be inhibited.

#### **PreFetch**

Prefetch (PF) is an attribute that can be set on a LTB or GTB translation region to indicate that increased prefetching is appropriate for references in this region. Each program fetch, load or store to a cache line that or does not already contain all the sub-blocks causes a prefetch allocation of the remaining sub-blocks. Cache misses cause allocation of the requested sub-block and prefetch allocation of the remaining sub-blocks. Prefetching does not necessarily fill in the entire cache line, as prefetch memory references are performed at a lower priority to other cache and memory reference traffic. A limited number of prefetches (as low as one in the initial implementation) can be queued; the older prefetch requests are terminated as new ones are created.

In other respects, the **PF** attribute is handled in the manner of the **WA** attribute. Prefetching is considered an implementation-dependent feature, and an implementation may choose to implement region with the **PF** attribute exactly as with the **WA** attribute.

Implementations may perform even more aggressive prefetching in future versions. Data may be prefetched into the cache in regions that are cacheable, as a result of program fetches, loads or stores to nearby addresses. Prefetches may extend beyond the cache line associated with the nearby address. Prefetches shall not occur beyond the reach of the GTB

entry associated with the nearby address. Prefetching is terminated if an attempted cache fill results in a bus response that is not cacheable. Prefetches are implementation-dependent behavior, and such behavior may vary as a result of other memory references or other bus activity.

#### <u>SubStream</u>

SubStream (SS) is an attribute that can be set on a LTB or GTB translation region to indicate that references in this region are to be selected as the next victim on a cache miss. In particular, cache misses, which normally place the cache line in the last-to-be-victim state, instead place the cache line in the first-to-be-victim state, except relative to cache lines in the I state.

In other respects, the SS attribute is handled in the manner of the WA attribute. SubStream is considered an implementation-dependent feature, and an implementation may choose to implement region with the SS attribute exactly as with the WA attribute.

The SubStream attribute is appropriate for regions which are large data structures in which the processor is likely to reference the memory data just once or a small number of times, but for which the cache permits the data to be fetched using burst transfers. By making it a priority for victimization, these references are less likely to interfere with caching of data for which the cache performs a longer-term storage function.

#### **LineStream**

LineStream (LS) is an attribute that can be set on a LTB or GTB translation region to indicate that references in this region are to be selected as the next victim on a cache miss, and to enable prefetching. In particular, cache misses, which normally place the cache line in the last-to-be-victim state, instead place the cache line in the first-to-be-victim state, except relative to cache lines in the I state.

In other respects, the LS attribute is handled in the manner of the PF attribute. LineStream is considered an implementation-dependent feature, and an implementation may choose to implement region with the SS attribute exactly as with the PF or WA attributes.

Like the SubStream attribute, the LineStream attribute is particularly appropriate for regions for which large data structures are used in sequential fashion. By prefetching the entire cache line, memory traffic is performed as large sequential bursts of at least 256 bytes, maximizing the available bus utilization.

### Cache Coherence

Cache coherency is maintained by using MESI protocols, for which each cache line (256 bytes) the cache data is kept in one of four states: M, E, S, I:

| State     |   | this Cache data                                    | other Cache data                    | Memory data                                      |
|-----------|---|--|-------------------------------------|--|
| Modified  | 3 | Data is held exclusively in this cache.            | No data is present in other caches. | The contents of main memory are now invalid.     |
| Exclusive | 2 | Data is held exclusively in this cache.            | No data is present in other caches. | Data is the same as the contents of main memory  |
| Shared    | 1 | Data is held in this cache, and possibly others.   | Data is possibly in other caches.   | Data is the same as the contents of main memory. |
| Invalid   | 0 | No data for this location is present in the cache. | Data is possibly in other caches.   | Data is possibly present in main memory.         |

The state is contained in the mesi field of the cache tag.

In addition, because the "Socket 7" bus performs block transfers and cache coherency actions on triclet (32 byte) blocks, each cache line also maintains 8 bits of triclet valid (tv) state. Each bit of tv corresponds to a triclet sub-block of the cache line; bit 0 for bytes 0..31, bit 1 for bytes 32..63, bit 2 for bytes 64..95, etc. If the tv bit is zero (0), the coherence state for that triclet is I, no matter what the value of the mesi field. If the tv bit is one (1), the coherence state is defined by the mesi field. If all the tv bits are cleared (0), the mesi field must also be cleared, indicating an invalid cache line.

Cache coherency activity generally follows the protocols defined by the "Socket 7" bus, as defined by Pentium and K6-2 documentation. However, because the coherence state of a cache line is represented in only 10 bits per 256 bytes (1.25 bits per triclet), a few state transistions are defined differently. The differences are a direct result of attempts to set triclets within a cache line to different MES states that cannot be represented. The data structure allows any triclet to be changed to the I state, so state transitions in this direction match the Pentium processor exactly.

On the Pentium processor, for a cache line in the M state, an external bus Inquiry cycle that does not require invalidation (INV=0) places the cache line in the S state. On the Zeus processor, if no other triclet in the cache line is valid, the mesi field is changed to S. If other triclets in the cache line are valid, the mesi field is left unchanged, and the tv bit for this triclet is turned off, effectively changing it to the I state.

On the Pentium processor, for a cache line in the E state, an external bus Inquiry cycle that does not require invalidation (INV=0) places the cache line in the S state. On the Zeus processor, the mesi field is changed to S. If other triclets in the cache line are valid, the MESI state is effectively changed to the S state for these other triclets.

On the Pentium processor, for a cache line in the S state, an internal store operation causes a write-through cycle and a transition to the E state. On the Zeus processor, the mesi field is changed to E. Other triclets in the cache line are invalidated by clearing the tv bits; the MESI state is effectively changed to the I state for these other triclets.

When allocating data into the cache due to a store operation, data is brought immediately into the Modified state, setting the mesi field to M. If the previous mesi field is S, other triclets which are valid are invalidated by clearing the tv bits. If the previous mesi field is E, other triclets are kept valid and therefore changed to the M state.

When allocating data into the cache due to a load operation, data is brought into the Shared state, if another processor reports that the data is present in its cache or the mesi field is already set to S, the Exclusive state, if no processor reports that the data is present in its cache and the mesi field is currently E or I, or the Modified state if the mesi field is already set to M. The determination is performed by driving PWT low and checking whether WB/WT# is sampled high; if so the line is brought into the Exclusive state. (See page 202 (184) of the K6-2 documentation).

### Strong Ordering

Strong ordering (so) is an attribute which permits certain memory regions to be operated with strong ordering, in which all memory operations are performed exactly in the order specified by the program and others to be operated with weak ordering, in which some memory operations may be performed out of program order.

The Zeus processor controls strong ordering as an attribute in the LTB and GTB, thus software may set this attribute for certain address ranges and clear it for others. A one bit field indicates the choice of access ordering. A one (1) bit indicates strong ordering, while a zero (0) bit indicates weak ordering.

With weak ordering, the memory system may retain store operations in a store buffer indefinitely for later storage into the memory system, or until a synchronization operation to any address performed by the thread that issued the store operation forces the store to occur. Load operations may be performed in any order, subject to requirements that they be performed logically subsequent to prior store operations to the same address, and subsequent to prior synchronization operations to any address. Under weak ordering it is permitted to forward results from a retained store operation to a future load operation to the same address. Operations are considered to be to the same address when any bytes of the operation are in common. Weak ordering is usually appropriate for conventional memory regions, which are side-effect free.

With strong ordering, the memory system must perform load and store operations in the order specified. In particular, strong-ordered load operations are performed in the order specified, and all load operations (whether weak or strong) must be delayed until all previous strong-ordered store operations have been performed, which can have a significant performance impact. Strong ordering is often required for memory-mapped I/O regions, where store operations may have a side-effect on the value returned by loads to other

addresses. Note that Zeus has memory-mapped I/O, such as the TB, for which the use of strong ordering is essential to proper operation of the virtual memory system.

The EWBE# signal in "Socket 7" is of importance in maintaining strong ordering. When a write is performed with the signal inactive, no further writes to E or M state lines may occur until the signal becomes active. Further details are given in Pentium documentation (K6-2 documentation may not apply to this signal.)

### Victim Selection

One bit of the cache tag, the vs bit, controls the selection of which set of the four sets at a cache address should next be chosen as a victim for cache line replacement. Victim selectrion (vs) is an attribute associated with LOC cache blocks. No vs bits are present in the LTB or GTB.

There are two hexlets of tag information for a cache line, and replacement of a set requires writing only one hexlet. To update priority information for victim selection by writing only one hexlet, information in each hexlet is combined by an exclusive-or. It is the nature of the exclusive-or function that altering either of the two hexlets can change the priority information.

#### Full victim selection ordering for four sets

There are 4\*3\*2\*1 = 24 possible orderings of the four sets, which can be completely encoded in as few as 5 bits: 2 bits to indicate highest priority, 2 bits for second-highest priority, 1 bit for third-highest priority, and 0 bits for lowest priority. Dividing this up per set and duplicating per hexlet with the exclusive-or scheme above requires three bits per set, which suggests simply keeping track of the three-highest priority sets with 2 bits each, using 6 bits total and three bits per set.

Specifically, vs bits from the four sets are combined to produce a 6-bit value:

$$vsc \leftarrow (vs/3) \mid |vs/2| \land (vs/1) \mid |vs/0|$$

The highest priority for replacement is set vsc1...0, second highest priority is set vsc3...2, third highest priority is set vsc5...4, and lowest priority is vsc5...4^vsc3...2^vsc1...0. When the highest priority set is replaced, it becomes the new lowest priority and the others are moved up, computing a new vsc by:

When replacing set vsc for a LineStream or SubStream replacement, the priority for replacement is unchanged, unless another set contains the invalid MESI state, computing a new vsc by:

$$vsc \leftarrow mesi[vsc5..4^{vsc3}..2^{vsc1}..0] = I)$$
?  $vsc5..4^{vsc3}..2^{vsc1}..0$  | |  $vsc5..2$ :  
 $(mesi[vsc5..4] = I)$ ?  $vsc5..0$  | |  $vsc5..2$ :  
 $(mesi[vsc3..2] = I)$ ?  $vsc5..4$  |  $vsc1..0$  |  $vsc3..2$ :

Cache flushing and invalidations can cause cache lines to be cleared out of sequential order. Flushing or invalidating a cache line moves that set to highest priority. If that set is already highest priority, the vsc is unchanged. If the set was second or third highest or lowest priority, the vsc is changed to move that set to highest priority, moving the others down.

$$vsc \leftarrow ((fs=vsc_{1..0} \ or \ fs=vsc_{3..2}) \ ? \ vsc_{5..4} : vsc_{3..2}) \ | \ | \ (fs=vsc_{1..0} \ ? \ vsc_{3..2} : vsc_{1..0}) \ | \ | \ fs$$

When updating the hexlet containing vs[1] and vs[0], the new values of vs[1] and vs[0] are:

$$vs[1] \leftarrow vs[3] \land vsc_{5..3}$$

$$vs[0] \leftarrow vs[2] \land vsc_{2..0}$$

When updating the hexlet containing vs[3] and vs[2], the new values of vs[3] and vs[2] are:

$$vs[3] \leftarrow vs[1] \land vsc_{5..3}$$

$$vs/2$$
  $\leftarrow vs/0$   $^ vsc_{2..0}$ 

Software must initialize the vs bits to a legal, consistent state. For example, to set the priority (highest to lowest) to (0, 1, 2, 3), vsc must be set to 0b100100. There are many legal solutions that yield this vsc value, such as  $vs[3] \leftarrow 0$ ,  $vs[2] \leftarrow 0$ ,  $vs[1] \leftarrow 4$ ,  $vs[0] \leftarrow 4$ .

#### Simplified victim selection ordering for four sets

However, the orderings are simplified in the first Zeus implementation, to reduce the number of vs bits to one per set, keeping a two bit vsc state value:

$$vsc \leftarrow (vs[3] | | vs[2]) \land (vs[1] | | vs[0])$$

The highest priority for replacement is set vsc, second highest priority is set vsc+1, third highest priority is set vsc+2, and lowest priority is vsc+3. When the highest priority set is replaced, it becomes the new lowest priority and the others are moved up. Priority is given to sets with invalid MESI state, computing a new vsc by:

$$vsc \leftarrow mesi[vsc+1]=I)$$
?  $vsc + 1$ :  
 $(mesi[vsc+2]=I)$ ?  $vsc + 2$ :  
 $(mesi[vsc+3]=I)$ ?  $vsc + 3$ :  
 $vsc + 1$ 

When replacing set vsc for a LineStream or SubStream replacement, the priority for replacement is unchanged, unless another set contains the invalid MESI state, computing a new vsc by:

```
vsc \leftarrow mesi[vsc+1]=I)? vsc + 1:

(mesi[vsc+2]=I)? vsc + 2:

(mesi[vsc+3]=I)? vsc + 3:

vsc
```

Cache flushing and invalidations can cause cache sets to be cleared out of sequential order. If the current highest priority for replacement is a valid set, the flushed or invalidated set is made highest priority for replacement.

$$vsc \leftarrow (mesi[vsc]=I) ? vsc : fs$$

When updating the hexlet containing vs[1] and vs[0], the new values of vs[1] and vs[0] are:

$$vs[1] \leftarrow vs[3] ^ vsc_1$$

$$vs[0] \leftarrow vs[2] ^ vsc_0$$

When updating the hexlet containing vs[3] and vs[2], the new values of vs[3] and vs[2] are:

$$vs[3] \leftarrow vs[1] ^vsc_1$$

$$vs[2] \leftarrow vs[0] ^vsc_0$$

Software must initialize the vs bits, but any state is legal. For example, to set the priority (highest to lowest) to (0, 1, 2, 3), vsc must be set to 0b00. There are many legal solutions that yield this vsc value, such as vs[3]  $\leftarrow 0$ , vs[2]  $\leftarrow 0$ , vs[1]  $\leftarrow 0$ ,vs[0]  $\leftarrow 0$ .

#### Full victim selection ordering for additional sets

To extend the full-victim-ordering scheme to eight sets, 3\*7=21 bits are needed, which divided among two tags is 11 bits per tag. This is somewhat generous, as the minimum required is 8\*7\*6\*5\*4\*3\*2\*1=40320 orderings, which can be represented in as few as 16 bits. Extending the full-victim-ordering four-set scheme above to represent the first 4 priorities in binary, but to use 2 bits for each of the next 3 priorities requires 3+3+3+2+2+2=18 bits. Representing fewer distinct orderings can further reduce the number of bits used. As an extreme example, using the simplified scheme above with eight sets requires only 3 bits, which divided among two tags is 2 bits per tag.

#### Victim selection without LOC tag bits

At extreme values of the niche limit register (nl in the range 121..124), the bit normally used to hold the vs bit is usurped for use as a physical address bit. Under these conditions, no vsc value is maintained per cache line, instead a single, global vsc value is used to select victims for cache replacement. In this case, the cache consists of four lines, each with four sets. On each replacement a new si value is computed from:

$$gvsc \leftarrow gvsc + 1$$

$$si \leftarrow gvsc ^pa_{11..10}$$

The algorithm above is designed to utilize all four sets on sequential access to memory.

#### Victim selection encoding LOC tag bits

At even more extreme values of the niche limit register (nl in the range 125..127), not only is the bit normally used to hold the vs bit is usurped for use as a physical address bit, but there is a deficit of one or two physical address bits. In this case, the number of sets can be reduced to encode physical address bits into the victim selection, allowing the choice of set to indicate physical address bits 9 or bits 9..8. On each replacement a new vsc valus is computed from:

$$gvsc \leftarrow gvsc + 1$$
  
 $si \leftarrow pag \mid \mid (nl=127) ? pag : gvsc^pa_{10}$ 

The algorithm above is designed to utilize all four sets on sequential access to memory.

#### **Detail Access**

Detail access is an attribute which can be set on a cache block or translation region to indicate that software needs to be consulted on each potential access, to determine whether the access should proceed or not. Setting this attribute causes an exception trap to occur, by which software can examine the virtual address, by for example, locating data in a table, and if indicated, causes the processor to continue execution. In continuing, ephemeral state is set upon returning to the re-execution of the instruction that prevents the exception trap from recurring on this particular re-execution only. The ephemeral state is cleared as soon as the instruction is either completed or subject to another exception, so DetailAccess exceptions can recur on a subsequent execution of the same instruction. Alternatively, if the access is not to proceed, execution has been trapped to software at this point, which can abort the thread or take other corrective action.

The detail access attribute permits specification of access parameters over memory region on arbitrary byte boundaries. This is important for emulators, which must prevent store access to code which has been translated, and for simulating machines which have byte granularity on segment boundaries. The detail access attribute can also be applied to debuggers, which have the need to set breakpoints on byte-level data, or which may use the feature to set code breakpoints on instruction boundaries without altering the program code, enabling breakpoints on code contained in ROM.

A one bit field indicates the choice of detail access. A one (1) bit indicates detail access, while a zero (0) bit indicates no detail access. Detail access is an attribute that can be set by the LTB, the GTB, or a cache tag.

The table below indicates the proper status for all potential values of the detail access bits in the LTB, GTB, and Tag:

| LTB | GTB  | Tag  | status                    |
|-----|------|------|---------------------------|
| 0   | 0    | 0    | OK - normal               |
| 0   | 0    | 1    | AccessDetailRequiredByTag |
| 0   | 1    | 0    | AccessDetailRequiredByGTB |
| 0   | 1    | 1    | OK - GTB inhibited by Tag |
| 1   | 0    | 0    | AccessDetailRequiredByLTB |
| 1   | 0    | 1    | OK - LTB inhibited by Tag |
| 1   | 1    | 0    | OK - LTB inhibited by GTB |
| 1   | 1    | 1    | AccessDetailRequiredByTag |
| 0   | Miss | 1 .  | GTBMiss                   |
| 1   | Miss |      | AccessDetailRequiredByLTB |
| 0   | 0    | Miss | Cache Miss                |
| 0   | 1    | Miss | AccessDetailRequiredByGTB |
| 1   | 0    | Miss | AccessDetailRequiredByLTB |
| 1   | 1    | Miss | Cache Miss                |

The first eight rows show appropriate activities when all three bits are available. The detail access attributes for the LTB, GTB, and cache tag work together to define whether and which kind of detail access exception trap occurs. Generally, setting a single attribute bit causes an exception, while setting two bits inhibits such exceptions. In this way, a detail access exception can be narrowed down to cause an exception over a specified region of memory: Software generally will set the cache tag detail access bit only for regions in which the LTB or GTB also has a detail access bit set. Because cache activity may flush and refill cache lines implicity, it is not generally useful to set the cache tag detail access bit alone, but if this occurs, the AccessDetailRequiredByTag exception catches such an attempt.

The next two rows show appropropriate activities on a GTB miss. On a GTB miss, the detail access bit in the GTB is not present. If the LTB indicates detail access and the GTB misses, the AccessDetailRequiredByLTB exception should be indicated. If software continues from the AccessDetailRequiredByLTB exception and has not filled in the GTB, the GTBMiss exception happens next. Since the GTBMiss exception is not a continuation exception, a re-execution after the GTBMiss exception can cause a reoccurence of the AccessDetailRequiredByLTB exception. Alternatively, if software continues from the AccessDetailRequiredByLTB exception and has filled in the GTB, the AccessDetailRequiredByLTB exception is inhibited for that reference, no matter what the status of the GTB and Tag detail bits, but the re-executed instruction is still subject to the AccessDetailRequiredByGTB and AccessDetailRequiredByTag exceptions.

The last four rows show appropriate activities for a cache miss. On a cache miss, the detail access bit in the tag is not present. If the LTB or GTB indicates detail access and the cache misses, the AccessDetailRequiredByLTB or AccessDetailRequiredByGTB exception should be indicated. If software continues from these exceptions and has not filled in the cache, a cache miss happens next. If software continues from the AccessDetailRequiredByLTB or AccessDetailRequiredByGTB exception and has filled in the cache, the previous exception is inhibited for that reference, no matter what the status of the Tag detail bit, but is still subject to the AccessDetailRequiredByTag exception. When the detail bit must be created from a cache miss, the intial value filled in is zero. Software may set the bit, thus turning off AccessDetailRequired exceptions per cache line. If the cache line is flushed and refilled, the

detail access bit in the cache tag is again reset to zero, and another AccessDetailRequired exception occurs.

Settings of the niche limit parameter to values that require use of the da bit in the LOC tag for retaining the physical address usurp the capability to set the Tag detail access bit. Under such conditions, the Tag detail access bit is effectively always zero (0), so it cannot inhibit AccessDetailRequiredByLTB, inhibit AccessDetailRequiredByGTB, or cause AccessDetailRequiredByTag.

The execution of a Zeus instruction has a reference to one quadlet of instruction, which may be subject to the DetailAccess exceptions, and a reference to data, which may be unaligned or wide. These unaligned or wide references may cross GTB or cache boundaries, and thus involve multiple separate reference that are combined together, each of which may be subject to the DetailAccess exception. There is sufficient information in the DetailAccess exception handler to process unaligned or wide references.

The implementation is free to indicate DetailAccess exceptions for unaligned and wide data references either in combined form, or with each sub-reference separated. For example, in an unaligned reference that crosses a GTB or cache boundary, a DetailAccess exception may be indicated for a portion of the reference. The exception may report the virtual address and size of the complete reference, and upon continuing, may inhibit reoccurrence of the DetailAccess exception for any portion of the reference. Alternatively, it may report the virtual address and size of only a reference portion and inhibit reoccurrence of the DetailAccess exception for only that portion of the reference, subject to another DetailAccess exception occurring for the remaining portion of the reference.

## Micro Translation Buffer

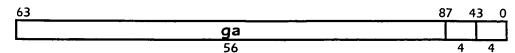
The Micro Translation Buffer (MTB) is an implementation-dependent structure which reduces the access traffic to the GTB and the LOC tags. The MTB contains and caches information read from the GTB and LOC tags, and is consulted on each access to the LOC.

To access the LOC, a global address is supplied to the Micro-Translation Buffer (MTB), which associatively looks up the global address into a table holding a subset of the LOC tags. In addition, each table entry contains the physical address bits 14..8 (7 bits) and set identifier (2 bits) required to access the LOC data.

In the first Zeus implementation, there are two MTB blocks - MTB 0 is used for threads 0 and 1, and MTB 1 is used for threads 2 and 3. Per clock cycle, each MTB block can check for 4 simultaneous references to the LOC. Each MTB block has 16 entries.

Each MTB entry consists of a bit less than 128 bits of information, including a 56-bit global address tag, 8 bits of privilege level required for read, write, execute, and gateway access, a detail bit, and 10 bits of cache state indicating for each triclet (32 bytes) sub-block, the MESI state.

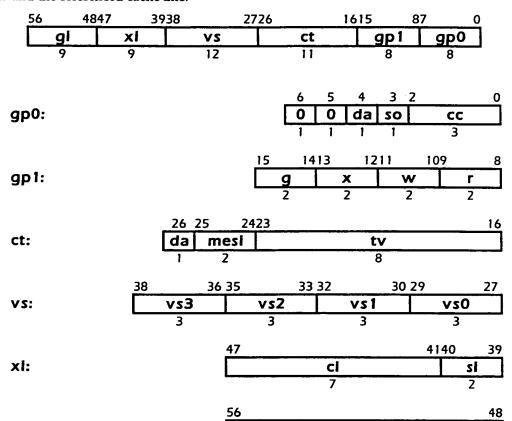
#### Match



#### **Output**

gl:

The output of the MTB combines physical address and protection information from the GTB and the referenced cache line.



gi

The meaning of the fields are given by the following table:

| name | size | meaning   |
|------|------|---|
| ga   | 56   | global address  |
| gi   | 9    | GTB index   |
| ci   | 7    | cache index   |
| si   | 2    | set index   |
| VS   | 12   | victim select   |
| da   | 1    | detail access (from cache line)                                 |
| mesi | 2    | coherency: modified (3), exclusive (2), shared (1), invalid (0) |
| tv   | 8    | triclet valid (1) or invalid (0)                                |
| g    | 2    | minimum privilege required for gateway access                   |
| Х    | 2    | minimum privilege required for execute access                   |
| W    | 2    | minimum privilege required for write access                     |
| r    | 2    | minimum privilege required for read access                      |
| 0    | 1    | reserved  |
| da   | 1    | detail access (from GTB)  |
| so   | 1    | strong ordering   |
| cc   | 3    | cache control   |

With an MTB hit, the resulting cache index (14..8 from the MTB, bit 7 from the LA) and set identifier (2 bits from the MTB) are applied to the LOC data bank selected from bits 6..4 of the GVA. The access protection information (pr and rwxg) is supplied from the MTB.

With an MTB (and BTB) miss, a victim entry is selected for replacement. The MTB and BTB are always clean, so the victim entry is discarded without a writeback. The GTB (described below) is referenced to obtain a physical address and protection information. Depending on the access information in the GTB, either the MTB or BTB is filled.

Note that the processing of the physical address pa14..8 against the niche limit nl can be performed on the physical address from the GTB, producing the LOC address, ci. The LOC address, after processing against the nl is placed into the MTB directly, reducing the latency of an MTB hit.

Four tags are fetched from the LOC tags and compared against the PA to determine which of the four sets contain the data. If one of the four sets contains the correct physical address, a victim MTB entry is selected for replacement, the MTB is filled and the LOC access proceeds. If none of the four sets is a hit, an LOC miss occurs.

MTB miss GTB cam LOC tag MTB fill

MTB victim

LOC miss

The operation of the MTB is largely not visible to software - hardware mechanisms are responsible for automatically initializing, filling and flushing the MTB. Activity that modifies the GTB or LOC tag state may require that one or more MTB entries are flushed.

A write to the GTBUpdate register that updates a matching entry, a write to the GTBUpdateFill register, or a direct write to the GTB all flush relevant entries from the MTB. MTB flushing is accomplished by searching MTB entries for values that match on the gi field with the GTB entry that has been modified. Each such matching MTB entry is flushed.

The MTB is kept synchronous with the LOC tags, particularly with respect to MESI state. On an LOC miss or LOC snoop, any changes in MESI state update (or flush) MTB entries which physically match the address. If the MTB may contain less than the full physical address: it is sufficient to retain the LOC physical address (ci | | v | | si).

### **Block Translation Buffer**

Zeus has a per thread "Block Translation Buffer" (BTB). The BTB retains GTB information for uncached address blocks. The BTB is used in parallel with the MTB - exactly one of the BTB or MTB may translate a particular reference. When both the BTB and MTB miss, the GTB is consulted, and depending on the result, the block is filled into either the MTB or BTB as appropriate. In the first Zeus implementation, the BTB has 2 entries for each thread.

BTB entries cover any power-of-two granularity, as they retain the size information from the GTB. BTB entries contain no MESI state, as they only contain uncached blocks.

Each BTB entry consists of 128 bits of information, containing the same information in the same format as a GTB entry.

Niche blocks are indicated by GTB information, and correspond to blocks of data that are retained in the LOC and never miss. A special physical address range indicates niche blocks. For this address range, the BTB enables use of the LOC as a niche memory, generating the "set select" address bits from low-order address bits. There is no checking of the LOC tags for consistent use of the LOC as a niche - the nl field must be preset by software so that LOC cache replacement never claims the LOC niche space, and only BTB miss and protection bits prevent software from using the cache portion of the LOC as niche.

Other address ranges include other on-chip resources, such as bus interface registers, the control register and status register, as well as off-chip memory, accessed through the bus interface. Each of these regions are accessible as uncached memory.

## Program Translation Buffer

Later implementations of Zeus may optionally have a per thread "Program Translation Buffer" (PTB). The PTB retains GTB and LOC cache tag information. The PTB enables generation of LOC instruction fetching in parallel with load/store fetching. The PTB is updated when instruction fetching crosses a cache line boundary (each 64 instructions in straight-line code). The PTB functions similarly to a one-entry MTB, but can use the sequential nature of program code fetching to avoid checking the 56-bit match. The PTB is flushed at the same time as the MTB.

The initial implementation of Zeus has no PTB - the MTB suffices for this function.

## Global Virtual Cache

The initial implementation of Zeus contains cache which is both indexed and tagged by a physical address. Other prototype implementations have used a global vitual address to index and/or tag an internal cache. This section will define the required characteristics of a global vitually-indexed cache. TODO

## Memory Interface

Dedicated hardware mechanisms are provided to fetch data blocks in the levels zero and one caches, provided that a matching entry can be found in the MTB or GTB (or if the MMU is disabled). Dedicated hardware mechanisms are provided to store back data blocks in the level zero and one caches, regardless of the state of the MTB and GTB. When no entry is to be found in the GTB, an exception handler is invoked either to generate the required information from the virtual address, or to place an entry in the GTB to provide for automatic handling of this and other similarly addressed data blocks.

The initial implementation of Zeus accesses the remainder of the memory system through the "Socket 7" interface. Via this interface, Zeus accesses a secondary cache, DRAM memory, external ROM memory, and an I/O system The size and presence of the secondary cache and the DRAM memory array, and the contents of the external ROM memory and the I/O system are variables in the processor environment.

### **Microarchitecture**

Each thread has two address generation units, capable of producing two aligned, or one unaligned load or store operation per cycle. Alternatively, these units may produce a single load or store address and a branch target address.

Each thread has a LTB, which translates the two addresses into global virtual addresses.

Each pair of threads has a MTB, which looks up the four references into the LOC. The PTB provides for additional references that are program code fetches.

In parallel with the MTB, these four references are combined with the four references from the other thread pair and partitioned into even and odd hexlet references. Up to four references are selected for each of the even and odd portions of the LZC. One reference for each of the eight banks of the LOC (four are even hexlets; four are odd hexlets) are selected from the eight load/store/branch references and the PTB references.

Some references may be directed to both the LZC and LOC, in which case the LZC hit causes the LOC data to be ignored. An LZC miss which hits in the MTB is filled from the LOC to the LZC. An LZC miss which misses in the MTB causes a GTB access and LOC tag access, then an MTB fill and LOC access, then an LZC fill.

Priority of access: (highest/lowest) cache dump, cache fill, load, program, store.

## Snoop

The "Socket 7" bus requires certain bus accesses to be checked against on-chip caches. On a bus read, the address is checked against the on-chip caches, with accesses aborted when requested data is in an internal cache in the M state, and the E state, the internal cache is changed to the S state. On a bus write, data written must update data in on-chip caches. To meet these requirements, physical bus addresses must be checked against the LOC tags.

The S7 bus requires that responses to inquire cycles occur with fixed timing. At least with certain combinations of bus and processor clock rate, inquire cycles will require top priority to meet the inquire response timing requirement.

Synchronization operations must take into account bus activity - generally a synchronization operation can only proceed on cached data which is in Exclusive or Modified – if cached data in Shared state, ownership must be obtained. Data that is not cached must be accessed using locked bus cycles.

### Load

Load operations require partitioning into reads that do not cross a hexlet (128 bit) boundary, checking for store conflicts, checking the LZC, checking the LOC, and reading from memory. Execute and Gateway accesses are always aligned and since they are smaller than a hexlet, do not cross a hexlet boundary.

Note: S7 processors perform unaligned operations LSB first, MSB last, up to 64 bits at a time. Unaligned 128 bit loads need 3 64-bit operations, LSB, octlet, MSB. Transfers which are smaller than a hexlet but larger than an octlet are further divided in the S7 bus unit.

#### **Definition**

```
def data ← LoadMemoryX(ba,la,size,order)
     assert (order = L) and ((la and (size/8-1)) = 0) and (size = 32)
    hdata ← TranslateAndCacheAccess(ba,la,size,X,0)
     data ← hdata31+8*(la and 15)..8*(la and 15)
enddef
def data ← LoadMemoryG(ba,la,size,order)
     assert (order = L) and ((la and (size/8-1)) = 0) and (size = 64)
     hdata ← TranslateAndCacheAccess(ba,la,size,G,0)
     data ← hdata63+8*(la and 15)..8*(la and 15)
enddef
def data ← LoadMemory(ba,la,size,order)
     if (size > 128) then
          data0 ← LoadMemory(ba, la,size/2, order)
          data1 ← LoadMemory(ba, la+(size/2), size/2, order)
          case order of
               1.
                    data ← data1 II data0
               B:
```

```
data ← data0 | I data1
           endcase
     eise
           bs ← 8*la4..0
           be \leftarrow bs + size
           if be > 128 then
                 data0 ← LoadMemory(ba, la, 128 - bs, order)
                 data1 \leftarrow LoadMemory(ba, (la<sub>63.5</sub> + 1) | 1 | 0<sup>4</sup>, be - 128, order)
                 case order of
                       L:
                             data ← (data1 | I data0)
                       B:
                             data ← (data0 || data1)
                 endcase
           else
                 hdata ← TranslateAndCacheAccess(ba,la,size,R,0)
                 for i \leftarrow 0 to size-8 by 8
                       j \leftarrow bs + ((order=L) ? i : size-8-i)
                       data_{i+7..i} \leftarrow hdata_{i+7..i}
                 endfor
            endif
      endif
enddef
```

## Store

Store operations requires partitioning into stores less than 128 bits that do not cross hexlet boundaries, checking for store conflicts, checking the LZC, checking the LOC, and storing into memory.

#### **Definition**

```
def StoreMemory(ba,la,size,order,data)
      bs ← 8*la4..0
      be \leftarrow bs + size
      if be > 128 then
            case order of
                  Ŀ
                        data0 ← data<sub>127-bs..0</sub>
                        data1 ← data<sub>size-1..128-bs</sub>
                  B:
                        data0 ← data<sub>size-1..be-128</sub>
                        data1 ← data<sub>be-129..0</sub>
            endcase
            StoreMemory(ba, la, 128 - bs, order, data0)
            StoreMemory(ba, (la_{63...5} + 1) 11 0^4, be - 128, order, data1)
      else
            for i \leftarrow 0 to size-8 by 8
                  j \leftarrow bs + ((order=L) ? i : size-8-i)
                  hdata_{j+7..j} \leftarrow data_{j+7..i}
            endfor
            xdata ← TranslateAndCacheAccess(ba, la, size, W, hdata)
```

endif enddef

## <u>Memory</u>

Memory operations require first translating via the LTB and GTB, checking for access exceptions, then accessing the cache.

```
def hdata ← TranslateAndCacheAccess(ba,la,size,rwxg,hwdata)
     if ControlRegister62 then
           case rwxg of
                 R:
                       at \leftarrow 0
                 W:
                      at \leftarrow 1
                 X:
                       at ← 2
                 G:
                       at \leftarrow 3
           endcase
           rw \leftarrow (rwxg=W) ? W : R
           ga,LocalProtect ← LocalTranslation(th,ba,la,pl)
           if LocalProtect9+2*at.8+2*at < pl then
                 raise AccessDisallowedByLTB
           endif
           Ida ← LocalProtect4
           pa,GlobalProtect ← GlobalTranslation(th,ga,pl,lda)
           if GlobalProtect9+2*at.8+2*at < pl then
                 raise AccessDisallowedByGTB
           endif
           cc \leftarrow (LocalProtect_{2..0} > GlobalProtect_{2..0}) ? LocalProtect<sub>2..0</sub> : GlobalProtect<sub>2..0</sub>
           so ← LocalProtect<sub>3</sub> or GlobalProtect<sub>3</sub>
            gda ← GlobalProtect₄
            hdata,TagProtect 		LevelOneCacheAccess(pa,size,Ida,gda,cc,rw,hwdata)
            if (Ida ^ gda ^ TagProtect) = 1 then
                 if TagProtect then
                       PerformAccessDetail(AccessDetailRequiredByTag)
                 elseif gda then
                       PerformAccessDetail(AccessDetailRequiredByGlobalTB)
                  else
                       PerformAccessDetail(AccessDetailRequiredByLocalTB)
                  endif
           endif
      else
            case rwxg of
                  R, X, G:
                       hdata ← ReadPhysical(la,size)
                       WritePhysical(la,size,hwdata)
            endcase
      endif
enddef
```

# Bus interface

The initial implementation of the Zeus processor uses a "Super Socket 7 compatible" (SS7) bus interface, which is generally similar to and compatible with other "Socket 7" and "Super Socket 7" processors such as the Intel Pentium, Pentium with MMX Technology; AMD K6, K6-II, K6-III; IDT Winchip C6, 2, 2A, 3, 4; Cyrix 6x86, etc. and other "Socket 7" chipsets listed below.

The SS7 bus interface behavior is quite complex, but well-known due to the leading position of the Intel Pentium design. This document does not yet contain all the detailed information related to this bus, and will concentrate on the differences between the Zeus SS7 bus and other designs. For functional specification and pin interface behavior, the *Pentium Processor Family Developer's Manual*<sup>27</sup> is a primary reference. For 100 MHz SS7 bus timing data, the *AMD K6-2 Processor Data Sheet*<sup>28</sup> is a primary reference.

## Motherboard Chipsets

The following motherboard chipsets are designed for the 100 MHz "Socket 7" bus:

| Manufacturer               | Website          | Chipset       | clock<br>rate | North<br>bridge          | South<br>bridge |
|----------------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| VIA technologies, Inc.     | www.via.com.tw   | Apollo MVP3   | 100 MHz       | vt82c598at <sup>29</sup> | vt82c598b       |
| Silicon Integrated Systems | www.sis.com.tw   | SiS 5591/5592 | 75 MHz        | SiS 5591 <sup>30</sup>   | SiS 5595        |
| Acer Laboratories, Inc.    | www.acerlabs.com | Ali Aladdin V | 100 MHz       | M1541 <sup>31</sup>      | M1543C          |

The following processors are designed for a "Socket 7" bus:

| Manufacturer           | Website         | Chips       | clock rate |
|------------------------|-----------------|-------------|------------|
| Advanced Micro Devices | www.amd.com     | K6-2        | 100 MHz    |
| Advanced Micro Devices | www.amd.com     | K6-3        | 100 MHz    |
| Intel                  | www.intel.com   | Pentium MMX | 66 MHz     |
| IDT/Centaur            | www.winchip.com | Winchip C6  | 75 MHz     |
| IDT/Centaur            | www.winchip.com | Winchip 2   | 100 MHz    |
| IDT/Centaur            | www.winchip.com | Winchip 2A  | 100 MHz    |
| IDT/Centaur            | www.winchip.com | Winchip 4   | 100 MHz    |
| NSM/Cyrix              | www.cyrix.com   | ·           |            |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> http://home.microunity.com/~craig/standards/intel/intel-pentium-family-developers-manual-1997-24142805.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> http://home.microunity.com/~craig/standards/amd/amd-k62-data-sheet-21850c.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> http://home.microunity.com/~craig/standards/via/via-apollo-mvp3-vt82c598at-598.pdf

<sup>30</sup> http://home.microunity.com/~craig/standards/sis/5591ds10.doc

<sup>31</sup> http://home.microunity.com/~craig/standards/acer/aladdin5pb.htm

## **Pinout**

In the diagram below, signals which are different from Pentium pinout, are indicated by italics and underlining. Generally, other Pentium-compatible processors (such as the AMD K6-2) define these signals.

```
37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9
                 INC
                                                                                             ΑN
AN
     A30
AM
                                                           VSS
                                                               VSS
                                                                    vss
                                                                         VSS W/R# EADS# ADSC#
                                                                                              AM
                                  VSS
                                       VZZ
                                            VSS
                                                 VSS
                                                      VSS
                                        A20
                                             NC SCYC BE6# BE4# BE2# BE0# BUSCHR# HITM# PWT VCC2
AK
          A29
                         A13 A15 A17 A19 RESET CLK BE7# BE5# BE3# BE1# A20M# HIT#
                                                                                 D/C# AP
                                                                                              ΑK
                                                                                ADS# HLDA BREQ
                                                                                              ΑJ
Aŀ
          A26
                                                                                  LOCK# VSS
                                                                                              АН
   VCC3 A24 A27
                                                                                PCD SMIACT# VCC2
AG
                                                                                              AG
      VSS A21
                                                                                  PCHK# VSS
ΑE
   VCC3 D/P# A23
                                                                                APCHK# PBREQ# VCCZ
                                                                                              ΑE
ΑD
      22V
          INTR
                                                                                  PBGNT# VSS
                                                                                              ΑD
   VCC3 R/S#
                                                                                PRDY PHITM# VCC2
AC
      VSS SMI#
                                                                                              ΑВ
AB
                                                                                  HOLD VSS
   VCC3 IGNNE# INIT
                                                                                WB/WT# PHIT# VCCZ
AΑ
                                                                                              AΑ
Z
      VSS PEN#
                                                                                  BOFF# VSS
                                                                                 NA# BRDYC# VCCZ
   VCC3 FRCMC# BFO
х
      VSS BF1
                                                                                  BRDY# VSS
W
   VCC3 BF2 NC
                                                                                KEN# EWBE# VCC2
                                                                                               w
      VSS STPCLK#
                                                                                  AHOLD VSS
v
   ACC3 AZZ ACC3
                                                                                 INV CACHED VCCZ
T
      VSS VCC3
                                                                                  MI/O# VSS
S
   VCC3 NC
                                                                                 BP3 BP2 VCC2
                                                                                  PM1BP1 VSS
Q
   VCC3 CPUTYP TRST#
                                                                                FERR# PMOBPO VCC2
                                                                                               Q
      VSS TMS
                                                                                   IERR# VSS
   VCC3 TDI TDO
                                                                                 DP7 D63 VCC2
      VSS TCK
                                                                                   D62 VSS
м
   VCC3 PICDI VCC3
                                                                                 D60 D61 VCC2
 Κ
         DO
                                                                                   D59 VSS
                                                                                               ĸ
   VCC3 D2 PICD0
                                                                                 D58 D57 VCC2
н
      VSS PICCLK
 G
        DI
                                                                                      D55
                                                                                               G
 F
           D5.
      D4
                                                                                   D51
 Ε
        AZ5
                                                                                               Ε
 D
                                                 DP3
                                                                D37
                                                                     D39
                                                                                               D
           D8
                    DP1
                         D19
                              D23
                                   D26
                                       D28
                                            D30
                                                      D33
                                                          D35
                                                                         D40
 c
                                                                                               c
        D10 D14
                      D21 D24
                                DP2
                                     D25 D27 D29 D31
                                                        D32
                                                             D34
                                                                  D36
                                                                       D38
                   D20 VSS
                              VZS
                                   VSS
                                        ∨zs
                                             NZZ
                                                 VSS
                                                      ^22
                                                           VSS
                                                                VZZ
                                                                     VSS
                                                                                               8
        INC
    37 36 35 34 33 32 31 30 29 28 27 26 25 24 23 22 21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1
```

## Pin summary

| A20M#  | 1  | Address bit 20 Mask is an emulator signal.  |
|--------|----|---|
| A31.A3 | 10 | Address, in combination with byte enable, indicate  |
|        |    | the physical addresses of memory or device that is the target of a bus transaction. This signal is an output, |

|                                       |          | when the processor is initiating the bus transaction,     |
|---------------------------------------|----------|---|
|                                       |          | and an input when the processor is receiving an           |
|                                       |          | inquire transaction or snooping another processor's bus   |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |          | transaction.  |
| ADS#                                  | 10       | ADdress Strobe, when asserted, indicates new bus          |
|                                       |          | transaction by the processor, with valid address and      |
|                                       | <u> </u> | byte enable simultaneously driven.                        |
| ADSC#                                 | 0        | Address Strobe Copy is driven identically to              |
|                                       |          | address strobe  |
| AHOLD                                 |          | Address HOLD, when asserted, causes the processor         |
|                                       | 1        | to cease driving address and address parity in the        |
|                                       |          | next bus clock cycle.                                     |
| AP                                    | 10       | Address Parity contains even parity on the same           |
|                                       |          | cycle as address. Address parity is generated by          |
|                                       |          | the processor when address is an output, and is           |
|                                       |          | checked when address is an input. A parity error          |
|                                       |          | causes a bus error machine check.                         |
| APCHK#                                | 0        | Address Parity CHeck is asserted two bus clocks           |
| ,                                     |          | after EADS# if address parity is not even parity of       |
|                                       |          | address.  |
| APICEN                                | 1        | Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller                |
|                                       |          | ENable is not implemented.                                |
| BE7#BE0#                              | 10       |   |
|                                       |          | a read or write transaction and are driven on the         |
|                                       |          | same cycle as address.                                    |
| BF1BF0                                | T        | <b>Bus Frequency</b> is sampled to permit software to     |
|                                       |          | select the ratio of the processor clock to the bus clock. |
| BOFF#                                 | I        | BackOFF is sampled on the rising edge of each bus         |
|                                       |          | clock, and when asserted, the processor floats bus        |
|                                       |          | signals on the next bus clock and aborts the current      |
|                                       | 1.       | bus cycle, until the backoff signal is sampled negated.   |
| BP3BP0                                | 0        | BreakPoint is an emulator signal.                         |
| BRDY#                                 | 1        | Bus ReaDY indicates that valid data is present on         |
|                                       |          | data on a read transaction, or that data has been         |
| •                                     |          | accepted on a write transaction.                          |
| BRDYC#                                | 1        | Bus ReaDY Copy is identical to BRDY#; asserting           |
|                                       |          | either signal has the same effect.                        |
| BREQ                                  | 0        | Bus REQuest indicates a processor initiated bus           |
| :                                     | -        | request.  |
| BUSCHK#                               | T        | BUS CHeck is sampled on the rising edge of the bus        |
|                                       |          | clock, and when asserted, causes a bus error machine      |
|                                       | İ        | check.  |
| CACHE#                                | 0        | CACHE, when asserted, indicates a cacheable read          |
|                                       |          | transaction or a burst write transaction.                 |
| CLK                                   | 1,       | bus <b>CLock</b> provides the bus clock timing edge and   |
| 1                                     | 1        | the frequency reference for the processor clock.          |
| CPUTYP                                | 1        | CPU TYP , if low indicates the primary processor, if      |
|                                       | '        | high, the dual processor.                                 |
| <u> </u>                              |          | riigii, are addi processor.                               |

| D/C#       | 1             | Data/Cod is driven with the address signal to                |
|------------|---------------|--|
| D/ C#      | '             | indicate data, code, or special cycles.                      |
| D63D0      | 10            | Data communicates 64 bits of data per bus clock.             |
| D/P#       | 0             |  |
| U/ F#      |               | Dual/Primary is driven (asserted, low) with address          |
| D07 D00    | -             | on the primary processor                                     |
| DP7DP0     | 10            | Data Parity contains even parity on the same cycle           |
|            |               | as <b>data</b> . A parity error causes a bus error machine   |
| DDEN!      |               | check.   |
| DPEN#      | 10            |  |
|            |               | a Dual processor at reset and sampled by a Primary           |
|            |               | processor at the falling edge of reset.                      |
| EADS#      | 1             | External Address Strobe indicates that an external           |
|            |               | device has driven <b>address</b> for an inquire cycle.       |
| EWBE#      |               | External Write Buffer Empty indicates that the               |
|            | <u> </u>      | external system has no pending write.                        |
| FERR#      | 0             |  |
| FLUSH#     | 1             | cache FLUSH is an emulator signal.                           |
| FRCMC#     |               | Functional Redundancy Checking                               |
|            |               | Master/Checker is not implemented.                           |
| HIT#       | 10            | HIT indicates that an inquire cycle or cache snoop hits      |
|            |               | a valid line.  |
| HITM#      | 10            | HIT to a Modfled line indicates that an inquire              |
|            | 1             | cycle or cache snoop hits a sub-block in the M cache         |
|            |               | state.   |
| HLDA       | О             | bus HoLD Acknowlege is asserted (driven high) to             |
|            |               | acknowlege a bus hold request                                |
| HOLD       | 1             | bus HOLD request causes the processor to float               |
|            |               | most of its pins and assert bus hold acknowlege              |
|            |               | after completing all outstanding bus transactions, or        |
| :          |               | during reset.  |
| IERR#      | О             | Internal ERRor is an emulator signal.                        |
| IGNNE#     | 1             | IGNore Numeric Error is an emulator signal.                  |
| INIT       | 1             | INITialization is an emulator signal.                        |
| INTR       | ti            | maskable INTeRrupt is an emulator signal.                    |
| INV        | <del>li</del> | INValidation controls whether to invalidate the              |
|            | 1             | addressed cache sub-block on an inqure transaction.          |
| KEN#       | 1             | Cache ENable is driven with address to indicate              |
|            | 1             | that the read or write transaction is cacheable.             |
| LINT1LINTO | +-            | Local INTerrupt is not implemented.                          |
| LOCK#      | 6             | bus LOCK is driven starting with address and                 |
| LOCIA      |               | ending after <b>bus ready</b> to indicate a locked series of |
|            |               | bus transactions.  |
| M/IO#      | 0             | Memory/Input Output is driven with address to                |
| 141/10#    |               | indicate a memory or I/O transaction.                        |
| NA#        | +-            | Next Address indicates that the external system will         |
| I W W      | '             | accept an address for a new bus cycle in two bus             |
| -          |               | clocks.  |
| NMI        | 1             |  |
| LAMI       | 11            | Non Maskabl Interrupt is an emulator signal.                 |

| DDC NT#    | 10 | Debugge Due CrahlT is driven between Primary and       |
|------------|----|--|
| PBGNT#     | 10 |  |
|            |    | Dual processors to indicate that bus arbitration has   |
| DDDEO#     |    | completed, granting a new master access to the bus.    |
| PBREQ#     | 10 | Private Bus REQuest is driven between Primary and      |
|            |    | Dual processors to request a new master access to the  |
|            |    | bus.   |
| PCD        | 0  | Page Cache Disable is driven with address to           |
|            |    | indicate a not cacheable transaction.                  |
| PCHK#      | 0  | Parity CHeck is asserted (driven low) two bus clocks   |
|            |    | after data appears with odd parity on enabled bytes.   |
| PHIT#      | 10 | Private HIT is driven between Primary and Dual         |
|            | 1  | processors to indicate that the current read or write  |
|            |    | transaction addresses a valid cache sub-block in the   |
|            |    | slave processor.                                       |
| PHITM#     | 10 |  |
|            | ł  | Dual processors to indicate that the current read or   |
|            |    | write transaction addresses a modified cache sub-block |
|            |    | in the slave processor.                                |
| PICCLK     | 1  | Programmable Interrupt Controller CLock is not         |
|            |    | implemented.   |
| PICD1PICD0 | 10 | Programmable Interrupt Controller Data is not          |
|            |    | implemented.   |
| PEN#       | 1  | Parity Enable, if active on the data cycle, allows a   |
|            |    | parity error to cause a bus error machine check.       |
| PM1PM0     | 0  | Performance Monitoring is an emulator signal.          |
| PRDY       | 0  | Probe ReaDY is not implemented.                        |
| PW/T       | 0  | Page Write Through is driven with address to           |
|            |    | indicate a not write allocate transaction.             |
| R/S#       | 1  | Run/Stop is not implemented.                           |
| RESET      | 1  | RESET causes a processor reset.                        |
| SCYC       | 0  | Split CYCle is asserted during bus lock to indicate    |
|            |    | that more than two transactions are in the series of   |
|            |    | bus transactions.                                      |
| SMI#       | 1  | System Management Interrupt is an emulator             |
|            |    | signal.  |
| SMIACT#    | 0  | System Management Interrupt ACTIVe is an               |
|            |    | emulator signal.                                       |
| STPCLK#    | T  | STOP CLock is an emulator signal.                      |
| TCK        | 1  | Test CLock follows IEEE 1149.1.                        |
| TDI        | 1  | Test Data Input follows IEEE 1149.1.                   |
| TDO        | 0  | Test Data Output follows IEEE 1149.1.                  |
| TMS        | T  | Test Mode Select follows IEEE 1149.1.                  |
| TRST#      | 1  | Test ReSeT follows IEEE 1149.1.                        |
| VCC2       | li | VCC of 2.8V at 25 pins                                 |
| VCC3       | ti | VCC of 3.3V at 28 pins                                 |
| VCC2DET#   | 0  | VCC2 DETect sets appropriate VCC2 voltage level.       |
| VSS        | Ť  | VSS supplied at 53 pins                                |
|            |    |  |
| W/R#       | 10 | Write/Read is driven with address to indicate write    |

Bus interface

|        |   | vs. read transaction.                              |
|--------|---|--|
| WB/WT# | 1 | Write Back/Write Through is returned to indicate   |
|        |   | that data is permitted to be cached as write back. |

# **Electrical Specifications**

These preliminary electrical specifications provide AC and DC parameters that are required for "Super Socket 7" compatibility.

| Clock rate               | 66 N | 1Hz  | 75 N | 1Hz  | 100  | MHz  | 133 | MHz |      |
|--------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|-----|------|
| Parameter                | min  | max  | min  | max  | min  | max  | min | max | unit |
| CLK frequency            |      |      | 37.5 |      | 50   | 100  |     | 133 | MHz  |
| CLK period               | 15.0 | 30.0 | 13.3 | 26.3 | 10.0 | 20.0 |     |     | ns   |
| CLK high time (≥2v)      | 4.0  |      | 4.0  |      | 3.0  |      |     |     | ns   |
| CLK low time (≤0.8V)     | 4.0  |      | 4.0  |      | 3.0  |      |     |     | ns   |
| CLK rise time (0.8V->2V) | 0.15 | 1.5  | 0.15 | 1.5  | 0.15 | 1.5  |     |     | ns   |
| CLK fall time (2V->0.8V) | 0.15 | 1.5  | 0.15 | 1.5  | 0.15 | 1.5  |     |     | ns   |
| CLK period stability     |      | 250  |      | 250  |      | 250  |     |     | ps   |

| A313 float delay   |                             |     |              |     |     |     |             |   |   |  |
|--|-----------------------------|-----|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-------------|---|---|--|
| ADS# valid delay  1.0 6.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns  ADS# float delay  1.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns  ADSC# valid delay  1.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns  ADSC# float delay  1.0 8.5 1.0 5.5 1.0 5.5 ns  AP valid delay  1.0 8.5 1.0 5.5 1.0 5.5 ns  AP float delay  1.0 8.3 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.5 ns  BE7.0# valid delay  1.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.5 ns  BE7.0# valid delay  1.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns  BE7.0# valid delay  1.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns  BE7.0# valid delay  1.0 10.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 ns  BP3.0 valid delay  1.0 10.0 7.0 7.0 ns  BREQ valid delay  1.0 10.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns  CACHE# valid delay  1.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns  CACHE# float delay  1.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns  D/C# valid delay  1.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns  D/C# valid delay  1.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns  D/C# valid delay  1.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns  D/C# valid delay  1.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns  D/C# valid delay  1.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns  D/C# valid delay  1.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns  D/C# valid delay  1.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns  D/C# valid delay  1.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns  D/C# valid delay  1.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 ns  D/C# valid delay  1.0 0 7.0 7.0 7.0 ns  D/C# valid delay  1.0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  | A313 valid delay            | 1.1 | 6.3          | 1.1 | 4.5 | 1.1 | 4.0         |   |   | ns   |
| ADS# float delay   |                             |     | 10.0         |     | 7.0 |     | 7.0         |   |   | ns   |
| ADSC# valid delay  |                             | 1.0 |              | 1.0 | 4.5 | 1.0 | 4.0         |   |   | ns   |
| ADSC# float delay  |                             |     | 10.0         |     | 7.0 |     | 7.0         |   |   | ns   |
| AP valid delay         1.0         8.5         1.0         5.5         1.0         5.5           AP float delay         10.0         7.0         7.0         ns           APCHK# valid delay         1.0         8.3         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.5           BE70# valid delay         1.0         7.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           BF20# float delay         1.0         10.0         7.0         7.0         7.0         ns           BREQ valid delay         1.0         10.0         8.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           CACHE# valid delay         1.0         7.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           D/C# valid delay         1.0         7.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           D/C# valid delay         1.0         7.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           D/C# valid delay         1.0         7.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           D630 write data float delay         1.0         7.0         7.0         7.0   |                             | 1.0 | 7.0          | 1.0 | 4.5 | 1.0 | 4.0         |   |   | ns   |
| AP float delay   |                             |     | 10.0         |     | 7.0 |     | 7.0         |   |   | ns   |
| APCHK# valid delay 1.0 8.3 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.5 ns BE7.0# valid delay 1.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns BE7.0# float delay 1.0 10.0 7.0 7.0 ns BP3.0 valid delay 1.0 10.0 ns BREQ valid delay 1.0 10.0 ns CACHE# valid delay 1.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns CACHE# float delay 1.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns CACHE# float delay 1.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns D/C# valid delay 1.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns D/C# float delay 1.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns D/C# float delay 1.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns D/C# float delay 1.3 7.5 1.3 4.5 1.3 4.5 ns D63.0 write data valid delay 1.3 7.5 1.3 4.5 1.3 4.5 ns DP7.0 write data float delay 1.0 7.0 7.0 ns DP7.0 write data float delay 1.0 7.0 7.0 ns FERR# valid delay 1.0 8.3 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns Ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns Ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns Ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns Ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns Ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns Ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns Ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns Ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns Ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns Ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns Ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns Ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns Ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns Ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns Ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns Ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 6.8 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns Ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns Ns HIT# valid delay 1.0 4.5 1.0 4. | AP valid delay              | 1.0 | 8.5          | 1.0 | 5.5 | 1.0 | 5.5         |   |   | ns   |
| BE70# valid delay         1.0         7.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           BE70# float delay         10.0         7.0         7.0         ns           BP30 valid delay         1.0         10.0   |                             |     | 10.0         |     | 7.0 |     | 7.0         |   |   | ns   |
| BE70# float delay         10.0         7.0         7.0         ns           BP30 valid delay         1.0         10.0          ns           BREQ valid delay         1.0         8.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           CACHE# valid delay         1.0         7.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           D/C# valid delay         1.0         7.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           D/C# valid delay         1.0         7.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           D/C# float delay         1.0         7.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           D/C# float delay         1.0         7.0         7.0         7.0         ns         ns           D/C# float delay         1.3         7.5         1.3         4.5         1.3         4.5         ns           D/C# float delay         1.0         7.0         7.0         7.0         ns         ns           D/7.0 write data float delay         1.0         7.0         7.0         7.0         ns           FER# valid delay   | APCHK# valid delay          | 1.0 | 8.3          | 1.0 | 4.5 | 1.0 | 4.5         |   |   | ns   |
| BP30 valid delay         1.0         10.0         ns           BREO valid delay         1.0         8.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           CACHE# valid delay         1.0         7.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           CACHE# float delay         10.0         7.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           D/C# valid delay         1.0         7.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           D/C# float delay         1.0         7.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           D/C# float delay         1.3         7.5         1.3         4.5         1.3         4.5         ns           D630 write data float delay         10.0         7.0         7.0         ns         ns           DP70 write data float delay         1.3         7.5         1.3         4.5         1.3         4.5         ns           DP70 write data float delay         1.0         8.3         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.5         ns           HIT# valid delay         1.0         6.8         1.0         4.5  |                             | 1.0 | 7.0          | 1.0 | 4.5 | 1.0 | 4.0         |   | - | ns   |
| BP30 valid delay         1.0         10.0         ns           BREO valid delay         1.0         8.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           CACHE# valid delay         1.0         7.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           CACHE# float delay         10.0         7.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           D/C# valid delay         1.0         7.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           D/C# float delay         1.0         7.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           D/C# float delay         1.0         7.5         1.3         4.5         1.3         4.5         ns           D63.0 write data valid delay         1.0         7.0         7.0         ns         ns           D63.0 write data float delay         1.0         7.5         1.3         4.5         1.3         4.5         ns           DP70 write data float delay         1.0         7.0         7.0         7.0         ns           FERR# valid delay         1.0         8.3         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.5  | BE70# float delay           |     | 10.0         |     | 7.0 |     | 7.0         |   |   |  |
| BREQ valid delay         1.0         8.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           CACHE# valid delay         1.0         7.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           CACHE# float delay         10.0         7.0         7.0         ns         ns           D/C# valid delay         1.0         7.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           D/C# float delay         1.0         7.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           D/C# float delay         1.0         7.0         7.0         ns         ns         ns           D63.0 write data valid delay         1.3         7.5         1.3         4.5         1.3         4.5         ns           D63.0 write data float delay         1.0         7.0         7.0         ns         ns           DP70 write data valid delay         1.3         7.5         1.3         4.5         1.3         4.5         ns           DP70 write data float delay         1.0         8.3         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.5         ns           HIT# valid delay         1.0         6.8         1.0  | BP30 valid delay            | 1.0 | 10.0         |     |     |     |             |   |   |  |
| CACHE# valid delay   |                             | 1.0 | 8.0          | 1.0 | 4.5 | 1.0 | 4.0         |   |   |  |
| CACHE# float delay       10.0       7.0       7.0       ns         D/C# valid delay       1.0       7.0       1.0       4.5       1.0       4.0       ns         D/C# float delay       10.0       7.0       7.0       7.0       ns         D63.0 write data valid delay       1.3       7.5       1.3       4.5       1.3       4.5       ns         D63.0 write data float delay       10.0       7.0       7.0       ns       ns         DP70 write data valid delay       1.3       7.5       1.3       4.5       1.3       4.5       ns         DP70 write data float delay       1.0       7.0       7.0       ns       ns         FERR# valid delay       1.0       8.3       1.0       4.5       1.0       4.5       ns         HIT# valid delay       1.0       6.8       1.0       4.5       1.0       4.0       ns         HLDA valid delay       1.0       6.8       1.0       4.5       1.0       4.0       ns         LOCK# valid delay       1.0       8.3         ns         LOCK# float delay       1.0       5.9       1.0       4.5       1.0       4.0       ns  | CACHE# valid delay          | 1.0 | 7.0          | 1.0 | 4.5 | 1.0 | 4.0         |   |   |  |
| D/C# valid delay         1.0         7.0         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           D/C# float delay         10.0         7.0         7.0         7.0         ns           D630 write data valid delay         1.3         7.5         1.3         4.5         1.3         4.5         ns           D630 write data float delay         10.0         7.0         7.0         ns         ns           DP70 write data valid delay         1.3         7.5         1.3         4.5         1.3         4.5         ns           DP70 write data float delay         10.0         7.0         7.0         ns         ns           FERR# valid delay         1.0         8.3         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.5         ns           HIT# valid delay         1.0         6.8         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           HLDA valid delay         1.0         6.8         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           LOCK# valid delay         1.0         8.3         1.0         4.5         1.1         4.0         ns           LOCK# float delay         1.0         5.9         1.0         4.5 <td>CACHE# float delay</td> <td></td> <td>10.0</td> <td></td> <td>7.0</td> <td></td> <td>7.0</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>   | CACHE# float delay          |     | 10.0         |     | 7.0 |     | 7.0         |   |   |  |
| D/C# float delay       10.0       7.0       7.0       ns         D630 write data valid delay       1.3       7.5       1.3       4.5       1.3       4.5       ns         D630 write data float delay       10.0       7.0       7.0       ns         DP70 write data valid delay       1.3       7.5       1.3       4.5       1.3       4.5       ns         DP70 write data float delay       10.0       7.0       7.0       ns         FERR# valid delay       1.0       8.3       1.0       4.5       1.0       4.5         HIT# valid delay       1.0       6.8       1.0       4.5       1.0       4.0       ns         HLDA valid delay       1.0       6.8       1.0       4.5       1.0       4.0       ns         LOCK# valid delay       1.0       8.3       ns       ns       ns         LOCK# float delay       1.1       7.0       1.1       4.5       1.1       4.0       ns         M/IO# valid delay       1.0       5.9       1.0       4.5       1.0       4.0       ns  |                             | 1.0 | 7.0          | 1.0 | 4.5 | 1.0 | 4.0         |   |   | ns   |
| D630 write data valid delay       1.3       7.5       1.3       4.5       1.3       4.5       ns         D630 write data float delay       10.0       7.0       7.0       ns         DP70 write data valid delay       1.3       7.5       1.3       4.5       1.3       4.5       ns         DP70 write data float delay       10.0       7.0       7.0       ns         FERR# valid delay       1.0       8.3       1.0       4.5       1.0       4.5       ns         HIT# valid delay       1.0       6.8       1.0       4.5       1.1       4.0       ns         HLDA valid delay       1.0       6.8       1.0       4.5       1.0       4.0       ns         LOCK# valid delay       1.0       8.3       ns       ns         LOCK# float delay       1.0       7.0       7.0       ns         M/IO# valid delay       1.0       5.9       1.0       4.5       1.0       4.0       ns   | D/C# float delay            |     | 10.0         |     | 7.0 |     | 7.0         |   | _ |  |
| D630 write data float delay         10.0         7.0         7.0         ns           DP70 write data valid delay         1.3         7.5         1.3         4.5         1.3         4.5         ns           DP70 write data float delay         10.0         7.0         7.0         ns         ns           FERR# valid delay         1.0         8.3         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.5         ns           HIT# valid delay         1.0         6.8         1.0         4.5         1.1         4.0         ns           HLDA valid delay         1.0         6.8         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           IERR# valid delay         1.0         8.3           ns           LOCK# valid delay         1.1         7.0         1.1         4.5         1.1         4.0         ns           LOCK# float delay         1.0         5.9         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns  | D630 write data valid delay | 1.3 | 7.5          | 1.3 | 4.5 | 1.3 | 4.5         |   |   |  |
| DP70 write data valid delay         1.3         7.5         1.3         4.5         1.3         4.5         ns           DP70 write data float delay         10.0         7.0         7.0         ns           FERR# valid delay         1.0         8.3         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.5           HIT# valid delay         1.0         6.8         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           HLDA valid delay         1.0         6.8         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           IERR# valid delay         1.0         8.3   | D630 write data float delay |     |              |     | 7.0 |     |             |   |   |  |
| DP70 write data float delay         10.0         7.0         7.0         ns           FERR# valid delay         1.0         8.3         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.5         ns           HIT# valid delay         1.0         6.8         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           HITM# valid delay         1.1         6.0         1.1         4.5         1.1         4.0         ns           HLDA valid delay         1.0         6.8         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns           IERR# valid delay         1.0         8.3           ns           LOCK# valid delay         1.1         7.0         1.1         4.5         1.1         4.0         ns           LOCK# float delay         10.0         7.0         7.0         ns           M/IO# valid delay         1.0         5.9         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns   | DP70 write data valid delay | 1.3 | 7.5          | 1.3 | 4.5 | 1.3 | <del></del> |   |   |  |
| FERR# valid delay       1.0       8.3       1.0       4.5       1.0       4.5       ns         HIT# valid delay       1.0       6.8       1.0       4.5       1.0       4.0       ns         HITM# valid delay       1.1       6.0       1.1       4.5       1.1       4.0       ns         HLDA valid delay       1.0       6.8       1.0       4.5       1.0       4.0       ns         IERR# valid delay       1.0       8.3       ns       ns         LOCK# valid delay       1.1       7.0       1.1       4.5       1.1       4.0       ns         LOCK# float delay       10.0       7.0       7.0       ns         M/IO# valid delay       1.0       5.9       1.0       4.5       1.0       4.0       ns  |                             |     | 10.0         |     | 7.0 |     | 7.0         |   |   |  |
| HIT# valid delay       1.0       6.8       1.0       4.5       1.0       4.0       ns         HITM# valid delay       1.1       6.0       1.1       4.5       1.1       4.0       ns         HLDA valid delay       1.0       6.8       1.0       4.5       1.0       4.0       ns         IERR# valid delay       1.0       8.3       ns       ns         LOCK# valid delay       1.1       7.0       1.1       4.5       1.1       4.0       ns         LOCK# float delay       10.0       7.0       7.0       ns         M/IO# valid delay       1.0       5.9       1.0       4.5       1.0       4.0       ns   |                             | 1.0 | 8.3          | 1.0 | 4.5 | 1.0 |             |   |   | -  |
| HITM# valid delay       1.1       6.0       1.1       4.5       1.1       4.0       ns         HLDA valid delay       1.0       6.8       1.0       4.5       1.0       4.0       ns         IERR# valid delay       1.0       8.3       ns       ns         LOCK# valid delay       1.1       7.0       1.1       4.5       1.1       4.0       ns         LOCK# float delay       10.0       7.0       7.0       ns         M/IO# valid delay       1.0       5.9       1.0       4.5       1.0       4.0       ns   | HIT# valid delay            | 1.0 | 6.8          | 1.0 | 4.5 | 1.0 | 4.0         |   |   |  |
| HLDA valid delay       1.0       6.8       1.0       4.5       1.0       4.0       ns         IERR# valid delay       1.0       8.3       ns       ns         LOCK# valid delay       1.1       7.0       1.1       4.5       1.1       4.0       ns         LOCK# float delay       10.0       7.0       7.0       ns         M/IO# valid delay       1.0       5.9       1.0       4.5       1.0       4.0       ns  | HITM# valid delay           | 1.1 | 6.0          |     | 4.5 |     | <del></del> |   |   |  |
| IERR# valid delay         1.0         8.3         ns           LOCK# valid delay         1.1         7.0         1.1         4.5         1.1         4.0         ns           LOCK# float delay         10.0         7.0         7.0         ns           M/IO# valid delay         1.0         5.9         1.0         4.5         1.0         4.0         ns   | HLDA valid delay            | 1.0 | 6.8          | 1.0 | 4.5 | 1.0 | 4.0         |   |   |  |
| LOCK# valid delay       1.1       7.0       1.1       4.5       1.1       4.0       ns         LOCK# float delay       10.0       7.0       7.0       ns         M/IO# valid delay       1.0       5.9       1.0       4.5       1.0       4.0       ns  | IERR# valid delay           | 1.0 | 8.3          |     |     |     |             |   |   |  |
| LOCK# float delay       10.0       7.0       7.0       ns         M/IO# valid delay       1.0       5.9       1.0       4.5       1.0       4.0       ns   | LOCK# valid delay           | 1.1 | 7.0          | 1.1 | 4.5 | 1.1 | 4.0         |   |   |  |
| M/IO# valid delay <u>1.0</u> 5.9 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns  | LOCK# float delay           |     | 10.0         |     | 7.0 |     | 7.0         |   |   |  |
|  | M/IO# valid delay           | 1.0 | 5.9          | 1.0 | 4.5 | 1.0 | 4.0         |   |   |  |
| M/IO# float delay 10.0 7.0 7.0 ns  | M/IO# float delay           |     | 10.0         |     | 7.0 |     | 7.0         |   |   |  |
| PCD valid delay 1.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns   | PCD valid delay             | 1.0 | 7.0          | 1.0 | 4.5 | 1.0 | 4.0         |   |   | <del></del>                                      |
| PCD float delay 10.0 7.0 7.0 ns  | PCD float delay             |     | 10.0         |     | 7.0 |     | 7.0         |   |   |  |
| PCHK# valid delay 1.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.5 ns   |                             | 1.0 | 7.0          | 1.0 |     | 1.0 |             |   |   |  |
| PM10 valid delay 1.0 10.0 ns   | PM10 valid delay            | 1.0 | 10.0         |     | 1   |     |             |   |   |  |
| PRDY valid delay 1.0 8.0 ns  | PRDY valid delay            | 1.0 | 8.0          |     |     |     |             | 1 |   | <del>1                                    </del> |
| PWT valid delay 1.0 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns   |                             | 1.0 | 4            | 1.0 | 4.5 | 1.0 | 4.0         |   |   | 1  |
| PWT float delay 10.0 7.0 7.0 ns  |                             |     |              |     | +   |     | +           |   |   |  |
| SCYC valid delay <u>1.0</u> 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns   |                             | 1.0 |              |     |     | 1.0 |             |   |   | +  |
| SCYC float delay 10.0 7.0 7.0 ns   | SCYC float delay            |     |              |     |     | 1   | +           |   |   |  |
| SMIACT# valid delay 1.0 7.3 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns   | SMIACT# valid delay         | 1.0 |              |     |     | 1.0 |             |   |   |  |
| W/R# valid delay <u>1.0</u> 7.0 1.0 4.5 1.0 4.0 ns   | W/R# valid delay            |     | <del></del>  |     |     |     |             |   |   |  |
| W/R# float delay 10.0 7.0 7.0 ns   | W/R# float delay            |     | <del>,</del> |     | +   |     | <del></del> |   |   |  |

| A31 <u>5</u> setup time   | 6.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | <del></del>    | ns  |
|---------------------------|-----|-----|-----|----------------|-----|
| A31.5 hold time           | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |                | ns  |
| A20M# setup time          | 5.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | <del>-  </del> | ns  |
| A20M# hold time           | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |                | ns  |
| AHOLD setup time          | 5.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 |                | ns  |
| AHOLD hold time           | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |                | ns  |
| AP setup time             | 5.0 | 1.7 | 1.7 |                | ns  |
| AP hold time              | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |                | ns  |
| BOFF# setup time          | 5.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 |                | ns  |
| BOFF# hold time           | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |                | ns  |
| BRDY# setup time          | 5.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 |                | ns  |
| BRDY# hold time           | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1 1            | ns  |
| BRDYC# setup time         | 5.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 |                | ns  |
| BRDYC# hold time          | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |                | ns  |
| BUSCHK# setup time        | 5.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 |                | ns  |
| BUSCHK# hold time         | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |                | ns  |
| D630 read data setup time | 2.8 | 1.7 | 1.7 |                | ns  |
| D630 read data hold time  | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 |                | ns  |
| DP70 read data setup time | 2.8 | 1.7 | 1.7 |                | ns  |
| DP70 read data hold time  | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 |                | ns  |
| EADS# setup time          | 5.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 |                | ns  |
| EADS# hold time           | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |                | ns  |
| EWBE# setup time          | 5.0 | 1.7 | 1.7 |                | ns  |
| EWBE# hold time           | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |                | ns  |
| FLUSH# setup time         | 5.0 | 1.7 | 1.7 |                | ns  |
| FLUSH# hold time          | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |                | ns  |
| FLUSH# async pulse width  | 2   | 2   | 2   |                | CLK |
| HOLD setup time           | 5.0 | 1.7 | 1.7 |                | ns  |
| HOLD hold time            | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 |                | ns  |
| IGNNE# setup time         | 5.0 | 1.7 | 1.7 |                | ns  |
| IGNNE# hold time          | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |                | ns  |
| IGNNE# async pulse width  | 2   | 2   | 2   |                | CLK |
| INIT setup time           | 5.0 | 1.7 | 1.7 |                | ns  |
| INIT hold time            | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |                | ns  |
| INIT async pulse width    | 2   | 2   | 2   |                | CLK |
| INTR setup time           | 5.0 | 1.7 | 1.7 |                | ns  |
| INTR hold time            | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |                | ns  |
| INV setup time            | 5.0 | 1.7 | 1.7 |                | ns  |
| INV hold time             | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |                | ns  |
| KEN# setup time           | 5.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 |                | ns  |
| KEN# hold time            | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |                | ns  |
| NA# setup time            | 4.5 | 1.7 | 1.7 |                | ns  |
| NA# hold time             | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |                | ns  |
| NMI setup time            | 5.0 | 1.7 | 1.7 |                | ns  |
| NMI hold time             | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |                | ns  |
| NMI async pulse width     | 2   | 2   | 2   |                | CLK |

| PEN# setup time        | 4.8 | 1.7 | 1.7 | ns  |
|------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| PEN# hold time         | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | ns  |
| R/S# setup time        | 5.0 | 1.7 | 1.7 | ns  |
| R/S# hold time         | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | ns  |
| R/S# async pulse width | 2   | 2   | 2   | CLK |
| SMI# setup time        | 5.0 | 1.7 | 1.7 | ns  |
| SMI# hold time         | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | ns  |
| SMI# async pulse width | 2   | 2   | 2   | CLK |
| STPCLK# setup time     | 5.0 | 1.7 | 1.7 | ns  |
| STPCLK# hold time      | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | ns  |
| WB/WT# setup time      | 4.5 | 1.7 | 1.7 | ns  |
| WB/WT# hold time       | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | ns  |
|                        |     |     |     |     |
| RESET setup time       | 5.0 | 1.7 | 1.7 | ns  |
| RESET hold time        | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | ns  |
| RESET pulse width      | 15  | 15  | 15  | CLK |
| RESET active           | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | ms  |
| BF20 setup time        | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | ms  |
| BF20 hold time         | 2   | 2   | 2   | CLK |
| BRDYC# hold time       | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | ns  |
| BRDYC# setup time      | 2   | 2   | 2   | CLK |
| BRDYC# hold time       | 2   | 2   | 2   | CLK |
| FLUSH# setup time      | 5.0 | 1.7 | 1.7 | ns  |
| FLUSH# hold time       | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | ns  |
| FLUSH# setup time      | 2   | 2   | 2   | CLK |
| FLUSH# hold time       | 2   | 2   | 2   | CLK |

| PBGNT# flight time         0         2.0         ns           PHIT# flight time         0         2.0         ns           PHITM# flight time         0         1.8         ns           A315 setup time         0.8         ns         ns           D/C# setup time         4.0         ns         ns           D/C# setup time         4.0         ns         ns           M/R# setup time         4.0         ns         ns           W/R# hold time         0.8         ns         ns           CACHE# setup time         4.0         ns         ns           LOCK# setup time         4.0         ns         ns           LOCK# setup time         4.0         ns         ns           SCYC setup time         4.0         ns         ns           SCYC setup time         4.0         ns         ns           ADS# setup time         4.0         ns         ns           ADS# setup time         0.8         ns         ns           M/IO# setup time         0.8         ns         ns           M/IO# setup time         0.0         ns         ns           HIT# setup time         6.0         ns         ns <th>DDDCO# Sinha Aires</th> <th>^</th> <th>3 A T</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>1</th> <th></th> <th>——- Y</th> <th>Τ.</th> <th></th> | DDDCO# Sinha Aires   | ^  | 3 A T |         |              | 1    |     | ——- Y | Τ. |     |
|---|----------------------|--|-------|---------|--------------|------|-----|-------|----|-----|
| PHIT# flight time         0         2.0         ns           PHITM# flight time         0         1.8         ns           A315 setup time         3.7         ns         ns           A315 hold time         0.8         ns         ns           D/C# setup time         4.0         ns         ns           M/R# setup time         4.0         ns         ns           CACHE# setup time         4.0         ns         ns           CACHE# setup time         4.0         ns         ns           LOCK# setup time         4.0         ns         ns           LOCK# setup time         4.0         ns         ns           LOCK# setup time         4.0         ns         ns           SCYC setup time         4.0         ns         ns           SCYC setup time         4.0         ns         ns           ADS# setup time         5.8         ns         ns           ADS# setup time         5.8         ns         ns           M/IO# setup time         0.8         ns         ns           M/IO# hold time         0.8         ns         ns           HIT# hold time         1.0         ns         ns </td <td>PBREO# flight time</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>           | PBREO# flight time   |  |       |         |              |      |     |       |    |     |
| PHITM# flight time         0         1.8         ns           A31.5 setup time         3.7         ns         ns           A31.5 hold time         0.8         ns         ns           D/C# setup time         4.0         ns         ns           D/C# hold time         0.8         ns         ns           W/R# setup time         4.0         ns         ns           CACHE# setup time         4.0         ns         ns           CACHE# hold time         1.0         ns         ns           LOCK# setup time         4.0         ns         ns           LOCK# setup time         4.0         ns         ns           SCYC setup time         4.0         ns         ns           SCYC hold time         0.8         ns         ns           ADS# setup time         5.8         ns         ns           ADS# setup time         5.8         ns         ns           M/IO# setup time         6.0         ns         ns           HIT# setup time         6.0         ns         ns           HITM# setup time         6.0         ns         ns           HIDA setup time         0.0         ns         ns   |                      |  |       |         | <del></del>  |      |     |       |    |     |
| A31.5 setup time       3.7       ns         A31.5 hold time       0.8       ns         D/C# setup time       4.0       ns         D/C# hold time       0.8       ns         W/R# setup time       4.0       ns         W/R# setup time       4.0       ns         CACHE# setup time       4.0       ns         LOCK# setup time       4.0       ns         LOCK# setup time       4.0       ns         SCYC setup time       4.0       ns         SCYC setup time       4.0       ns         ADS# setup time       5.8       ns         ADS# setup time       5.8       ns         M/IO# setup time       5.8       ns         M/IO# nold time       0.8       ns         HIT# setup time       6.0       ns         HIT# setup time       6.0       ns         HITM# hold time       0.7       ns         HLDA setup time       6.0       ns         HLDA setup time       6.0       ns         HLDA hold time       0.8       ns         DPEN# valid time       10.0       ns         DPEN# valid delay (primary)       1.0       ns  |                      | 1  |       |         |              |      |     |       |    |     |
| A315 hold time       0.8       ns         D/C# setup time       4.0       ns         D/C# hold time       0.8       ns         W/R# setup time       4.0       ns         W/R# hold time       0.8       ns         CACHE# setup time       4.0       ns         CACHE# hold time       1.0       ns         LOCK# setup time       4.0       ns         LOCK# hold time       0.8       ns         LOCK# hold time       0.8       ns         SCYC setup time       4.0       ns         ADS# setup time       0.8       ns         ADS# hold time       0.8       ns         M/IO# setup time       5.8       ns         M/IO# hold time       0.8       ns         M/IO# hold time       0.8       ns         HIT# setup time       6.0       ns         HIT# setup time       6.0       ns         HIT# hold time       0.7       ns         HLDA setup time       6.0       ns         DPEN# valid time       0.0       ns         DPEN# hold time       0.0       ns         TCK frequency       25       25       MHz  |                      |  | 1.8   |         |              |      |     |       |    |     |
| D/C# setup time         4.0         ns           D/C# hold time         0.8         ns           W/R# setup time         4.0         ns           W/R# hold time         0.8         ns           CACHE# setup time         4.0         ns           CACHE# hold time         1.0         ns           LOCK# setup time         4.0         ns           LOCK# hold time         0.8         ns           LOCK# hold time         0.8         ns           SCYC setup time         4.0         ns           ADS# setup time         5.8         ns           ADS# setup time         5.8         ns           M/IO# setup time         5.8         ns           M/IO# hold time         0.8         ns           M/IO# hold time         0.8         ns           HIT# setup time         6.0         ns           HIT# hold time         0.7         ns           HITM# hold time         0.7         ns           HLDA setup time         6.0         ns           DPEN# valid time         0.8         ns           DPEN# valid time         0.0         ns           DPEN# hold time         2.0         CLK  |                      |  |       |         |              |      |     |       |    |     |
| D/C# hold time         0.8         ns           W/R# setup time         4.0         ns           W/R# hold time         0.8         ns           CACHE# setup time         4.0         ns           LOCK# setup time         4.0         ns           LOCK# setup time         4.0         ns           LOCK# nold time         0.8         ns           SCYC setup time         4.0         ns           SCYC setup time         4.0         ns           ADS# setup time         5.8         ns           ADS# hold time         0.8         ns           M/IO# setup time         5.8         ns           M/IO# hold time         0.8         ns           HIT# setup time         6.0         ns           HIT# setup time         6.0         ns           HITM# setup time         6.0         ns           HIDA setup time         6.0         ns           HLDA hold time         0.8         ns           DPEN# valid time         10.0         CLK           DPEN# hold time         2.0         CLK           DPEN# valid delay (primary)         1.0         40.0         ns           TCK frequency <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>                                 |                      |  |       |         |              |      |     |       |    |     |
| W/R# setup time       4.0       ns         W/R# hold time       0.8       ns         CACHE# setup time       4.0       ns         LOCK# setup time       1.0       ns         LOCK# setup time       4.0       ns         LOCK# hold time       0.8       ns         SCYC setup time       4.0       ns         SCYC setup time       0.8       ns         ADS# setup time       0.8       ns         ADS# hold time       0.8       ns         M/IO# setup time       5.8       ns         M/IO# hold time       0.8       ns         HIT# setup time       6.0       ns         HIT# hold time       1.0       ns         HITM# hold time       0.7       ns         HLDA setup time       6.0       ns         HLDA hold time       0.8       ns         DPEN# valid time       0.0       ns         DPEN# valid delay (primary)       1.0       CLK         DPEN# hold time       2.0       CLK         DYP# valid delay (primary)       1.0       ns         TCK frequency       25       25       MHz         TCK low time (≤0.8V)       14.0       n   |                      |  |       |         |              |      |     |       | -  |     |
| W/R# hold time       0.8       ns         CACHE# setup time       4.0       ns         CACHE# hold time       1.0       ns         LOCK# setup time       4.0       ns         LOCK# hold time       0.8       ns         SCYC setup time       4.0       ns         SCYC hold time       0.8       ns         ADS# setup time       5.8       ns         ADS# hold time       0.8       ns         M/IO# setup time       5.8       ns         M/IO# hold time       0.8       ns         HIT# setup time       6.0       ns         HITM# setup time       6.0       ns         HLDA setup time       6.0       ns         HLDA sold time       0.8       ns         DPEN# valid time       0.0       ns         D/P# valid delay (primary)       1.0       25       MHz         TCK frequency       25       25       MHz         TCK high time (≥2v)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)       5.0       5.0       ns   |                      |  |       |         |              |      |     |       |    |     |
| CACHE# setup time       4.0       ns         CACHE# hold time       1.0       ns         LOCK# setup time       4.0       ns         LOCK# hold time       0.8       ns         SCYC setup time       4.0       ns         SCYC hold time       0.8       ns         ADS# setup time       5.8       ns         ADS# hold time       0.8       ns         M/IO# setup time       5.8       ns         M/IO# hold time       0.8       ns         HIT# setup time       6.0       ns         HIT# setup time       6.0       ns         HITM# setup time       6.0       ns         HITM# hold time       0.7       ns         HIDA setup time       6.0       ns         HLDA setup time       6.0       ns         HLDA hold time       0.7       ns         DPEN# valid time       10.0       CLK         DPEN# valid delay (primary)       1.0       40.0       ns         TCK frequency       25       25       MHz         TCK high time (≥2v)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)       5.0       5.0       ns   <  |                      |  |       |         |              |      |     |       | _  | ns  |
| CACHE# hold time       1.0       ns         LOCK# setup time       4.0       ns         LOCK# hold time       0.8       ns         SCYC setup time       4.0       ns         SCYC hold time       0.8       ns         ADS# setup time       5.8       ns         ADS# hold time       0.8       ns         M/IO# setup time       5.8       ns         M/IO# hold time       0.8       ns         HIT# setup time       6.0       ns         HITM# setup time       6.0       ns         HITM# setup time       6.0       ns         HIDA setup time       0.7       ns         HLDA setup time       0.0       ns         HLDA hold time       0.8       ns         DPEN# valid time       10.0       CLK         DPEN# valid delay (primary)       1.0       ns         TCK frequency       25       25       MHz         TCK period       40.0       40.0       ns         TCK low time (≤0.8V)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)       5.0       5.0       5.0       ns   |                      |  |       |         |              |      |     |       |    | ns  |
| LOCK# setup time       4.0       ns         LOCK# hold time       0.8       ns         SCYC setup time       4.0       ns         SCYC hold time       0.8       ns         ADS# setup time       5.8       ns         ADS# hold time       0.8       ns         M/IO# setup time       5.8       ns         M/IO# hold time       0.8       ns         HIT# setup time       6.0       ns         HIT# hold time       1.0       ns         HITM# setup time       6.0       ns         HITM# hold time       0.7       ns         HLDA setup time       6.0       ns         HLDA hold time       0.8       ns         DPEN# valid time       10.0       CLK         DPEN# valid time       10.0       CLK         DPEN# valid delay (primary)       1.0       8.0       ns         TCK frequency       25       25       MHz         TCK high time (≥2v)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)       5.0       5.0       ns  |                      |  |       |         |              |      |     |       |    | ns  |
| LOCK# hold time       0.8       ns         SCYC setup time       4.0       ns         SCYC hold time       0.8       ns         ADS# setup time       5.8       ns         ADS# hold time       0.8       ns         M/IO# setup time       5.8       ns         M/IO# hold time       0.8       ns         HIT# setup time       6.0       ns         HIT# hold time       1.0       ns         HITM# setup time       6.0       ns         HITM# hold time       0.7       ns         HLDA setup time       6.0       ns         HLDA hold time       0.8       ns         DPEN# valid time       10.0       CLK         DPEN# valid delay (primary)       1.0       8.0         TCK frequency       25       25       MH;         TCK period       40.0       40.0       ns         TCK low time (≥2v)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)       5.0       5.0       ns  |                      |  |       |         |              |      |     |       |    | ns  |
| SCYC setup time       4.0       ns         SCYC hold time       0.8       ns         ADS# setup time       5.8       ns         ADS# hold time       0.8       ns         M/IO# setup time       5.8       ns         M/IO# hold time       0.8       ns         HIT# setup time       6.0       ns         HITM# setup time       6.0       ns         HITM# hold time       0.7       ns         HLDA setup time       6.0       ns         HLDA setup time       6.0       ns         HLDA hold time       0.8       ns         DPEN# valid time       10.0       CLK         DPEN# valid delay (primary)       1.0       8.0         TCK frequency       25       25       MHz         TCK high time (≥2v)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK low time (≤0.8V)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)       5.0       5.0       ns   |                      |  |       |         |              |      |     |       | 1  | ns  |
| SCYC hold time       0.8       ns         ADS# setup time       5.8       ns         ADS# hold time       0.8       ns         M/IO# setup time       5.8       ns         M/IO# hold time       0.8       ns         HIT# setup time       6.0       ns         HITM# setup time       6.0       ns         HITM# hold time       0.7       ns         HLDA setup time       6.0       ns         HLDA hold time       0.8       ns         DPEN# valid time       10.0       CLK         DPEN# valid delay (primary)       1.0       8.0         TCK frequency       25       25       MHz         TCK period       40.0       40.0       ns         TCK high time (≥2v)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)       5.0       5.0       ns   | LOCK# hold time      | 0.8  |       |         | 1            |      |     |       |    | ns  |
| ADS# setup time       5.8       ns         ADS# hold time       0.8       ns         M/IO# setup time       5.8       ns         M/IO# hold time       0.8       ns         HIT# setup time       6.0       ns         HITM# hold time       1.0       ns         HITM# hold time       0.7       ns         HLDA setup time       6.0       ns         HLDA hold time       0.8       ns         DPEN# valid time       10.0       CLK         DPEN# hold time       2.0       CLK         D/P# valid delay (primary)       1.0       8.0       ns         TCK frequency       25       25       MHi         TCK period       40.0       ns         TCK high time (≥2v)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)       5.0       5.0       ns   | SCYC setup time      | 4.0  |       |         |              |      |     |       |    | ns  |
| ADS# hold time       0.8       ns         M/IO# setup time       5.8       ns         M/IO# hold time       0.8       ns         HIT# setup time       6.0       ns         HIT# hold time       1.0       ns         HITM# setup time       6.0       ns         HITM# hold time       0.7       ns         HLDA setup time       6.0       ns         HLDA hold time       0.8       ns         DPEN# valid time       10.0       CLK         DPEN# hold time       2.0       CLK         D/P# valid delay (primary)       1.0       8.0       ns         TCK frequency       25       25       MHi         TCK period       40.0       40.0       ns         TCK high time (≥2v)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)       5.0       5.0       ns  | SCYC hold time       | 0.8  |       |         |              |      |     |       |    | ns  |
| M/IO# setup time       5.8       ns         M/IO# hold time       0.8       ns         HIT# setup time       6.0       ns         HIT# hold time       1.0       ns         HITM# setup time       6.0       ns         HITM# hold time       0.7       ns         HLDA setup time       6.0       ns         HLDA hold time       0.8       ns         DPEN# valid time       10.0       CLK         DPEN# hold time       2.0       CLK         D/P# valid delay (primary)       1.0       8.0       ns         TCK frequency       25       25       MHz         TCK period       40.0       ns         TCK high time (≥2v)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)       5.0       5.0       ns   | ADS# setup time      | 5.8  |       |         |              |      |     |       |    | ns  |
| M/IO# hold time       0.8       ns         HIT# setup time       6.0       ns         HIT# hold time       1.0       ns         HITM# setup time       6.0       ns         HITM# hold time       0.7       ns         HLDA setup time       6.0       ns         HLDA hold time       0.8       ns         DPEN# valid time       10.0       CLK         DPEN# hold time       2.0       CLK         D/P# valid delay (primary)       1.0       8.0       ns         TCK frequency       25       25       MHz         TCK period       40.0       40.0       ns         TCK high time (≥2v)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK low time (≤0.8V)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)       5.0       5.0       ns  | ADS# hold time       | 0.8  |       |         |              |      |     |       |    | ns  |
| HIT# setup time       6.0       ns         HIT# hold time       1.0       ns         HITM# setup time       6.0       ns         HITM# hold time       0.7       ns         HLDA setup time       6.0       ns         HLDA hold time       0.8       ns         DPEN# valid time       10.0       CLK         DPEN# hold time       2.0       CLK         D/P# valid delay (primary)       1.0       8.0       ns         TCK frequency       25       25       MHz         TCK period       40.0       40.0       ns         TCK high time (≥2v)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)       5.0       5.0       ns   | M/IO# setup time     | 5.8  |       |         |              |      |     |       |    | ns  |
| HIT# hold time       1.0       ns         HITM# setup time       6.0       ns         HITM# hold time       0.7       ns         HLDA setup time       6.0       ns         HLDA hold time       0.8       ns         DPEN# valid time       10.0       CLK         DPEN# hold time       2.0       CLK         D/P# valid delay (primary)       1.0       8.0       ns         TCK frequency       25       25       MHz         TCK period       40.0       40.0       ns         TCK high time (≥2v)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK low time (≤0.8V)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)       5.0       5.0       ns  | M/IO# hold time      | 0.8  |       |         |              |      |     |       |    | ns  |
| HITM# setup time       6.0       ns         HITM# hold time       0.7       ns         HLDA setup time       6.0       ns         HLDA hold time       0.8       ns         DPEN# valid time       10.0       CLK         DPEN# hold time       2.0       CLK         D/P# valid delay (primary)       1.0       8.0       ns         TCK frequency       25       25       MHz         TCK period       40.0       40.0       ns         TCK high time (≥2v)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK low time (≤0.8V)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)       5.0       5.0       ns  | HIT# setup time      | 6.0  |       |         |              |      |     |       |    | ns  |
| HITM# hold time       0.7       ns         HLDA setup time       6.0       ns         HLDA hold time       0.8       ns         DPEN# valid time       10.0       CLK         DPEN# hold time       2.0       CLK         D/P# valid delay (primary)       1.0       8.0       ns         TCK frequency       25       25       MHz         TCK period       40.0       40.0       ns         TCK high time (≥2v)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK low time (≤0.8V)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)       5.0       5.0       ns  | HIT# hold time       | 1.0  |       |         |              |      |     |       |    | ns  |
| HLDA setup time       6.0       ns         HLDA hold time       0.8       ns         DPEN# valid time       10.0       CLK         DPEN# hold time       2.0       CLK         D/P# valid delay (primary)       1.0       8.0       ns         TCK frequency       25       25       MHz         TCK period       40.0       40.0       ns         TCK high time (≥2v)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK low time (≤0.8V)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)       5.0       5.0       ns   | HITM# setup time     | 6.0  |       |         |              |      |     |       |    | ns  |
| HLDA setup time       6.0       ns         HLDA hold time       0.8       ns         DPEN# valid time       10.0       CLK         DPEN# hold time       2.0       CLK         D/P# valid delay (primary)       1.0       8.0       ns         TCK frequency       25       25       MHz         TCK period       40.0       40.0       ns         TCK high time (≥2v)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK low time (≤0.8V)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)       5.0       5.0       ns   | HITM# hold time      | 0.7  |       |         |              |      |     |       |    | ns  |
| DPEN# valid time         10.0         CLK           DPEN# hold time         2.0         CLK           D/P# valid delay (primary)         1.0         8.0         ns           TCK frequency         25         25         MHz           TCK period         40.0         40.0         ns           TCK high time (≥2v)         14.0         14.0         ns           TCK low time (≤0.8V)         14.0         14.0         ns           TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)         5.0         5.0         ns  |                      | 6.0  |       |         |              |      |     |       |    | ns  |
| DPEN# hold time         2.0         CLK           D/P# valid delay (primary)         1.0         8.0         ns           TCK frequency         25         25         MHz           TCK period         40.0         40.0         ns           TCK high time (≥2v)         14.0         14.0         ns           TCK low time (≤0.8V)         14.0         14.0         ns           TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)         5.0         5.0         ns  | HLDA hold time       | 0.8  |       |         |              |      |     |       |    | ns  |
| D/P# valid delay (primary)       1.0       8.0       ns         TCK frequency       25       25       MHz         TCK period       40.0       40.0       ns         TCK high time (≥2v)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK low time (≤0.8V)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)       5.0       5.0       ns  | DPEN# valid time     |  | 10.0  |         |              |      |     |       |    | CLK |
| D/P# valid delay (primary)       1.0       8.0       ns         TCK frequency       25       25       MHz         TCK period       40.0       40.0       ns         TCK high time (≥2v)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK low time (≤0.8V)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)       5.0       5.0       ns  | DPEN# hold time      | 2.0  |       |         |              |      |     |       |    | CLK |
| TCK frequency       25       25       MHz         TCK period       40.0       40.0       ns         TCK high time (≥2v)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK low time (≤0.8V)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)       5.0       5.0       ns  |                      | 1.0  | 8.0   |         |              |      |     |       |    | ns  |
| TCK period       40.0       40.0       ns         TCK high time (≥2v)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK low time (≤0.8V)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)       5.0       5.0       ns  |                      | •  | ·     |         |              | ·    |     |       |    |     |
| TCK period       40.0       40.0       ns         TCK high time (≥2v)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK low time (≤0.8V)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)       5.0       5.0       ns  | TCK frequency        | I  | 25    |         |              |      | 25  |       |    | MHz |
| TCK high time (≥2v)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK low time (≤0.8V)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)       5.0       5.0       ns  |                      | 40.0   |       |         |              | 40.0 |     |       |    | ns  |
| TCK low time (≤0.8V)       14.0       14.0       ns         TCK rise time (0.8V->2V)       5.0       5.0       ns   |                      | 14.0   |       |         |              | 14.0 |     |       |    | ns  |
| TCK rise time (0.8V->2V) 5.0 5.0 ns   | TCK low time (≤0.8V) | 14.0   |       |         |              | 14.0 |     |       |    | ns  |
|   | 1 1                  |  | 5.0   |         | 1            |      | 5.0 |       |    | ns  |
|   |                      | <del>                                     </del> |       | <b></b> |              |      |     |       |    | ns  |
| TRST# pulse width 30.0 30.0 ns  |                      | 30.0   |       |         | <del> </del> | 30.0 |     |       |    |     |

| TDI setup time          | 5.0 |      | 5.0 |      | ns |
|-------------------------|-----|------|-----|------|----|
| TDI hold time           | 9.0 |      | 9.0 |      | ns |
| TMS setup time          | 5.0 |      | 5.0 |      | ns |
| TMS hold time           | 9.0 |      | 9.0 |      | ns |
| TDO valid delay         | 3.0 | 13.0 | 3.0 | 13.0 | ns |
| TDO float delay         |     | 16.0 |     | 16.0 | ns |
| all outputs valid delay | 3.0 | 13.0 | 3.0 | 13.0 | ns |
| all outputs float delay |     | 16.0 |     | 16.0 | ns |
| all inputs setup time   | 5.0 |      | 5.0 |      | ns |
| all inputs hold time    | 9.0 |      | 9.0 |      | ns |

# **Bus Control Register**

The Bus Control Register provides direct control of Emulator signals, selecting output states and active input states for these signals.

The layout of the Bus Control Register is designed to match the assignment of signals to the Event Register.

| number | control                |
|--------|------------------------|
| 0      | Reserved               |
| 1      | A20M# active level     |
| 2      | BFO active level       |
| 3      | BF1 active level       |
| 4      | BF2 active level       |
| 5      | BUSCHK active level    |
| 6      | FLUSH# active level    |
| 7      | FRCMC# active level    |
| 8      | IGNNE# active level    |
| 9      | INIT active level      |
| 10     | INTR active level      |
| 11     | NMI active level       |
| 12     | SMI# active level      |
| 13     | STPCLK# active level   |
| 14     | CPUTYP active at reset |
| 15     | DPEN#active at reset   |
| 16     | FLUSH# active at reset |
| 17     | INIT active at reset   |
| 3118   | Reserved               |
| 32     | Bus lock               |
| 33     | Split cycle            |
| 34     | BP0 output             |
| 35     | BP1 output             |
| 36     | BP2 output             |
| 37     | BP3 output             |
| 38     | FERR# output           |
| 39     | IERR# output           |
| 40     | PM0 output             |
| 41     | PM1 output             |
| 42     | SMIACT#, output        |
| 6343   | Reserved               |

## **Emulator signals**

Several of the signals, A20M#, INIT, NMI, SMI#, STPCLK#, IGNNE# are inputs that have purposes primarily defined by the needs of x86 processor emulation. They have no direct purpose in the Zeus processor, other than to signal an event, which is handled by software. Each of these signals is an input sampled on the rising edge of each bus clock, if the input signal matches the active level specified in the bus control register, the corresponding bit in the event register is set. The bit in the event register remains set even if the signal is no longer active, until cleared by software. If the event register bit is cleared by software, it is set again on each bus clock that the signal is sampled active.

#### A20M#

A20M# (address bit 20 mask inverted), when asserted (low), directs an x86 emulator to generate physical addresses for which bit 20 is zero.

The A20M# bit of the bus control register selects which level of the A20M# signal will generate an event in the A20M# bit of the event register. Clearing (to 0) the A20M# bit of the bus control register will cause the A20M# bit of the event register to be set when the A20M# signal is asserted (low).

Asserting the A20M# signal causes the emulator to modify all current TB mappings to produce a zero value for bit 20 of the byte address. The A20M# bit of the bus control register is then set (to 1) to cause the A20M# bit of the event register to be set when the A20M# signal is released (high).

Releasing the A20M# signal causes the emulator to restore the TB mapping to the original state. The A20M# bit of the bus control register is then cleared (to 0) again, to cause the A20M# bit of the event register to be set when the A20M# signal is asserted (low).

#### INIT

INIT (initialize) when asserted (high), directs an x86 emulator to begin execution of the external ROM BIOS.

The INIT bit of the bus control register is normally set (to 1) to cause the INIT bit of the event register to be set when the INIT signal is asserted (high).

### INTR

INTR (maskable interrupt) when asserted (high), directs an x86 emulator to simulate a maskable interrupt by generating two locked interrupt acknowlege special cycles. External hardware will normally release the INTR signal between the first and second interrupt acknowlege special cycle.

The INTR bit of the bus control register is normally set (to 1) to cause the INTR bit of the event register to be set when the INTR signal is asserted (high).

#### **NMI**

NMI (non-maskable interrupt) when asserted (high), directs an x86 emulator to simulate a non-maskable interrupt. External hardware will normally release the NMI signal.

The NMI bit of the bus control register is normally set (to 1) to cause the NMI bit of the event register to be set when the NMI signal is asserted (high).

### <u>SMI#</u>

SMI# (system management interrupt inverted) when asserted (low), directs an x86 emulator to simulate a system management interrupt by flushing caches and saving registers, and asserting (low) SMIACT# (system management interrupt active inverted). External hardware will normally release the SMI#.

The SMI# bit of the bus control register is normally cleared (to 0) to cause the SMI# bit of the event register to be set when the SMI# signal is asserted (low).

#### STPCLK#

STPCLK# (stop clock inverted) when asserted (low), directs an x86 emulator to simulate a stop clock interrupt by flushing caches and saving registers, and performing a stop grant special cycle.

The STPCLK# bit of the bus control register is normally cleared (to 0) to cause the STPCLK# bit of the event register to be set when the STPCLK# signal is asserted (low).

Software must set (to 1) the STPCLK# bit of the bus control register to cause the STPCLK# bit of the event register to be set when the STPCLK# signal is released (high) to resume execution. Software must cease producing bus operations after the stop grant special cycle. Usually, software will use the B.HALT instruction in all threads to cease performing operations. The processor PLL continues to operate, and the processor must still sample INIT, INTR, RESET, NMI, SMI# (to place them in the event register) and respond to RESET and inquire and snoop transactions, so long as the bus clock continues operating.

The bus clock itself cannot be stopped until the stop grant special cycle. If the bus clock is stopped, it must stop in the low (0) state. The bus clock must be operating at frequency for at least 1 ms before releasing STPCLK# or releasing RESET. While the bus clock is stopped, the processor does not sample inputs or responds to RESET or inquire or snoop transactions.

External hardware will normally release STPCLK# when it is desired to resume execution. The processor should respond to the STPCLK# bit in the event register by awakening one or more threads.

### <u>IGNNE#</u>

IGNNE# (address bit 20 mask inverted), when asserted (low), directs an x86 emulator to ignore numeric errors.

The IGNNE# bit of the bus control register selects which level of the IGNNE# signal will generate an event in the IGNNE# bit of the event register. Clearing (to 0) the IGNNE# bit of the bus control register will cause the IGNNE# bit of the event register to be set when the IGNNE# signal is asserted (low).

Asserting the **IGNNE**# signal causes the emulator to modify its processing to ignore numeric errors, if suitably enabled to do so. The **IGNNE**# bit of the bus control register is then set (to 1) to cause the **IGNNE**# bit of the event register to be set when the **IGNNE**# signal is released (high).

Releasing the IGNNE# signal causes the emulator to restore the emulation to the original state. The IGNNE# bit of the bus control register is then cleared (to 0) again, to cause the IGNNE# bit of the event register to be set when the IGNNE# signal is asserted (low).

### **Emulator output signals**

Several of the signals, BP3..BP0, FERR#, IERR#, PM1..PM0, SMIACT# are outputs that have purposes primarity defined by the needs of x86 processor emulation. They are driven from the bus control register that can be written by software.

## Bus snooping

Zeus support the "Socket 7" protocols for inquiry, invalidation and coherence of cache lines. The protocols are implemented in hardware and do not interrupt the processor as a result of bus activity. Cache access cycles may be "stolen" for this purpose, which may delay completion of processor memory activity.

#### Definition

## Locked cycles

Locked cycles occur as a result of synchronization operations (Store-swap instructions) performed by the processor. For x86 emulation, locked cycles also occur as a result of setting specific memory-mapped control registers.

### Locked synchronization instruction

Bus lock (LOCK#) is asserted (low) automatically as a result of store-swap instructions that generate bus activity, which always perform locked read-modify-write cycles on 64 bits of data. Note that store-swap instructions that are performed on cache sub-blocks that are in the E or M state need not generate bus activity.

### Locked sequences of bus transactions

Bus lock (LOCK#) is also asserted (low) on subsequent bus transactions by writing a one (1) to the bus lock bit of the bus control register. Split cycle (SCYC) is similarly asserted (high) if a one (1) is also written to the split cycle bit of the bus emulation control register.

All subsequent bus transactions will be performed as a locked sequence of transactions, asserting bus lock (LOCK# low) and optionally split cycle (SCYC high), until zeroes (0) are written to the bus lock and split cycle bits of the bus control register. The next bus transaction completes the locked sequence, releasing bus lock (LOCK# high) and split cycle (SCYC low) at the end of the transaction. If the locked transaction must be aborted because of bus activity such as backoff, a lock broken event is signalled and the bus lock is released.

Unless special care is taken, the bus transactions of all threads occur as part of the locked sequence of transactions. Software can do so by interrupting all other threads until the locked sequence is completed. Software should also take case to avoid fetching instructions during the locked sequence, such as by executing instructions out of niche or ROM memory. Software should also take care to avoid terminating the sequence with event handling prior to releasing the bus lock, such as by executing the sequence with events disabled (other than the lock broken event).

The purpose of this facility is primarily for x86 emulation purposes, in which we are willing to perform vile acts (such as stopping all the other threads) in the name of compatibility. It is possible to take special care in hardware to sort out the activity of other threads, and break the lock in response to events. In doing so, the bus unit must defer bus activity generated by other threads until the locked sequence is completed. The bus unit should inhibit event handling while the bus is locked.

## Sampled at Reset

Certain pins are sampled at reset and made available in the event register.

CPUTYP Primary or Dual processor

PICD0[DPEN#] Dual processing enable

FLUSH# Tristate test mode

INIT Built-in self-test

## Sampled per Clock

Certain pins are sampled per clock and changes are made available in the event register.

A20M# address bit 20 mask

BF[1:0] bus frequency

BUSCHK# bus check

FLUSH# cache flush request

FRCMC#functional redundancy check - not implemented on Pentium MMX

IGNNE#ignore numeric error

INIT re-initialize pentium processor

INTR external interrupt

NMInon-maskable interrupt

R/S# run/stop

SMI# system management

STPCLK# stop clock

### **Bus Access**

The "Socket 7" bus performs transfers of 1-8 bytes within an octlet boundary or 32 bytes on a triclet boundary.

Transfers sized at 16 bytes (hexlet) are not available as a single transaction, they are performed as two bus transactions.

Bus transactions begin by gaining control of the bus (TODO: not shown), and in the initial cycle, asserting ADS#, M/IO#, A, BE#, W/R#, CACHE#, PWT, and PCD. These signals indicate the type, size, and address of the transaction. One or more octlets of data are returned on a read (the external system asserts BRDY# and/or NA# and D), or accepted on a write (TODO not shown).

The external system is permitted to affect the cacheability and exclusivity of data returned to the processor, using the KEN# and WB/WT# signals.

```
def data,cen ← AccessPhysicaBus(pa,size,cc,op,wd) as
```

```
// divide transfers sized between octlet and hexlet into two parts
// also divide transfers which cross octlet boundary into two parts
if (64<size≤128) or ((size<64) and (size+8*pa<sub>2..0</sub>>64)) then
data0,cen ← AccessPhysicalBus(pa,64-8*pa<sub>2..0</sub>,cc,op,wd)
if cen=0 then
pa1 ← pa<sub>63..4</sub>|||||0<sup>3</sup>
data1,cen ← AccessPhysicalBus(pa1,size+8*pa<sub>2..0</sub>-64,cc,op,wd)
data ← data1<sub>127..64</sub> || data0<sub>63..0</sub>
endif
```

```
else
           ADS# \leftarrow 0
           M/IO# ← 1
           A<sub>31..3</sub> ← pa<sub>31..3</sub>
           for i \leftarrow 0 to 7
                  BE_i\# \leftarrow pa_{2..0} \le i < pa_{2..0}+size/8
           endfor
           W/R# \leftarrow (op = W)
           if (op=R) then
                  CACHE# ← ~(cc ≥ WT)
                  PWT \leftarrow (cc = WT)
                  PCD \leftarrow (cc \leq CD)
                        wait
                  while (BRDY# = 1) and (NA# = 1)
                  //Intel spec doesn't say whether KEN# should be ignored if no CACHE#
                  //AMD spec says KEN# should be ignored if no CACHE#
                  cen ← ~KEN# and (cc ≥ WT) //cen=1 if triclet is cacheable
                  xen ← WB/WT# and (cc ≠ WT) //xen=1 if triclet is exclusive
                  if cen then
                        os ← 64*pa4..3
                         data_{63+os..os} \leftarrow D_{63..0}
                         do
                               wait
                         while BRDY# = 1
                         data_{63+(64^{\circ}os)..(64^{\circ}os)} \leftarrow D_{63..0}
                         do
                               wait
                         while BRDY# = 1
                         data_{63+(128^{\circ}os)..(128^{\circ}os)} \leftarrow D_{63..0}
                         do
                               wait
                         while BRDY# = 1
                         data_{63+(192^{\circ}os)..(192^{\circ}os)} \leftarrow D_{63..0}
                  else
                         os ← 64*pa<sub>3</sub>
                         data_{63+os...os} \leftarrow D_{63..0}
                   endif
            else
                   CACHE# \leftarrow -(size = 256)
                   PWT \leftarrow (cc = WT)
                   PCD \leftarrow (cc \leq CD)
                   do
                         wait
                  while (BRDY# = 1) and (NA# = 1)
                   xen \leftarrow WB/WT# and (cc \neq WT)
            endif
      endif
      flags ← cen II xen
enddef
```

## Other bus cycles

Input/Output transfers, Interrupt acknowledge and special bus cycles (stop grant, flush acknowledge, writeback, halt, flush, shutdown) are performed by uncached loads and stores to a memory-mapped control region.

| M/IO# | D/C# | W/R# | CACHE# | KEN# | cycle   |
|-------|------|------|--------|------|---|
| 0     | 0    | 0    | 1      | х    | interrupt acknowledge                                     |
| 0     | 0    | 1    | 1      | Х    | special cycles (intel pg 6-33)                            |
| 0     | 1    | 0    | 1      | x    | I/O read, 32-bits or less, non-cacheable, 16-bit address  |
| 0     | 1    | 1    | 1      | X    | I/O write, 32-bits or less, non-cacheable, 16-bit address |
| 1     | 0    | х    | x      | Х    | code read (not implemented)                               |
| 1     | 1    | 0    | 1      | Х    | non-cacheable read  |
| 1     | 1    | 0    | Х      | 1    | non-cacheable read  |
| 1     | 1    | 0    | 0      | 0    | cacheable read  |
| 1     | 1    | 1    | 1      | Х    | non-cacheable write                                       |
| 1     | 1    | 1    | 0      | Х    | cache writeback   |

### Special cycles

An interrupt acknowlege cycle is performed by two byte loads to the control space (dc=1), the first with a byte address (ba) of 4 (A31..3=0, BE4#=0, BE7..5,3..0#=1), the second with a byte address (ba) of 0 (A31..3=0, BE0#=0, BE7..1#=1). The first byte read is ignored; the second byte contains the interrupt vector. The external system normally releases INTR between the first and second byte load.

A shutdown special cycle is performed by a byte store to the control space (dc=1) with a byte address (ba) of 0 (A31..3=0, BE0#=0, BE7..1#=1).

A flush special cycle is performed by a byte store to the control space (dc=1) with a byte address (ba) of 1 (A31..3=0, BE1#=0, BE7..2,0#=1).

A halt special cycle is performed by a byte store to the control space (dc=1) with a byte address (ba) of 2 (A31..3=0, BE2#=0, BE7..3,1..0#=1).

A stop grant special cycle is performed by a byte store to the control space (dc=1) with a byte address (ba) of 0x12 (A31..3=2, BE2#=0, BE7..3,1..0#=1).

A writeback special cycle is performed by a byte store to the control space (dc=1) with a byte address (ba) of 3 (A31..3=0, BE3#=0, BE7..4,2..0#=1).

A flush acknowledge special cycle is performed by a byte store to the control space (dc=1) with a byte address (ba) of 4 (A31..3=0, BE4#=0, BE7..5,3..0#=1).

A back trace message special cycle is performed by a byte store to the control space (dc=1) with a byte address (ba) of 5 (A31..3=0, BE5#=0, BE7..6,4..0#=1).

Performing load or store operations of other sizes (doublet, quadlet, octlet, hexlet) to the control space (dc=1) or operations with other byte address (ba) values produce bus operations which are not defined by the "Super Socket 7" specifications and have undefined effect on the system.

### I/O cycles

An input cycle is performed by a byte, doublet, or quadlet load to the data space (dc=0), with a byte address (ba) of the I/O address. The address may not be aligned, and if it crosses an octlet boundary, will be performed as two separate cycles.

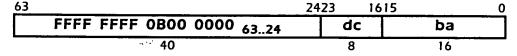
An output cycle is performed by a byte, doublet, or quadlet store to the data space (dc=0), with a byte address (ba) of the I/O address. The address may not be aligned, and if it crosses an octlet boundary, will be performed as two separate cycles.

Performing load or store operations of other sizes (octlet, hexlet) to the data space (dc=0) produce bus operations which are not defined by the "Super Socket 7" specifications and have undefined effect on the system.

#### Physical address

The other bus cycles are accessed explicitly by uncached memory accesses to particular physical address ranges. Appropriately sized load and store operations must be used to perform the specific bus cycles required for proper operations. The **dc** field must equal 0 for I/O operations, and must equal 1 for control operations. Within this address range, bus transactions are sized no greater than 4 bytes (quadlet) and do not cross quadlet boundaries.

The physical address of a other bus cycle data/control dc, byte address ba is:



#### **Definition**

def data ← AccessPhysicaOtherBus(pa,size,op,wd) as

```
// divide transfers sized between octlet and hexlet into two parts
// also divide transfers which cross octlet boundary into two parts
if (64<size≤128) or ((size<64) and (size+8*pa<sub>2..0</sub>>64)) then
data0 ← AccessPhysicaOtherBus(pa,64-8*pa<sub>2..0</sub>,op,wd)
pa1 ← pa<sub>63..4</sub>|||||0<sup>3</sup>
data1 ← AccessPhysicaOtherBus(pa1,size+8*pa<sub>2..0</sub>-64,op,wd)
data ← data1<sub>127..64</sub> ||| data0<sub>63..0</sub>
else
ADS# ← 0
M/IO# ← 0
```

```
D/C# ← ~pa<sub>16</sub>
            A_{31..3} \leftarrow 0^{16} \text{ II } pa_{15..3}
            for i \leftarrow 0 to 7
                   BE_i\# \leftarrow pa_{2..0} \le i < pa_{2..0}+size/8
             endfor
            W/R# \leftarrow (op = W)
            CACHE# \leftarrow 1
             PWT ← 1
             PCD ← 1
             do
                    wait
             while (BRDY# = 1) and (NA# = 1)
             if (op=R) then
                   os ← 64*pa<sub>3</sub>
                   data_{63+os..os} \leftarrow D_{63..0}
             endif
      endif
enddef
```

# **Events and Threads**

Exceptions signal several kinds of events: (1) events that are indicative of failure of the software or hardware, such as arithmetic overflow or parity error, (2) events that are hidden from the virtual process model, such as translation buffer misses, (3) events that infrequently occur, but may require corrective action, such as floating-point underflow. In addition, there are (4) external events that cause scheduling of a computational process, such as clock events or completion of a disk transfer.

Each of these types of events require the interruption of the current flow of execution, handling of the exception or event, and in some cases, descheduling of the current task and rescheduling of another. The Zeus processor provides a mechanism that is based on the multi-threaded execution model of Mach. Mach divides the well-known UNIX process model into two parts, one called a task, which encompasses the virtual memory space, file and resource state, and the other called a thread, which includes the program counter, stack space, and other register file state. The sum of a Mach task and a Mach thread exactly equals one UNIX process, and the Mach model allows a task to be associated with several threads. On one processor at any one moment in time, at least one task with one thread is running.

In the taxonomy of events described above, the cause of the event may either be synchronous to the currently running thread, generally types 1, 2, and 3, or asynchronous and associated with another task and thread that is not currently running, generally type 4.

For these events, Zeus will suspend the currently running thread in the current task, saving a minimum of registers, and continue execution at a new program counter. The event handler may perform some minimal computation and return, restoring the current threads' registers, or save the remaining registers and switch to a new task or thread context.

Facilities of the exception, memory management, and interface systems are themselves memory mapped, in order to provide for the manipulation of these facilities by high-level language, compiled code. The sole exception is the register file itself, for which standard store and load instructions can save and restore the state.

```
def Thread(th) as
     forever
          catch exception
               if ((EventRegister and EventMask(th)) ≠ 0) then
                     if ExceptionState=0 then
                          raise EventInterrupt
                     endif
               endif
               inst ← LoadMemoryX(ProgramCounter, ProgramCounter, 32, L)
               Instruction(inst)
          endcatch
          case exception of
               Eventinterrupt,
               ReservedInstruction,
               AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress,
               AccessDisallowedByTag,
```

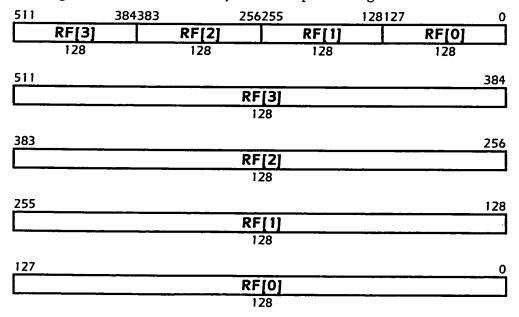
```
AccessDisallowedByGlobalTB,
               AccessDisallowedByLocalTB,
               AccessDetailRequiredByTag,
               AccessDetailRequiredByGlobalTB,
               AccessDetailRequiredByLocalTB,
               MissInGlobaITB,
               MissInLocalTB,
               FixedPointArithmetic,
               FloatingPointArithmetic,
               GatewayDisallowed:
                    case ExceptionState of
                          0:
                               PerformException(exception)
                          1:
                               PerformException(SecondException)
                          2:
                               raise ThirdException
                     endcase
               TakenBranch:
                     ContinuationState ← (ExceptionState=0) 7 0 : ContinuationState
               TakenBranchContinue:
                    /* nothing */
               none, others:
                     ProgramCounter ← ProgramCounter + 4
                     ContinuationState ← (ExceptionState=0) 7 0 : ContinuationState
          endcase
     endforever
enddef
Definition
def PerformException(exception) as
     v \leftarrow (exception > 7) ? 7 : exception
     t \leftarrow LoadMemory(ExceptionBase,ExceptionBase+Thread*128+64+8*v,64,L)
     if ExceptionState = 0 then
          u ← RegRead(3,128) | | RegRead(2,128) | | RegRead(1,128) | | RegRead(0,128)
          StoreMemory(ExceptionBase,ExceptionBase+Thread*128,512,L,u)
          RegWrite(0,64,ProgramCounter63_2_11_PrivilegeLevel
          RegWrite(1,64,ExceptionBase+Thread*128)
          RegWrite(2,64,exception)
          RegWrite(3,64,FailingAddress)
     endif
     PrivilegeLevel \leftarrow t<sub>1.0</sub>
     ProgramCounter \leftarrow t<sub>63..2</sub> | | 0<sup>2</sup>
     case exception of
          AccessDetailRequiredByTag,
          AccessDetailRequiredByGlobalTB,
          AccessDetailRequiredByLocalTB:
                ContinuationState ← ContinuationState + 1
          others:
                /* nothing */
     endcase
     ExceptionState ← ExceptionState + 1
enddef
```

#### **Definition**

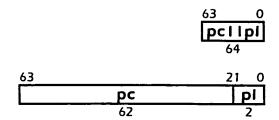
```
def PerformAccessDetail(exception) as
    if (ContinuationState = 0) or (ExceptionState ≠ 0) then
        raise exception
    else
        ContinuationState ← ContinuationState - 1
    endif
enddef
```

#### **Definition**

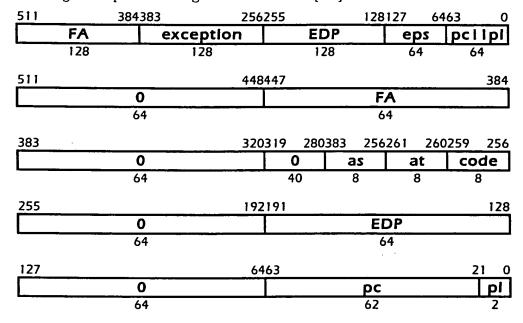
The following data is stored into memory at the Exception Storage Address



The following data is loaded from memory at the Exception Vector Address:



The following data replaces the original contents of RF[3..0]:



at: access type: 0=r, 1=w, 2=x, 3=g

as: access size in bytes

TODO: add size, access type to exception data in pseudocode.

## **Ephemeral Program State**

Ephemeral Program State (EPS) is defined as program state which affects the operation of certain instructions, but which does not need to be saved and restored as part of user state.

Because these bits are not saved and restored, the sizes and values described here are not visible to software. The sizes and values described here were chosen to be convenient for the definitions in this documentation. Any mapping of these values which does not alter the functions described may be used in a conforming implementation. For example, either of the EPS states may be implemented as a thermometer-coded vector, or the ContinuationState field may be represented with specific values for each AccessDetailRequired exception which an instruction execution may encounter.

There are eight bits of EPS:

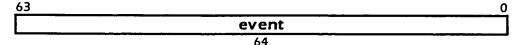
| · · · · |                   |  |
|---------|-------------------|--|
| bit#    | Name              | Meaning  |
| 10      | ExceptionState    | <ul> <li>0: Normal processing. Asynchronous events and Synchronous exceptions enabled.</li> <li>1: Event/Exception handling: Synchronous exceptions cause SecondException. Asynchronous events are masked.</li> <li>2: Second exception handling: Synchronous exceptions cause a machine check. Asynchronous events are masked.</li> <li>3: illegal state</li> <li>This field is incremented by handling an event or exception, and cleared by the Branch Back instruction.</li> </ul>                                   |
| 72      | ContinuationState | Continuation state for AccessDetailRequired exceptions. A value of zero enables all exceptions of this kind. The value is increased by one for each AccessDetailRequired exception handled, for which that many AccessDetailRequired exceptions are continued past (ignored) on re-execution in normal processing (ex=0). Any other kind of exception, or the completion of an instruction under normal processing causes the continuation state to be reset to zero. State does not need to be saved on context switch. |

The ContinuationState bits are ephemeral because if they are cleared as a result of a context switch, the associated exceptions can happen over again. The AccessDetail exception handlers will then set the bits again, as they were before the context switch. In the case where an AccessDetail exception handler must indicate an error, care must be taken to perform some instruction at the target of the Branch Back instruction by the exception handler is exited that will operate properly with ContinuationState≠0.

The ExceptionState bits are ephemeral because they are explicitly set by event handling and cleared by the termination of event handling, including event handling that results in a context switch.

## **Event Register**

Events are single-bit messages used to communicate the occurrence of events between threads and interface devices.



The Event Register appears at several locations in memory, with slightly different side effects on read and write operations.

| offset         | side effect on read  | side effect on write   |
|----------------|--|--|
| 0              | none: return event register contents   | normal: write data into event register   |
| <del>256</del> | stall thread until contents of<br>event register is non-zero, then<br>return event register contents | stall thread until bitwise and of data and event register contents is non-zero |
| 512            | return zero value (so read-<br>modify-write for byte/doublet/<br>quadlet store works)                | one bits in data set (to one) corresponding event register bits                |
| 768            | return zero value (so read-<br>modify-write for byte/doublet/<br>quadlet store works)                | one bits in data clear (to zero) corresponding event register bits             |

#### Physical address

The Event Register appears at three different locations, for which three functions of the Event Register are performed as described above. The physical address of an Event Register for function f, byte b is:

| 63 2                     | 423 | 10987 | 3 | 12 0 |
|--------------------------|-----|-------|---|------|
| FFFF FFFF 0F00 0000 6324 | 0   | f     | 0 | b    |
| 40                       | 14  | 2     | 5 | 3    |

```
def data ← AccessPhysicalEventRegister(pa,op,wdata) as
     f ← pag_8
     if (pa_{23..10} = 0) and (pa_{7..4} = 0) and (f \neq 1) then
           case f | | op of
                0 | | R:
                     data ← 0<sup>64</sup> II EventRegister
                2 II R, 3 II R:
                     data ← 0
                0 11 W:
                     EventRegister ← wdata<sub>63..0</sub>
                2 11 W:
                      EventRegister ← EventRegister or wdata63..0
                3 11 W:
                      EventRegister ← EventRegister and -wdata<sub>63..0</sub>
           endcase
     else
           data ← 0
     endif
enddef
```

#### Events:

The table below shows the events and their corresponding event number. The priority of these events is soft, in that dispatching from the event register is controlled by software.

TODO notwithstanding the above, using the E.LOGMOST.U instruction is handy for prioritizing these events, so if you've got a preference as to numbering, speak up!

| number | event   |
|--------|---|
| 0      | Clock   |
| 1      | A20M# active  |
| 2      | BFO active  |
| 3      | BF1 active  |
| 4      | BF2 active  |
| 5      | BUSCHK# active  |
| 6      | FLUSH# active   |
| 7      | FRCMC# active   |
| 8      | IGNNE# active   |
| 9      | INIT active   |
| 10     | INTR active   |
| 11     | NMI active  |
| 12     | SMI# active   |
| 13     | STPCLK# active  |
| 14     | CPUTYP active at reset (Primary vs Dual processor)        |
| 15     | DPEN#active at reset (Dual processing enable – driven low |
|        | by dual processor)  |
| 16     | FLUSH# active at reset (tristate test mode)               |
| 17     | INIT active at reset                                      |
| 18     | Bus lock broken   |
| 19     | BRYRC# active at reset (drive strength)                   |
| 20     |   |

## **Event Mask**

The Event Mask (one per thread) control whether each of the events described above is permitted to cause an exception in the corresponding thread.

### Physical address

There are as many Event Masks as threads. The physical address of an Event Mask for thread th, byte b is:

| 63                       | 2423 1918 |    | 32 0 |
|--------------------------|-----------|----|------|
| FFFF FFFF 0E00 0000 6324 | th        | 0  | b    |
| 40                       | 5         | 16 | 3    |

```
\label{eq:def-data-decess-physical-ent-mask-pa} \begin{array}{l} \text{def data} \leftarrow \text{AccessPhysical-EventMask-pa,op,wdata} \text{ as} \\ \text{th} \leftarrow \text{pa}_{23..19} \\ \text{if (th} < \text{T) and (pa}_{18..4} = 0) \text{ then} \\ \text{case op of} \\ \text{R:} \\ \text{data} \leftarrow 0^{64} \text{ I I EventMask-[th]} \\ \text{W:} \\ \text{EventMask-[th]} \leftarrow \text{wdata}_{63..0} \\ \text{endcase} \\ \text{else} \\ \text{data} \leftarrow 0 \\ \text{endif} \\ \text{enddef} \end{array}
```

## **Exceptions:**

The table below shows the exceptions, the corresponding exception number, and the parameter supplied by the exception handler in register 3.

| number | exception                        | parameter (register 3) |
|--------|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| 0      | EventInterrupt                   |                        |
| 1      | MissInGlobalTB                   | global address         |
| 2      | AccessDetailRequiredByTag        | global address         |
| 3      | AccessDetailRequiredByGlobalTB   | global address         |
| 4      | AccessDetailRequiredByLocalTB    | local address          |
| 5      |                                  |                        |
| 6      | SecondException                  |                        |
| 7      | ReservedInstruction              | instruction            |
| 8      | AccessDisallowedByVirtualAddress | local address          |
| 9      | AccessDisallowedByTag            | global address         |
| 10     | AccessDisallowedByGlobalTB       | global address         |
| 11     | AccessDisallowedByLocalTB        | local address          |
| 12     | MissInLocalTB                    | local address          |
| 13     | FixedPointArithmetic             | instruction            |
| 14     | FloatingPointArithmetic          | instruction            |
| 15     | GatewayDisallowed                | none                   |
| 16     |                                  |                        |
| 17     |                                  |                        |
| 18     |                                  |                        |
| 19     |                                  |                        |
| 20     |                                  |                        |
| 21     |                                  |                        |
| 22     |                                  |                        |
| 23     |                                  |                        |
| 24     |                                  |                        |
| 25     |                                  |                        |
|        | TakenBranch                      |                        |
|        | TakenBranchContinue              |                        |

## GlobalTBMiss Handler

The GlobalTBMiss exception occurs when a load, store, or instruction fetch is attempted while none of the GlobalTB entries contain a matching virtual address. The Zeus processor uses a fast software-based exception handler to fill in a missing GlobalTB entry.

There are several possible ways that software may maintain page tables. For purposes of this discussion, it is assumed that a virtual page table is maintained, in which 128 bit GTB values for each 4k byte page in a linear table which is itself in virtual memory. By maintaining the page table in virtual memory, very large virtual spaces may be managed without keeping a large amount of physical memory dedicated to page tables.

Because the page table is kept in virtual memory, it is possible that a valid reference may cause a second GTBMiss exception if the virtual address that contains the page table is not present in the GTB. The processor is designed to permit a second exception to occur within an exception handler, causing a branch to the SecondException handler. However, to simplify the hardware involved, a SecondException exception saves no specific information about the exception – handling depends on keeping enough relevant information in registers to recover from the second exception.

Zeus is a multithreaded processor, which creates some special considerations in the exception handler. Unlike a single-threaded processor, it is possible that multiple threads may nearly simultaneously reference the same page and invoke two or more GTB misses, and the fully-associative construction of the GTB requires that there be no more than one matching entry for each global virtual address. Zeus provides a search-and-insert operation (GTBUpdateFill) to simplify the handling of the GTB. This operation also uses hardware GTB pointer registers to select GTB entries for replacement in FIFO priority.

A further problem is that software may need to modify the protection information contained in the GTB, such as to remove read and/or write access to a page in order to infer which parts of memory are in use, or to remove pages from a task. These modifications may occur concurrently with the GTBMiss handler, so software must take care to properly synchronize these operations. Zeus provides a search-and-update operation (GTBUpdate) to simplify updating GTB entries.

When a large number of page table entries must be changed, noting the limited capacity of the GTB can reduce the work. Reading the GTB can be less work than matching all modified entries against the GTB contents. To facilitate this, Zeus also provides read access to the hardware GTB pointers to further permit scanning the GTB for entries which have been replaced since a previous scan. GTB pointer wraparound is also logged, so it can be determined that the entire GTB needs to be scanned if all entries have been replaced since a previous scan.

| In the code below | , offsets from r | l are used with the | following data structure |
|-------------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
|-------------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|

| Offset | Meaning            |
|--------|--------------------|
| 015    | r0 save            |
| 1632   | r1 save            |
| 3247   | r2 save            |
| 4863   | r3 save            |
| 512527 | r4 save            |
| 528535 | BasePT             |
| 536543 | GTBUpdateFill      |
| 544559 | DummyPT            |
| 560639 | available 96 bytes |

```
BasePT = 512 + 16
GTBUpdateFill = BasePT + 8
DummyPT = GTBUpdateFill + 8
```

On a GTBMiss, the handler retrieves a base address for the virtual page table and constructs an index by shifting away the page offset bits of the virtual address. A single 128-bit indexed load retrieves the new GTB entry directly (except that a virtual page table miss causes a second exception, handled below). A single 128-bit store to the GTBUpdateFill location places the entry into the GTB, after checking to ensure that a concurrent handler has not already placed the entry into the GTB.

#### Code for GlobalTBMiss:

```
li64la
                      r2=r1,BasePT
                                              //base address for page table
          ashri
                      r3@12
                                              //4k pages
          1128la
                      r3=r2,r3
                                              //retrieve page table, SecExc if bad va
2:
          li64la
                      r2=r1,GTBUpdateFill
                                             //pointer to GTB update location
          si 128la
                      r3,r2,0
                                              //save new TB entry
          li 1 281a
                      r3=r1,48
                                              //restore r3
          li128la
                      r2=r1,32
                                              //restore r2
          li 1 281a
                      r1=r1,16
                                              //restore r1
          bback
                                              //restore r0 and return
```

A second exception occurs on a virtual page table miss. It is possible to service such a page table miss directly, however, the page offset bits of the virtual address have been shifted away, and have been lost. These bits can be recovered: in such a case, a dummy GTB entry is constructed, which will cause an exception other than GTBMiss upon returning. A reexecution of the offending code will then invoke a more extensive handler, making the full virtual address available.

For purposes of this example, it is assumed that checking the contents of r2 against the contents of BasePT is a good way to ensure that the second exception handler was entered from the GlobalTBMiss handler.

#### Code for SecondException:

```
si128la r4,r1,512 //save r4
li64la r4=r1,BasePT //base address for page table
bne r2,r4,1f //did we lose at page table load?
```

1:

```
li128la r2=r1,DummyPT //dummy page table, shifted left 64-12 bits xshlmi128 r3@r2,64+12 //combine page number with dummy entry li128la r4=r1,512 //restore r4 b 2b //fall back into GTB Miss handler
```

## **Exceptions** in detail

There are no special registers to indicate details about the exception, such as the virtual address at which an access was attempted, or the operands of a floating-point operation that results in an exception. Instead, this information is available via general-purpose registers or registers stored in memory.

When a synchronous exception or asynchronous event occurs, the original contents of registers 0..3 are saved in memory and replaced with (0) program counter, privilege level, and ephemeral program state, (1) event data pointer, (2) exception code, and (3) when applicable, failing address or instruction. A new program counter and privilege level is loaded from memory and execution begins at the new address. After handling the exception and restoring all but one register, a branch-back instruction restores the final register and resumes execution.

During exception handling, any asynchronous events are kept pending until a BranchBack instruction is performed. By this mechanism, we can handle exceptions and events one at a time, without the need to interrupt and stack exceptions. Software should take care to avoid keeping the handling of asynchronous events pending for too long.

When a second exception occurs in a thread which is handling an exception, all the above operations occur, except for the saving and replacing of registers 0..3 in memory. A distinct exception code SecondException replaces the normal exception code. By this mechanism, a fast exception handler for GlobalTBMiss can be written, in which a second GlobalTBMiss or FixedPointOverflow exception may safely occur.

When a third exception occurs in a thread which is handling an exception, an immediate transfer of control occurs to the machine check vector address, with information about the exception available in the machine check cause field of the status register. The transfer of control may overwrite state that may be necessary to recover from the exception; the intent is to provide a satisfactory post-mortem indication of the characteristics of the failure.

This section describes in detail the conditions under which exceptions occur, the parameters passed to the exception handler, and the handling of the result of the procedure.

### Reserved Instruction

The ReservedInstruction exception occurs when an instruction code which is reserved for future definition as part of the Zeus architecture is executed.

Register 3 contains the 32-bit instruction.

### Access Disallowed by virtual address

This exception occurs when a load, store, branch, or gateway refers to an aligned memory operand with an improperly aligned address, or if architecture describtion parameter LB=1, may also occur if the add or increment of the base register or program counter which generates the address changes the unmasked upper 16 bits of the local address.

Register 3 contains the local address to which the access was attempted.

### Access disallowed by tag

This exception occurs when a read (load), write (store), execute, or gateway attempts to access a virtual address for which the matching cache tag entry does not permit this access.

Register 3 contains the global address to which the access was attempted.

### Access detail required by tag

This exception occurs when a read (load), write (store), or execute attempts to access a virtual address for which the matching virtual cache entry would permit this access, but the detail bit is set.

Register 3 contains the global address to which the access was attempted.

#### **Description**

The exception handler should determine accessibility. If the access should be allowed, the continuepastdetail bit is set and execution returns. Upon return, execution is restarted and the access will be retried. Even if the detail bit is set in the matching virtual cache entry, access will be permitted.

### Access disallowed by global TB

This exception occurs when a read (load), write (store), execute, or gateway attempts to access a virtual address for which the matching global TB entry does not permit this access.

Register 3 contains the global address to which the access was attempted.

#### Description

The exception handler should determine accessibility, modify the virtual memory state if desired, and return if the access should be allowed. Upon return, execution is restarted and the access will be retried.

### Access detail required by global TB

This exception occurs when a read (load), write (store), execute, or gateway attempts to access a virtual address for which the matching global TB entry would permit this access, but the detail bit in the global TB entry is set.

Register 3 contains the global address to which the access was attempted.

### <u>Description</u>

The exception handler should determine accessibility and return if the access should be allowed. Upon return, execution is restarted and the access will be allowed. If the access is not to be allowed, the handler should not return.

## Global TB miss

This exception occurs when a read (load), write (store), execute, or gateway attempts to access a virtual address for which no global TB entry matches.

Register 3 contains the global address to which the access was attempted.

## Description

The exception handler should load a global TB entry that defines the translation and protection for this address. Upon return, execution is restarted and the global TB access will be attempted again.

## Access disallowed by local TB

This exception occurs when a read (load), write (store), execute, or gateway attempts to access a virtual address for which the matching local TB entry does not permit this access.

Register 3 contains the local address to which the access was attempted.

#### Description

The exception handler should determine accessibility, modify the virtual memory state if desired, and return if the access should be allowed. Upon return, execution is restarted and the access will be retried.

# Access detail required by local TB

This exception occurs when a read (load), write (store), execute, or gateway attempts to access a virtual address for which the matching local TB entry would permit this access, but the detail bit in the local TB entry is set.

Register 3 contains the local address to which the access was attempted.

### <u>Description</u>

The exception handler should determine accessibility and return if the access should be allowed. Upon return, execution is restarted and the access will be allowed. If the access is not to be allowed, the handler should not return.

## Local TB miss

This exception occurs when a read (load), write (store), execute, or gateway attempts to access a virtual address for which no local TB entry matches.

Register 3 contains the local address to which the access was attempted.

### **Description**

The exception handler should load a local TB entry that defines the translation and protection for this address. Upon return, execution is restarted and the local TB access will be attempted again.

# Floating-point arithmetic

Register 3 contains the 32-bit instruction.

### **Description**

The address of the instruction that was the cause of the exception is passed as the contents of register 0. The exception handler should attempt to perform the function specified in the instruction and service any exceptional conditions that occur.

## Fixed-point arithmetic

Register 3 contains the 32-bit instruction.

### <u>Description</u>

The address of the instruction which was the cause of the exception is passed as the contents of register 0. The exception handler should attempt to perform the function specified in the instruction and service any exceptional conditions that occur.

# Reset and Error Recovery

Certain external and internal events cause the processor to invoke reset or error recovery operations. These operations consist of a full or partial reset of critical machine state, including initialization of the threads to begin fetching instructions from the start vector address. Software may determine the nature of the reset or error by reading the value of the control register, in which finding the reset bit set (1) indicates that a reset has occurred, and finding both the reset bit cleared (0) indicates that a machine check has occurred. When either a reset or machine check has been indicated, the contents of the status register contain more detailed information on the cause.

### **Definition**

```
def PerformMachineCheck(cause) as
    ResetVirtualMemory()
    ProgramCounter ← StartVectorAddress
    PrivilegeLevel ← 3
    StatusRegister ← cause
enddef
```

# Reset

A reset may be caused by a power-on reset, a bus reset, a write of the control register which sets the reset bit, or internally detected errors including meltdown detection, and double check.

A reset causes the processor to set the configuration to minimum power and low clock speed, note the cause of the reset in the status register, stabilize the phase locked loops, disable the MMU from the control register, and initialize a all threads to begin execution at the start vector address.

Other system state is left undefined by reset and must be explicitly initialized by software; this explicitly includes the thread register state, LTB and GTB state, superspring state, and external interface devices. The code at the start vector address is responsible for initializing these remaining system facilities, and reading further bootstrap code from an external ROM.

### Power-on Reset

A reset occurs upon initial power-on. The cause of the reset is noted by initializing the Status Register and other registers to the reset values noted below.

## **Bus Reset**

A reset occurs upon observing that the RESET signal has been at active. The cause of the reset is noted by initializing the Status Register and other registers to the reset values noted below.

# Control Register Reset

A reset occurs upon writing a one to the reset bit of the Control Register. The cause of the reset is noted by initializing the Status Register and other registers to the reset values noted below.

## Meltdown Detected Reset

A reset occurs if the temperature is above the threshold set by the meltdown margin field of the configuration register. The cause of the reset is noted by setting the meltdown detected bit of the Status Register.

# **Double Check Reset**

A reset occurs if a second machine check occurs that prevents recovery from the first machine check. Specifically, the occurrence of an exception in event thread, watchdog timer error, or bus error while any machine check cause bit is still set in the Status Register results in a double machine check reset. The cause of the reset is noted by setting the double check bit of the Status Register.

# Machine Check

Detected hardware errors, such as communications errors in the bus, a watchdog timeout error, or internal cache parity errors, invoke a machine check. A machine check will disable the MMU, to translate all local virtual addresses to equal physical addresses, note the cause of the exception in the Status Register, and transfer control of the all threads to the start vector address. This action is similar to that of a reset, but differs in that the configuration settings, and thread state are preserved.

Recovery from machine checks depends on the severity of the error and the potential loss of information as a direct cause of the error. The start vector address is designed to reach internal ROM memory, so that operation of machine check diagnostic and recovery code need not depend on proper operation or contents of any external device. The program counter and register file state of the thread prior to the machine check is lost (except for the portion of the program counter saved in the Status Register), so diagnostic and recovery code must not assume that the register file state is indicative of the prior operating state of the thread. The state of the thread is frozen similarly to that of an exception.

Machine check diagnostic code determines the cause of the machine check from the processor's Status Register, and as required, the status and other registers of external bus devices.

Recovery code will generally consume enough time that real-time interface performance targets may have been missed. Consequently, the machine check recovery software may need to repair further damage, such as interface buffer underruns and overruns as may have occurred during the intervening time.

This final recovery code, which re-initializes the state of the interface system and recovers a functional event thread state, may return to using the complete machine resources, as the condition which caused the machine check will have been resolved.

The following table lists the causes of machine check errors.

Parity or uncorrectable error in on-chip cache Parity or communications error in system bus Event Thread exception Watchdog timer

machine check errors

## Parity or Uncorrectable Error in Cache

When a parity or uncorrectable error occurs in an on-chip cache, such an error is generally non-recoverable. These errors are non-recoverable because the data in such caches may reside anywhere in memory, and because the data in such caches may be the only up-to-date copy of that memory contents. Consequently, the entire contents of the memory store is lost, and the severity of the error is high enough to consider such a condition to be a system failure.

The machine check provides an opportunity to report such an error before shutting down a system for repairs.

There are specific means by which a system may recover from such an error without failure, such as by restarting from a system-level checkpoint, from which a consistent memory state can be recovered.

## Parity or Communications Error in Bus

When a parity or communications error occurs in the system bus, such an error may be partially recoverable.

Bits corresponding to the affected bus operation are set in the processor's Status Register. Recovery software should determine which devices are affected, by querying the Status Register of each device on the affected MediaChannel channels.

A bus timeout may result from normal self-configuration activities.

If the error is simply a communications error, resetting appropriate devices and restarting tasks may recover from the error. Read and write transactions may have been underway at the time of a machine check and may or may not be reflected in the current system state.

If the error is from a parity error in memory, the contents of the affected area of memory is lost, and consequently the tasks associated with that memory must generally be aborted, or resumed from a task-level checkpoint. If the contents of the affected memory can be recovered from mass storage, a complete recovery is possible.

If the affected memory is that of a critical part of the operating system, such a condition is considered a system failure, unless recovery can be accomplished from a system-level checkpoint.

## Watchdog Timeout Error

A watchdog timeout error indicates a general software or hardware failure. Such an error is generally treated as non-recoverable and fatal.

# **Event Thread Exception**

When an event thread suffers an exception, the cause of the exception and a portion of the virtual address at which the exception occurred are noted in the Status Register. Because under normal circumstances, the event thread should be designed not to encounter exceptions, such exceptions are treated as non-recoverable, fatal errors.

# Reset state

A reset or machine check causes the Zeus processor to stabilize the phase locked loops, disable the local and global TB, to translate all local virtual addresses to equal physical addresses, and initialize all threads to begin execution at the start vector address.

# Start Address

The start address is used to initialize the threads with a program counter upon a reset, or machine check. These causes of such initialization can be differentiated by the contents of the Status Register.

The start address is a virtual address which, when "translated" by the local TB and global TB to a physical address, is designed to access the internal ROM code. The internal ROM space is chosen to minimize the number of internal resources and interfaces that must be operated to begin execution or recover from a machine check.

| Virtual/physical address | description          |  |  |
|--------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| OxFFFF FFFF FFFC         | start vector address |  |  |

```
def StartProcessor as
forever
catch check
EnableWatchdog ← 0
fork RunClock
ControlRegister<sub>62</sub> ← 0
for th ← 0 to T-1
ProgramCounter[th] ← 0xFFFF FFFF FFFC
PrivilegeLevel[th] ← 3
fork Thread(th)
endfor
```

```
endcatch
kill RunClock
for th ← 0 to T-1
kill Thread(th)
endfor
PerformMachineCheck(check)
endforever
enddef

def PerformMachineCheck(check) as
case check of
ClockWatchdog:
CacheError:
ThirdException:
endcase
enddef
```

# Internal ROM Code

Zeus internal ROM code performs reset initialization of on-chip resources, including the LZC and LOC, followed by self-testing. The BIOS ROM should be scanned for a special prefix that indicates that Zeus native code is present in the ROM, in which case the ROM code is executed directly, otherwise execution of a BIOS-level x86 emulator is begun.

# Memory and Devices

# Physical Memory Map

Zeus defines a 64-bit physical address, but while residing in a S7 pin-out, can address a maximum of 4Gb of main memory. In other packages the core Zeus design can provide up to 64-bit external physical address spaces. Bit 63..32 of the physical address distinguishes between internal (on-chip) physical addresses, where bits 63..32=FFFFFFFF, and external (off-chip) physical addresses, where bits 63..32≠FFFFFFFF.

| Address range  | <b>b.</b> 4           | Ma                                      |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Address range  | bytes<br>4G           | Meaning                                 |
| 0000 0001 0000 0000FFF FFFE FFFF FFFF                          | 16E-8G                | External Memory                         |
|  |                       | External Memory expansion               |
| FFFF FFFF 0000 0000FFFF FFFF 0002 0FFF                         | 128K+4K               | Level One Cache                         |
| FFFF FFFF 0002 1000FFFF FFFF 08FF FFFF                         | 144M-132K             | Level One Cache expansion               |
| FFFF FFFF 0900 0000FFFF FFFF 0900 007F                         | 128                   | Level One Cache redundancy              |
| FFFF FFFF 0900 0080FFFF FFFF 09FF FFFF                         | 16M-128               | LOC redundancy expansion                |
| FFFF FFFF 0A00 0000+t*2 <sup>19</sup> +e*16                    | 8*T*2 <sup>LE</sup>   | LTB thread t entry e                    |
| FFFF FFFF 0A00 0000FFFF FFFF 0AFF FFFF                         | 8*T*2 <sup>LE</sup>   | LTB max 8*T*2 <sup>LE</sup> = 16M bytes |
| FFFF FFFF 0B00 0000FFFF FFFF 0BFF FFFF                         | 16M                   | Special Bus Operations                  |
| FFFF FFFF 0C00 0000+t <sub>5GT</sub> *2 <sup>19+GT</sup> +e*16 | T24+GE-GT             | GTB thread t entry e                    |
| FFFF FFFF 0C00 0000FFFF FFFF 0CFF FFFF                         | T24+GE-GT             | GTB max $2^{5+4+15} = 16M$ bytes        |
| FFFF FFFF 0D00 0000+t <sub>5GT</sub> *2 <sup>19+GT</sup>       | 16*T*2 <sup>-GT</sup> | GTBUpdate thread t                      |
| FFFF FFFF 0D00 0100+t <sub>5GT</sub> *2 <sup>19+GT</sup>       | 16*T*2 <sup>-GT</sup> | GTBUpdateFill thread t                  |
| FFFF FFFF 0D00 0200+t <sub>5GT</sub> *2 <sup>19+GT</sup>       | 8*T*2 <sup>-GT</sup>  | GTBLast thread t                        |
| FFFF FFFF 0D00 0300+t <sub>5GT</sub> *2 <sup>19+GT</sup>       | 8*T*2 <sup>-GT</sup>  | GTBFirst thread t                       |
| FFFF FFFF 0D00 0400+tsGT*219+GT                                | 8*T*2-GT              | GTBBump thread t                        |
| FFFF FFFF 0E00 0000+t*219                                      | 8T                    | Event Mask thread t                     |
| FFFF FFFF 0F00 0008FFFF FFFF 0F00 00FF                         | 256-8                 | Reserved                                |
| FFFF FFFF 0F00 0100FFFF FFFF 0F00 0107                         | 8                     | Event Register-with stall               |
| FFFF FFFF 0F00 0108FFFF FFFF 0F00 01FF                         | 256-8                 | Reserved                                |
| FFFF FFFF 0F00 0200FFFF FFFF 0F00 0207                         | 8                     | Event Register bit set                  |
| FFFF FFFF 0F00 0208FFFF FFFF 0F00 02FF                         | 256-8                 | Reserved                                |
| FFFF FFFF 0F00 0300FFFF FFFF 0F00 0307                         | 8                     | Event Register bit clear                |
| FFFF FFFF 0F00 0308FFFF FFFF 0F00 03FF                         | 256-8                 | Reserved                                |
| FFFF FFFF 0F00 0400FFFF FFFF 0F00 0407                         | 8                     | Clock Cycle                             |
| FFFF FFFF 0F00 0408FFFF FFFF 0F00 04FF                         | 256-8                 | Reserved                                |
| FFFF FFFF 0F00 0500FFFF FFFF 0F00 0507                         | 8                     | Thread                                  |
| FFFF FFFF 0F00 0508FFFF FFFF 0F00 05FF                         | 256-8                 | Reserved                                |
| FFFF FFFF 0F00 0600FFFF FFFF 0F00 0607                         | 8                     | Clock Event                             |
| FFFF FFFF 0F00 0608FFFF FFFF 0F00 06FF                         | 256-8                 | Reserved                                |
| FFFF FFFF 0F00 0700FFFF FFFF 0F00 0707                         | 8                     | Clock Watchdog                          |
| FFFF FFFF 0F00 0708FFFF FFFF 0F00 07FF                         | 256-8                 | Reserved                                |
| FFFF FFFF 0F00 0800FFFF FFFF 0F00 0807                         | 8                     | Tally Counter 0                         |
| FFFF FFFF 0F00 0808FFFF FFFF 0F00 08FF                         | 256-8                 | Reserved                                |
| FFFF FFFF 0F00 0900FFFF FFFF 0F00 0907                         | 8                     | Tally Control 0                         |
| FFFF FFFF 0F00 0908FFFF FFFF 0F00 09FF                         | 256-8                 | Reserved                                |
| FFFF FFFF 0F00 0A00FFFF FFFF 0F00 0A07                         | 8                     | Tally Counter 1                         |
|  |                       | <del></del>                             |

```
FFFF FFFF 0F00 0A08..FFFF FFFF 0F00 0AFF
                                         256-8
                                                    Reserved
FFFF FFFF 0F00 0B00..FFFF FFFF 0F00 0B07
                                                    Tally Control 1
FFFF FFFF 0F00 0B08..FFFF FFFF 0F00 0BFF
                                         256-8
                                                    Reserved
FFFF FFFF 0F00 0C00..FFFF FFFF 0F00 0C07
                                         8
                                                    Exception Base
FFFF FFFF 0F00 0C08..FFFF FFFF 0F00 0CFF
                                         512-8
                                                    Reserved
FFFF FFFF 0F00 0C00..FFFF FFFF 0F00 0D07
                                                    Bus Control Register
FFFF FFFF 0F00 0D08..FFFF FFFF 0F00 0DFF
                                         512-8
                                                    Reserved
FFFF FFFF 0F00 0E00..FFFF FFFF 0F00 0E07
                                                    Status Register
FFFF FFFF 0F00 0208..FFFF FFFF 0F00 02FF
                                         256-8
                                                    Reserved
FFFF FFFF 0F00 0F00..FFFF FFFF 0F00 0F07
                                                    Control Register
FFFF FFFF 0F00 0F08..FFFF FFFF FEFF FFFF
                                                    Reserved
FFFF FFFF FF00 0000...FFFF FFFF FFFE FFFF
                                         16M-64k
                                                    Internal ROM expansion
FFFF FFFF FFFF 0000...FFFF FFFF FFFF
                                         64K
                                                    Internal ROM
```

The suffixes in the table above have the following meanings:

| letter | name  | 2 <sup>X</sup> | "binary"                  | 10У | "decimal"                 |
|--------|-------|----------------|---------------------------|-----|---------------------------|
| b      | bits  |                |                           |     |                           |
| В      | bytes | 0              | 1                         | 0   | 1                         |
| K      | kilo  | 10             | 1 024                     | 3   | 1 000                     |
| М      | mega  | 20             | 1 048 576                 | 6   | 1 000 000                 |
| G      | giga  | 30             | 1 073 741 824             | 9   | 1 000 000 000             |
| T      | tera  | 40             | 1 099 511 627 776         | 12  | 1 000 000 000 000         |
| P      | peta  | 50             | 1 125 899 906 842 624     | 15  | 1 000 000 000 000 000     |
| E      | exa   | 60             | 1 152 921 504 606 846 976 | 18  | 1 000 000 000 000 000 000 |

```
def data ← ReadPhysical(pa,size) as
     data, flags \leftarrow Access Physical (pa, size, WA, R, 0)
enddef
def WritePhysical(pa,size,wdata) as
     data,flags ← AccessPhysical(pa,size,WA,W,wdata)
enddef
def data,flags ← AccessPhysical(pa,size,cc,op,wdata) as
         data,flags ← AccessPhysicalBus(pa,size,cc,op,wdata)
     else
          data ← AccessPhyiscalDevices(pa,size,op,wdata)
         flags \leftarrow 1
     endif
enddef
def data ← AccessPhysicalDevices(pa,size,op,wdata) as
    if (size=256) then
         data0 ← AccessPhysicalDevices(pa,128.op.wdata127..0)
          data1 ← AccessPhysicalDevices(pa+16,128.op.wdata255..128)
         data ← data1 | | data0
    elseif (0xFFFFFF0B0000000 ≤ pa ≤ 0xFFFFFFF0BFFFFFF) then
         //don't perform RMW on this region
         data ← AccessPhysicalOtherBus(pa,size,op,wdata)
```

```
elseif (op=W) and (size<128) then
       //this code should change to check pa4..0≠0 and size<sizeofreg
       rdata ← AccessPhysicalDevices(pa and -15,128,R,0)
       bs \leftarrow 8*(pa and 15)
       be \leftarrow bs + size
       hdata ← rdata<sub>127..be</sub> | | wdata<sub>be-1..bs</sub> | | rdata<sub>bs-1..0</sub>
       data ← AccessPhysicalDevices(pa and ~15,128,W,hdata)
   data \leftarrow 0
   data,← AccessPhysicalLOC(pa,op,wdata)
   data ← AccessPhysicalLOCRedundancy(pa,op,wdata)
   elseif (0xFFFFFFF0A0000000 \le pa \le 0xFFFFFFF0AFFFFFFF) then
        data ← AccessPhysicalLTB(pa,op,wdata)
   elseif (0xFFFFFF0C000000 ≤ pa ≤ 0xFFFFFFF0CFFFFF) then
        data ← AccessPhysicalGTB(pa,op,wdata)
   data ← AccessPhysicalGTBRegisters(pa,op,wdata)
   data ← AccessPhysicalEventMask(pa,op,wdata)
    data ← AccessPhysicalSpecialRegisters(pa,op,wdata)
    data \leftarrow 0
    data ← AccessPhysicalROM(pa,op,wdata)
   endif
enddef
def data ← AccessPhysicalSpecialRegisters(pa,op,wdata) as
   if (pa_{7..0} \ge 0x10) then
        data \leftarrow 0
    elseif (0xFFFFFFFFFF0F000000 \le pa \le 0xFFFFFFFF0F0003FF) then
        data ← AccessPhysicalEventRegister(pa,op,wdata)
    elseif (0xFFFFFF0F000500 ≤ pa ≤ 0xFFFFFFF0F0005FF) then
        data,← AccessPhysicalThread(pa,op,wdata)
    elseif (0xFFFFFFF0F000400 \le pa \le 0xFFFFFFF0F0007FF) then
        data,← AccessPhysicalClock(pa,op,wdata)
    elseif (0xFFFFFFF0F000800 \le pa \le 0xFFFFFFF0F000BFF) then
        data,← AccessPhysicalTally(pa,op,wdata)
    elseif (0xFFFFFF0F000C00 ≤ pa ≤ 0xFFFFFFF0F000CFF) then
        data,← AccessPhysicalExceptionBase(pa,op,wdata)
    elseif (0xFFFFFF0F000D00 ≤ pa ≤ 0xFFFFFFF0F000DFF) then
        data,← AccessPhysicalBusControl(pa,op,wdata)
    elseif (0xFFFFFFF0F000E00 \le pa \le 0xFFFFFFF0F000EFF) then
        data,← AccessPhysicalStatus(pa,op,wdata)
    elseif (0xFFFFFFF0F000F00 \le pa \le 0xFFFFFFF0F000FFF) then
        data,← AccessPhysicalControl(pa,op,wdata)
    endif
enddef
```

# Architecture Description Register

The last hexlet of the internal ROM contains data that describes implementation-dependent choices within the architecture specification. The last quadlet of the internal ROM contains a branch-immediate instruction, so the architecture description is limited to 96 bits.

| Address range                 | bytes | Meaning                           |
|-------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------------|
| FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF | 4     | Reset address                     |
| FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFF FFFB | 12    | Architecture Description Register |

The table below indicates the detailed layout of the Architecture Description Register.

| bits  | field name | value | range | interpretation  |
|-------|------------|-------|-------|---|
| 12796 | bi start   |       |       | Contains a branch instruction for bootstrap from internal ROM |
| 9523  | 0          | 0     | 0     | reserved  |
| 2221  | GT         | 1     | 03    | log <sub>2</sub> threads which share a global TB              |
| 2017  | GE         | 7     | 015   | log <sub>2</sub> entries in global TB                         |
| 16    | LB         | 1     | 01    | local TB based on base register                               |
| 1514  | LE         | 1     | 03    | log <sub>2</sub> entries in local TB (per thread)             |
| 13 [  | СТ         | 1     | 01    | dedicated tags in first-level cache                           |
| 1210  | CS         | 2     | 07    | log <sub>2</sub> cache blocks in first-level cache set        |
| 95    | CE         | 9     | 031   | log <sub>2</sub> cache blocks in first-level cache            |
| 40    | T          | 4     | 131   | number of execution threads                                   |

The architecture description register contains a machine-readable version of the architecture framework parameters: **T**, **CE**, **CS**, **CT**, **LE**, **GE**, and **GT** described in the <u>Architectural Framework</u> section on page 17.

# Status Register

The status register is a 64-bit register with both read and write access, though the only legal value which may be written is a zero, to clear the register. The result of writing a non-zero value is not specified.

| bits | field name     | value | range | interpretation                               |
|------|----------------|-------|-------|--|
| 63   | power-on       | 1     | 01    | This bit is set when a power-on reset has    |
|      |                |       |       | caused a reset.                              |
| 62   | internal r set | 0     |       | This bit is set when writing to the control  |
|      |                |       |       | register caused a reset.                     |
| 61   | bus reset      | 0     | 1     | This bit is set when a bus reset has caused  |
|      |                |       |       | a reset.                                     |
| 60   | double check   | 0     |       | This bit is set when a double machine        |
| 50   |                |       |       | check has caused a reset.                    |
| 59   | meltdown       | 0     |       | This bit is set when the meltdown detector   |
|      |                |       |       | has caused a reset.                          |
| 5856 | 00             |       |       | Reserved for other machine check causes.     |
| 55   | event          | 0     |       | This bit is set when an exception in event   |
|      | exception      |       |       | thread has caused a machine check.           |
| 54   | watchdog       | 0     |       | This bit is set when a watchdog timeout      |
|      | timeout        |       |       | has caused a machine check.                  |
| 53   | bus error      | 0     |       | This bit is set when a bus error has caused  |
|      |                |       |       | a machine check.                             |
| 52   | cache error    | 0     | 01    | This bit is set when a cache error has       |
|      |                |       |       | caused a machine check.                      |
| 51   | vm error       | 0     | 01    | This bit is set when a virtual memory error  |
|      |                |       |       | has caused a machine check.                  |
| 5048 | 0              | 0*    | 0     | Reserved for other machine check causes.     |
| 4732 | machine        | 0*    | 040   | Set to exception code if Exception in event  |
|      | check detail   |       | 95    | thread. Set to bus error code is bus error.  |
| 310  | machine        | 0     | 0     | Set to indicate bits 310 of the value of the |
|      | check          |       | ļ     | thread 0 program counter at the initiation   |
|      | program        |       |       | of a machine check.                          |
| j    | counter        |       |       |  |

The power-on bit of the status register is set upon the completion of a power-on reset.

The bus reset bit of the status register is set upon the completion of a bus reset initiated by the RESET pin of the Socket 7 interface.

The double check bit of the status register is set when a second machine check occurs that prevents recovery from the first machine check, or which is indicative of machine check recovery software failure. Specifically, the occurrence of an event exception, watchdog timeout, bus error, or meltdown while any reset or machine check cause bit of the status register is still set results in a double check reset.

The meltdown bit of the status register is set when the meltdown detector has discovered an on-chip temperature above the threshold set by the meltdown threshold field of the control register, which causes a reset to occur.

The event exception bit of the status register is set when an event thread suffers an exception, which causes a machine check. The exception code is loaded into the machine

check detail field of the status register, and the machine check program counter is loaded with the low-order 32 bits of the program counter and privilege level.

The watchdog timeout bit of the status register is set when the watchdog timer register is equal to the clock cycle register, causing a machine check.

The bus error bit of the status register is set when a bus transaction error (bus timeout, invalid transaction code, invalid address, parity errors) has caused a machine check.

The cache error bit of the status register is set when a cache error, such as a cache parity error has caused a machine check.

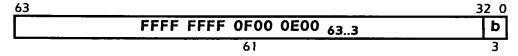
The vm error bit of the status register is set when a virtual memory error, such as a GTB multiple-entry selection error has caused a machine check.

The machine check detail field of the status register is set when a machine check has been completed. For an exception in event thread, the value indicates the type of exception for which the most recent machine check has been reported. For a bus error, this field may indicate additional detail on the cause of the bus error. For a cache error, this field may indicate the address of the error at which the cache parity error was detected

The machine check program counter field of the status register is loaded with bits 31..0 of the program counter and privilege level at which the most recent machine check has occurred. The value in this field provides a limited diagnostic capability for purposes of software development, or possibly for error recovery.

### Physical address

The physical address of the Status Register, byte b is:



### Definition

```
def data ← AccessPhysicalStatus(pa,op,wdata) as
case op of
R:
data ← 0<sup>64</sup> | | StatusRegister
W:
StatusRegister ← wdata<sub>63..0</sub>
endcase
enddef
```

# Control Register

The control register is a 64-bit register with both read and write access. It is altered only by write access to this register.

| bits | field name    | value | range | interpretation                   |
|------|---------------|-------|-------|----------------------------------|
| 63   | reset         | 0     | 01    | set to invoke internal reset     |
| 62   | MMU           | 0     | 01    | set to enable the MMU            |
| 61   | LOC parity    | 0     | 01    | set to enable LOC parity         |
| 60   | meltdown      | 0     | 01    | set to enable meltdown detector  |
| 5957 | LOC timing    | 0     | 07    | adjust LOC timing 00slow70fast   |
| 5655 | LOC stress    | 0     | 03    | adjust LOC stress 00normal       |
| 5452 | clock timing  | 0     | 07    | adjust clock timing 00slow70fast |
| 5112 | 0             | 0     | 0     | Reserved                         |
| 118  | global access | 0*    | 015   | global access                    |
| 70   | niche limit   | 0*    | 012   | niche limit                      |
|      |               |       | 7     |                                  |

The reset bit of the control register provides the ability to reset an individual Zeus device in a system. Writing a one (1) to this bit is equivalent to a power-on reset or a bus reset. The duration of the reset is sufficient for the operating state changes to have taken effect. At the completion of the reset operation, the internal reset bit of the status register is set and the reset bit of the control register is cleared (0).

The MMU bit of the control register provides the ability to enable or disable the MMU features of the Zeus processor. Writing a zero (0) to this bit disables the MMU, causing all MMU-related exceptions to be disabled and causing all load, store, program and gateway virtual addresses to be treated as physical addresses. Writing a one (1) to this bit enables the MMU and MMU-related exceptions. On a reset or machine check, this bit is cleared (0), thus disabling the MMU.

The parity bit of the control register provides the ability to enable or disable the cache parity feature of the Zeus processor. Writing a zero (0) to this bit disables the parity check, causing the parity check machine check to be disabled. Writing a one (1) to this bit enables the cache parity machine check. On a reset or machine check, this bit is cleared (0), thus disabling the cache parity check.

The meltdown bit of the control register provides the ability to enable or disable the meltdown detection feature of the Zeus processor. Writing a zero (0) to this bit disables the meltdown detector, causing the meltdown detected machine check to be disabled. Writing a one (1) to this bit enables the meltdown detector. On a reset or machine check, this bit is cleared (0), thus disabling the meltdown detector.

The LOC timing bits of the control register provide the ability to adjust the cache timing of the Zeus processor. Writing a zero (0) to this field sets the cache timing to its slowest state, enhancing reliability but limiting clock rate. Writing a seven (7) to this field sets the cache timing to its fastest state, limiting reliability but enhancing performance. On a reset or machine check, this field is cleared (0), thus providing operation at low clock rate. Changing this register should be performed when the cache is not actively being operated.

The LOC stress bits of the control register provide the ability to stress the LOC parameters by adjusting voltage levels within the LOC. Writing a zero (0) to this field sets the cache

parameters to its normal state, enhancing reliability. Writing a non-zero value (1, 2, or 3) to this field sets the cache parameters to levels at which cache reliability is slightly compromised. The stressed parameters are used to cause LOC cells with marginal performance to fail during self-test, so that redundancy can be employed to enhance reliability. On a reset or machine check, this field is cleared (0), thus providing operation at normal parameters. Changing this register should be performed when the cache is not actively being operated.

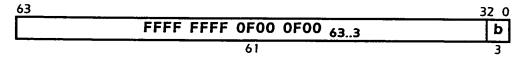
The clock timing bits of the control register provide the ability to adjust the clock timing of the Zeus processor. Writing a zero (0) to this field sets the clock timing to its slowest state, enhancing reliability but limiting clock rate. Writing a seven (7) to this field sets the clock timing to its fastest state, limiting reliability but enhancing performance. On a power on reset, bus reset, or machine check, this field is cleared (0), thus providing operation at low clock rate. The internal clock rate is set to (clock timing+1)/2\*(external clock rate). Changing this register should be performed along with a control register reset.

The global access bits of the control register determine whether a local TB miss cause an exceptions or treatment as a global address. A single bit, selected by the privilege level active for the access from four bit configuration register field, "Global Access," (GA) determines the result. If GApL is zero (0), the failure causes an exception, if it is one (1), the failure causes the address to be used as a global address directly.

The niche limit bits of the control register determine which cache lines are used for cache access, and which lines are used for niche access. For addresses pa14..8<nl, a 7-bit address modifier register am is inclusive-or'ed against pa14..8 to determine the cache line. The cache modifier am must be set to  $(17-\log(128-nl))$  for proper operation. The am value does not appear in a register and is generated from the nl value.

### Physical address

The physical address of the Control Register, byte b is:



```
def data ← AccessPhysicalControl(pa,op,wdata) as case op of R:

data ← 0<sup>64</sup> | | ControlRegister
W:

ControlRegister ← wdata<sub>63..0</sub>
endcase
enddef
```

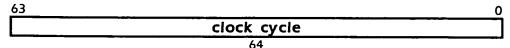
# Clock

The Zeus processor provides internal clock facilities using three registers, a clock cycle register that increments one every cycle, a clock event register that sets the clock bit in the event register, and a clock watchdog register that invokes a clock watchdog machine check. These registers are memory mapped.

# Clock Cycle

Each Zeus processor includes a clock that maintains processor-clock-cycle accuracy. The value of the clock cycle register is incremented on every cycle, regardless of the number of instructions executed on that cycle. The clock cycle register is 64-bits long.

For testing purposes the **clock cycle** register is both readable and writable, though in normal operation it should be written only at system initialization time; there is no mechanism provided for adjusting the value in the clock cycle counter without the possibility of losing cycles.

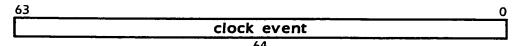


## Clock Event

An event is asserted when the value in the clock cycle register is equal to the value in the clock event register, which sets the clock bit in the event register.

It is required that a sufficient number of bits be implemented in the clock event register so that the comparison with the clock cycle register overflows no more frequently than once per second. 32 bits is sufficient for a 4 GHz clock. The remaining unimplemented bits must be zero whenever read, and ignored on write. Equality is checked only against bits that are implemented in both the clock cycle and clock event registers.

For testing purposes the clock event register is both readable and writable, though in normal operation it is normally written to.



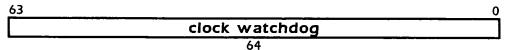
# Clock Watchdog

A Machine Check is asserted when the value in the clock cycle register is equal to the value in the clock watchdog register, which sets the watchdog timeout bit in the control register.

A Machine Check or a Reset, of any cause including a clock watchdog, disables the clock watchdog machine check. A write to the clock watchdog register enables the clock watchdog machine check.

It is required that a sufficient number of bits be implemented in the clock watchdog register so that the comparison with the clock cycle register overflows no more frequently than once per second. 32 bits is sufficient for a 4 GHz clock. The remaining unimplemented bits must be zero whenever read, and ignored on write. Equality is checked only against bits that are implemented in both the clock cycle and clock watchdog registers.

The clock watchdog register is both readable and writable, though in normal operation it is usually and periodically written with a sufficiently large value that the register does not equal the value in the clock cycle register before the next time it is written.



### Physical address

The Clock registers appear at three different locations, for which three registers of the Clock are mapped. The Clock Cycle counter is register 0, the Clock Event is register 2, and ClockWatchdog is register 3. The physical address of a Clock Register f, byte b is:

| 63                       | 10987 | 32  | 0        |
|--------------------------|-------|-----|----------|
| FFFF FFFF 0F00 0400 6310 | f     | 0 1 | 5]       |
| 54                       | 2     | 5 3 | <u>3</u> |

```
def data ← AccessPhysicalClock(pa,op,wdata) as
     f ← pa<sub>9..8</sub>
     case f 11 op of
           0 | | R:
                 data \leftarrow 0^{64} I i ClockCycle
           0 11 W:
                 ClockCycle ← wdata<sub>63..0</sub>
           2 11 R:
                 data \leftarrow 0^{96} | | ClockEvent
           2 11 W:
                 ClockEvent ← wdata<sub>31..0</sub>
           3 11 R:
                 data ← 0<sup>96</sup> | | ClockWatchdog
           3 11 W:
                 ClockWatchdog ← wdata<sub>31..0</sub>
                 EnableWatchdog ← 1
      endcase
enddef
def RunClock as
     forever
            ClockCycle ← ClockCycle + 1
           if EnableWatchdog and (ClockCycle31...0 = ClockWatchdog31...0) then
                 raise ClockWatchdogMachineCheck
           elseif (ClockCycle_{31..0} = ClockEvent_{31..0}) then
                 EventRegister_0 \leftarrow 1
```

endif wait endforever enddef

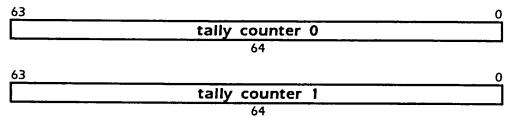
# **Tally**

## Tally Counter

Each processor includes two counters that can tally processor-related events or operations. The values of the tally counter registers are incremented on each processor clock cycle in which specified events or operations occur. The tally counter registers do not signal events.

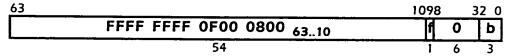
It is required that a sufficient number of bits be implemented so that the tally counter registers overflow no more frequently than once per second. 32 bits is sufficient for a 4 GHz clock. The remaining unimplemented bits must be zero whenever read, and ignored on write.

For testing purposes each of the tally counter registers are both readable and writable, though in normal operation each should be written only at system initialization time; there is no mechanism provided for adjusting the value in the event counter registers without the possibility of losing counts.



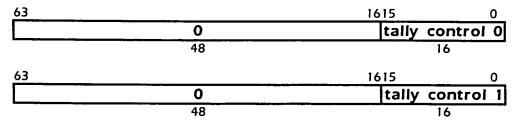
### Physical address

The Tally Counter registers appear at two different locations, for which the two registers are mapped. The physical address of a Tally Counter register f, byte b is:

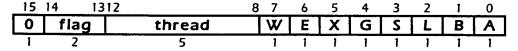


# Tally Control

The tally counter control registers each select one metric for one of the tally counters.



Each control register is loaded with a value in one of the following formats:



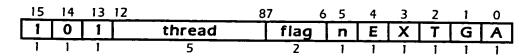
| flag | meaning  |
|------|--|
| 0    | count instructions issued  |
| 1    | count instructions retired (differs by branch mispred, exceptions) |
| 2    | count cycles in which at least one instruction is issued           |
| 3    | count cycles in which next instruction is waiting for issue        |

WEXGSLBA: include instructions of these classes

| 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 8   | 7 4  | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 | _ |
|----|----|----|--------|------|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1  | 0  | 0  | thread | flag | S | L | 8 |   |   |
| 1  | 1  | 1  | 5      | 4    | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | , |

| flag | meaning  |
|------|--|
| 0    | count bytes transferred cache/buffer to/from processor |
| 1    | count bytes transferred memory to/from cache/buffer    |
| 2    |  |
| 3    |  |
| 4    | count cache hits                                       |
| 5    | count cycles in which at least one cache hit occurs    |
| 6    | count cache misses                                     |
| 7    | count cycles in which at least one cache miss occurs   |
| 815  |  |

SLW I: include instructions of these classes (Store, Load, Wide, Instruction fetch)



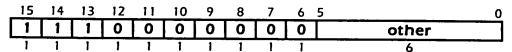
| flag | meaning   |          |
|------|---|----------|
| 0    | count cycles in which a new instruction is issued         |          |
| 1    | count cycles in which an execution unit is busy           | $\neg$   |
| 2    |   | ᅵ        |
| 3    | count cycles in which an instruction is waiting for issue | $\dashv$ |

n select unit number for G or A unit

EXTGA: include units of these classes (Ensemble, Crossbar, Translate, Group, Address)

| 0     | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | _ |
|-------|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|---|
| event |   | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | _1 | 1  | I |
| 6     |   | ī | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  |   |

event: select event number from event register



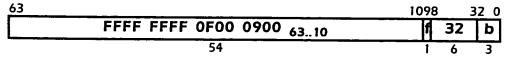
Other valid values for the tally control fields are given by the following table:

| other | meaning   |
|-------|---|
| 0     | count number of instructions waiting to issue each cycle  |
| 1     | count number of instructions waiting in spring each cycle |
| 263   | Reserved  |

tally control field interpretation

## Physical address

The Tally Control registers appear at two different locations, for which the two registers are mapped. The physical address of a Tally Control register f, byte b is:



def data 
$$\leftarrow$$
 AccessPhysicalTally(pa,op,wdata) as  $f \leftarrow pa_9$  case pag | | op of 0 | | R: data  $\leftarrow 0^{96}$  | | TallyCounter[f] 0 | | W: TallyCounter[f]  $\leftarrow$  wdata<sub>31..0</sub>

```
1 || R:
data ← 0<sup>112</sup> || TallyControl[f]
1 || W:
TallyControl[f]← wdata<sub>15..0</sub>
endcase
enddef
```

# Thread Register

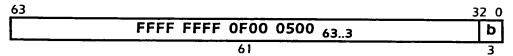
The Zeus processor includes a register that effectively contains the current thread number that reads the register. In this way, threads running identical code can discover their own identity.

It is required that a sufficient number of bits be implemented so that each thread receives a distinct value. Values must be consecutive, unsigned and include a zero value. The remaining unimplemented bits must be zero whenever read. Writes to this register are ignored.



## Physical address

The physical address of the Thread Register, byte b is:



```
def data ← AccessPhysicalThread(pa,op,wdata) as case op of R:

data ← 0<sup>64</sup> | | Thread

W:

// nothing
endcase
enddef
```

# <u>Index</u>

|  | zero signed                      | /6 |
|--|----------------------------------|----|
| ${f A}$  | less equal                       |    |
|  | signed                           |    |
| Access detail required                             | unsigned                         |    |
| by global TB96, 109, 119, 122, 125, 127, 130,      | zero signed                      |    |
| 132, 134, 287, 294, 302, 307, 310, 312, 315        | not equal                        |    |
| by local TB96, 109, 119, 122, 125, 127, 130, 132,  | zero                             |    |
| 134, 287, 293, 302, 307, 310, 312, 315             | Compare                          |    |
| by tag96, 108, 119, 122, 125, 127, 130, 132, 134,  | copy                             |    |
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